





UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO SCHOOL OF COMPUTING

DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (EXTERNAL)

Academic Year 2011/2012 – 2rd Year Examination – Semester 3

IT3404: Business Management Structured Question Paper

26th February, 2012 (ONE HOUR)

To be completed by the candidate
BIT Examination Index No:

Important Instructions:

- The duration of the paper is 1 (one) hour.
- The medium of instructions and questions is English.
- This paper has 2 questions and 12 pages.
- Answer all questions. All questions carry equal marks.
- Write your answers in English using the space provided in this question paper.
- Do not tear off any part of this answer book.
- Under no circumstances may this book, used or unused, be removed from the examination hall by a candidate.
- Note that questions appear on both sides of the paper.
 If a page is not printed, please inform the supervisor immediately.

Questions Ans	swered
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Indicate by a cross (\times), (e.g. \times) the numbers of the questions answered.

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To be completed by the candidate by marking a cross (x).	1	2	
To be completed by the examiners:			

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Case Study for Question No. 1

A plastic and rubber products manufacturer, 'PharmaPlast', mainly produces plastic products to the pharmaceutical industry in Sri Lanka and Maldives. It has been operating in the manufacturing sector for the last 12 years. PharmaPlast is a financially stable company which is one of the three manufacturers of plastic and rubber products, specifically, for the pharmaceutical industry in Sri Lanka. One of the other companies, who is the market leader, has 3 factories, uses the latest technology for manufacturing and has links with the USA pharmaceutical industry customers as well. PharmaPlast has two factories and only one factory is using modern machinery.

With unhealthy lifestyles of people, the pharmaceutical industry is becoming a very profitable industry to operate in. PharmaPlast has established links with most of the government hospitals and pharmaceutical companies operating in Sri Lanka. The private hospitals and other small scale operators are yet to be dealt with. The company is well known for its honesty, integrity and well experienced quality conscious staff who care about the customers and their well being. However, their staff is getting mature and the younger staff hired recently do not seem to possess these qualities. The company was started by an expert in the rubber industry and he will be handing over the operational activities to his son who is qualified in plastic products manufacturing.

There are many small scale rubber products manufacturers operating in Sri Lanka who are establishing collaborative links with large companies in various industries. Also, the quality and standards in the rubber and plastics manufacturing sector is on the rise and many companies find it difficult to adapt to these rapid changes. There are many high quality raw material suppliers and therefore, the quality and standards could be maintained to a certain extent. However, the prices of raw material is on the increase.

PharmaPlast has not focused much attention on marketing to neighbouring countries and promoting its products extensively. There are two international manufacturers who are waiting to enter into the Asian market with high quality products to compete in the same niche market. PharmaPlast has to think of some innovative products, new markets, product expansions and strategic alliances to be competitive in the plastics and rubber manufacturing sectors in the future. Also, the company has to train its new employees and have a good mix of new and experienced employees to get higher productivity.

The Management of PharmaPlast decided to hire a team consisting of business development managers and marketing executives to develop business strategies for the company to move forward in the same as well as other more profitable markets in the future.

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allia thinl	rmaPlast has to think of some innovative products, new markets, product expansions and strances to be competitive in the plastics and rubber manufacturing sectors in the future." Using the king behind this company's strategic initiatives, propose Market Penetration, Market Penetration, Market Product Development and Collaboration strategies for PharmaPlast.
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(2) Manjula Perera is in the business of creating graphics and earns fees through services rendered to customers.

On 1st of January 2012, the firm's balance sheet showed the following balances.

Assets		Owner's Equity	
Arts Supplies	Rs. 45,000	M. Perera Rs. 230,000	
Prepaid rent	Rs. 8,000		
Debtors	Rs. 164,000	Liabilities	
Cash	Rs. 65,000	Creditors Rs. 52,000	
-	Rs. 282,000	Rs. 282,000	

Following are some of the transactions of Manjula's business for the Month of January 2012.

- (i) Billed customers for design services on account, Rs. 146,000.
- (ii) Paid Rs. 25,000 to creditors.
- (iii) Collected Rs. 135,000 from debtors.
- (iv) Provided design services for cash, Rs. 9,000.
- (v) Purchased various arts supplies on credit, Rs. 14,000.
- (vi) Paid for delivery of graphics to advertising firms, Rs. 1,800.
- (vii) Paid January salaries, Rs. 22,500.
- (viii) Paid January advertising expenses, Rs. 3,500.
- (ix) Paid telephone and electricity charges for January, Rs. 2,400.
- (x) Withdrew Rs. 8,000 for personal use.
- (xi) Recorded Rs. 4,000 of the prepaid rent as rent expense for January.
- (xii) Counted art supplies on hand at 31st January, Rs. 28,500 worth remained.
- (a) Set up the T-accounts for 1st January balance sheet given above and enter the opening balances.

Record the above transactions in the following T-accounts.

M. Perera Drawings; Service Fees; Rent Expense; Salaries Expense; Delivery Expense; Advertising Expense; Telephone and Electricity Expense; Supplies Expense. When recording the transactions listed above, indicate the corresponding transaction number.

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Following balances are extracted from the balance sheet and the Profit and Loss Statement for the year ended 31st March 2011 from a company in the service industry.

Sales	Rs. 207,500	Cost of Sales	Rs. 145,000
Selling and Distribution	Rs. 19,750	Current Assets	Rs. 72,750
Expense			
Total Assets	Rs. 99,950	Total Liabilities	Rs. 43,140
Non-Current Liabilities	Rs. 12,500	Total Expenses	Rs. 44,570
Interest Expense	Rs. 1,500	Income Tax	Rs. 4,930
Net Profit (after tax)	Rs. 11,500		

As at 31st March 2010, total assets accounted to Rs. 120,000. Calculate the following ratios based on the values given above.

- (i) Return on Assets (ii) Return on Capital Employed
- (iii) Return on Sales (iv) Current Ratio

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