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DEPARTMENT OF INTELLIGENT SYSTEMSÚSTAV INTELIGENTNÍCH SYSTÉMŮ

SIMULATION OF BIOLOGICAL PROCESSES USING ASYNCHRONOUS CELLULAR AUTOMATA AND MACHINE LEARNING

SIMULACE BIOLOGICKÝCH PROCESŮ POMOCÍ ASYNCHRONNÍCH CELULÁRNÍCH AUTOMATŮ

A STROJOVÉHO UČENÍ

BACHELOR'S THESIS

BAKALÁŘSKÁ PRÁCE

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VEDOUCÍ PRÁCE

BRNO 2024

Abstract Do tohoto odstavce bude zapsán výtah (abstrakt) práce v anglickém jazyce.
Abstrakt Do tohoto odstavce bude zapsán výtah (abstrakt) práce v českém (slovenském) jazyce.
Keywords Sem budou zapsána jednotlivá klíčová slova v anglickém jazyce, oddělená čárkami.
Klíčová slova Sem budou zapsána jednotlivá klíčová slova v českém (slovenském) jazyce, oddělená čárkami.

Reference

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Simulation of Biological Processes using Asynchronous Cellular Automata and Machine Learning

Declaration

I hereby declare that this Bachelor's thesis was prepared as an original work by the author under the supervision of Mr. X The supplementary information was provided by Mr. Y I have listed all the literary sources, publications and other sources, which were used during the preparation of this thesis.

Vojtěch Kališ October 17, 2023

Acknowledgements

Here it is possible to express thanks to the supervisor and to the people which provided professional help (external submitter, consultant, etc.).

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Chapter 1

Introduction

TO ASK:

- should the theoretical part contain any reference to the practical one, i.e. mentioning which concrete biological phenomena is the subject of the thesis?
- should I also explain the biological phenomena in question (i.e. what Mitosis is)?
- should I include the boring stuff, i.e. history of CA, its application in other fields etc.?

1.1 Motivation and Objectives

[why CA in Biological simulations, what was the main focus of the thesis, what was achieved, summary of each individual chapter]

Chapter 2

Cellular Automata

Lorem ipsum

2.1 Formal Definitions

[self-explanatory - what is CA, how it works (may make the next subsection a subsubsection of this one)]

- 2.1.1 Elementary Cellular Automata
- 2.1.2 Asynchronous Cellular Automata
- 2.2 Neighborhood and Boundary Conditions

2.2.1 Rule Complexity

[explain that rule complexity grows with number of neighbouring cells - but somehow stretch the explanation]

2.3 Asynchronous Approach

[Fully asynchronous updating vs. alpha-asynchronous updating]

2.4 Cellular automata in biological systems

[describe possible use-cases of cellular automata in simulation of biological phenomena and weight the pros and cons of an asynchronous approach in this field]

2.4.1 Determinism vs Probabilism

[introduce both terms to the reader: Deterministic CA = behavior is entirely dependent on rules, initial conditions and boundary conditions. Probabilistic CA = outcome of rule is selected stochastically between several options. Multiple valid outcomes (rules) are created for each configuration of the neighbourhood, where each rule is assigned a probability of being selected (this approach is better to insert a degree of randomness)]

Chapter 3

Machine Learning

Lorem ipsum

3.1 Formal definition

[self-explanatory]

3.2 Types of learning

[supervised learning will probably be used for the thesis's practical part so mainly focus on that ig]

3.3 Supervised learning

3.3.1 Classification and Regression

[relevant to supervised learning]

3.3.2 Generalization, Overfitting and Underfitting

3.3.3 Algorithms

Bibliography

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- [2] HEROUT, A. Herout.net Poznámky učitele, kouče, čtenáře. [online]. 2018 [cit. 2019-10-02]. Available at: http://www.herout.net/.
- [3] Pyšný, R. BiBTeX styl pro ČSN ISO 690 a ČSN ISO 690-2. Brno, CZ, 2009. Bakalářská práce. Vysoké učení technické v Brně, Fakulta informačních technologií. Available at: https://www.fit.vut.cz/study/thesis/7848/.
- [4] RÁBOVÁ, Z., HANÁČEK, P., PERINGER, P., PŘIKRYL, P. and KŘENA, B. *Užitečné rady pro psaní práce* [online]. FIT VUT v Brně, november 2008 [cit. 2019-10-02]. Available at: https://www.fit.vut.cz/study/theses/theses-advice/.

Appendix A

How to use this template

This chapter describes individual parts of the template, followed by a brief instructions on how to use it. If you have any questions, comments etc, feel free to email them to sablona@fit.vutbr.cz.

Template parts description

Once you extract the template, you will find the following files and directories:

bib-styles Literature styles (see below).

obrazky-figures Directory for your images. Currently contains placeholder.pdf (a.k.a TODO image – see below) and image keep-calm.png to demonstrate inserting raster images (you don't submit these images with your thesis). It is advised to use shorter directory name, so that it is only in your chosen language.

template-fig Template images (BUT logo).

fitthesis.cls Template (design definition).

Makefile Makefile used to compile the project, count standard pages etc. (see below).

projekt-01-kapitoly-chapters-en.tex File for Your text (replace it's contents).

projekt-20-literatura-bibliography.bib Reference list (see below).

projekt-30-prilohy-appendices-en.tex File for your appendices (replace it's contents).

projekt.tex Main project file – definitions of formal parts.

The style of literature in the template is from Ing. Radek Pyšný [3], whose work was improved by prof. Adam Herout, dr. Jaroslav Dytrych and Mr. Karel Hanák to comply with the norm and support all frequently used types of citations. Its documentation can be found in the appendix

Aside from compilation to PDF, the Makefile also offers additional functions:

- rename files (see below),
- count standard pages,

- run a wave that adds unbreakable spaces,
- compress (zip) the result, ready to be sent to your supervisor and checked (make sure that all the files you've added are included, if not, add them manually).

Keep in mind that the wave is not perfect. You always need to check whether or not there is something inappropriate at the end of a line manually – see Online language handbook¹.

Similar rules apply also in English - see eg. article Run Ragged², according to which there should be no prepositions, dash or short words (2–3 letters) at the end of the lines, the two lines following each other should not end with a comma and line break should not be also in the phrases from 2-3 words.

Pay attention to page numbering! If the table of contents is 2 pages long and the second page contains only "Enclosures" and "List of enclosures" (but there is no enclosure), the page numbering is changed by 1 (table of contents and contents "mismatch"). The same thing happens if the second or third page contains only "References" and there's a chance that this can occur in other situations too. There are multiple solutions to this (from editing the table of contents, setting the page counter all the way to more sophisticated methods). Check the page numbering before you submit your thesis!

Recommendations for working with the template

- 1. Make sure you have the latest version of template. If you have a template from last year, there should be a newer version (updated information, fixed errors etc.) available at the faculty or study advisor web pages.
- 2. Choose a language, that you want to use for your technical report (czech, slovak or english) and consult your supervisor about your choice (unless it was agreed upon in advance). If your language of choice is not czech, set the respective template parameter in file projekt.tex (e.g.: documentclass[english]{fitthesis} and translate the declaration and acknowledgement to english or slovak).
- 3. Rename the files. When you extract the files, there should be a file named projekt.tex. If you compile it, it will create a PDF with technical report named projekt.pdf. If multiple students send their supervisor projekt.pdf to have it checked, they have to rename them. For that reason, it is advised to rename the file so that it contains your login and (if needed, abbreviated) work topic. Avoid using spaces, diacritic and special symbols. An appropriate name for your file can look like this: "xlogin00-Cleaning-and-extraction-of-text.tex". You can use the included Makefile to rename it:

make rename NAME=xlogin00-Cleaning-and-extraction-of-text

4. Fill in the required information in file, that was originally named projekt.tex, that means type, year (of submission), thesis title, author's name, department (according to specification), supervisor's titles and name, abstract, keywords and other formal requirements.

¹Internetová jazyková příručka http://prirucka.ujc.cas.cz/?id=880

²Run Raggedhttps://24ways.org/2013/run-ragged/

- 5. Replace the contents of thesis chapters, references and enclosures files with the contents of your technical report. Individual enclosures or thesis chapters can be saved to separate files if you choose this approach, it is advised to comply with the file naming convention, and the number will be followed by the chapter title.
- 6. If you don't need enclosures, comment the respective part in projekt.tex and erase everything from the corresponding file or delete it. Don't try to come up with an aimless enclosures just to have something in that file. An appropriate enclosure can be the contents of included memory medium.
- 7. Delete the chapter and attachment files for a language you haven't used (with or without -en).
- 8. Assignment that you download in PDF from BUT IS (link "Thesis assignment") save to file zadani.pdf and enable its insertion into work by appropriate template parameter (documentclass[zadani]{fitthesis}) in projekt.tex.
- 9. If you don't want to print references in color (i cannot recommend this without consulting your supervisor), you'll need to create a second PDF for printing and set the template printing parameter: (documentclass[english,zadani,print]{fitthesis}). Colored logo must not be printed in black and white.
- 10. The binder templace where the thesis will be typeset can be generated in faculty IS at specification. Can be enabled for dissertation using the cover parameter in template.
- 11. Don't forget that source files and (both versions) PDF has to be on a CD or other medium included in the technical report.

Instructions for double-sided printing

- It is advised to consult your supervisor about double-sided printing.
- If you used double-sided printing for your thesis and it's thickness is smaller than the thickness of the binder, it doesn't look too good.
- Enabled using the following template parameter: \documentclass[twoside]{fitthesis}
- After printing a double-sided sheet, make sure that the canon of page construction is in the same position on both pages. Inferior printers with duplex printing unit usually cause a shift by 1–3 mm. This can be solved with some printers. Print the odd pages first, put them back into the same tray and print the even pages.
- Leave a blank page after title page, table of contents, references, list of tables, list of appendices and other lists to make sure that the following part starts on an odd page (\cleardoublepage).
- Check the final result thoroughly.

Paragraph style

Paragraphs have justified alignment and there are multiple methods for formatting them. In Czech paper literature, a paragraph indentation method is common, where each paragraph of the text have the first line of a paragraph indented by about one to two quads, that is, about two widths of the capital letter M of the base text (always about the same preselected value). In this case, the last line of the previous paragraph and the first line of the following paragraph are not separated by a vertical space. The interleaving between these lines is the same as the interleaving inside the paragraph [4].

Another method is indenting paragraphs, which is common for electronic typesetting and for English texts. In this method, the first line of a paragraph is not indented and a vertical space of approximately half of a line is inserted between the paragraphs. Both methods can be used in the thesis, however, the latter method is often more suitable. Methods should not be combined.

One of the above methods is set as the default in the template, the other can be selected by the template parameter "odsaz".

Useful tools

The following list is not a list of all useful tools. If you have experience with a certain tool, feel free to use it. However, if you don't know which tool to choose, consider the ones listed below:

- MikTeX IATEX for Windows a distribution with simple installation and great automated package downloading. MikTeX even has it's own editor, but I highly recommend TeXstudio.
- TeXstudio Portable opensource GUI for LaTeX. Ctrl+click switches between source text and PDF. Integrated spell checker³, syntax highlighter etc. To use this tool, you need to first install MikTeX or another LaTeX distribution.
- **WinEdt** A good combination for Windows is WinEdt + MiKTeX. WinEdt is a GUI for Windows, and if you want to use it, you need to first install MikTeX or TeX Live.
- **Kile** Editor for KDE (Linux) desktop environment. Real-time preview. To use this tool, you need to have TeX Live and Okular installed.
- **JabRef** Neat and simple Java program for bibliography (references) file management. No need to learn anything provides a simple window and a form for entry editing.
- **InkScape** Portable opensource vector graphic (SVG and PDF) editor. Excellent tool to use to create images for technical text. Difficult to master, but the results are worth it.
- GIT Great tool for teamwork when it comes to projects, but can be incredibly useful even to a single author. Simple version control system, backup options and transfer between multiple computers.

³Spell checker for czech version can be installed from https://extensions.openoffice.org/de/project/czech-dictionary-pack-ceske-slovniky-cs-cz

Overleaf Online IATEX tool. A real-time compilation of source text that allows for simple collaboration (supervisor can continuously keep an eye on the progress made), move to a place in source file just by clicking in the PDF preview, spell checker etc. There are some limitations to what you can do if you want to use it for free (some people are comfortable with it for dissertation, others can run into it while they write a bachelor's thesis) and it is rather slow for long texts. FIT BUT has for students and employees of a license, which can be activated on https://www.overleaf.com/edu/but.

Note: Overleaf does not use template Makefile – to get compilation to work, you need to go to the menu and select projekt.tex as s Main document.

Appendix B

Writing english texts

This chapter is taken from web pages of Jan Černocký [1].

A lot of people write their technical reports in english (which is good!), but they make a lot of unnecesary mistakes (which is bad!). I'm not an english export myself, but I've been using this language for a while now to write, read and even communicate – this chapter contains a handful of important things. If you want to be certain that your thesis or article is 100% correct, your best bet is to hire a native speaker (preferably someone who is technically capable and understands what you write about ...).

In general

- Before you jump into it head first, I suggest you read a handful of technical articles
 written in english and try to remember or preferably understand how you should
 approach writing one yourself.
- Always use a spell checking tools built in tools in Word, or in OpenOffice. If you
 work on Linux, I suggest you use ISPELL. Some spell checking (I think it's the one
 in PSPad) are not very good and ignore a lot of mistakes.
- Use grammer checking tools. I'm not entirely sure if there is one available for Linux, but the one in Word is fairly decent and if it underlines anything with green color, it's probably wrong. You can even copy and paste Latex source code here, fix any and all grammar errors and save it as a clean text again. If you use vim, there's a built in grammar checking tool too, and it's capable of detecting typos and errors in basic grammar. Write this in the first line of your thesis tex file:

```
% vim:spelllang=en_us:spell
```

(alternatively en_gb for OED english) *Editor's note:* There is a very good online tool Grammarly¹, with free basic version.

• Online dictionaries are good, but don't rely on them in every situation. Usually you get multiple choices and not all of them are correct for the given context.

¹https://www.grammarly.com/

• You can probably figure out what the correct option is by looking each option up and seeing the context in which they're used, example given: "advantage/privilege/facility of approach". Online dictionaries give you a handful of results. Look them up one by one using google search:

```
"advantage of this approach" 1100000 hits

"privilege of this approach" 6 hits

"facility of this approach" 16 hits
```

I'm not saying it's 100% correct, but at least you have something to go on. This can be used to find the correct connectives (e.g. "among two cases" or "between two cases"?)

SVOMPT and concord

The structure of an english sentence is SVOPMT: SUBJECT VERB OBJECT MANNER PLACE TIME and there's no other way around it. It is not a flexible structure. There are possibly exceptions in things like a theater play, where something needs to be emphasized. Subject must be present in every single single sentence, people tend to forget as some languages have a sentence structure where the subject can be implicit and not mentioned. SVOMPT applies to dependent clauses too!

```
BAD: We have shown that is faster than the other function. GOOD: We have shown that it is faster than the other function.
```

Concord or grammatical agreement between two words in a sentence – it sounds silly, but people make countless mistakes here.

```
he has
the users have
people were
```

Articles

Articles in english are a nightmare and almost all of us fail to use them correctly. The basic rule is, that if there's a particular noun, it's preceded by "the". Definite articles must be in following phrases:

```
the first, the second, ...
the last
the most (superlatives and adverbs) ...
the whole
the following
the figure, the table.
the left, the right - on the left pannel, from the left to the right ...
```

On the contrary, there can't be an article when you're referring to a specific figure, chapter, etc.

```
in Figure 3.2
in Chapter 7
in Table 6.4
```

The use of "a" and "an" is based on the pronounciation, rather than how the word is written:

```
an HMM
an XML
a universal model
a user
```

Verbs

Passive voice can be tricky – regular verbs are usually not a problem, irregular verbs however are a common source of errors, typically

```
packet was sent (rather than send)
approach was chosen (rather than choosed)
```

... most of the time, the spell checker will correct it, but it's not guaranteed.

Tenses are a mess at times. If something just is in general, use present tense. If you did something, use past tense. If you got results that already exist and you just discuss them, use present tense. Try to avoid complicated tenses such as present perfect or worse past perfect if you're not $100\,\%$ sure.

```
JFA is a technique that works for everyone in speaker recognition. We implemented it according to Kenny's recipe in \cite{Kenny}. 12000 segments from NIST SRE 2006 were processed. When compared with a GMM baseline, the results are completely bad.
```

Sentence length and structure

- Try to write shorter sentences. If you sentence is 5 lines long, it's probably a pain to read, if it can even be done.
- Comma is a powerful tool and you should use it for your sentence structure. Use a comma to seperate the initial dependent clause from the main independent clause. Sometimes it is appropriate to put a comma just before "and" (unlike other languages)!

```
In this chapter, we will investigate into ...

The first technique did not work, the second did not work as well, and the third one also did not work.
```

The specifics of a technical text

When writing a technical text, don't use common phrases such as

```
he's gonna
Petr's working on ...
```

and others. The only tolerated thing is "doesn't", but you can never go wrong with "does not".

Technical texts utilize passive voice a lot more than active voice:

```
BAD: In this chapter, I describe used programming languages. GOOD: In this chapter, used programming languages are described.
```

If you want to use active voice, it's more common to use "we", even though you work alone. "I", "my", etc. are only used when you need to emphasize that you are the person of utmost importance, for example in the conclusion or when discussing "original claims" in discretation.

Common erros in words

- Pay attention to his/hers, it's not "it's" but "its"
- Image is not picture, it's figure.
- The connective is "than", not "then" bigger than this, smaller than this ...very common error! "Then" is used in the context of time.

Appendix C

Checklist

This checklist was taken from a template for academic work, that is available on Adam Herout's blog [2], based on the ideas of Igor Szöke¹, with their permission.

A big part of the safety of air transport are checklists. They have checklists for basically anything and everything, even the most cut-and-dry procedures. If a pilot can get over the tedious process of marking off every single checkbox of a procedure, you can as well. Make a checklist of your own before you submit your thesis. **Yes, really:** print it, grab a pencil and check every single item on the list. It will make your life easier — avoid unnecessary errors that can be fixed within a couple minutes — as well as others', at very least your supervisor and reviewer of your thesis.

Structure

	You can tell that the assignment was completed just by looking at the chapter titles as well as their structures.
	There is no chapter with less than four pages (except for introduction and conclusion). And if so, I discussed this with my supervisor and they gave me a green light.
Figu	ares and charts
	Every single image and table was checked and their position is close to the text that references them. In other words, they're easy to find.
	Every single image and table has a good enough caption, to ensure that the figure makes sense on it's own, without the necessity to read the text. (There's no harm in a long caption.)
	If an image is taken from somewhere, it is mentioned in the caption: "Taken from $[X]$."
	Texts in all images have a font size similar to the surrounding text (neither signifficantly larger, nor signifficantly smaller).
	Charts and schemes are vector graphics (eg. in PDF).
	Screenshots don't use lossy compression (they're in PNG).

¹http://blog.igor.szoke.cz/2017/04/predstartovni-priprava-letu-neni.html

	All images are referenced in the text.
	Axes in charts have their captions (name of the axis, units of measurement, values) and a grind if need be.
Equ	ations
	Identifiers and their indexes in equations are single letters (except for rather uncommon cases like t_{max}).
	Equations are numbered.
	All the variables and functions that haven't been explained yet are explained below (or rarely above) the equation.
Cita	ations
	All used sources are cited.
	URL adresses referencing services, projects, sources, github, etc. are referenced using $\footnote{}$.
	URL adresses in citations are only present, if necessary – article is cited like an article (author, title, where and when was it published), not using URL.
	Citations have author, title, publisher (conference title), year of publishing. If a citation does not have either of these, there is a good explanation for this special case and my supervisor agreed.
	If there is anything taken over from some other work in the program source code, it is properly cited therein in conformance with the license.
	If an essential part of the source code of the program is taken over, this is mentioned in the text of the thesis and the source is cited.
Тур	ography
	No line extends past the right margin.
	There is no single-letter preposition at the end of a line (fixed using unbreakable space ~).
	Number of image, table, equation, citation is never a first item of a new line (fixed using unbreakable space \sim).
	There is no space before a numeric reference to a footnote (like this ² , not like this ³).
	nothore example nother footnote example

Language
$\hfill\Box$ I used spellchecker and there were no typos in the text.
\Box I had some one else read my thesis (at least one person), that knows czech / slovak english well.
\Box Someone who knows english well checked the abstract in a czech or slovak writte abstract thesis.
\square No part of the text is written in second person (you).
\Box If first person is used (i, we), a subjective matter is being described (i decided, i designed, i focused on, i found out, etc.).
$\hfill\Box$ There are no colloquialisms in the text.
\Box There are no default words in the text.
Result is on a data medium, i.e. software
\Box I have a non-rewritable data medium ready.
 CD-R, DVD-R, DVD+R in ISO9660 format (with RockRidge and/or Jolliet extension) or UDF SD (Secure Digital) card in FAT32 or exFAT format, the card is set to write protected mode
\Box If the result is online (service, application,), URL is visible in introduction an conclusion.
$\hfill\Box$ The medium contains the following mandatory items:
 source codes (e.g. Matlab, C/C++, Python,) libraries necessary for compilation, compiled solution, PDF containing a technical report, text source code (LATEX),
and the following optional items after consulting your supervisor:
 relevant (e.g. testing) data, demo video, poster in PDF
☐ Source codes are refactorized, commented and labelled with an authorship header s that others can tell what they actually are.

□ Any and all snippets of code taken from another sources are properly cited – differentiated using a opening and in case of multiple lines of code a closing comment. Comments contain everything that the license on web (always try to find out what the license is – for example, Stack Overflow ⁴ has a very strict citation policy).
Submission
□ Do I want to delay (by at most 3 years) the publication? If so, I will submit an application (in IS) at least a month prior to the submission of the academic work, and I'll include attitude of the company that the intellectual property belongs to and needs to be protected.
□ I have at least minimum number of standard pages (can be calculated using Makefile and by adding number of pages that images translate to). If I'm just under the minimum, I consulted my supervisor about it.
$\hfill\Box$ If I want a two-sided print, I consulted my supervisor about it and I've used correct template settings for two-sided printing. Chapters begin on odd pages.
\Box Technical report is bound in a bookbindery (at least one print, both prints if I'm delaying the publishing).
\Box Title page is followed by the specification (in other words, downloaded from IS and inserted into the template)
$\hfill\Box$ Abstract and keywords are uploaded in IS.
\bullet There are no \sim characters for non-breaking spaces in the abstract and keywords in IS.
$\hfill\Box$ PDF of thesis (with clickable links) is in IS.
\square Both prints are signed.
□ One (both if I'm delaying the publishing) of the prints contains a data medium with my login written on it using a CD marker (CD marker can be borrowed in library, at Student affairs or when I'm submitting the work).

⁴https://stackoverflow.blog/2009/06/25/attribution-required/

Appendix D

LATEX for beginners

This chapter contains commonly used LATEX packages and commands, that you might need when you're developing a thesis.

Useful packages

Students usually encounter the same issues. Some of them can be solved using the following LATEX packages:

- amsmath additional equation typesetting options,
- float, afterpage, placeins image placement,
- fancyvrb, alltt change the properties of Verbatim environment,
- makecell additional table options,
- pdflscape, rotating rotate a page by 90 degress (for image or table),
- hyphenat change how words break,
- picture, epic, eepic direct image drawing.

Some packages are used in this very template (in the lower section of fitthesis.cls file). It is also advised to read the documentation for individual packages.

A table column aligned to left with a fixed width is defined as "L" in the template (used as "p").

To reference a place within text, use command \ref{label}. Depending on the placement of this label, it will be a number of chapter, subchapter, image, table or a similar numbered element. If you want to reference a specific page, use command \pageref{label}. To cite a literature reference, use command \cite{identifier}. To reference an equation, you can use command \eqref{label}.

Symbol – (dash) is used generated using two minus signs (like this: --) in LATEX.

Commonly used LATEX commands

I highly recommend you check the source text of this chapter and see how the following examples are created. The source text even contains helpful comments.

Example table:

Table D.1: Assessment table

N	Jame	
Name	Surname	Assessment
Jan Petr	Novák Novák	7.5 2

Example equation:

$$\cos^3 \theta = \frac{1}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{3}{4} \cos 3\theta \tag{D.1}$$

and two horizontally aligned equations:

$$3x = 6y + 12 \tag{D.2}$$

$$x = 2y + 4 \tag{D.3}$$

If you need to reference an equation from the text, you can use command **\eqref**. For example, to reference the equations above (D.1). If you want to align the equation number vertically, you can use command **split**:

$$3x = 6y + 12$$

$$x = 2y + 4$$
(D.4)

Mathematical symbols (α) and expressions can be placed even in text $\cos \pi = -1$ and can also be in a footnote¹.

Image D.1 displays a wide image comprised of multiple smaller images. Standard raster image is inserted in the same way as image D.2.



Figure D.1: **Wide image.** Image can be comprised of multiple smaller images. If you want to address the partial images from text, use packagae **subcaption**.

¹Formula in a footnote: $\cos \pi = -1$



Figure D.2: Good text is a bad text, that has been changed countless times. You have to start somewhere.

Sometimes it is necessary to attach a diagram that does not fit on an A4 page. Then it is possible to insert one A3 page and fold it into the thesis (so-called Engineering fold, similar to Z-fold, where two folds are created – face down and face up). Switching is performed as follows: \eject \pdfpagewidth=420mm (210mm to switch it back).

Other frequently used commands can be found above in the text, because a single practical example of correct use is better than ten pages of examples.

Appendix E

Examples of bibliographic citations

The czplain style is based on the style created by mr. Pyšný [3]. This appendix contains a set of supported type of citations with specific examples of bibliographic citations.

The next pages of the appendix contain examples of bibliographic citations of the following publications and their parts:

- Article in a periodical literature (magazine) (str. 25),
- monographic publication (str. 26),
- conference proceedings (str. 27),
- conference proceedings entry or book chapter (str. 28),
- manual, documentation, technical report and unpublished materials (str. 29),
- academic work (str. 30),
- web page (str. 31),
- and web site (str. 32).

Items are color-coded depending on whether or not they are required or optional:

- required element according to the standard
- optional element according to the standard
- required element for online information sources according to the standard
- element that is not specified in the standard, but is available and optional within the template's bibliographic style

Required items are only stated if they exist.

The bibliography file contains records in the following form:

```
@Article{Doe:2020,
   author
                        = "Doe, John",
                        = "How to cite",
   title
   subtitle
                        = "Article citation",
   journal
                        = "Writing theses and dissertations",
                        = "Formal aspects",
   journalsubtitle
                        = "online",
   howpublished
   address
                        = "Brno",
                        = "Brno University of Technology,
   publisher
                          Faculty of information technology",
                        = "Translated by Jan NOVÁK",
   contributory
                        = "1",
   edition
   version
                        = "version 1.0",
                        = 2,
  month
   year
                        = "2020",
   revised
                        = "revised 12. 2. 2020",
                        = "4",
   volume
                        = "24",
  number
                        = "8--21",
   pages
                        = "2020-02-12",
   cited
                        = "10.1000/BC1.0",
   doi
                        = "1234-5678",
   issn
  note
                        = "This a made up citation",
                        = "https://merlin.fit.vutbr.cz"
   url
}
```

Article in a periodical literature – @Article

Record items

Element	BibTeX item	Example
Author	author	Doe, John
Article title	title	How to cite
Article subtitle	subtitle	Article citation
Periodical literature title	journal	Writing theses and
		dissertations
Periodical literature	journalsubtitle	Formal aspects
subtitle		
Type of medium	howpublished	online
Edition	edition	1
Version	version	version 1.0
Secondary author(s)	contributory	Translated by Jan
		NOVÁK
Place of publication	address	Brno
Publisher	publisher	Brno University of
		Technology, Faculty of
		information technology
Month	month	2
Year	year	2020
Volume	volume	4
Number	number	24
Pages	pages	8-21
Revision	revised	revised 12. 2. 2020
Date of citation	cited	2020-02-12
Series title	series	Guidelines for writing
		theses and dissertations
Number in series	editionnumber	42
Digital object identifier	doi	10.1000/BC1.0
Standard number	issn	1234-5678
Notes	note	This is a made up citation
Availability	url	https://merlin.fit.vutbr.cz

Bibliographic citation

DOE, J. How to cite: Article citation. Writing theses and dissertations: Formal aspects [online]. 1st ed., version 1.0. Translated by Jan NOVÁK. Brno: Brno University of Technology, Faculty of information technology. February 2020, vol. 4, num. 24, p. 8–21, revised 12. 2. 2020, [cit. 2020-02-12]. Guidelines for writing theses and dissertations, no. 42. DOI: 10.1000/BC1.0. ISSN 1234-5678. This is a made up citation. Available at: https://merlin.fit.vutbr.cz

Monographic publication – @Book, @Booklet (brochure)

Record items

Element	BibTeX item	Example
Author	author	John von Doe
Title	title	How to cite
Subtitle	subtitle	Monographic publication
		citation
Type of medium	howpublished	online
Edition	edition	1
Secondary author(s)	contributory	Translated by Jan
		NOVÁK
Place of publication	address	Brno
Publisher	publisher	Brno University of
		Technology, Faculty of
		information technology
Month	month	2
Year	year	2020
Revision	revision	revised 12. 2. 2020
Date of citation	cited	2020-02-12
Pages	pages	220
Series title	series	Guidelines for writing
		theses and dissertations
Number in series	$\operatorname{editionnumber}$	2
Standard number	isbn	01-234-5678-9
Notes	note	This is a made up citation
Availability	url	https://merlin.fit.vutbr.cz

Bibliographic citation

VON DOE, J. How to cite: Monographic publication citation [online]. 1st ed. Translated by Jan NOVÁK. Brno: Brno University of Technology, Faculty of information technology, February 2020, revised 12. 2. 2020 [cit. 2020-02-12]. 220 p. Guidelines for writing theses an dissertations, no. 2. ISBN 01-234-5678-9. This is a made up citation. Available at: https://merlin.fit.vutbr.cz

$Conference\ proceedings-@Proceedings$

Record items

Element	BibTeX item	Example
Author*	author	Čechmánek, Jan
Editor*	editor	Čechmánek, Jan
Title	title	How to cite
Subtitle	subtitle	Conference proceedings
		citation
Type of medium	howpublished	online
Edition	edition	1
Secondary author(s)	contributory	Translated by Jan
		NOVÁK
Place of publication	address	Brno
Publisher	publisher	Brno University of
		Technology, Faculty of
		information technology
Month	month	2
Year	year	2020
Volume	volume	4
Number	number	24
Pages	pages	8-21
Revision	revised	revised 12. 2. 2020
Date of citation	cited	2020-02-12
Series title	series	Guidelines for writing
		theses and dissertations
Number in series	editionnumber	2
Digital object identifier	doi	10.1000/BC1.0
Standard number	isbn or issn	01-234-5678-9
Notes	note	This is a made up citation
Availability	url	https://merlin.fit.vutbr.cz
*Eithan author or aditor is	rtated.	

^{*}Either author or editor is stated.

Bibliographic citation

ČECHMÁNEK, J. How to cite: Conference proceedings citation [online]. 1st ed. Translated by Jan NOVÁK. Brno: Brno University of Technology, Faculty of information technology, February 2020, vol. 4, num. 24, p. 8–21, revised 12. 2. 2020 [cit. 2020-02-12]. Guidelines for writing theses and dissertations, no. 2. DOI: 10.1000/BC1.0. ISBN 01-234-5678-9. This is a made up citation. Available at: https://merlin.fit.vutbr.cz

Conference proceedings entry or book chapter – @InProceedings, @InCollection, @Conference, @InBook

Record items

Author author title How to cite Entry title subtitle subtitle Subtitle Article citation Parent document author editor or organisation Parent document title booktitle Conference proceedings on writing theses and dissertations Parent document subtitle booksubtitle Formal aspects Type of medium howpublished online Edition edition 1 Version version version version 1.0 Parent document contributory Translated by Jan NOVÁK Place of publication address Brno Publisher publisher Brno University of Technology, Faculty of information technology Month month 2 Year year 2020 Volume volume 4
Entry subtitle Parent document author Parent document title Parent document subtitle Parent document subtitle Parent document subtitle Type of medium Parent document Parent doc
Parent document author Parent document title Parent document title Parent document title Parent document title booktitle Conference proceedings on writing theses and dissertations Parent document subtitle Type of medium howpublished edition I Version Version version version version 1.0 Parent document contributory Translated by Jan NOVÁK Place of publication Publisher publisher Publisher publisher publisher Brno Brno Prechnology, Faculty of information technology Month month 2 Year year 2020
Parent document title booktitle Conference proceedings on writing theses and dissertations Parent document subtitle booksubtitle Formal aspects Type of medium howpublished online Edition edition 1 Version version version version 1.0 Parent document contributory Translated by Jan NOVÁK Place of publication address Brno Publisher publisher Brno University of Technology, Faculty of information technology Month month 2 Year year 2020
Parent document subtitle booksubtitle Formal aspects Type of medium howpublished online Edition edition 1 Version version version 1.0 Parent document contributory Translated by Jan NOVÁK Place of publication address Brno Publisher publisher Brno University of Technology, Faculty of information technology Month month 2 Year year 2020
Parent document subtitle booksubtitle Formal aspects Type of medium howpublished online Edition edition 1 Version version version version 1.0 Parent document contributory Translated by Jan NOVÁK Place of publication address Brno Publisher publisher Brno University of Technology, Faculty of information technology Month month 2 Year year 2020
Parent document subtitle Type of medium howpublished online Edition edition Version version version version 1.0 Parent document secondary author(s) Place of publication Publisher publisher publisher Movák Place of publication Publisher publisher publisher publisher publisher publisher Pirmal aspects noline Formal aspects Noline Formal aspects Formal aspects Noline Formal aspects Noline Formal aspects Persion 1.0 Franslated by Jan NOVÁK Place of publication Brno Formal aspects 1 Technology Formal aspects 1 Technology Formal aspects In the publisher Pranslated by Jan NOVÁK Place of publication Publisher Brno Formal aspects 1 Technology And Technology Faculty of information technology Month Pear Year Page 2020
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Publisher publisher Brno University of Technology, Faculty of information technology Month 2 Year year 2020
Technology, Faculty of information technology Month 2 Year year 2020
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Year year 2020
Volume volume 4
, ordino
Number number 24
Chapter chapter 5
Pages pages 8-21
Revision revised 12. 2. 2020
Date of citation cited 2020-02-12
Series title series Guidelines for writing
theses and dissertations
Number in series editionnumber 2
Standard number isbn or issn 1234-5678
Notes note This is a made up citation
Availability url https://merlin.fit.vutbr.cz

Bibliographic citation

DOE, J. How to cite: Article citation. In: SMITH, P., ed. Conference proceedings on writing theses and dissertations: Formal aspects [online]. 1st ed., version 1.0. Translated by Jan NOVÁK. Brno: Brno University of Technology, Faculty of information technology, February 2020, vol. 4, num. 24, chap. 5, p. 8–21, revised 12. 2. 2020 [cit. 2020-02-12]. Guidelines for writing theses and dissertations, no. 2. ISSN 1234-5678. This is a made up citation. Available at: https://merlin.fit.vutbr.cz

Manual, documentation, technical report and unpublished materials – @Manual, @TechReport, @Unpublished

Record items

Element	BibTeX item	Example
Author (person or	author	Brno University of
organisation)		Technology, Faculty of
		information technology
Title	title	Manual for writing theses
		and dissertations
Subtitle	subtitle	Manual citation
Type of medium	howpublished	online
Document type	type	User manual
Document number	number	3
Edition	edition	1
Secondary author(s)	contributory	Edited by Jan NOVÁK
Place of publication	address	Brno
Organisation or	organization or institution	Brno University of
institution		Technology, Faculty of
		information technology
Month	month	2
Year	year	2020
Revision	revised	revised 12. 2. 2020
Date of citation	cited	2020-02-12
Pages	pages	220
Notes	note	This is a made up citation
Availability	url	https://merlin.fit.vutbr.cz

Bibliographic citation

Brno University of Technology, Faculty of Information technology. *Manual for writing theses and dissertations: Manual citation* [online]. User manual 3, 1st ed. Edited by Jan NOVÁK. Brno: Brno University of Technology, Faculty of information technology, February 2020, revised 12. 2. 2020 [cit. 2020-02-12]. 220 p. This is a made up citation. Available at: https://merlin.fit.vutbr.cz

$\label{lem:academic work - @BachelorsThesis, @MastersThesis, @MastersThesis, @PhdThesis, @Thesis \\$

Record items

Element	BibTeX item	Example
Author	author	Brno University of
		Technology, Faculty of
		information technology
Title	title	BiBTeX style for ČSN
		ISO 690 and ČSN ISO
		690-2
Subtitle	subtitle	
Type of medium	howpublished	online
Document type	type	Dissertation
Place of publication	address or location	Brno
School	school	Brno University of
		Technology, Faculty of
		information technology
Year	year	2020
Date of citation	cited	2020-02-12
Pages	pages	220
Appendices	inserts	20
Standard number	isbn	01-234-5678-9
Supervisor	supervisor	Dytrych, Jaroslav
Notes	note	This is a made up citation
Availability	url	https://www.fit.vut.cz/- study/theses

Bibliographic citation

Novák, J. BiBTeX style for ČSN ISO 690 and ČSN ISO 690-2 [online]. Brno, CZ, 2020. [cit. 2020-02-12]. 80 p., 20. p. apps. Dissertation. Brno University of Technology, Faculty of information technology. ISBN 01-2345-678-9. Supervisor DYTRYCH, J. This is a made up citation. Available at: https://www.fit.vut.cz/study/theses

$Web\ page-@Webpage$

Record items

Element	BibTeX item	Example
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Page title	secondarytitle	Post citation
Site title	title	Web on writing theses
		and dissertations
Site subtitle	subtitle	
Type of medium	howpublished	online
Secondary author(s)	contributory	Edited by Jan NOVÁK
Version	version	version 1.0
Place of publication	address	Brno
Publisher	publisher	Brno University of
		Technology, Faculty of
		information technology
Day	day	12
Month	month	2
Year	year	2020
Time of publication	time	14:00
Revision	revised	revised 12. 2. 2020
Digital object identifier	doi	10.1000/BC1.0
Standard number	issn	1234-5678
Notes	note	This is a made up citation
Availability	url	https://merlin.fit.vutbr.cz
Path	path	Home; Art; The art of
		citation

Bibliograpic citation

Nováκονá, J. Post citation. Web on writing theses and dissertations [online]. Edited by Jan Novák. version 1.0. Brno: Brno University of Technology, Faculty of information technology, 2. february 1998 14:10. revised 12. 2. 2020 [cit. 2020-02-12]. DOI: 10.1000/BC1.0. ISSN 1234-5678. This is a made up citation. Available at: https://merlin.fit.vutbr.cz Path: Home; Art; The Art of Citation.

Web site - @Website

Record items

Element	BibTeX item	Example
Author (person or organi-	author	Nováková, Jana
sation)		
Site title	title	Web on writing theses
		and citations
Site subtitle	subtitle	
Type of medium	howpublished	online
Secondary author(s)	contributory	Edited by Jan NOVÁK
Version	version	version 1.0
Place of publication	address	Brno
Publisher	publisher	Brno University of
		Technology, Faculty of
		information technology
Day	day	12
Month	month	2
Year	year	2020
Time of publication	time	14:00
Revision	revised	revised 12. 2. 2020
Date of citation	cited	2020-02-12
Digital object identifier	doi	10.1000/BC1.0
Standard number	issn	1234-5678
Notes	note	This is a made up citation
Availability	url	https://merlin.fit.vutbr.cz

Bibliographic citation

Nováková, J. Web on writing theses and dissertations [online]. Edited by Jan Novák. version 1.0. Brno: Brno University of Technology, Faculty of information technology, 2. february 1998 14:10. revised 12. 2. 2020 [cit. 2020-02-12]. DOI: 10.1000/BC1.0. ISSN 1234-5678. This is a made up citation. Available at: https://merlin.fit.vutbr.cz.