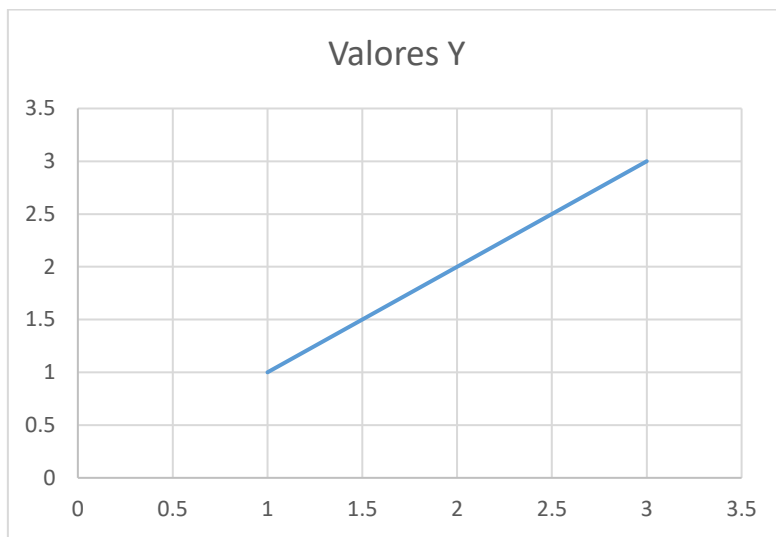


Mathematical model



If we have the coordinates $X_1, Y_1(1,1)$ and $X_2, Y_2(3,3)$, we have to find the area of triangle rectangle that is composed for that straight line (it corresponds to the hypotenuse of that triangle)

Initially we need to project the coordinates x_3, y_3 in order to find base and height of the triangle rectangle

$$X_3 = X_2$$

$$Y_3 = Y_1$$

Then we find:

- The distance between the point $P_1(x_1, y_1)$ and $P_3(x_3, y_3)$, this distance is the base
- The distance between the point $P_2(x_2, y_2)$ and $P_3(x_3, y_3)$, this distance is the height

For that we use this formule:

bajo la siguiente fórmula:

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

Finally we need to find the area:

$$A = \frac{b * h}{2}$$

Algorithm

Input (x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2) : isTriangle

If isTriangle is true:

Project point 3, getCoordinates $(x_2, y_1) : x_3, y_3$

Find base, getDistance(x_1, y_1, x_3, y_3): distance

Find height, getDistance(x_2, y_2, x_3, y_3): distance

Find area, getArea(base, height): area

Show area, show(area)

Else:

Print "Those coordinates cannot form a triangle"

Input(x1,y1,x2,y2):isTriangle

isTriangle = true

If x1 = x2 or y1=y2

isTriangle=false

getCoordinates(x , y): x3,y3

x3=x

y3=y

getDistance(x1, y1, x2, y2):distance

x_member= x2 – x1

x_member=x_member * x_member

y_member= y2 – y1

y_member= y_member * y_member

distance= $\sqrt{x_member + y_member}$

getArea(base, height): area

area = (base * height)/2

show(area)

print "The area is" + area