



# SERVUS

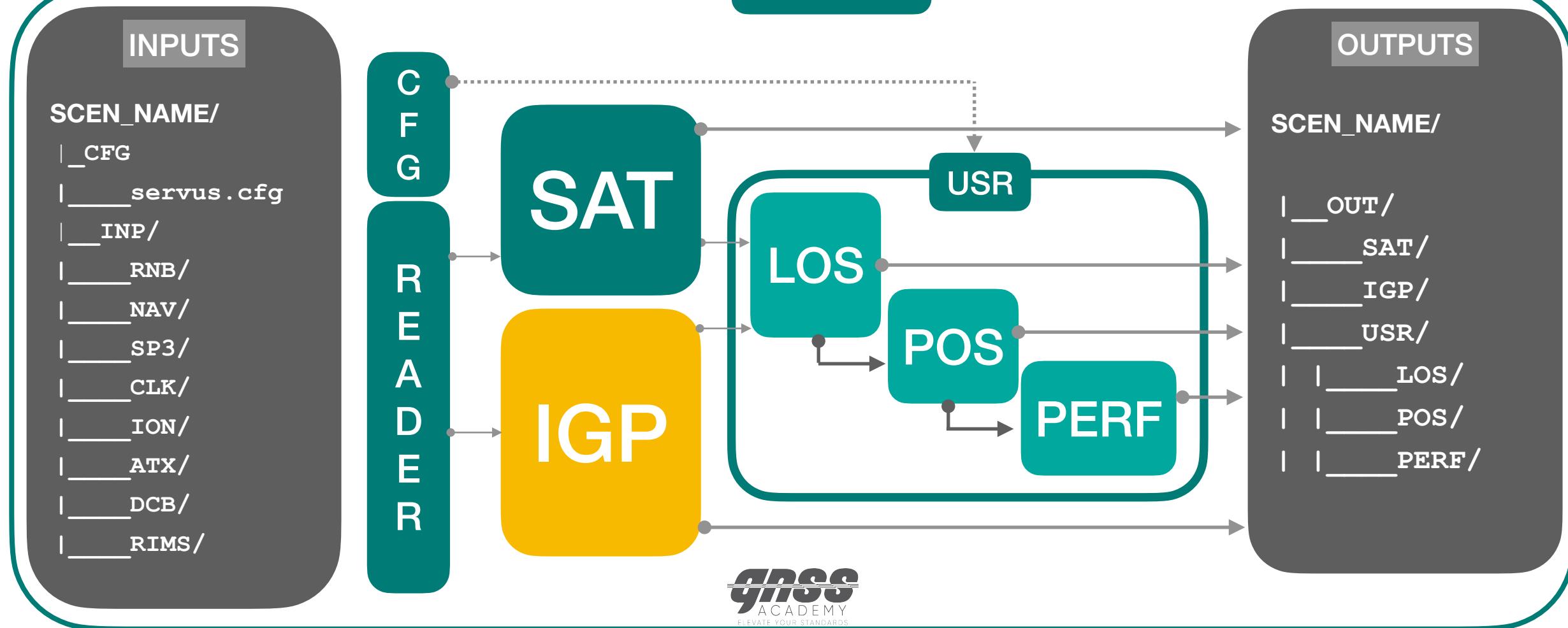
## [ IGP ] MODULE

WP2 - IGP PERFORMANCE





# SERVUS



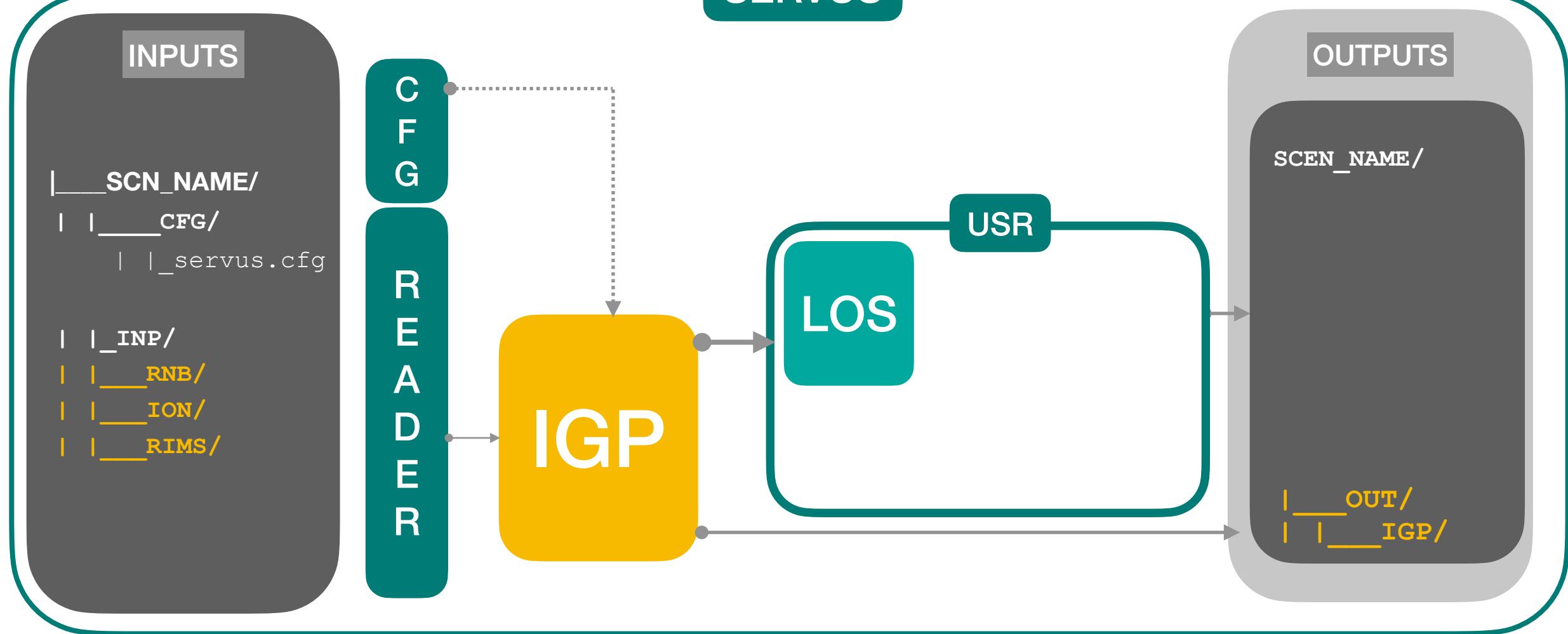


# [ IGP MODULE ]

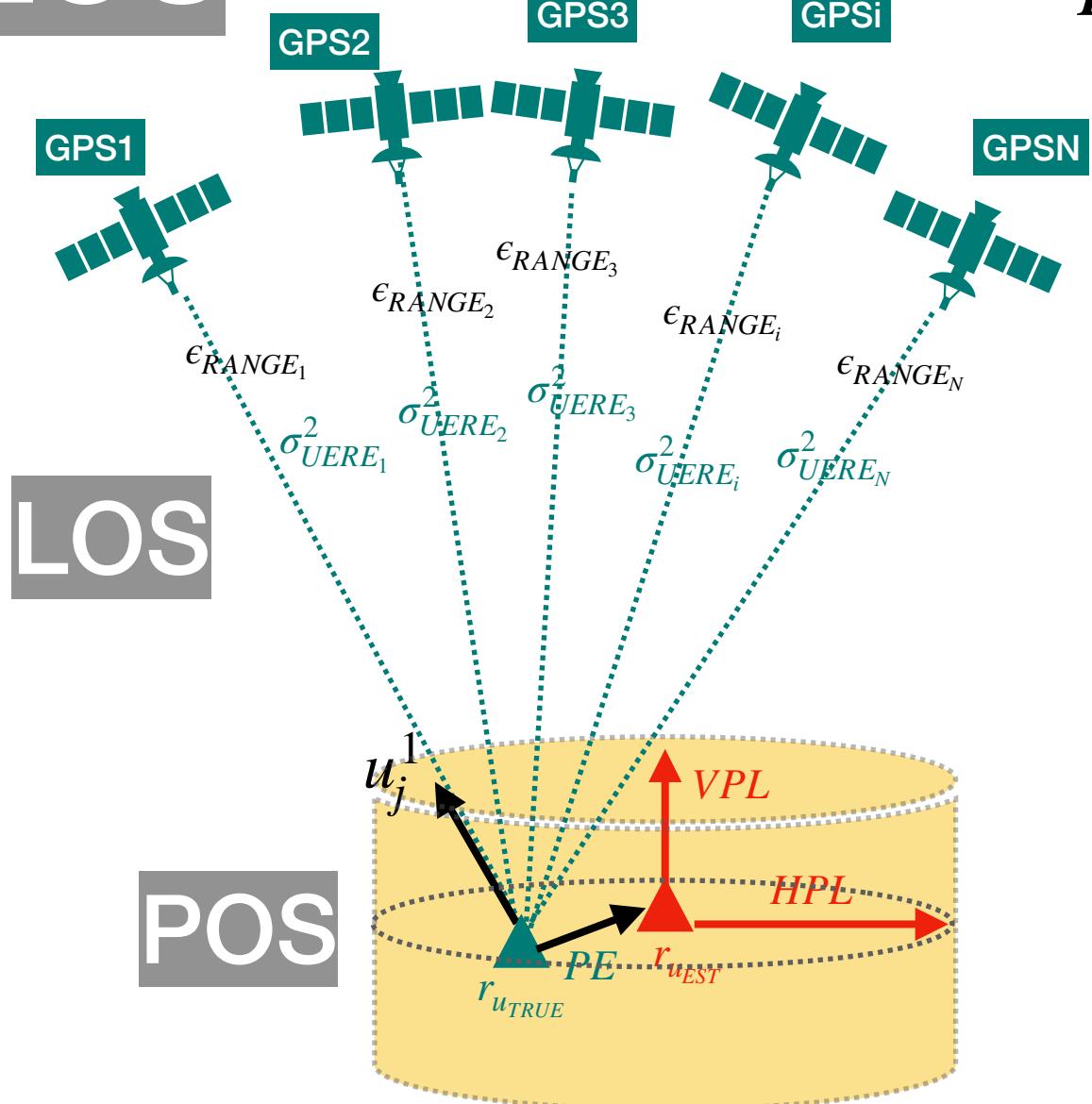
Tapas



SERVUS



# LOS



# LOS

# POS

$$PE = (G^T \mathbf{W} G)^{-1} G^T \mathbf{W} \{\epsilon\}$$

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} -\cos(E_1)\sin(Az_1) & -\cos(E_1)\cos(Az_1) & -\sin(E_1) & 1 \\ -\cos(E_2)\sin(Az_1) & -\cos(E_2)\cos(Az_2) & -\sin(E_2) & 1 \\ -\cos(E_3)\sin(Az_3) & -\cos(E_3)\cos(Az_3) & -\sin(E_3) & 1 \\ \vdots & & & \\ -\cos(E_N)\sin(Az_N) & -\cos(E_N)\cos(Az_N) & -\sin(E_N) & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W = \begin{bmatrix} 1/(\sigma_{\text{UERE}}^1)^2 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 1/(\sigma_{\text{UERE}}^2)^2 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/(\sigma_{\text{UERE}}^3)^2 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & & & & \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/(\sigma_{\text{UERE}}^N)^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\epsilon_{\text{RANGE}} = SREU + UISDE + TROPO_E + AIR_E$$

$$(\sigma_{\text{UERE}}^i)^2 = (\sigma_{\text{FLT}}^i)^2 + (\sigma_{\text{UIRE}}^i)^2 + (\sigma_{\text{TROPO}}^i)^2 + (\sigma_{\text{AIR}}^i)^2$$



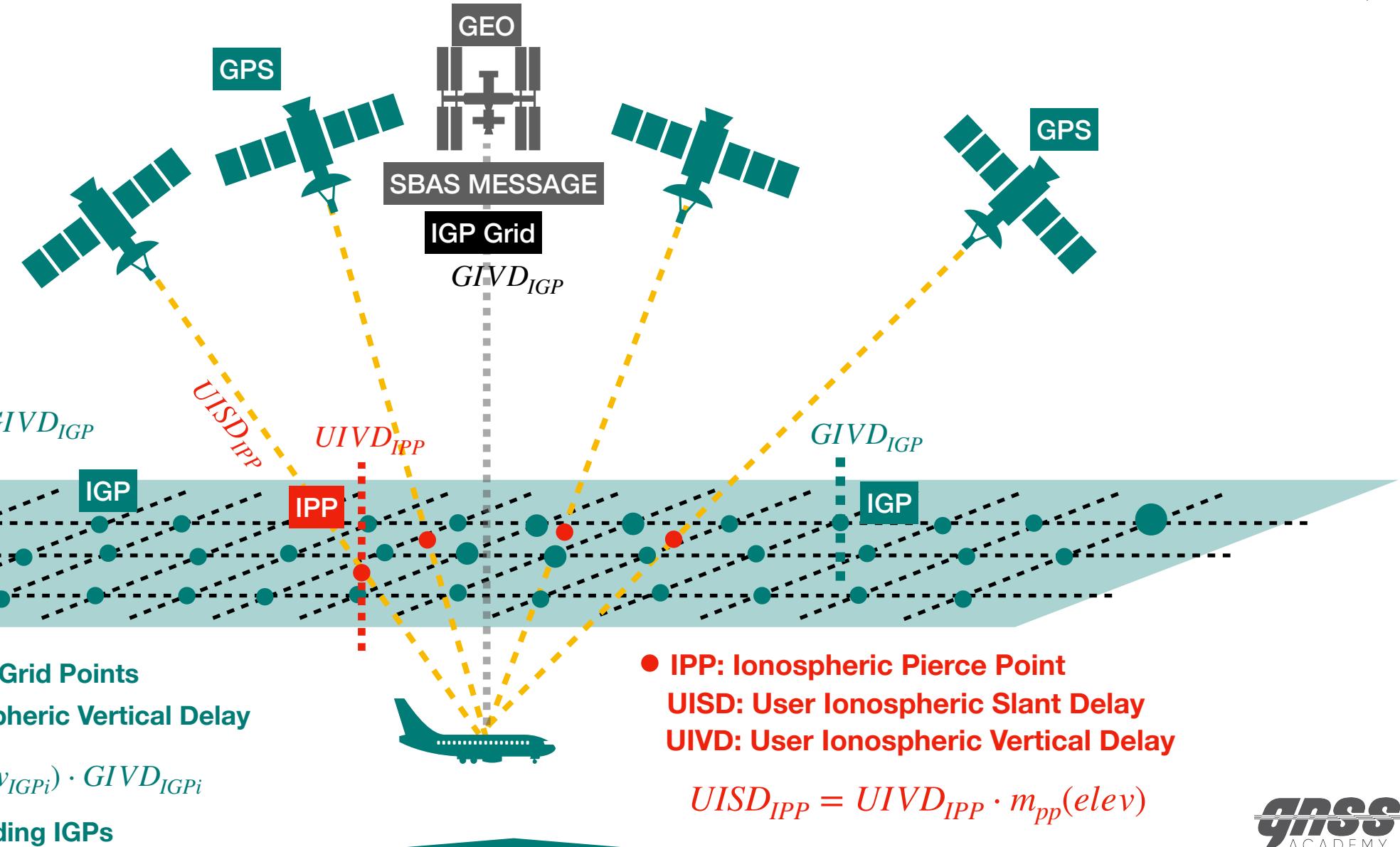
# UISDE = UISD - STEC

*E Tapas*

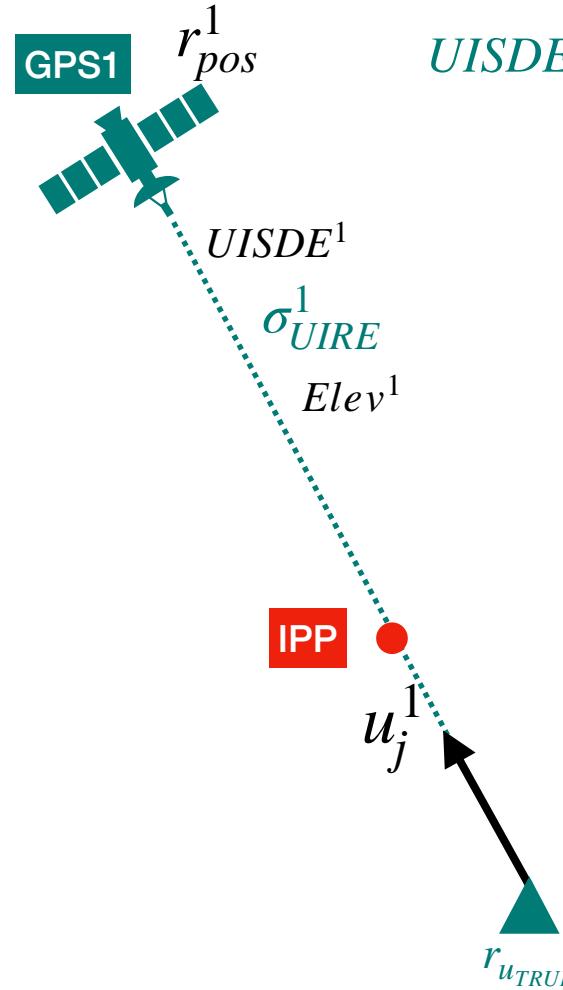
# UISD



SBAS Signal broadcast  
Vertical Delays (GIVD)  
over a regional Grid of  
IGPs covering the  
Service Area



# UISDE



$$UISDE_{IPP} = UISD - STEC = m_{pp}(elev) \cdot (UIVD - VTEC_{ipp}) = m_{pp}(elev) \cdot UIVDE$$

$$UISDE_{IPP} = UIVDE_{IPP} \cdot m_{pp}(elev)$$

**UISDE:** User Ionospheric Slant Delay Error

$$UIVDE_{IPP} = \sum (w_{IGPi}) \cdot GIVDE_{IGPi}$$

$$UIVDE_{IPP} = \sum (w_{IGPi}) \cdot (GIVD_{IGPi} - VTEC_{IGPi})$$



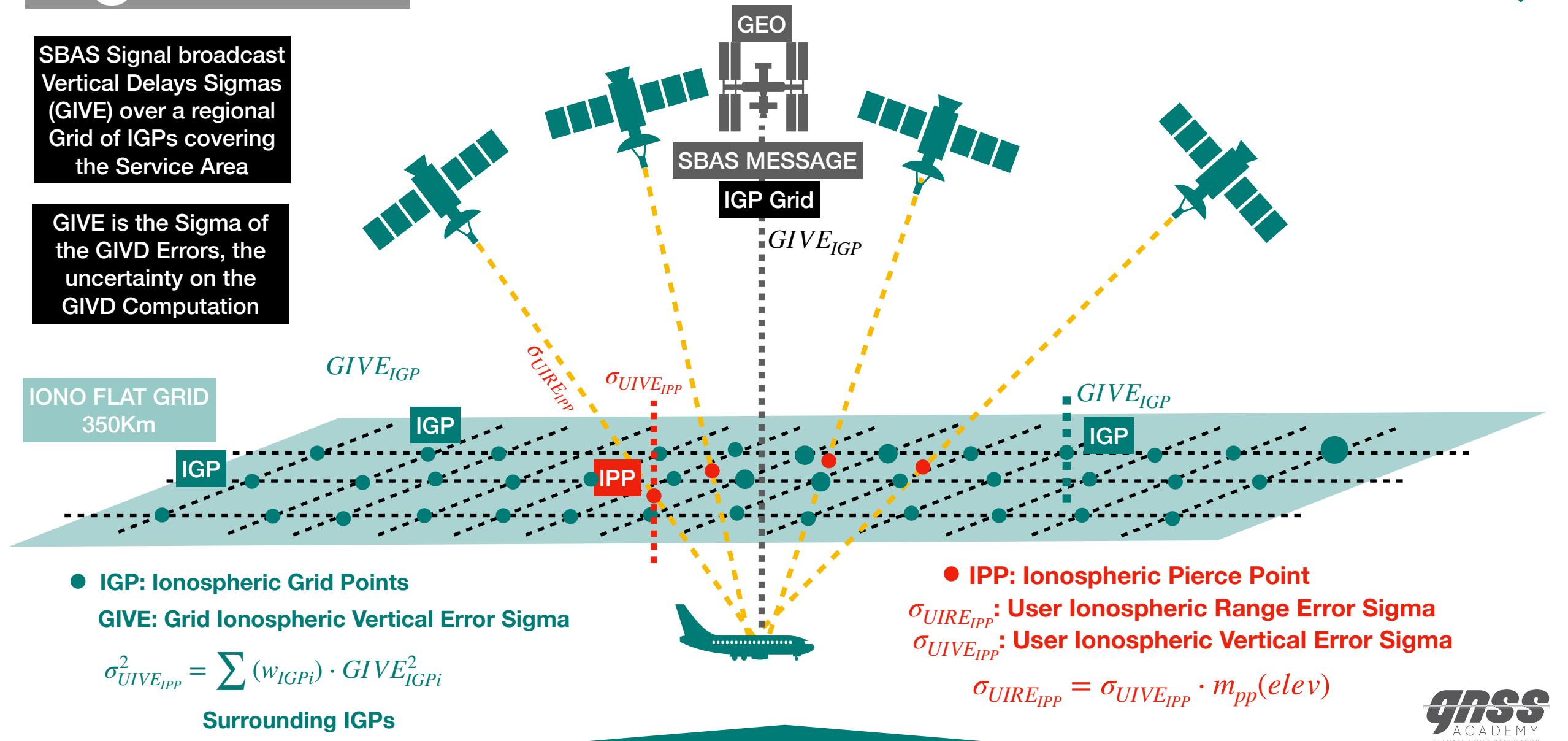
# SigmaUIRE or UIRE



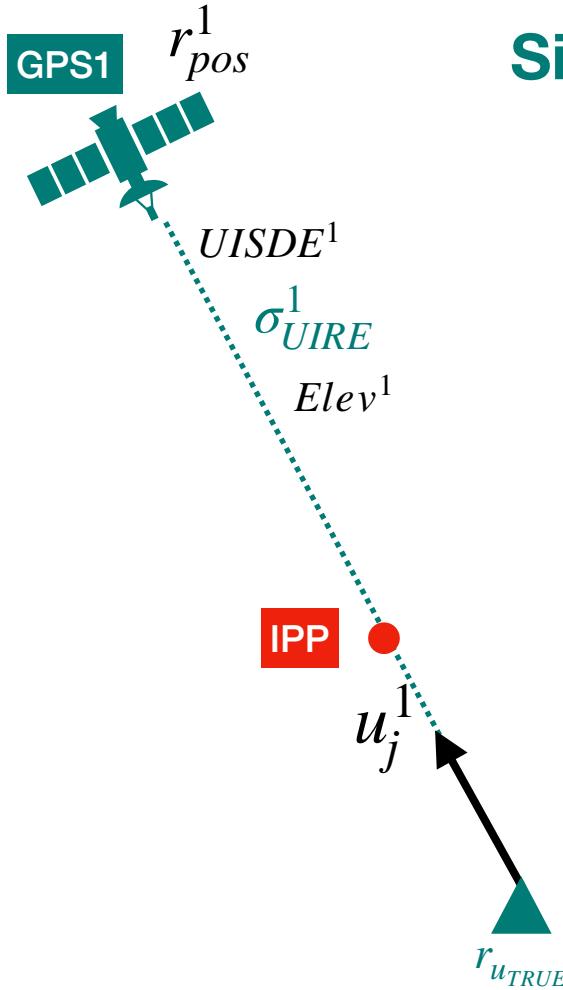
# SigmaUIRE

**SBAS** Signal broadcast  
Vertical Delays Sigmas  
(GIVE) over a regional  
Grid of IGPs covering  
the Service Area

GIVE is the Sigma of  
the GIVD Errors, the  
uncertainty on the  
GIVD Computation



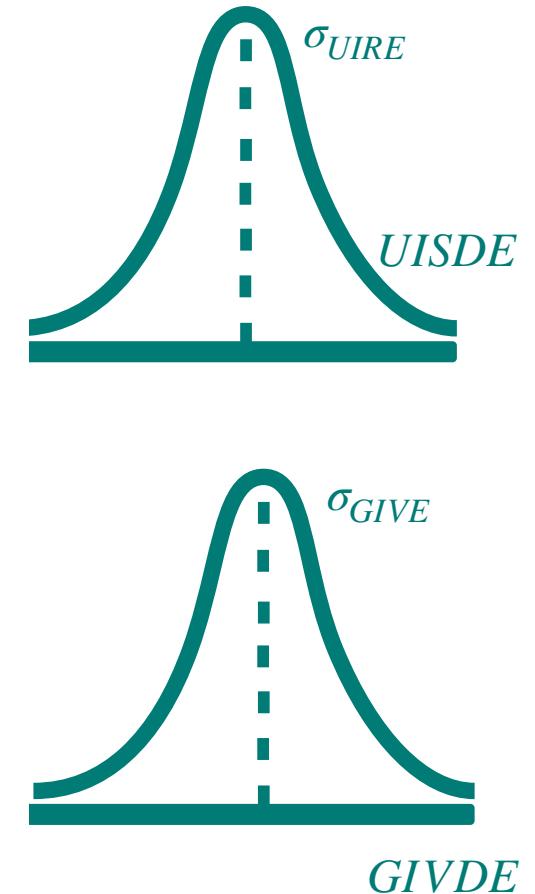
# SigmaUIRE



**SigmaUIRE:** Sigma of the UISDE

$$\sigma_{UIRE_{IPP}} = \sigma_{UIVE_{IPP}} \cdot m_{pp}(elev)$$

$$\sigma_{UIVE_{IPP}}^2 = \sum (w_{IGPi}) \cdot GIVE_{IGPi}^2$$





# We have computed UISDE and UIRE at IPP

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# What about GIVDE and GIVE at IGP?

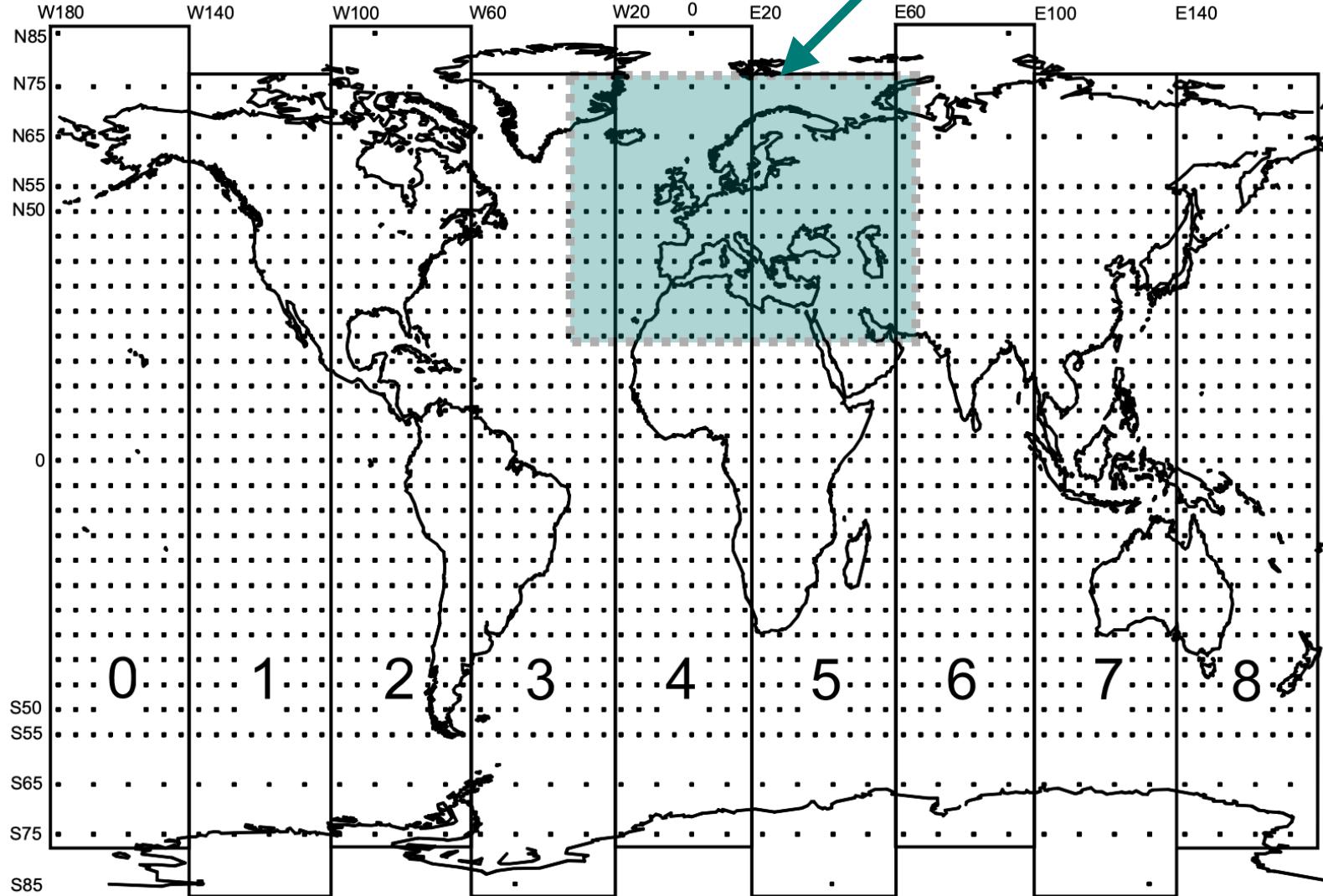
# MOPS Grid



**BIT**

## Appendix A

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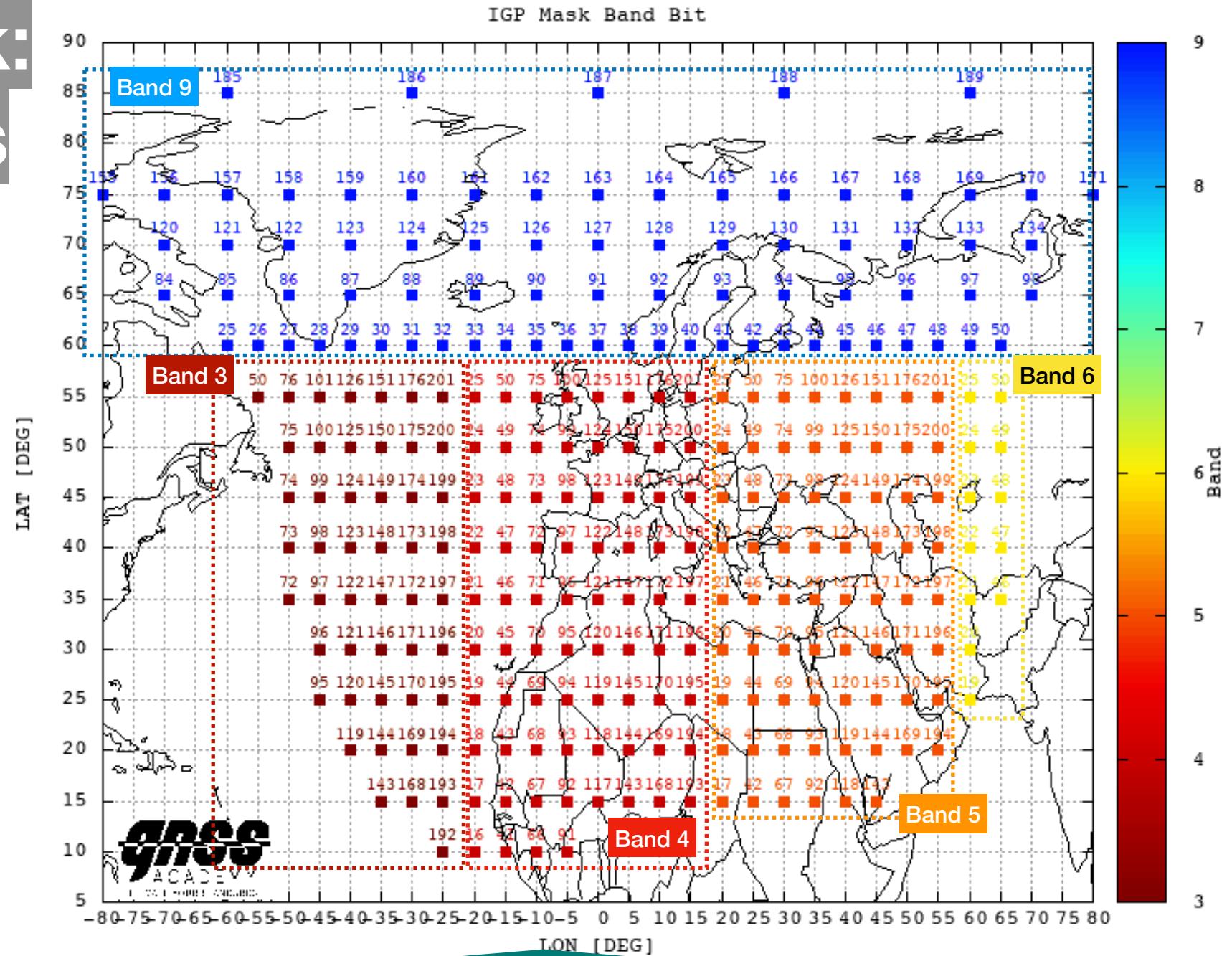
## BAND

BAND	
<b>Band 3</b>	
60 W	75S, 65S, 55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N, 65N, 75N
55 W	55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N
50 W	85S, 75S, 65S, 55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N, 65N, 75N
45 W	55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N
40 W	75S, 65S, 55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N, 65N, 75N
35 W	55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N
30 W	75S, 65S, 55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N, 65N, 75N
25 W	55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N
<b>Band 4</b>	
20 W	75S, 65S, 55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N, 65N, 75N
15 W	55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N
10 W	75S, 65S, 55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N, 65N, 75N
5 W	55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N
0	75S, 65S, 55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N, 65N, 75N, 85N
5 E	55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N
10 E	75S, 65S, 55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N, 65N, 75N
15 E	55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N
<b>Band 5</b>	
20 E	75S, 65S, 55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N, 65N, 75N
25 E	55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N
30 E	75S, 65S, 55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N, 65N, 75N
35 E	55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N
40 E	85S, 75S, 65S, 55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N, 65N, 75N
45 E	55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N
50 E	75S, 65S, 55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N, 65N, 75N
55 E	55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N
<b>Band 6</b>	
60 E	75S, 65S, 55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N, 65N, 75N
65 E	55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N
70 E	75S, 65S, 55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N, 65N, 75N
75 E	55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N
80 E	75S, 65S, 55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N, 65N, 75N
85 E	55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N
90 E	75S, 65S, 55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N, 65N, 75N, 85N
95 E	55S, 50S, 45S, ..., 45N, 50N, 55N
<b>Band 9</b>	
60 N	180W, 175W, 170W, ..., 165E, 170E, 175E
65 N	180W, 170W, 160W, ..., 150E, 160E, 170E
70 N	180W, 170W, 160W, ..., 150E, 160E, 170E
75 N	180W, 170W, 160W, ..., 150E, 160E, 170E
85 N	180W, 150W, 120W, ..., 90E, 120E, 150E

# IGP Mask: 287 IGPs



MT18



# MT18



MESSAGE\_TYPE 18 : IGP Mask

Epoch: 1150

TIME: 14/01/19 00:19:10

IODI: 0

Number of bands: 5  
Band number: 9

IGPs:

IGP( 1): 25	IGP( 2): 26	IGP( 3): 27	IGP( 4): 28	IGP( 5): 29
IGP( 6): 30	IGP( 7): 31	IGP( 8): 32	IGP( 9): 33	IGP( 10): 34
IGP( 11): 35	IGP( 12): 36	IGP( 13): 37	IGP( 14): 38	IGP( 15): 39
IGP( 16): 40	IGP( 17): 41	IGP( 18): 42	IGP( 19): 43	IGP( 20): 44
IGP( 21): 45	IGP( 22): 46	IGP( 23): 47	IGP( 24): 48	IGP( 25): 49
IGP( 26): 50	IGP( 27): 84	IGP( 28): 85	IGP( 29): 86	IGP( 30): 87
IGP( 31): 88	IGP( 32): 89	IGP( 33): 90	IGP( 34): 91	IGP( 35): 92
IGP( 36): 93	IGP( 37): 94	IGP( 38): 95	IGP( 39): 96	IGP( 40): 97
IGP( 41): 98	IGP( 42): 120	IGP( 43): 121	IGP( 44): 122	IGP( 45): 123
IGP( 46): 124	IGP( 47): 125	IGP( 48): 126	IGP( 49): 127	IGP( 50): 128
IGP( 51): 129	IGP( 52): 130	IGP( 53): 131	IGP( 54): 132	IGP( 55): 133
IGP( 56): 134	IGP( 57): 155	IGP( 58): 156	IGP( 59): 157	IGP( 60): 158
IGP( 61): 159	IGP( 62): 160	IGP( 63): 161	IGP( 64): 162	IGP( 65): 163
IGP( 66): 164	IGP( 67): 165	IGP( 68): 166	IGP( 69): 167	IGP( 70): 168
IGP( 71): 169	IGP( 72): 170	IGP( 73): 171	IGP( 74): 184	IGP( 75): 185
IGP( 76): 186	IGP( 77): 187	IGP( 78): 188	IGP( 79): 189	IGP( 80): 190

# MT26



MESSAGE\_TYPE 26 : IONO corrections

Epoch: 1158

TIME: 14/01/19 00:19:18

IODI: 0

Band: 4

Block: 1

IGP 46:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.73	GIVD[m]=	0.50
IGP 47:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.73	GIVD[m]=	0.50
IGP 48:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.91	GIVD[m]=	0.50
IGP 49:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.91	GIVD[m]=	0.50
IGP 50:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.91	GIVD[m]=	0.38
IGP 66:	Status: NM	GIVE[1Sigma]=	NM	GIVD[m]=	63.75
IGP 67:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	1.82	GIVD[m]=	1.12
IGP 68:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.91	GIVD[m]=	0.75
IGP 69:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.73	GIVD[m]=	0.75
IGP 70:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.73	GIVD[m]=	1.00
IGP 71:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.73	GIVD[m]=	0.62
IGP 72:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.73	GIVD[m]=	0.50
IGP 73:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.82	GIVD[m]=	0.75
IGP 74:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.82	GIVD[m]=	0.75
IGP 75:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.82	GIVD[m]=	0.38



# GIVDE

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# GIVDE

Difference between the EGNOS GIVD and the True GIVD, here called VTEC

$$GIVDE = GIVD_{IGP} - VTEC_{IGP} = GIVD_{IGP} - (VTEC_{IONEX_{IGP}} + \epsilon_{IONEX})$$

$$GIVDE \approx GIVD_{IGP} - VTEC_{IONEX_{IGP}}$$



# GIVD

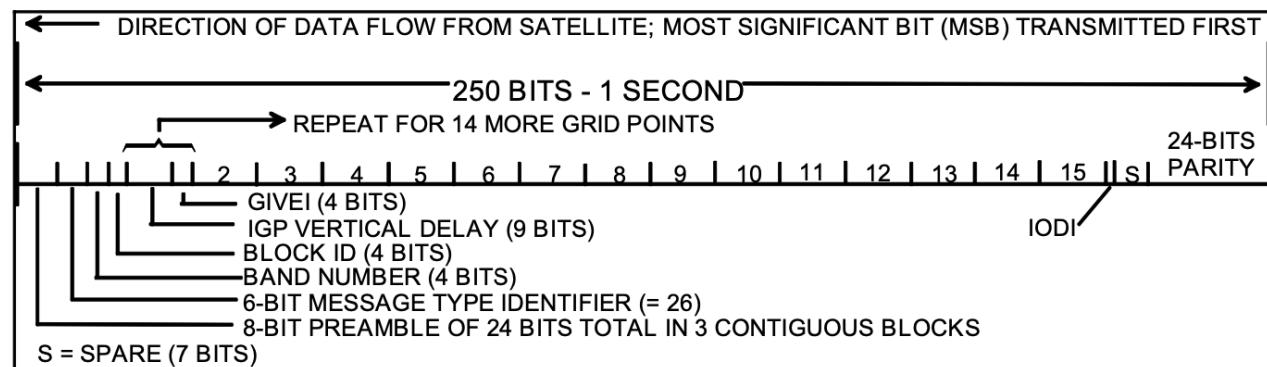
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GIVD for each IGP is extracted from MT26.

**TABLE A-16 IONOSPHERIC DELAY MODEL PARAMETERS FOR MESSAGE TYPE 26**

Parameter	No. of Bits	Scale Factor (LSB)	Effective Range	Units
Band Number	4	1	0 to 10	unitless
Block ID	4	1	0 to 13	unitless
For Each of 15 Grid Points	13	—	—	—
IGP Vertical Delay Estimate	9	0.125	0 to 63.875	meters
Grid Ionospheric Vertical Error Indicator (GIVEI)	4	1	0 to 15	unitless
IODI	2	1	0 to 3	unitless
Spare	7	—	—	—



The 9-bit IGP vertical delays have a 0.125 meter resolution, for a 0-63.750 meter valid range. A vertical delay of 63.875 meters (111111111) will indicate *don't use*. That is, there are no IGP vertical delays greater than 63.750 meters. If that range is exceeded, a *don't use* indication will be used.

GIVD = 63.875 ==> DON'T USE



# GIVE = GIVE + EpsilonIONO

MT26

**TABLE A-17 EVALUATION OF GIVE<sub>i</sub>**

GIVE <sub>i</sub>	GIVE <sub>i</sub> Meters	$\sigma_{i,GIVE}^2$ Meters <sup>2</sup>
0	0.3	0.0084
1	0.6	0.0333
2	0.9	0.0749
3	1.20	0.1331
4	1.5	0.2079
5	1.8	0.2994
6	2.1	0.4075
7	2.4	0.5322
8	2.7	0.6735
9	3.0	0.8315
10	3.6	1.1974
11	4.5	1.8709
12	6.0	3.3260
13	15.0	20.7870
14	45.0	187.0826
15	Not Monitored	Not Monitored

## Degradation of Ionospheric Corrections

The residual error associated with the ionospheric corrections is characterized by the variance ( $\sigma_{ionogrid}^2$ ) of a model distribution. This parameter is applicable at each ionospheric grid point, and must be interpolated to the user pierce point and translated to slant range (A.4.4.10). This term is computed as:

$$\sigma_{ionogrid}^2 = \begin{cases} (\sigma_{GIVE} + \varepsilon_{iono})^2, & \text{if } RSS_{iono} = 0 \text{ (Message Type 10)} \\ \sigma_{GIVE}^2 + \varepsilon_{iono}^2, & \text{if } RSS_{iono} = 1 \text{ (Message Type 10)} \end{cases} \quad (\text{A-58})$$

where:

$RSS_{iono}$  = root-sum-square flag from Message Type 10

$\sigma_{GIVE}$  = model parameter from Message Type 26 (ref. A.4.4.10)

and

$$\varepsilon_{iono} = C_{iono\_step} \left\lfloor \frac{t - t_{iono}}{I_{iono}} \right\rfloor + C_{iono\_ramp} (t - t_{iono}) \quad (\text{A-59})$$

$C_{iono\_step}$  = the bound on the difference between successive ionospheric grid delay values determined from Message Type 10

$t$  = the current time

$t_{iono}$  = the time of transmission of the first bit of the ionospheric correction message at the GEO

$C_{iono\_ramp}$  = the rate of change of the ionospheric corrections determined from Message Type 10

$I_{iono}$  = the minimum update interval for ionospheric correction messages determined from Message Type 10

$\lfloor x \rfloor$  = the floor or greatest integer less than x function



# VTEC

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igsg0140.19i

## HEADER

```

1.0          IONOSPHERE MAPS      MIX          IONEX VERSION / TYPE
cmpcmb v1.2      GRL/UWM      1-feb-19 09:08      PGM / RUN BY / DATE
ionex file containing IGS COMBINED Ionosphere maps      COMMENT
global ionosphere maps for day 014, 2019      DESCRIPTION
IONEX file containing the COMBINED IGS TEC MAPS and DCBs      DESCRIPTION
IONEX files of the following IAACs were combined: cod      DESCRIPTION
                                                jpl      DESCRIPTION
Contact address: Andrzej Krancowski      DESCRIPTION
                                                Geodynamics Research Laboratory      DESCRIPTION
                                                University of Warmia and Mazury (GRL/UWM)      DESCRIPTION
                                                Oczapowski St. 1      DESCRIPTION
                                                10-957-Olsztyn, POLAND      DESCRIPTION
                                                e-mail: kand@uwm.edu.pl      DESCRIPTION
2019      1      14      0      0      0      EPOCH OF FIRST MAP
2019      1      15      0      0      0      EPOCH OF LAST MAP
7200      INTERVAL
13      # OF MAPS IN FILE
COSZ      MAPPING FUNCTION
0.0      ELEVATION CUTOFF
combined TEC calculated as weighted mean of input TEC values      OBSERVABLES USED
322      # OF STATIONS
32      # OF SATELLITES
6371.0      BASE RADIUS
2      MAP DIMENSION
450.0 450.0 0.0      HGT1 / HGT2 / DHGT
87.5 -87.5 -2.5      LAT1 / LAT2 / DLAT
-180.0 180.0 5.0      LON1 / LON2 / DLON
-1      EXPONENT
TEC values in 0.1 tec units; 9999, if no value available      COMMENT
DCB values in nanoseconds, reference is Sum_of_SatDCBs = 0      COMMENT

```

## VTEC MAPS LATxLON 2.5x5deg EVERY 2 HOURS

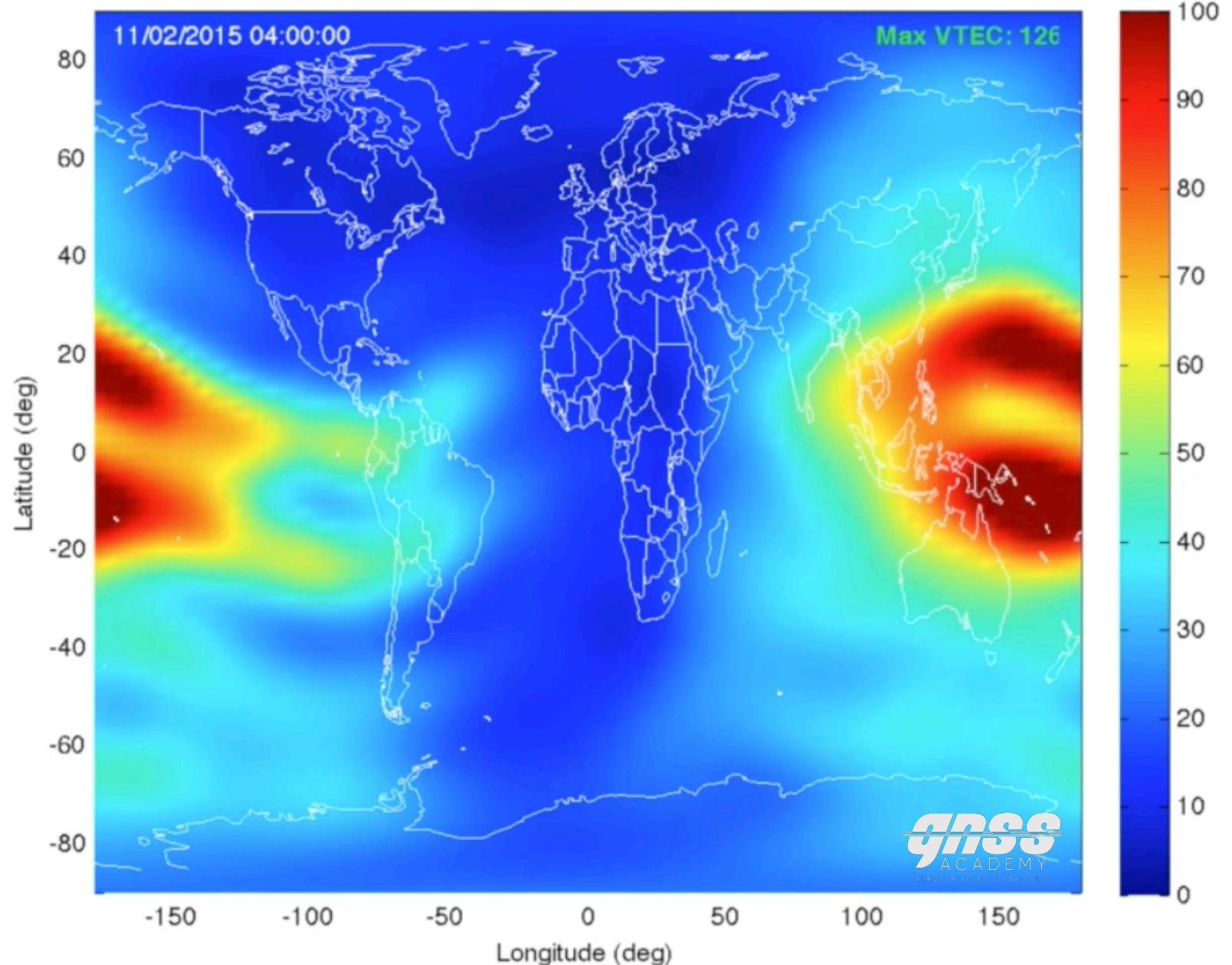
													END OF HEADER			
													START OF TEC MAP			
													EPOCH OF CURRENT MAP			
													LAT/LON1/LON2/DLON/H			
1																
2019	1	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	87.5-180.0	180.0	5.0	450.0												
14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	12
12	12	12	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	12
12	12	12	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	14	14	14	14	14	14
14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
	85.0-180.0	180.0	5.0	450.0												
17	17	18	18	18	18	18	18	19	19	19	19	19	19	18	18	17
17	16	15	14	14	13	12	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	9	9	9
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	11	11	12	13	14	14	14	15
16	16	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	16
16	16	16	16	16	16	16	17	17								
	82.5-180.0	180.0	5.0	450.0												
20	21	22	23	23	24	24	25	25	25	26	26	26	25	25	25	24
23	22	21	20	19	18	16	15	13	12	11	10	10	9	9	9	9
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	11	13	14	15	17	18	19	20
21	21	22	22	22	22	22	21	21	21	20	20	19	19	18	18	18
18	17	18	18	18	19	19	20	20								

VTEC for an IPP is obtained by spatial bilinear interpolation with the surrounding grid points and linear interpolation between 2 hours-maps

STEC at IPP is obtained from VTEC multiplied by a mapping function elevation dependent

# VTEC

VTEC map 11/02/2015 04:00:00



# VTEC from IONEX: SPACE Interpolation

$$E(\lambda_0 + p \Delta\lambda, \beta_0 + q \Delta\beta) = (1 - p)(1 - q) E_{0,0} + p(1 - q) E_{1,0} + q(1 - p) E_{0,1} + p q E_{1,1},$$

where  $0 \leq p < 1$  and  $0 \leq q < 1$ .  $\Delta\lambda$  and  $\Delta\beta$  denote the grid widths in longitude and latitude.

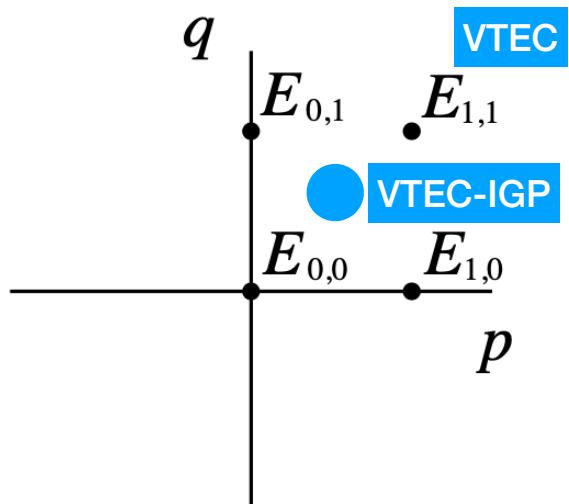


Figure 1: Bivariate interpolation using the nearest 4 TEC values  $E_{i,j}$

# VTEC from IONEX: TIME Interpolation

## 3 Methods:

- 1 Simply take the nearest TEC map  $E_i = E(T_i)$  at epoch  $T_i$ :

$$E(\beta, \lambda, t) = E_i(\beta, \lambda), \quad (1)$$

where  $|t - T_i| = \min.$

- 2 Interpolate between consecutive TEC maps  $E_i = E(T_i)$  and  $E_{i+1} = E(T_{i+1})$ :

$$E(\beta, \lambda, t) = \frac{T_{i+1} - t}{T_{i+1} - T_i} E_i(\beta, \lambda) + \frac{t - T_i}{T_{i+1} - T_i} E_{i+1}(\beta, \lambda), \quad (2)$$

where  $T_i \leq t < T_{i+1}$ .

- 3 Interpolate between consecutive *rotated* TEC maps:

$$E(\beta, \lambda, t) = \frac{T_{i+1} - t}{T_{i+1} - T_i} E_i(\beta, \lambda'_i) + \frac{t - T_i}{T_{i+1} - T_i} E_{i+1}(\beta, \lambda'_{i+1}), \quad (3)$$

where  $T_i \leq t < T_{i+1}$  and  $\lambda'_i = \lambda + (t - T_i)$ . The TEC maps are rotated by  $t - T_i$  around the Z-axis in order to compensate to a great extent the strong correlation between the ionosphere and the Sun's position. Note that method (1) can be refined accordingly by taking the nearest *rotated* map:  $E(\beta, \lambda, t) = E_i(\beta, \lambda')$ .



# GIVE

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# GIVE = GIVE + EpsilonIONO

MT26

**TABLE A-17 EVALUATION OF GIVE<sub>i</sub>**

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where:

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$\sigma_{GIVE}$  = model parameter from Message Type 26 (ref. A.4.4.10)

and

$$\varepsilon_{iono} = C_{iono\_step} \left\lfloor \frac{t - t_{iono}}{I_{iono}} \right\rfloor + C_{iono\_ramp} (t - t_{iono}) \quad (\text{A-59})$$

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$t$  = the current time

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$C_{iono\_ramp}$  = the rate of change of the ionospheric corrections determined from Message Type 10

$I_{iono}$  = the minimum update interval for ionospheric correction messages determined from Message Type 10

$\lfloor x \rfloor$  = the floor or greatest integer less than x function

# MT26



MESSAGE\_TYPE 26 : IONO corrections      Epoch: 1158      TIME: 14/01/19 00:19:18

IODI: 0

Band: 4

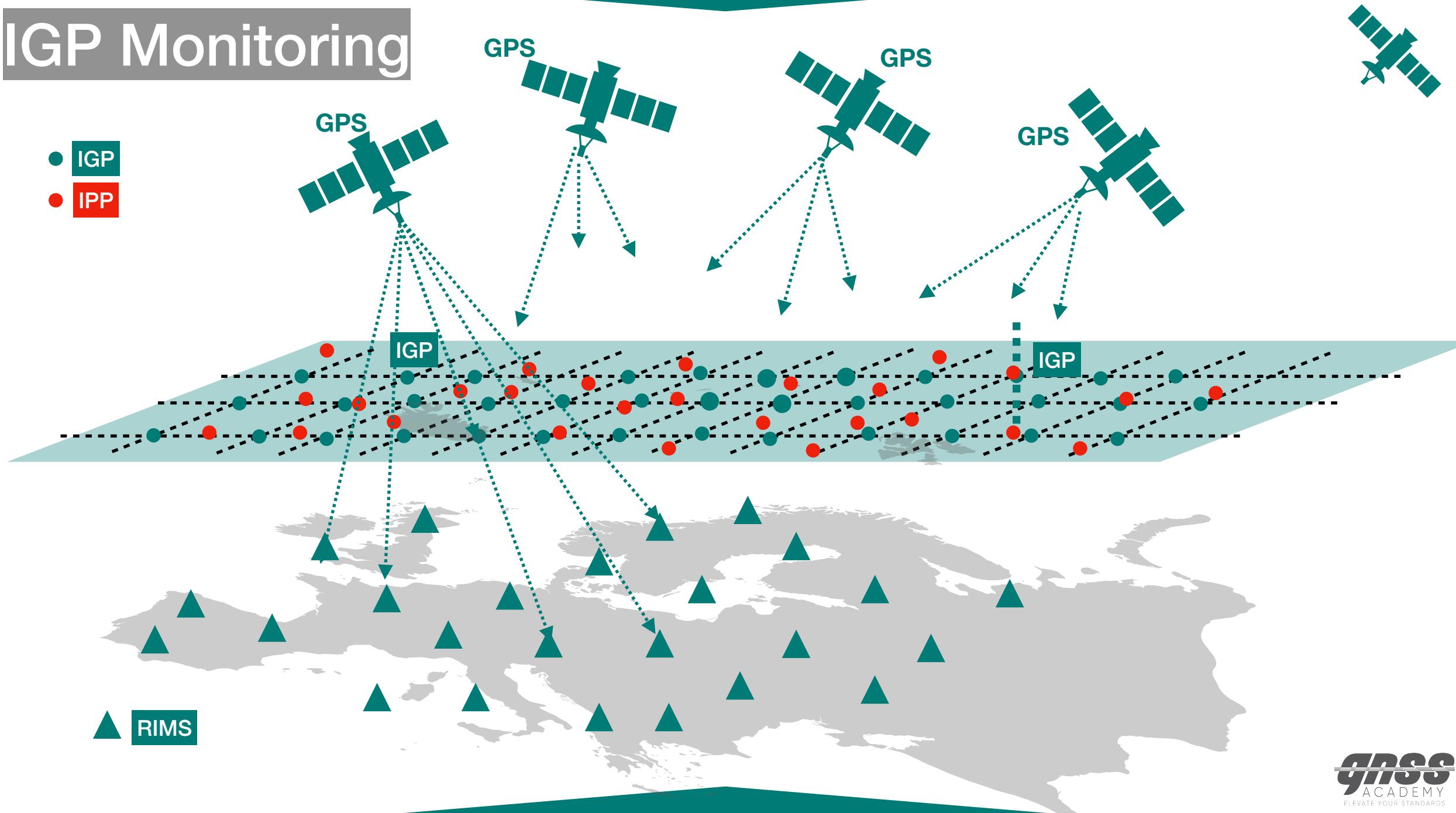
Block: 1

IGP 46:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.73	GIVD[m]=	0.50
IGP 47:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.73	GIVD[m]=	0.50
IGP 48:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.91	GIVD[m]=	0.50
IGP 49:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.91	GIVD[m]=	0.50
IGP 50:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.91	GIVD[m]=	0.38
IGP 66:	Status: NM	GIVE[1Sigma]=	NM	GIVD[m]=	63.75
IGP 67:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	1.82	GIVD[m]=	1.12
IGP 68:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.91	GIVD[m]=	0.75
IGP 69:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.73	GIVD[m]=	0.75
IGP 70:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.73	GIVD[m]=	1.00
IGP 71:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.73	GIVD[m]=	0.62
IGP 72:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.73	GIVD[m]=	0.50
IGP 73:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.82	GIVD[m]=	0.75
IGP 74:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.82	GIVD[m]=	0.75
IGP 75:	Status: USE	GIVE[1Sigma]=	0.82	GIVD[m]=	0.38



# IGP Monitorability

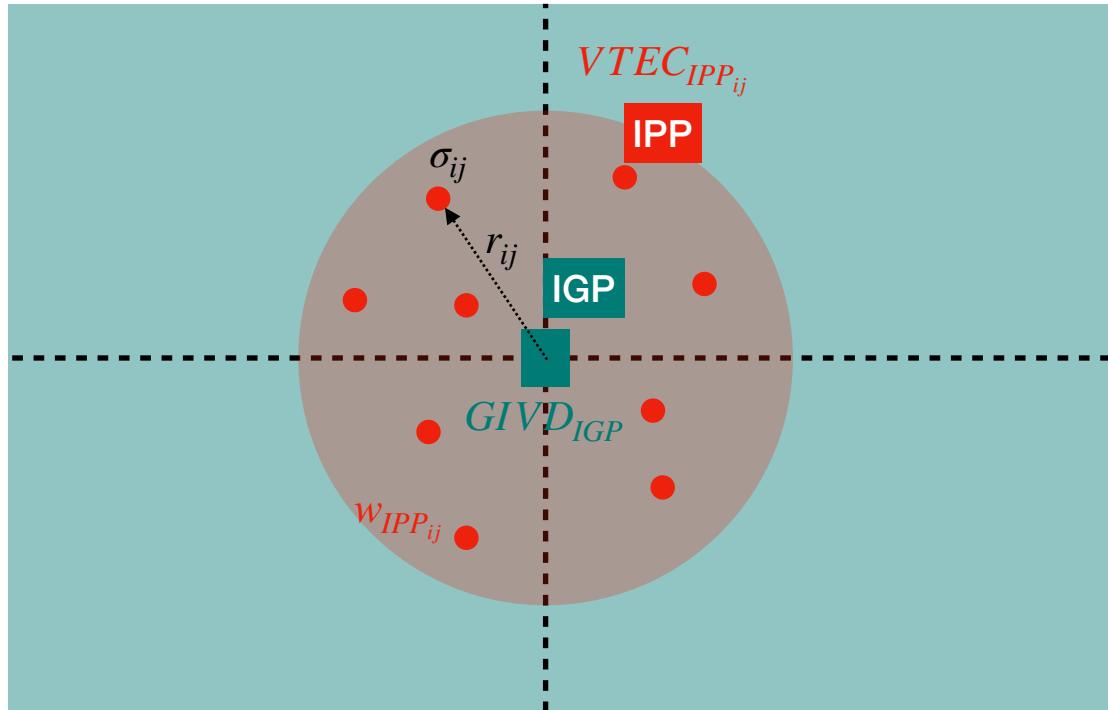
# IGP Monitoring





# VTEC@IPP to GIVD@IGP

- $GIVD_{IGP}$  can be approximated as a weighted average of the surrounding RIMS-SAT IPP  $VTEC_{IPP_{ij}}$  using a weighting function dependent of the radial spherical distance and the associated sigma of the measurement



$$GIVD_{IGP} = \sum w_{IPP_{ij}}(r_{ij}, \sigma_{ij}) \cdot VTEC_{IPP_{ij}}$$



# MISSION

 Tapas

# Mission IGP1



1. Provide **LOS** module with the necessary information at IGP level.

- IGP Vertical Delay Errors: GIVDE to later compute the UISDE.
- IGP Sigmas Information: GIVE later compute the SigmaUIRE projecting along the users.
- IGP Monitoring Status:
  - **M**: Monitored ( $GIE < 15$ )
  - **NM**: Not Monitored ( $GIE = 15$ )
  - **DU**: Don't Use ( $GVD = 63.875m$ )



## 2. Assess and Characterize the related IONO performances.

Report and/or to display the following type of analyses:

- IGP **Monitoring** Analyses
- IGP **Accuracy** Analyses: GIVDE figures
- IGP **Upper-bound** Analyses: GIVE figures
- IGP **Integrity** Analyses through  $SI = (GIVDE / 5.33GIVE)$
- Other ...



# INPUTS

# EXTERNAL INPUTS to IGP Module



INTERFACE	FORMAT	SCEN/INP	DESCRIPTION
<b>SBAS MESSAGES</b>	<b>RINEX B or EMS</b>	<b>RNB or EMS</b>	Files containing the SBAS SIS Navigation message 250 bits per second with all the different Messages Types broadcast by the SBAS GEO. RINEX B format <a href="ftp://serenad-public.essp-sas.eu/SERENADO/FROM_ESSP/MSG/">ftp://serenad-public.essp-sas.eu/SERENADO/FROM_ESSP/MSG/</a>
<b>GPS NAVIGATION</b>	<b>RINEX NAV.</b>	<b>NAV/</b>	Files containing the GPS Navigation Message with the Ephemeris and clock model parameters information. Satellite positions referred to APC and P1P2 Clocks. <a href="ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/gps/data/daily/">ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/gps/data/daily/</a>
<b>PRECISE ORBITS</b>	<b>SP3</b>	<b>SP3/</b>	IGS files containing very precise satellite positions (XYZ) in WGS84 reference frame referred to the Satellite Center of Masses with a typical sampling time of 10-15min. <a href="ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/gps/products/">ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/gps/products/</a>
<b>PRECISE CLOCKS</b>	<b>RINEX CLK</b>	<b>CLK/</b>	IGS files containing very precise satellite clock offsets in GPS/IGSs Time scale reference frame bi-frequency P1P2 with a typical sampling time of 30s or 300s. <a href="ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/gps/data/daily/">ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/gps/data/daily/</a>
<b>ANTENNA OFFSETS</b>	<b>ANTEX</b>	<b>ATX/</b>	IGS ANTEX files contains the Satellite Antenna Phase Offsets ( CoM to APC ) in meters. APC depends on the Code and the frequency. <a href="ftp://ftp.gfz-potsdam.de/GNSS/metadata/satellite/ANTEX/">ftp://ftp.gfz-potsdam.de/GNSS/metadata/satellite/ANTEX/</a>
<b>CODE BIASES</b>	<b>DCB</b>	<b>DCB/</b>	IGS Monthly Files including the differential Code Biases (DCBs), P1P2 and C1P1 for each satellite GPS. <a href="ftp://ftp.aiub.unibe.ch/CODE/">ftp://ftp.aiub.unibe.ch/CODE/</a>
<b>PRECISE IONOSPHERE</b>	<b>IONEX</b>	<b>ION/</b>	IGS Daily files including a precise 2D Global Ionosphere Maps (GIM) with the VTEC information across the Globe with a typical sampling rate of 2 hours. <a href="ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/pub/gps/products/ionex/">ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/pub/gps/products/ionex/</a>

# EXTERNAL INPUTS to IGP Module



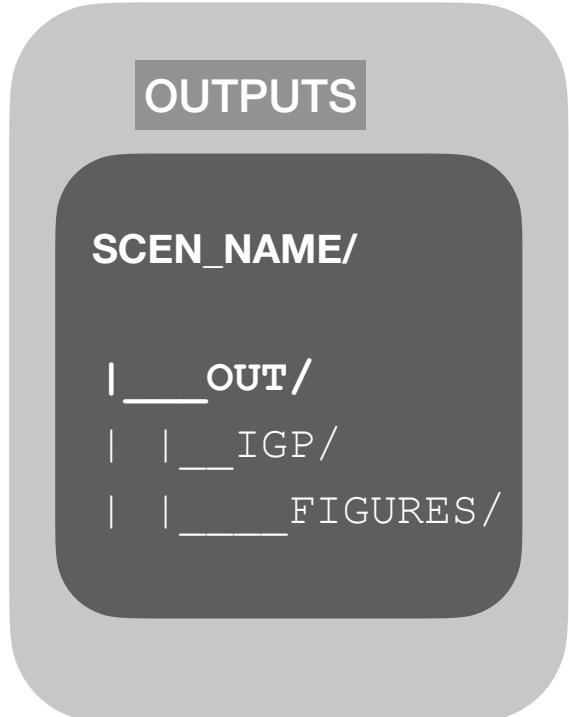
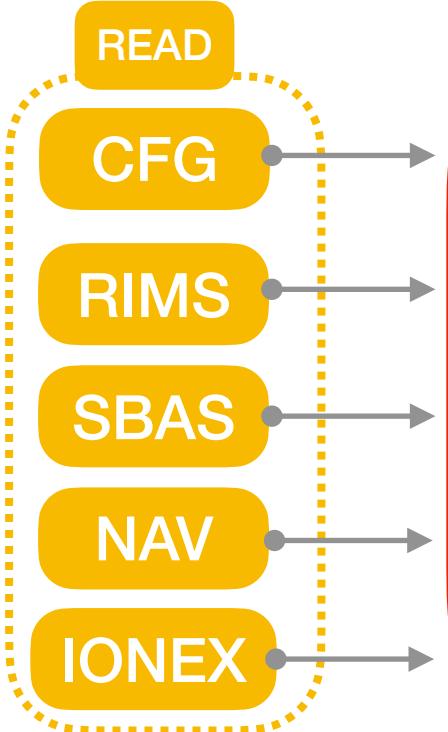
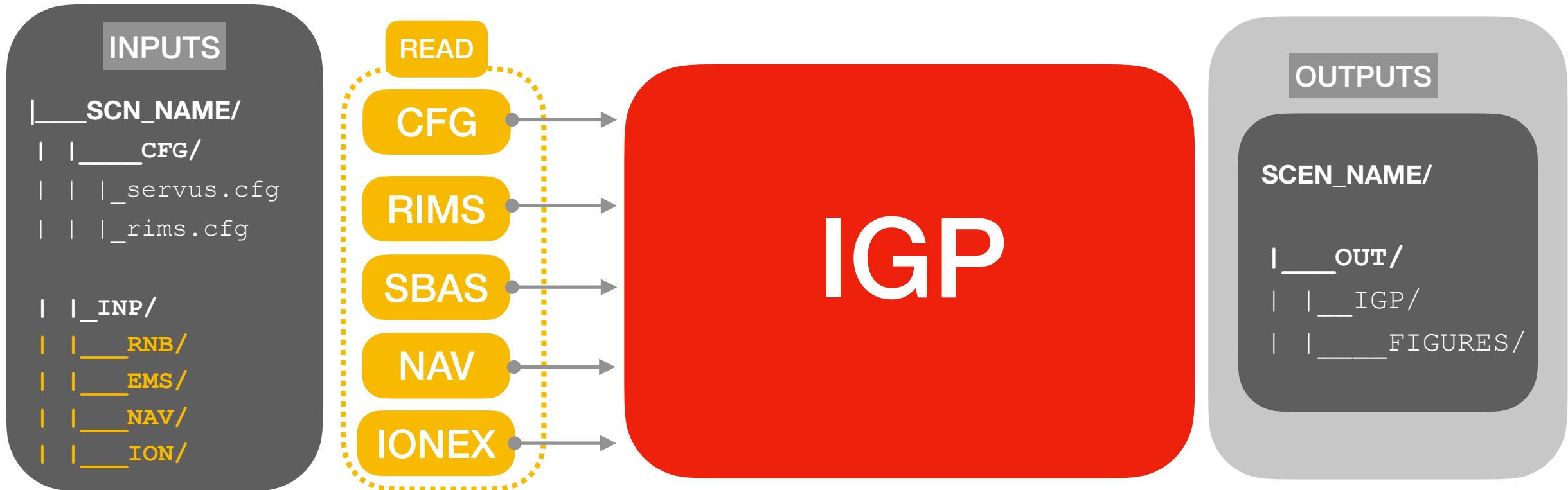
INTERFACE	FORMAT	SCEN/INP	DESCRIPTION
<b>SBAS MESSAGES</b>	<b>RINEX B or EMS</b>	<b>RNB or EMS</b>	Files containing the SBAS SIS Navigation message 250 bits per second with all the different Messages Types broadcast by the SBAS GEO. RINEX B format <a href="ftp://serenad-public.essp-sas.eu/SERENADO/FROM_ESSP/MSG/">ftp://serenad-public.essp-sas.eu/SERENADO/FROM_ESSP/MSG/</a>
<b>GPS NAVIGATION</b>	<b>RINEX NAV.</b>	<b>NAV/</b>	Files containing the GPS Navigation Message with the Ephemeris and clock model parameters information. Satellite positions referred to APC and P1P2 Clocks. <a href="ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/gps/data/daily/">ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/gps/data/daily/</a>
<b>PRECISE ORBITS</b>	<b>SP3</b>	<b>SP3/</b>	IGS files containing very precise satellite positions (XYZ) in WGS84 reference frame referred to the Satellite Center of Masses with a typical sampling time of 10-15min. <a href="ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/gps/products/">ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/gps/products/</a>
<b>PRECISE CLOCKS</b>	<b>RINEX CLK</b>	<b>CLK/</b>	IGS files containing very precise satellite clock offsets in GPS/IGSs Time scale reference frame bi-frequency P1P2 with a typical sampling time of 30s or 300s. <a href="ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/gps/data/daily/">ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/gps/data/daily/</a>
<b>ANTENNA OFFSETS</b>	<b>ANTEX</b>	<b>ATX/</b>	IGS ANTEX files contains the Satellite Antenna Phase Offsets ( CoM to APC ) in meters. APC depends on the Code and the frequency. <a href="ftp://ftp.gfz-potsdam.de/GNSS/metadata/satellite/ANTEX/">ftp://ftp.gfz-potsdam.de/GNSS/metadata/satellite/ANTEX/</a>
<b>CODE BIASES</b>	<b>DCB</b>	<b>DCB/</b>	IGS Monthly Files including the differential Code Biases (DCBs), P1P2 and C1P1 for each satellite GPS. <a href="ftp://ftp.aiub.unibe.ch/CODE/">ftp://ftp.aiub.unibe.ch/CODE/</a>
<b>PRECISE IONOSPHERE</b>	<b>IONEX</b>	<b>ION/</b>	IGS Daily files including a precise 2D Global Ionosphere Maps (GIM) with the VTEC information across the Globe with a typical sampling rate of 2 hours. <a href="ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/pub/gps/products/ionex/">ftp://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/pub/gps/products/ionex/</a>



# LOW LEVEL DESIGN



# IGP ARCHITECTURE

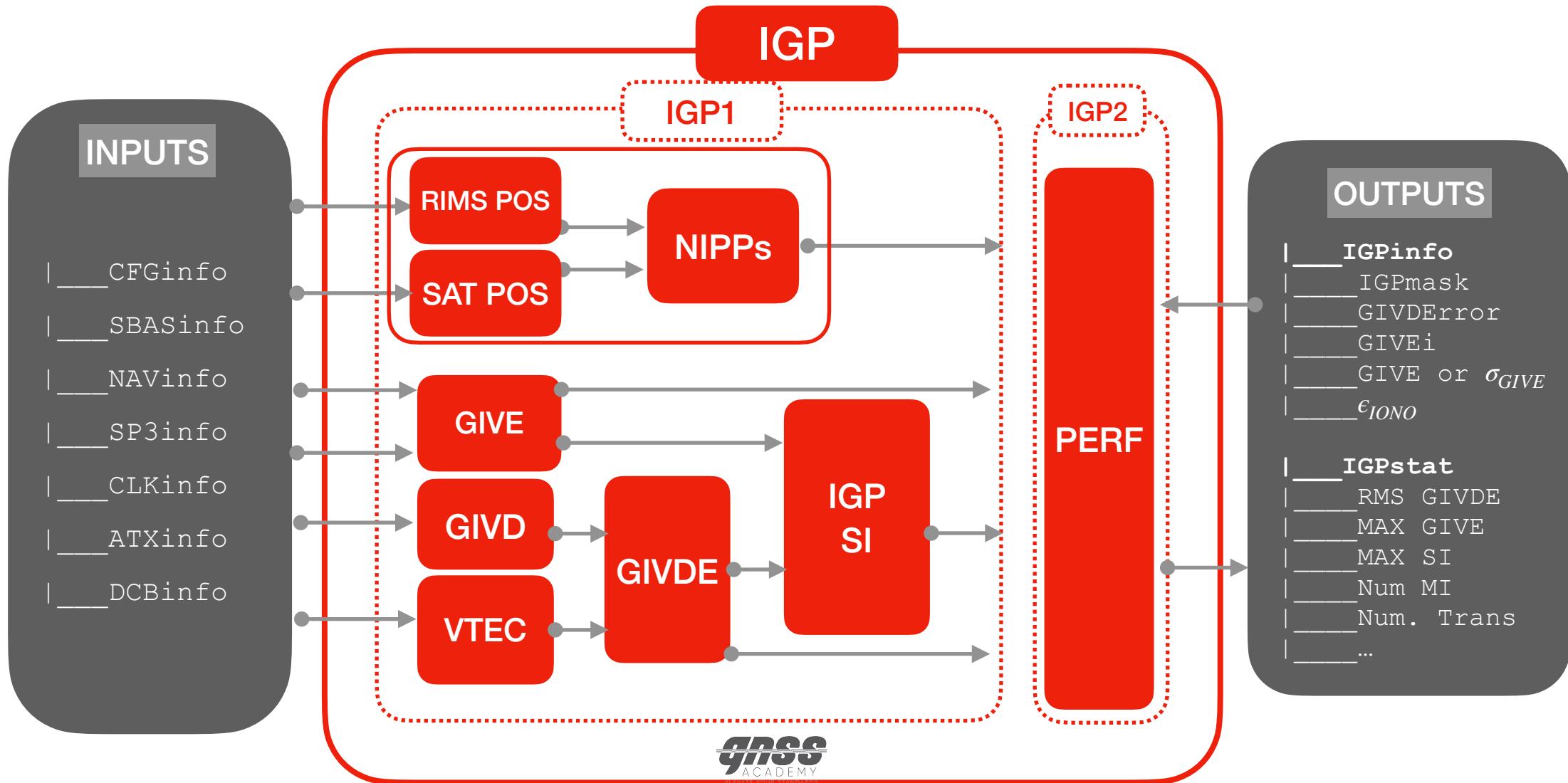


# IGP ARCHITECTURE





# LOW LEVEL DESIGN





# OUTPUTS

# OUTPUTS



INTERFACE	FORMAT	SCEN/OUT	DESCRIPTION
<b>IGP INSTANTANEOUS</b>	<b>IGP_INFO.dat</b>	<b>IGP/</b>	Daily Files and Figures containing for all IGP in the EGNOS mask: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• IGP instantaneous info</li></ul>
<b>IGP STATISTICS</b>	<b>IGP_STAT.dat</b>	<b>IGP/</b>	Daily files containing IGP Statistics <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• IGP Performances Statistics (e.g: ... )</li></ul>
<b>GIVDE HISTOGRAM</b>	<b>IGP_GIVDE_HIST.dat</b>	<b>IGP/</b>	Daily files containing GIVDE Histogram
<b>LATBANDS STAT</b>	<b>IGP_LATBANDS_GIVDE_STAT.dat</b>	<b>IGP/</b>	Statistics per Latitude Band bin
<b>NIPP STATISTICS</b>	<b>IGP_NIPP_BINS_STAT.dat</b>	<b>IGP/</b>	Statistics per Number of IPPs bins
<b>IGP FIGURES</b>	<b>.png</b>	<b>IGP/FIGURES</b>	Delay Figures containing for all IGP timing information and statistics



# IGP1

*E Tapas*

**gnss**  
ACADEMY  
ELEVATE YOUR STANDARDS

# OUTPUTS: IGP INFO

**IGP\_INFO\_Y19D014\_GEO123.dat**



Col	Content	Forma	Units	Description
C1	<b>SOD</b>	%05d	SEC	Second of Day
C2	<b>DOY</b>	%03d	No Units	Day of the Year
C3	<b>IGP ID</b>	%d	No Units	IGP ID
C4	<b>IGP BAND</b>	%d	No Units	IGP Band
C5	<b>IGP BIT</b>	%d	No Units	IGP Bit in Band
C6	<b>IGP LON</b>	%f	DEG	IGP Longitude
C7	<b>IGP LAT</b>	%f	DEG	IGP Latitude
C8	<b>STATUS</b>	%d	No Units	IGP Monitoring Status (0:NM; 1:M; -1:DU)
C9	<b>GIVEI</b>	%f	No Units	Grid Ionospheric Vertical Error Sigma Index
C10	<b>GIVE</b>	%f	METER	Grid Ionospheric Vertical Error Sigma
C11	<b>GIVD</b>	%f	METER	Grid Ionospheric Vertical Delay
C12	<b>GIVDE STATUS</b>	%d	No Units	Computation Status of the GIVDE Error.
C13	<b>GIVDE</b>	%f	METER	Grid Ionospheric Vertical Delay Error
C14	<b>SI</b>	%f	No Units	IGP Safety Index (GIVDE/5.33*GIVE)
C15	<b>VTEC</b>	%f	METER	IGP VTEC from IONEX reference files
C16	<b>NIPP</b>	%f	No Units	Number of IPPs surrounding the IGP for a given spherical angle (e.g: 8 Deg)
C17	<b>MMFLAG</b>	%d	No Units	GIVE Status from MacroModel
C18	<b>IONMMRATIO</b>	%f	No Units	Ratio between GIVE and GIVE from MacroModel.

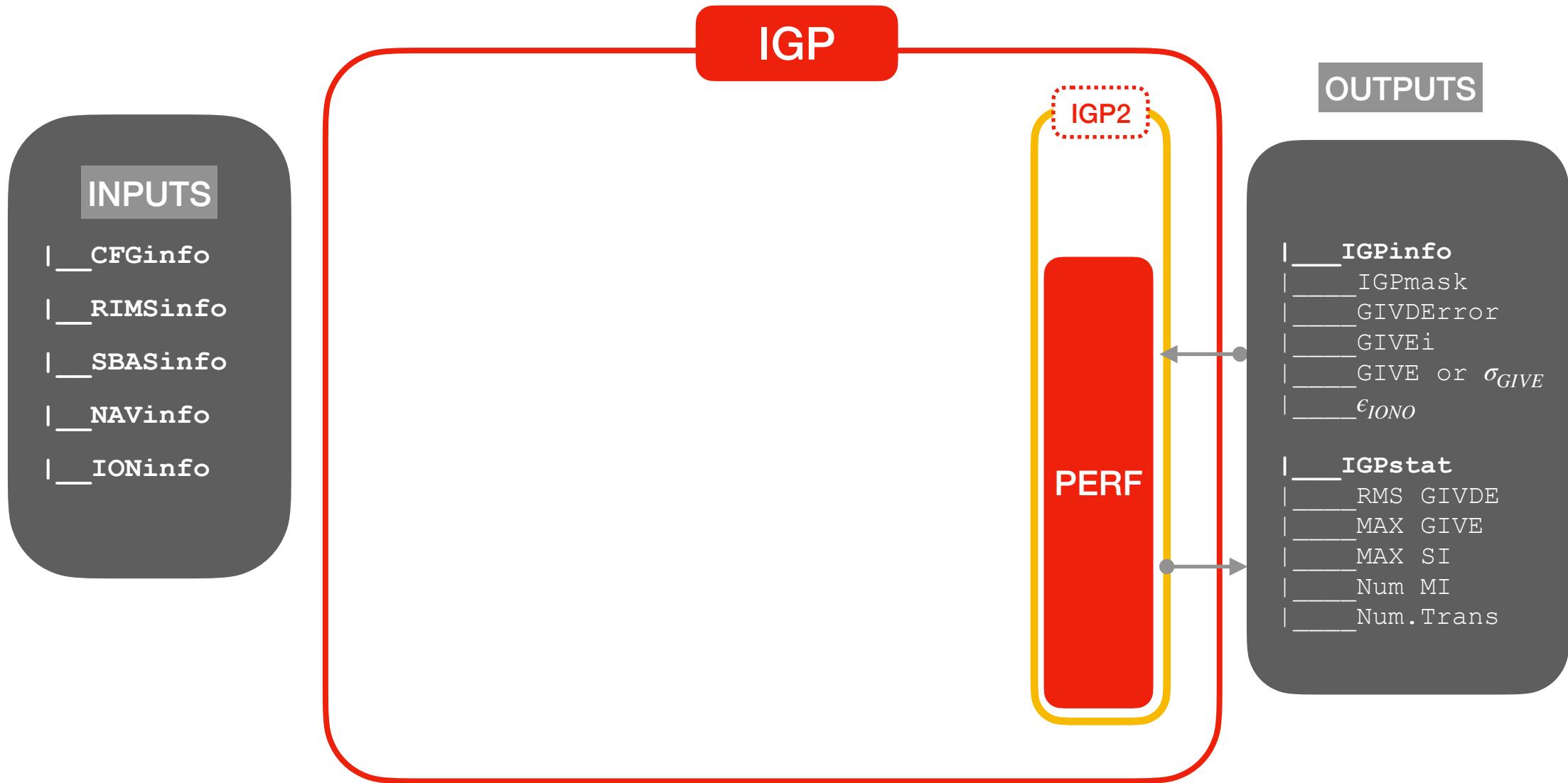


# WP2: IGP2 (IGP-PERF)

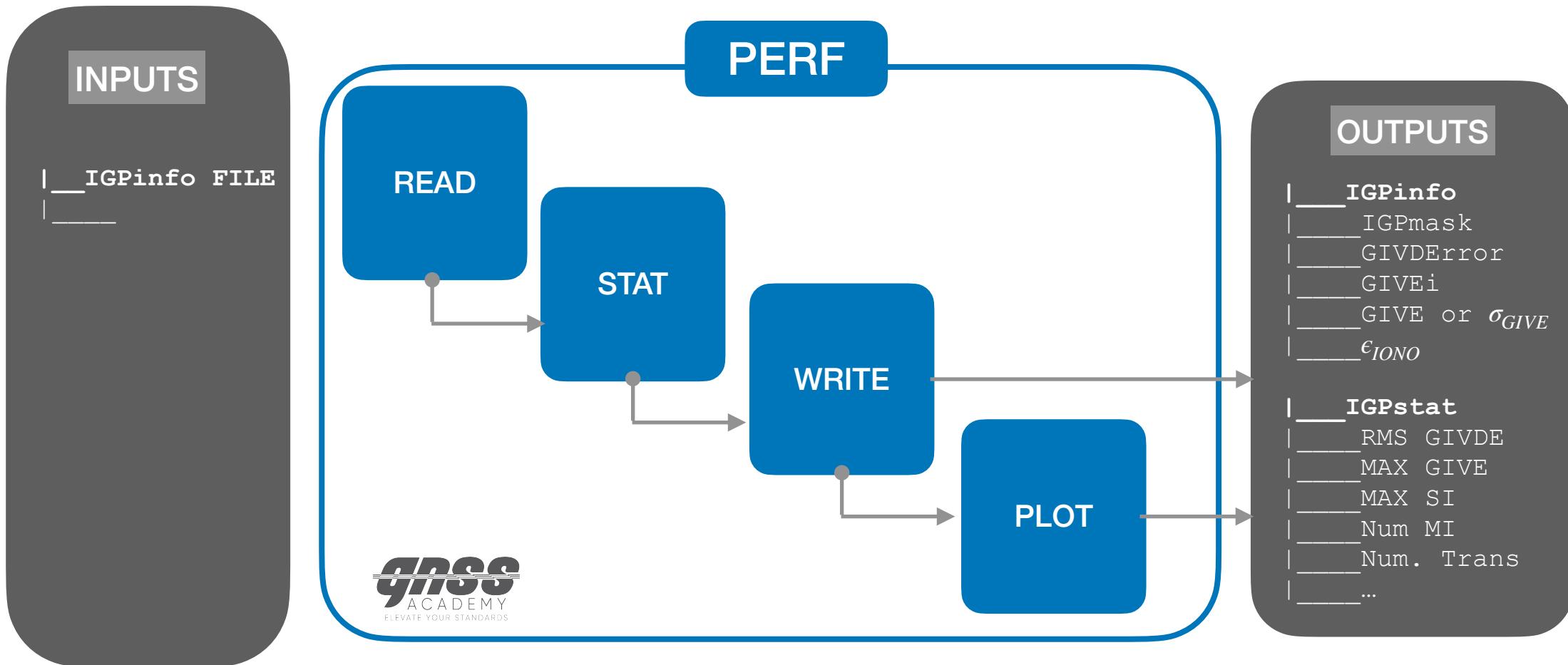
 Tapas



# LOW LEVEL DESIGN



# Submodule-PERF





# WP2: Develop IGP-PERF Submodule

- **READ** IGP\_INFO file with instantaneous IGP information
- **COMPUTE** IGP Performances as daily statistics of some indicators:
  - Monitoring
  - Accuracy
  - Integrity
  - Upper-bound
  - Continuity
- **WRITE** daily files on these indicators per IGP
- **PLOT** IGP Performance Figures in terms of Accuracy, Integrity, Monitorability and Upper-bound based on previous Indicators.

# OUTPUTS: IGP STAT

**IGP\_STAT\_Y19D014\_GEO123.dat**



Column	Content	Format	Units	Description
C1	<b>IGP ID</b>	%d	No Units	IGP ID
C2	<b>IGP BAND</b>	%d	No Units	IGP Band
C3	<b>IGP BIT</b>	%d	No Units	IGP Bit in Band
C4	<b>IGP LON</b>	%f	DEGREES	IGP Longitude
C5	<b>IGP LAT</b>	%f	DEGREES	IGP Latitude
C6	<b>MON</b>	%f	No Units	IGP Monitoring Percentage during the day
C7	<b>MIN-IPP</b>	%d	No Units	Minimum Number of IPPs surrounding the IGP
C8	<b>MAX-IPP</b>	%d	No Units	Maximum Number of IPPs surrounding the IGP
C9	<b>NTRANS</b>	%d	No Units	Number of Transitions from M to NM and M to DU
C10	<b>RMSGIVDE</b>	%f	METER	RMS of GIVD Error
C11	<b>MAXGIVD</b>	%f	METER	Maximum GIVD
C12	<b>MAXGIVE</b>	%f	METER	Maximum GIVE
C13	<b>MAXGIVEi</b>	%f	No Units	Maximum GIVE Indicator
C14	<b>MAXVTEC</b>	%f	METER	Maximum VTEC
C15	<b>MAXSI</b>	%f	No Units	Maximum Safety Index (SI=GIVDE/kf*GIVE)
C16	<b>NMI</b>	%d	No Units	Number of MIs on IGP

# OUTPUTS: IGP GIVDE HIST

**IGP\_GIVDE\_HIST\_Y19D014\_GEO123.dat**



Column	Content	Format	Units	Description
C1	<b>BINID</b>	%d	No Units	Bin ID (0,1,...)
C2	<b>BINMIN</b>	%f	METER	Bin Minimum. The bin contains samples in [BINMIN, BINMAX)
C3	<b>BINMAX</b>	%f	METER	The bin step is configured using GIVDE_BIN configuration parameter (recommended value: 0.1) Bin Maximum. The bin contains samples in [BINMIN, BINMAX)
C4	<b>NUMSAMP</b>	%d	No Units	Number of samples of the bin
C5	<b>FREQ</b>	%f	No Units	Relative frequency of the bin

# OUTPUTS: IGP LATBANDS GIVDE STAT



**IGP\_LATBANDS\_GIVDE\_STAT\_Y19D014\_G123.dat**

Column	Content	Format	Units	Description
C1	<b>BINID</b>	%d	No Units	Bin ID (0,1,...)
C2	<b>LATBAND</b>	%s	METER	<p>Latitude bands (check <b>IGP latitude</b> against the following thresholds):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*<b>EQUATOR</b>: Equatorial band <math> Latitude  \leq 20</math></li> <li>*<b>MIDLLOW</b>: Mid-low latitudes <math>20 &lt;  Latitude  \leq 32</math></li> <li>*<b>MID</b>: Mid latitudes <math>32 &lt;  Latitude  \leq 50</math></li> <li>*<b>MIDHIGH</b>: Mid-high latitudes <math>50 &lt;  Latitude  \leq 61</math></li> <li>*<b>NORTH</b>: Polar latitudes <math>61 &lt;  Latitude </math></li> </ul>
C3	<b>NUMSAMP</b>	%d	No Units	Number of samples of the bin
C4	<b>GIVDERMS</b>	%f	METER	RMS of the GIVDE of the bin
C5	<b>GIVDEMAX</b>	%f	METER	Maximum of the GIVDE of the bin

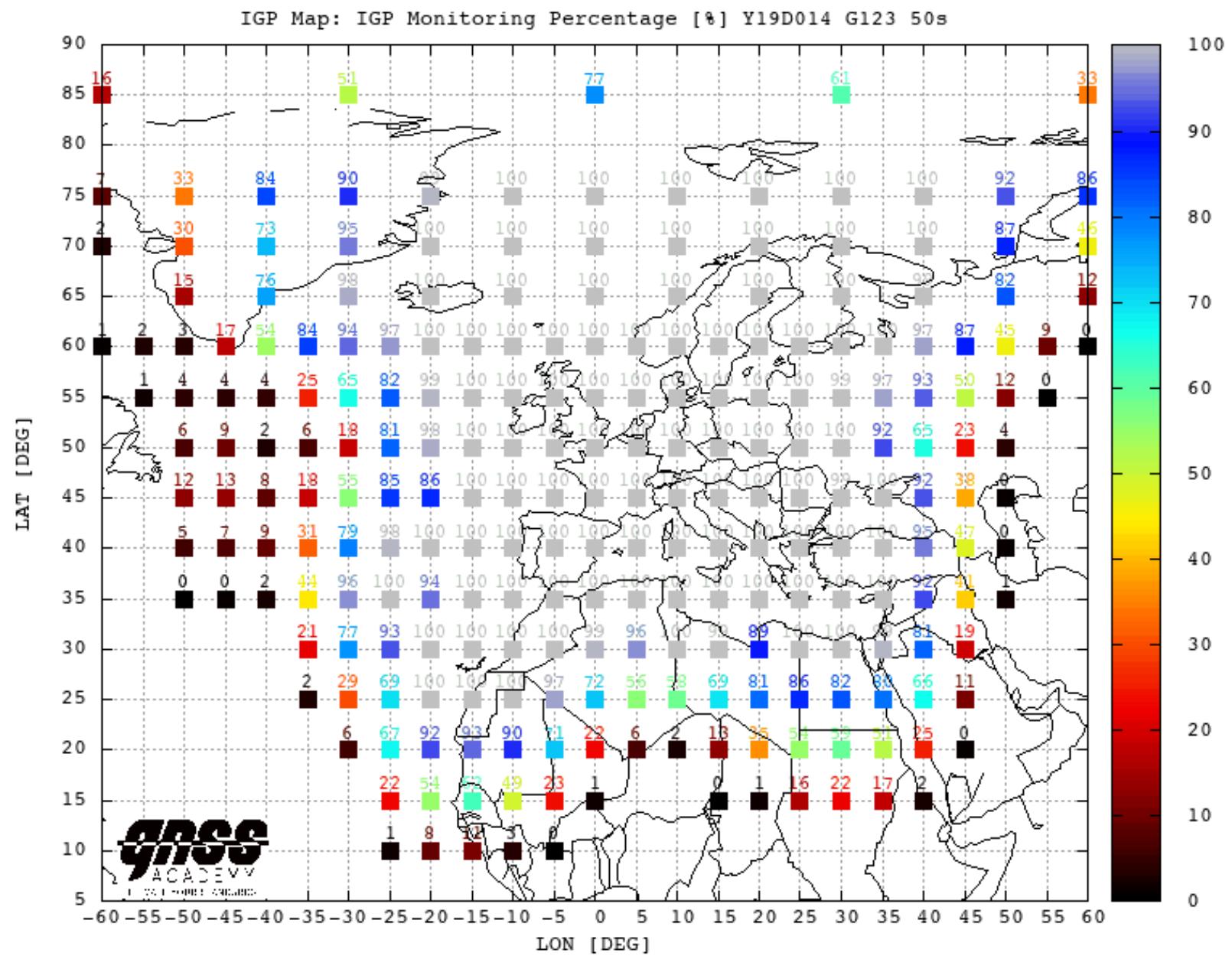
# OUTPUTS: IGP NIPP BINS STAT

`IGP_NIPP_BINS_STAT_Y19D014_GEO123.dat`

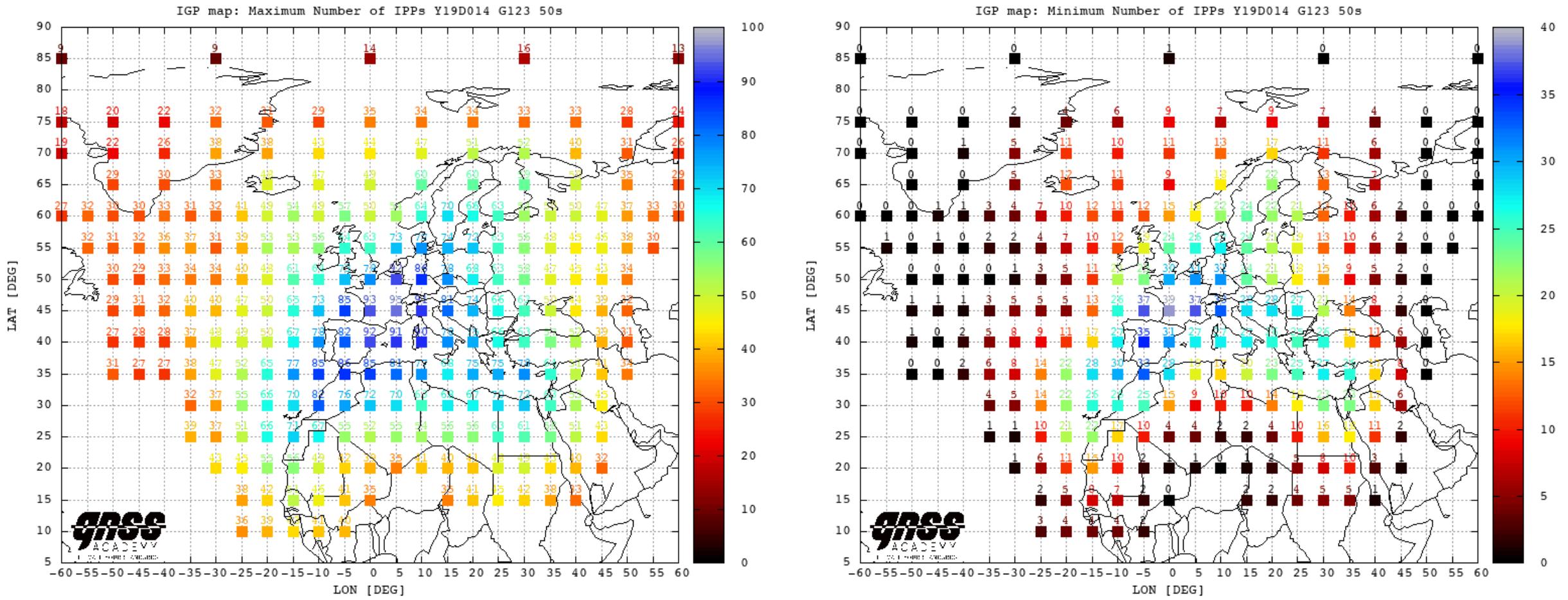


Column	Content	Format	Units	Description
<b>C1</b>	<b>BINID</b>	%d	No Units	Bin ID (0,1,...)
<b>C2</b>	<b>BINMIN</b>	%f	METER	Bin Minimum. The bin contains samples in [BINMIN, BINMAX)
<b>C3</b>	<b>BINMAX</b>	%f	METER	Number of IPPs bin. The bin step is configured using NIPPS_BIN configuration parameter (recommended value: 5) Bin Maximum. The bin contains samples in [BINMIN, BINMAX)
<b>C4</b>	<b>NUMSAMP</b>	%d	No Units	Number of samples of the bin
<b>C5</b>	<b>GIVEMIN</b>	%f	METER	Minimum of the GIVE of the bin
<b>C6</b>	<b>GIVEMAX</b>	%f	METER	Maximum of the GIVE of the bin
<b>C7</b>	<b>GIVDERMS</b>	%f	METER	RMS of the GIVDE of the bin
<b>C8</b>	<b>GIVDEMAX</b>	%f	METER	Maximum of the GIVDE of the bin
<b>C9</b>	<b>SIMIN</b>	%f	No Units	Minimum of the SI of the bin
<b>C10</b>	<b>SIRMS</b>	%f	No Units	RMS of the SI of the bin
<b>C11</b>	<b>SIMAX</b>	%f	No Units	Maximum of the SI of the bin

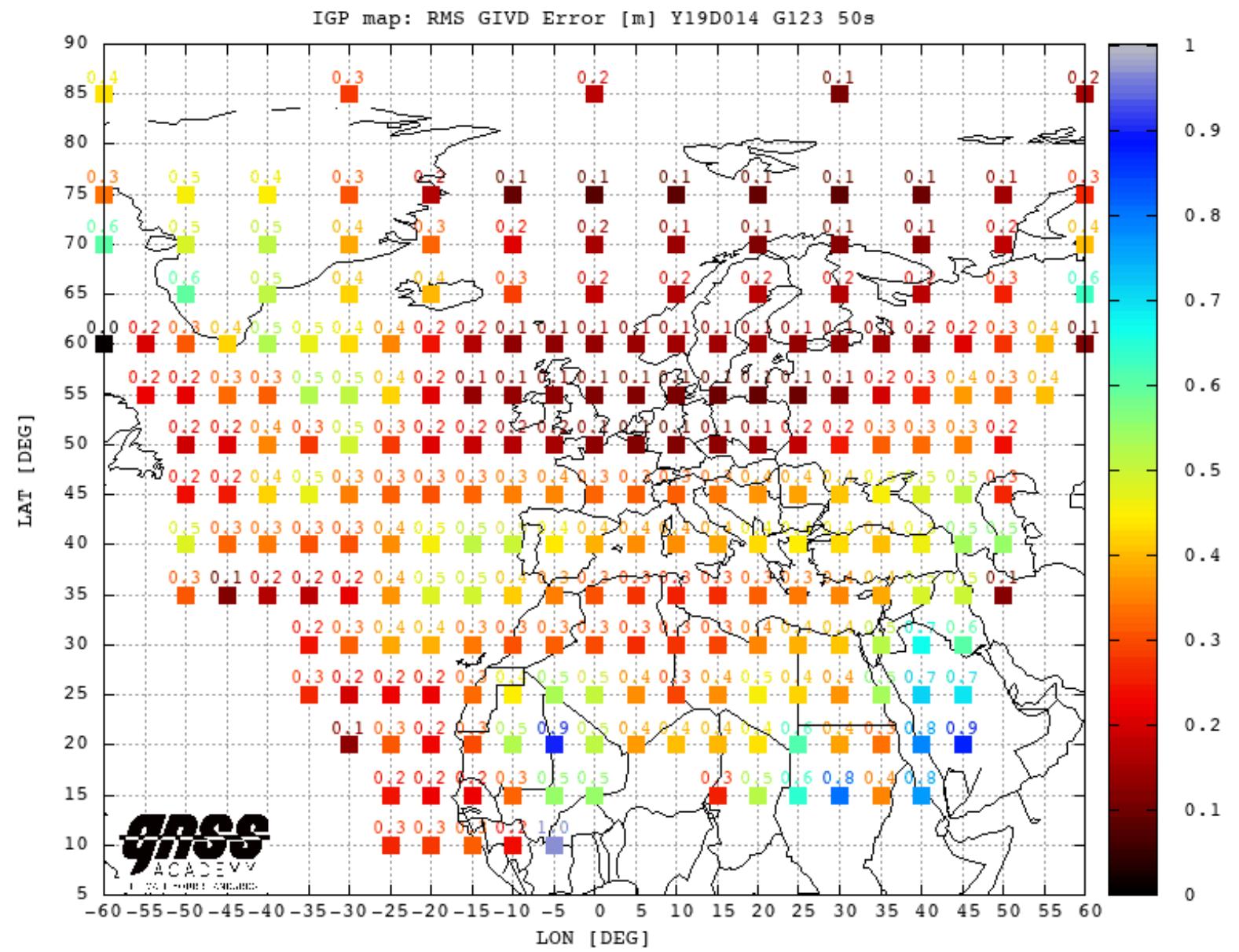
# MON



# MON



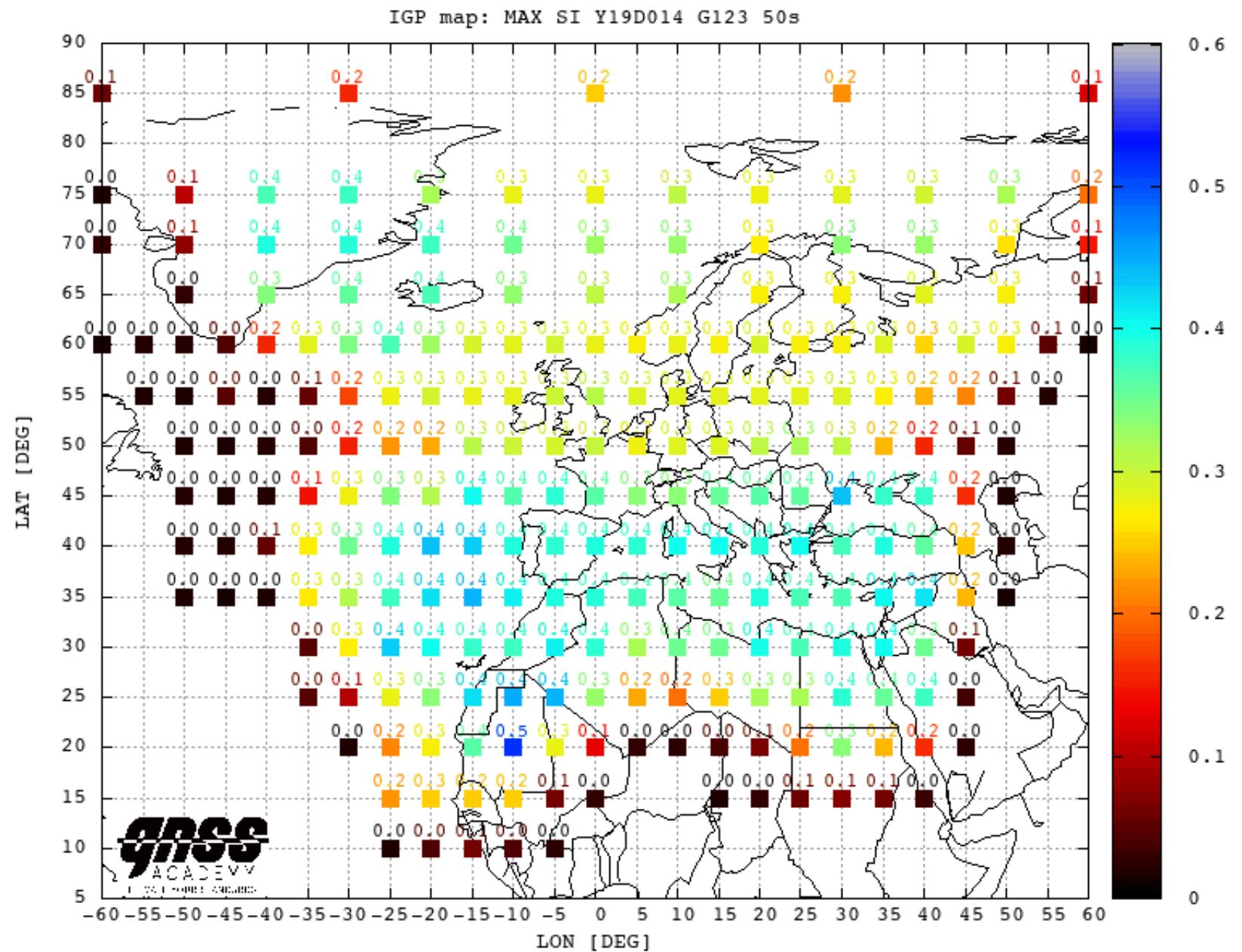
# ACC



# INT

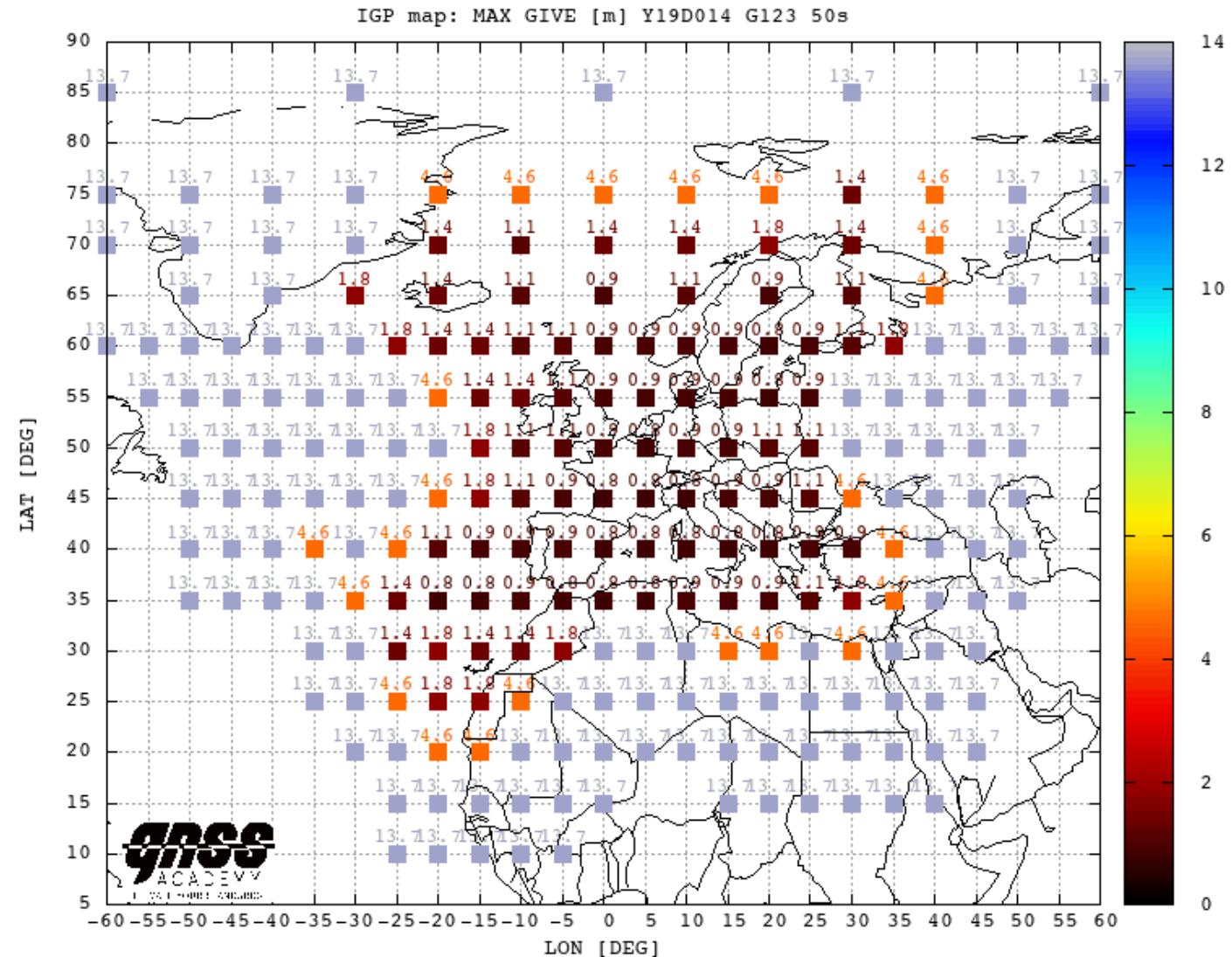


- $SI = (GIVDE / 5.33GIVE)$
- If  $SI > 1 \rightarrow MI$



# Upperbound => Availability

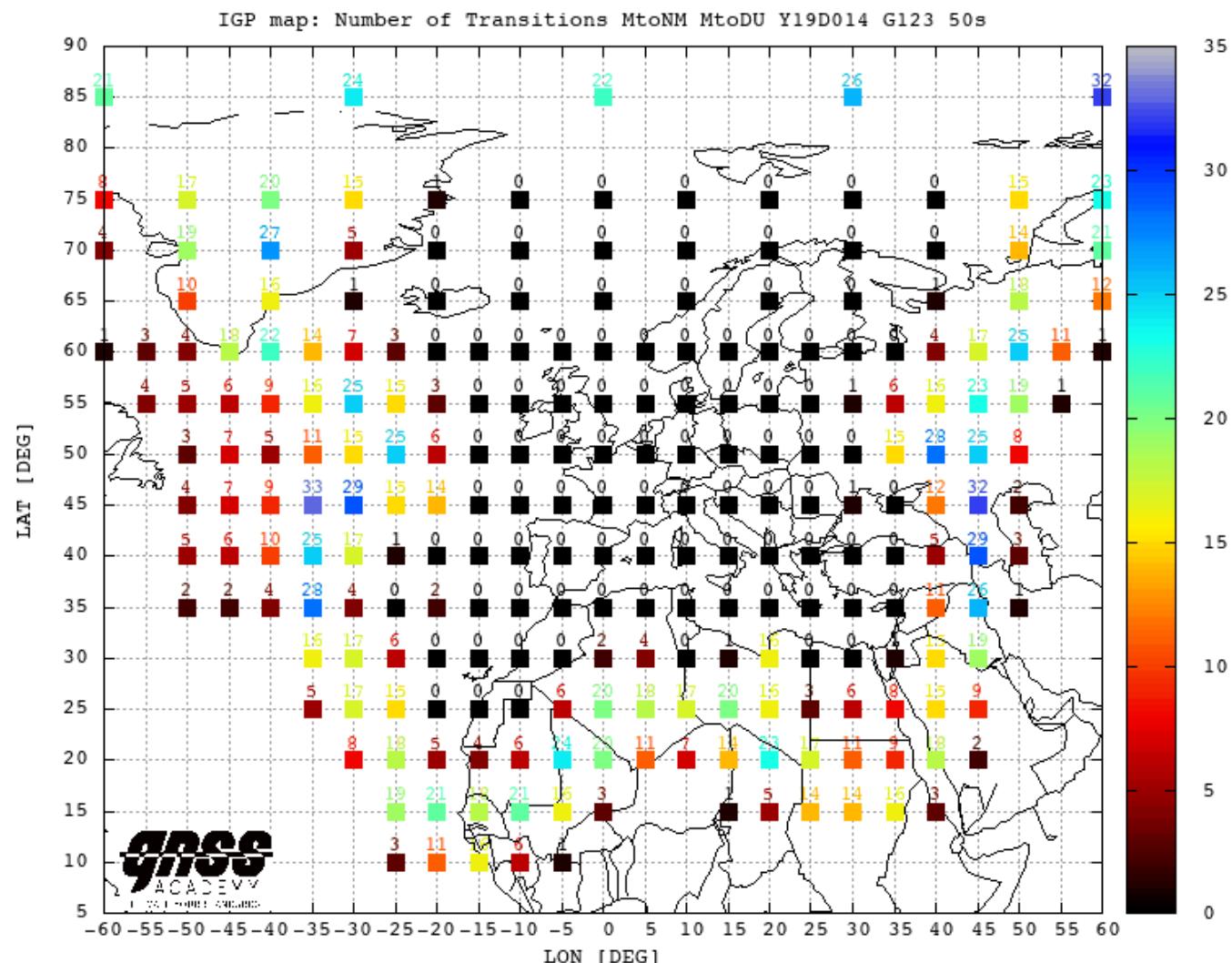
- The higher GIVE the higher PL and then it can lead to  $PL > AL$
  - Need of monitoring the maximum values of GIVE.



# CONT



- Number of Transitions from MtoNM or MtoDU.
- Each time an IGP gets NM or DU, this can lead to a continuity problem at user level, since DOP increases and PL can exceed > Alert Limit.





SEE WORK-PACKAGE DESCRIPTION:  
[SERVUS-WP2-IGP-PERF\\_Module.pdf](#)