# VIETNAM NATIONAL UNIVERSITY, HO CHI MINH CITY UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY



# Computer Architecture (CO2007) - CC02

# Assignment for

# Four in a row

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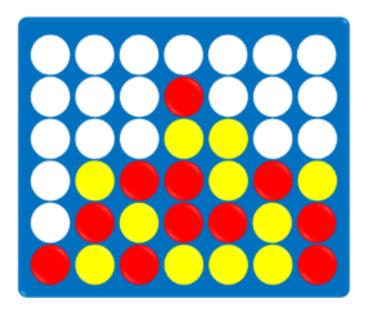


## 1 Requirement Specification

**Requirement:** Design and write MIPS assembly language for implementing a text-based Four in a Row game for two players as follows:

- First, randomly choose the starting player and let this player pick the piece (X or O). The other one has to stick with the remain.
- Then, let the game begin. Four in a Row rules are based on the description.
- Moreover, in the middle of the game (after their first move), each player has 3 times to undo their move (before the opponent's turn).
- Finally, the output of the program is the result of the game.

In addition, students have to handle the exception of placing a piece at an inappropriate column by restarting the move. If any players try to violate it 3 times. This player will lose the game.



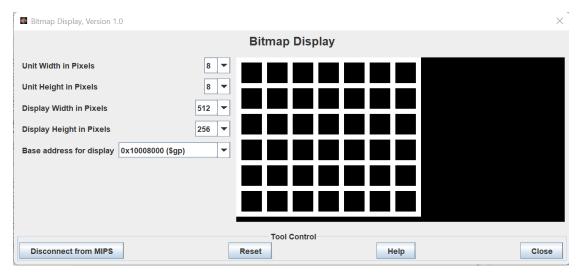
Hình 1: Four in a row



## 2 Friendly interface

**Description:** In this assignment, I choose **Bitmap Display Tool** to display the table and the game's process.

- First, each units will have the height and weight equal 8 Pixels.
- Then, the thickness of the table boundary line would be one unit (= 8 Pixels)
- Moreover, each cell of the table will be 4 units width and 4 units height.
- Finally, we have 8 vertical and 7 horizontal boundary lines. Combined with 42 cells in 7 collumns and 6 rows with will take about 8x36= 288 Pixels width and 8x31=248 Pixels height for the display screen.
- ullet Besides , I choose the address 0x100008000 to be the **base address** of this table.



Hình 2: Bitmap Display

#### How I draw it:

- Vertical line: there will be a needs for 31 units of color white for a line (7 + 6\*4 = 31). The first top left unit will have the address is base address. Each unit i have the address (i-1) 's address + (512/8)\*4. The first unit in each vertical line is separate by a space of 5\*4=20.
- Horizontal line: there will be a needs for 36 units of color white for a line (8 + 7\*4 = 36). The first top left unit will have the address is base address. Each unit i have the next address of ist forehead unit. The first unit in each row is separate by a space of 5\*512/8\*4 = 1280.



## 3 Application implementation

#### 3.1 Started

After draw the white table, I get starting with my Four in a Row game.

```
game:

jal start

jal choose_color

jal gameloop

j exit
```

Start: Print out the greeting !!!

Choose\_color: Function let first player choose their color cell, the rest one will automatically assign to player 2.

**Gameloop:** Where the game start to receive input and check all the valid base on the rule of the game.

#### 3.2 Get input

**Description:** Get input of the collumn and return a cell'postion that make sure it drop to the right place. And store it to check later.

Get row from collumn: I create a array for storing the instant row that was not occupied by player yet to store the next drop. And also to check full collumn and full board.

```
1 .data
2 array_6: .word 6,6,6,6,6,6
```

Get session player and show color corresponding to the current move: After find the position of the cell player access then I call draw

```
1 .data
2 array_6: .word 6,6,6,6,6,6
```

Store the current move to check later: Create an array with 42 word to store the current move of identified player. And also I create a place to store the instant position of the current move for easier to check later. (interger number of col and row of current cell accessed)

```
1 .data
2 board_array: .space 168
3 instantrow: .word 0
4 instantcol: .word 0
```



### 3.3 Rule controlling

#### Description:

- Get input check valid input (if exception minus one live).
- Let player be able to undo their move 3 times.
- Check win in Vertical, Horizontal, Diagonal.

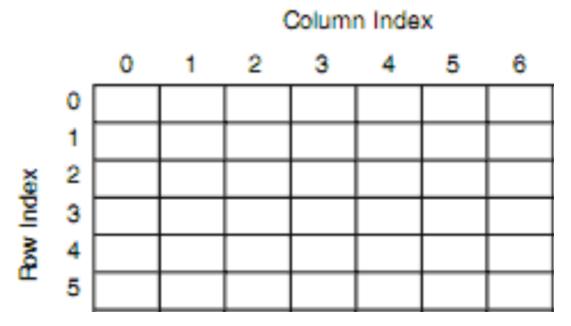
**Deal with exception move**: let give player 3 live, and if they violate with exception move their live will be minus. Check live after each exception move minus.

```
1 ,data
2 live_1: .word 3
3 live_2: .word 3
```

**Deal with undo move**: let give player 3 times to undo, and if they use them all, then won't show the option of undo anymore. Give the ask right after they enter the input collumn.

```
1 ,data
2 undo_1: .word 3
3 undo_2: .word 3
```

Check win: My 7 collums , 6 rows table will have index as below.



Hình 3: Bitmap Display



Chech win vertical: Idea here is to get the current move of player then check from the current row in that current column down to the bottom of table.

```
#Pseudo code
      checkwincol(){
2
3 if(player1) instant_session_value=1;
4 if(player2) instant_session_value=2;
6 instant_cell.col= instant_col;
7 instant_cell.row= instant_row;
9 count = 0;
10
_{
m 11} // because we drop it down so we just check from the current row down
for (int i=0; i<(6-instant_cell.row); i++){</pre>
      a=get_value_inside_cell(instant_cell.col, instant_cell.row +i );
13
14
      b= instant_session_value;
      if(a==b){
15
         count++;
16
17
         Continue;
18
      count = 0;
19
20 }
if(count == 4) win(Player);
22 return;
23 }
```

Chech win Horizontal: Idea here is to get the current move of player then check all the cell in the current row.

```
#Pseudo code
      checkwinrow(){
3 if(player1) instant_session_value=1;
4 if(player2) instant_session_value=2;
6 instant_cell.col= instant_col;
7 instant_cell.row= instant_row;
9 count = 0:
10
_{
m 11} // because we drop it down so we just check from the current row down
12 for (int i=0; i< 7; i++){</pre>
      a=get_value_inside_cell(instant_cell.col +i, instant_cell.row );
      b= instant_session_value;
14
      if(a==b){
15
          count ++;
16
         Continue:
17
18
      }
19
      count=0;
20 }
if(count == 4) win(Player);
22 return;
23 }
```



**Chech win digonal**: Idea here is to get the current move of player then check two slash (taybacdongnam and dongbactaynam) and with 2 dimension in each slash

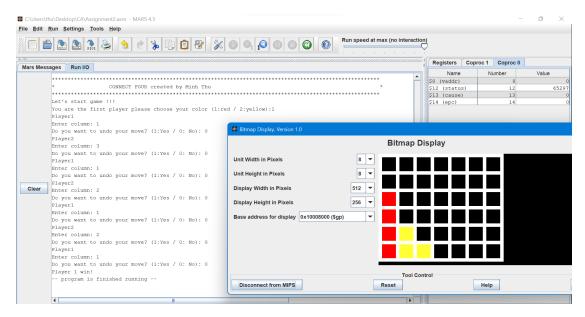
### Taybacdongnam Slash Idea:

```
#Pseudo code
      checktaybacdongnam(){
      if(player1) instant_session_value=1;
5 if(player2) instant_session_value=2;
7 instant_cell.col= instant_col;
8 instant_cell.row= instant_row;
10 count = 0;
11
12 // check up not including the instant cell
13
14 for (int i=0; i < min(instant_cell.row,instant_cell.col); i++){</pre>
      a=get_value_inside_cell(instant_cell.col-i-1, instant_cell.row -i-1 );
15
16
      b= instant_session_value;
      if(a==b){
17
          count++;
18
19
          Continue;
20
     break;
21
22 }
23 // check down including the instant cell
24
25 for (int i=0; i < 6 - max(instant_cell.row,instant_cell.col); i++){</pre>
      a=get_value_inside_cell(instant_cell.col+i, instant_cell.row +i );
26
27
      b= instant_session_value;
28
      if(a==b){
          count++:
29
30
          Continue;
31
32
      break;
33 }
34 if(count==4) win(Player);
35
36 return;
37 }
```



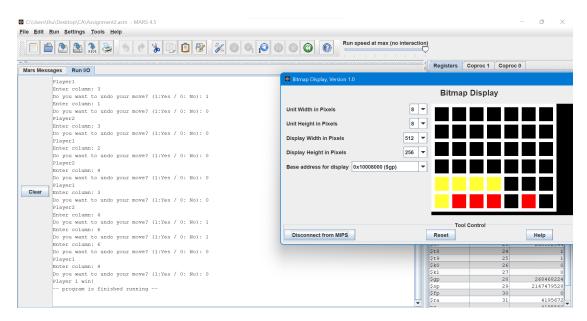
### 4 Demo

1. Simple test with win vertical case.



Hình 4: Demo

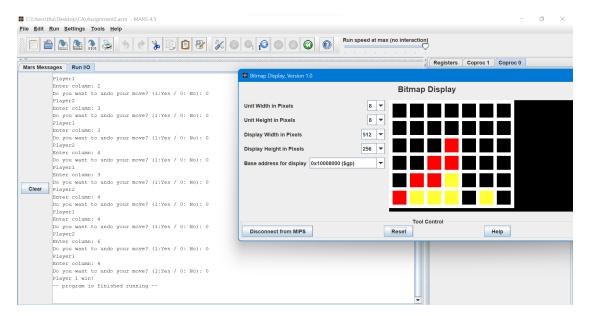
2. Simple test with win horizontal case.



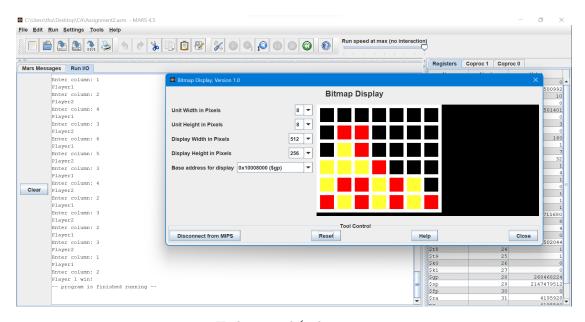
Hình 5: Demo



#### 3. Simple test with win diagonal case.

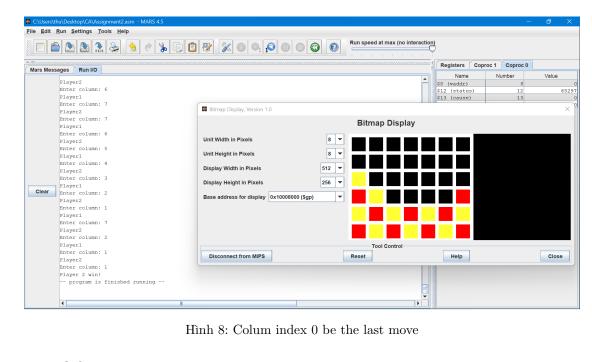


Hình 6: Đông bắc tây nam



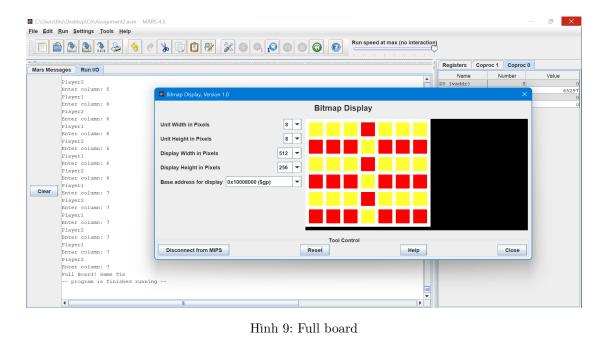
Hình 7: Tây bắc đông nam





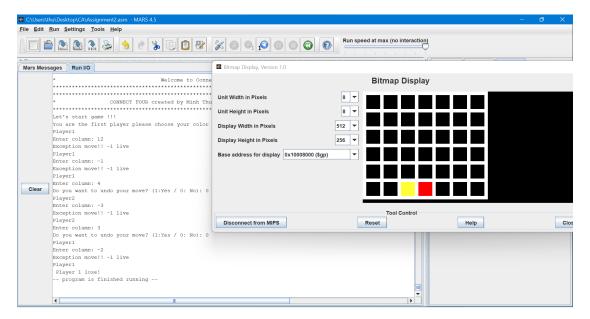
Hình 8: Colum index 0 be the last move

#### 4. Other case



Hình 9: Full board





Hình 10: Lose due to exception move