Exercise Sheet #3

Fortgeschrittene Statistische Software für ${\rm NF}$

Minh Son Tran (12424799)

[']2025-06-05

Contents

0.1 E	xercise 1 .				 	 	 	 	 	 1
0.2 E	xercise 2 .				 	 	 	 	 	 2
0.3 E	xercise 3 .				 	 	 	 	 	 2
#install. #install. #install. #install. #install. #install. #install. #install. library(r library(t library(d library(g library(g library(g library(g library(g library(g library(g library(g library(g	cidyverse) palmerpenge dplyr) cnitr) ggplot2) report) parameters see) reticulate margins) Lattice)	"palmerpe" "dplyr") "knitr") "easystat "stargaze "margins' "reticula" "effects' "carData'	nguins (s") (r") (te") (te")	")						

0.1 Exercise 1

0.1.1 d)

Git's Strengths and Weaknesses:

2 strengths:

- It allow user to create branches, makes it easy to experiment without affecting the main codebase.
- It is open source and actively maintained.

2 weaknesses:

- User requires time to learn how to use Git properly because of confusing commands.
- Git is not very good for project with binary or very large files

0.2 Exercise 2

0.2.1 a)

GitHub repo: https://github.com/MinhSonTran97/exeRcise-sheet-3.git

0.3 Exercise 3

0.3.1 a)

```
pixar_films <- read_csv("data/pixar_films.csv") %>%
    filter(!is.na(film))

## Rows: 27 Columns: 5

## -- Column specification -------

## Delimiter: ","

## chr (2): film, film_rating

## dbl (2): number, run_time

## date (1): release_date

##

## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.

## is Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.

pixar_films <- pixar_films %>%
    mutate(rating_factor = factor(film_rating))
```

The possible film_rating values are G, PG, N/A:

- "G": General audiences
- "PG": Parental guidance is advised
- "N/A": Film Rating is not available / no rating provided. This is included since we only removed entries with missing titles

Converting film_rating into rating_factor is appropriate because:

- film_rating represents a set of discrete categories, not numeric values. These categories describe the type of audience the film is suitable for, not a measurable quantity.
- Treating film_rating as a factor helps R recognize it as a categorical variable, which allow us to better summarize, plot, and handle the data in modeling.

0.3.2 b)