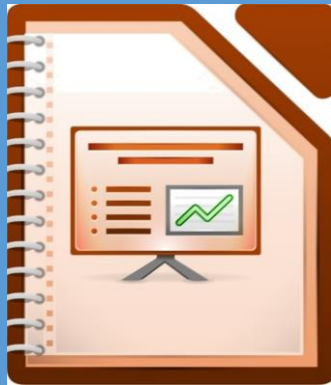


MANAGING AND DELIVERING PRESENTATIONS

Impress



LibreOffice

Learning Content

- Setup Presentation
- Slide Transitions
- Using Animation Effects
- Creating Interactions

Setup Presentation

Creating a slide show

LibreOffice Impress gives you the tools to organize and display a slide show, including:

- Which slides to show and in what sequence
- Whether to run the show automatically or manually
- Transitions between slides
- Animations on individual slides
- Interactions: what happens when you click a button or link
- A presenter console

Most tasks associated with putting together a slide show are best done in Slide Sorter view. Go to **View > Slide Sorter** on the main menu bar or click the **Slide Sorter** tab at the top of the Workspace pane. All of your slides appear in the workspace.

Basic settings

Basic settings for a slide show include which slide to start from, the way you advance the slides, the type of presentation, and pointer options.

- 1) Go to **View > Slide Sorter** on the main menu bar, or click on the **Slide Sorter** tab in the Workspace.
- 2) Go to **Slide Show > Slide Show Settings** on the main menu bar to open the SlideShow dialog (Figure 174).

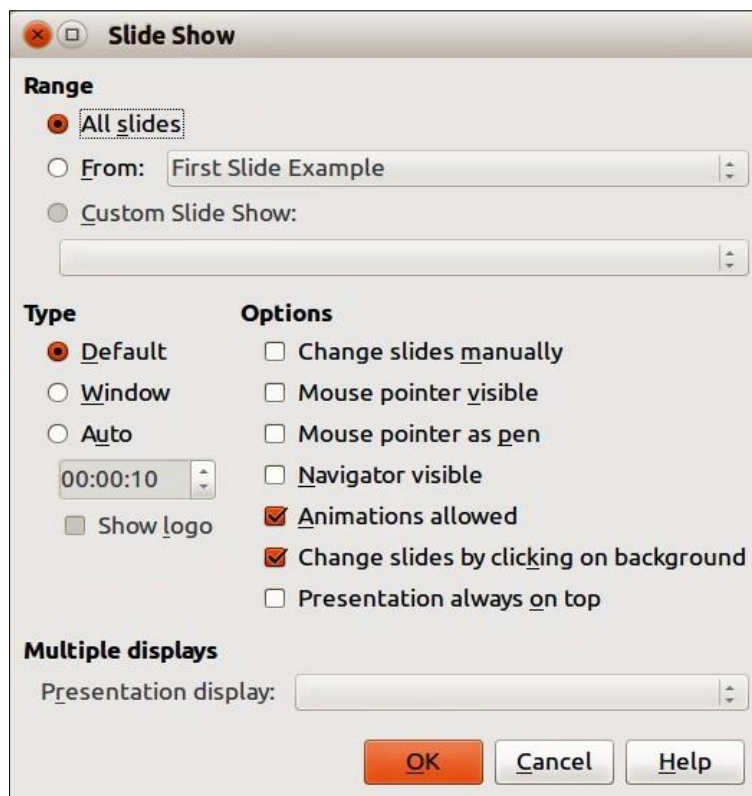


Figure 174: Slide Show dialog

- 3) Select the options you want to use for your slide show. See “Slide Show options” on page 213 for more information on options.
- 4) Click **OK** to save your changes and close the dialog

Slide Show options

In the *Range* section, select which slides to include in the slide show:

- **All slides** – includes all slides except for those slides marked Hidden (see “Hiding slides” on page 214). Slides are shown in the sequence they occur in the file. To change the sequence, either rearrange the slides in the slide sorter or choose a custom slide show (see below).
- **From** – starts the show at a slide other than the first slide. For example, you might have several slides at the beginning that describe you and your company, but when you present this show to your work colleagues, you may want to skip that introduction.
- **Custom Slide Show** – shows the slides in a different sequence that you have previously set up. This setting is not available until you have set up a custom slide show (see “Showing slides in a different order” on page 215). You can set up as many different custom shows as you wish from one set of slides and they will appear in the drop-down list under this option.

In the *Type* section, select how the slides will be displayed:

- **Default** – shows the slides full screen without the LibreOffice program controls visible and exits the show after the last slide.
- **Window** – runs the slide show in the Impress window and exits the show after the last slide.
- **Auto** – restarts the slide show after the last slide. A pause slide is displayed between the last slide and the start slide. Press the *Esc* key to stop the show. In the box, specify the length of time before the show restarts. If you enter zero, the show restarts immediately without showing a pause slide. The **Show Logo** option shows the LibreOffice logo on the pause slide.

In the *Options* section:

- **Change slides manually** – prevents slides from changing automatically even if an automatic transition has been set up.
- **Mouse pointer visible** – shows the mouse pointer during a slide show. If you do not have a laser pointer or other device to highlight items of interest during the show, this can be useful.
- **Mouse pointer as pen** – enables you to write or draw on slides during the presentation. Anything you write with the pen is not saved when you exit the slide show. The color of the pen cannot be changed.
- **Navigator visible** – displays the Navigator during the slide show. For more information on the Navigator, see *Chapter 1 Introducing Impress* in this guide.
- **Animations allowed** – displays all frames of animated GIF files during the slide show. If this option is not selected, only the first frame of an animated GIF file is displayed. This has nothing to do with the slide animations described in “Using animation effects” on page 219.
- **Change slides by clicking on background** – advances to the next slide when you click on the background of a slide. You can also press the spacebar on the keyboard to advance to the next slide.
- **Presentation always on top** – prevents any other program window from appearing on top of the presentation.

In the *Multiple displays* section:

- You can select which display to use for full screen slide show mode. Only available if the current computer desktop is displayed on more than one monitor.
- If the current desktop is displayed on only one monitor, or if the multiple-display feature is not supported on the current system, you cannot select another display.
- By default the primary display is used for slide show mode.

Presentation Monitor – select a monitor to use for full screen slide show mode. If the system allows to span a window over all available monitors, you can also select *All monitors* and the presentation spans over all available monitors.


Note

The multiple displays setting is not an option saved with the presentation file, but is instead saved as a local setting in the user configuration. This means that if you open the presentation on a different computer the local settings for that computer are applied.

Hiding slides

You may not want to show all of the slides in a particular slide show. You can either hide some of the slides or set up a custom slide show; whichever method suits your requirements. For example, you may have draft slides that you do not want to show until they are finished, or you may have some slides that contain information for yourself, but not your audience.

To hide a slide:

- 1) In the Slides pane, or in Slide Sorter view, select the slides that you want to hide.
- 2) Click the **Hide Slide** icon  on the Slide View toolbar (Figure 175), or right-click and select **Hide Slide** from the context menu, or go to **Slide Show > Hide Slide** on the main menu bar. The slide is now displayed grayed out to indicate that it is hidden (Figure 176). The slide is not deleted and remains in the file. The **Hide Slide** icon is only active when a slide is selected in your presentation.

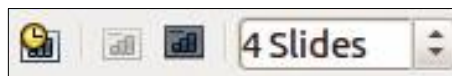



Figure 175: Slide View toolbar



Figure 176: Slide 2 is hidden

To show a hidden slide:

- 1) In the Slides pane, or in Slide Sorter view, select the hidden slides that you want to show.
- 2) Click the **Show Slide** icon  on the Slide View toolbar (Figure 175), or right-click and select **Show Slide** from the context menu, or go to **Slide Show > Show Slide** on the main menu bar. The **Slide Show** icon is only active when the hidden slides are selected in your presentation.

Showing slides in a different order

To show the slides in a different order, you can either rearrange them in the slide sorter, or set up a custom slide show. You can define as many custom slide shows as you require from one set of slides.

In a custom slide show, you can select which slides to include as well as the order in which they are shown. Any hidden slides will not appear in a custom show.

Custom slide show

To set up a new custom slide show:

- 1) Go to **Slide Show > Custom Slide Show** on the main menu bar to open the Custom Slide Shows dialog (Figure 177).



Figure 177: Custom Slide Shows dialog

- 2) Click on **New** and the Define Custom Slide Show dialog opens (Figure 178).



Figure 178: Define Custom Show dialog

- 3) Type a name for the new custom show in the *Name* text box.
- 4) In the *Existing slides* list, select the slides to include in the show. Click the **>>** button to include the slides in the *Selected slides* list. In Figure 178, the first two slides have been selected.
- 5) You can select and include several slides at the same time. Hold down the *Shift* key and click the first and last slide in a group to select that group, or hold down the *Ctrl* key and click on individual slides to select them.

- 6) When you have finished arranging the order of the slides, click **OK** to save this custom show and return to the Custom Slide Shows dialog.
- 7) To activate a custom show, select it in the list in the Custom Slide Shows dialog box and then select the **Use Custom Slide Show** option.

Note

If you include several slides at the same time, they are added to the *Selected slides* list in the order they appear in your presentation regardless of the order in which you selected them. To put the selected slides in a different order, either select and include each slide individually or select a slide and drag it up or down in the selected slide list. You can also use the Slide Sorter view to rearrange the order of slides before making your selection.

Tip

Slides are added to the *Selected slides* list after the slide that is currently highlighted in the list. By default, the last slide added is highlighted unless you have selected a different one. For example, in Figure 178, to add the slide *Final Slide Example* after the *First Slide Example* and before *Slide2*, make sure that *First Slide Example* is highlighted before moving *Final Slide Example* into *Selected slides* list.

Editing, deleting, or copying a custom slide show

- 1) To edit a custom slide show (add, remove, or change the order of slides, or change the name of the show), select it in the Custom Slide Shows dialog (Figure 177) and click **Edit**.
- 2) To delete a custom slide show, select it in the Custom Slide Shows dialog and click **Delete**. Deletion is immediate and no confirmation message appears.
- 3) To create a copy of a slide show, select it in the Custom Slide Shows dialog and click **Copy**. You can now edit the copy by renaming and adding, removing, or changing the order of slides in it.
- 4) You can preview your custom slide show from the Custom Slide Shows dialog if the *Use Custom Slide Show* option is selected. Select the slide show from the list and click on **Start**.
- 5) When you have finished working with custom slide shows, click **OK** to save all changes and close the Custom Slide Shows dialog.

Slide shows

Running a slide show

To run a slide show:

- 1) Open your presentation using LibreOffice Impress.
- 2) Press the *F5* key, or go to **Slide Show > Slide Show** on the main menu bar, or click the **Slide Show** icon on the Presentation toolbar or the Slide Sorter toolbar.
- 3) If the slide transition is set to *Automatically after x seconds*, let the slide show run by itself.
- 4) If the slide transition is set to *On mouse click*, press the *down arrow* key, the *right arrow* key, or the *Page Down* key on the keyboard, click the left mouse button, or press the *Spacebar*.
- 5) To navigate backwards through the slide show one slide at a time, press the *up arrow* key, the *left arrow* key, or the *Page Up* key.
- 6) For more complex navigation during the slide show, use the right-click navigation (see “Right-click navigation and options” below).
- 7) When you advance past the last slide, the message **Click to exit presentation...** appears. Click the left mouse button or press any key to exit the presentation.
- 8) To exit the slide show and return to the Impress workspace at any time, including at the end of the slide show, press the *Esc* key.

Note

Any custom animations on a slide are run in the specified order when performing one of the above actions while running the slide show.

Right-click navigation and options

If your presentation consists of more than one slide, right-clicking anywhere on the screen brings up a context menu. The options are as follows:

- **Next** – moves to the next slide in the defined sequence.
- **Previous** – moves to the previous slide in the defined sequence.
- **Go to Slide** – displays a submenu allowing to quickly select and navigate to any slide in the presentation. Options on the submenu include **First slide**, **Last Slide**, or any slide in the presentation and illustrates why giving the slides meaningful names, rather than leaving them at the default Slide 1, Slide 2, and so on, can be very helpful.
- **Mouse pointer as Pen** – allows you to use the cursor as a pen and draw on a slide to emphasize or explain a point.
- **Pen Width** – adjusts the width of any lines drawn when using the cursor as a pen.
- **Change pen Color** – allows you to change the color of any line when using the cursor as a pen.
- **Erase all ink on Slide** – deletes all lines drawn after you have finished using the cursor as a pen.
- **Screen** – displays a submenu with two options. Each option blanks the screen, showing it as either all black or all white. This can be useful if you want to pause the show for awhile, perhaps during a break or to demonstrate something on another computer.
- **End Show** – ends the presentation and returns you to the Impress workspace. This is the same effect as pressing the *Esc* key.

Using the Presenter Console

Most installations of LibreOffice Impress come with the Presenter Console extension built in. If it is not included, you can also get the extension and install it as described in *Chapter 11, Setting up and Customizing Impress*.

The Presenter Console (Figure 188) provides extra control over slide shows when using dual displays for a slide show, such as a laptop for yourself and large display or projector for your audience.

The view you see on your computer display includes the current slide that can be seen by the audience, the next slide in your presentation, any slide notes, and a presentation timer.

Note

The Presenter Console works only on operating systems that support two displays, and only when two displays are connected (one may be the laptop display).

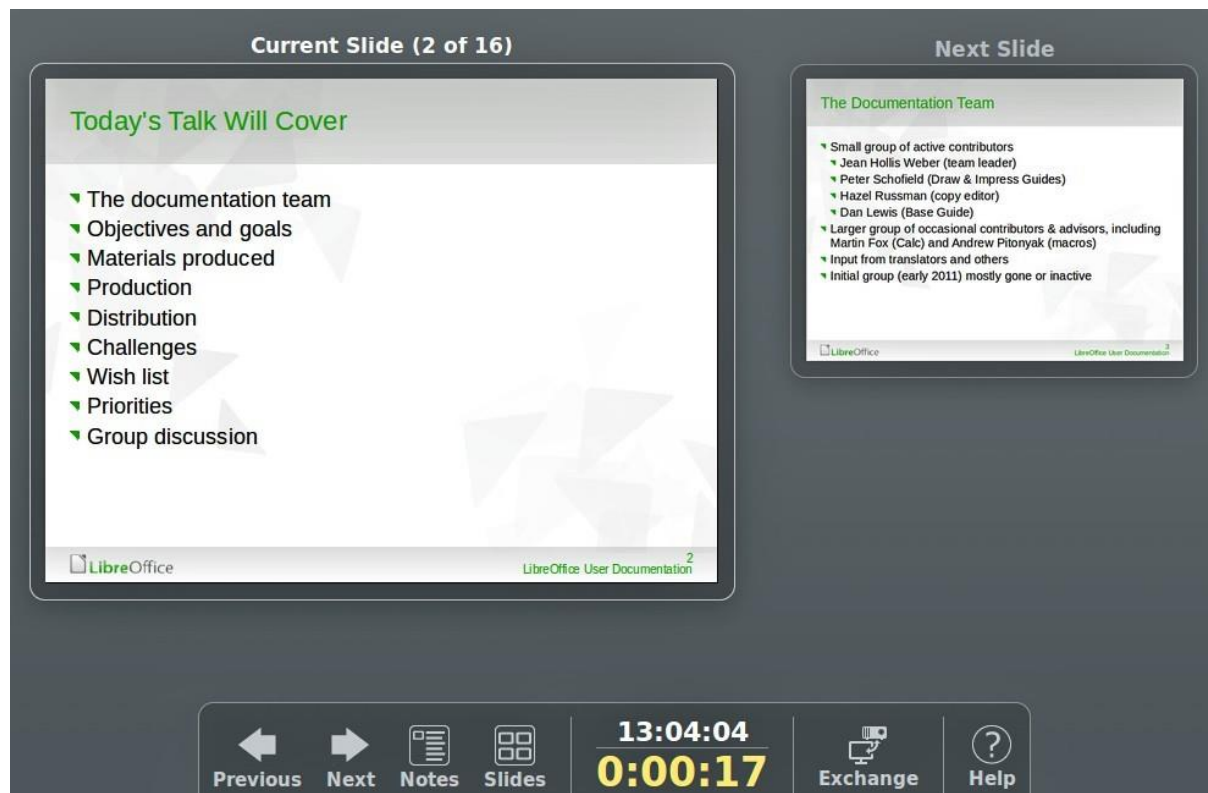


Figure 188: Presenter Console

The Presenter Console provides the following easily changeable views:


- First view, which is the default view, displays the current slide, including the effects, and the upcoming slide. Click on the **Previous** and **Next** arrows to navigate through your presentation.
- Second view shows the notes for the speaker in large, scalable type, plus the current and upcoming slides. Click on the **Notes** icon to switch to this view. Click on the **Notes** icon again to return to the first view.
- Third view is a slide sorter view with the slide thumbnails where you can select a thumbnail to jump to a slide out of sequence. Click on the **Slides** icon to switch to this view. Click on the **Slides** icon again to return to the first view.
- Click on the **Exchange** icon to switch the Presenter Console between displays.
- Click on the **Help** icon to display a list of the controls that are available in the Presenter Console. Click on the **Help** icon again to return to the previous view.

Slide Transitions

Using slide transitions

Slide transitions are the effects that take place between slides when slides change in a presentation. Transitions can add a professional look to a slide show, smoothing the change over between slides.

Adding transitions

- 1) In the Sidebar, select the **Slide Transition** icon  to open the Slide Transition section (Figure 179).
- 2) In the Slides pane or Slide Sorter view, select the slides to which you want to apply the transition. If you want the transition to apply to all slides, do not select any slides.
- 3) In the **Apply to selected slides** list, select a transition.

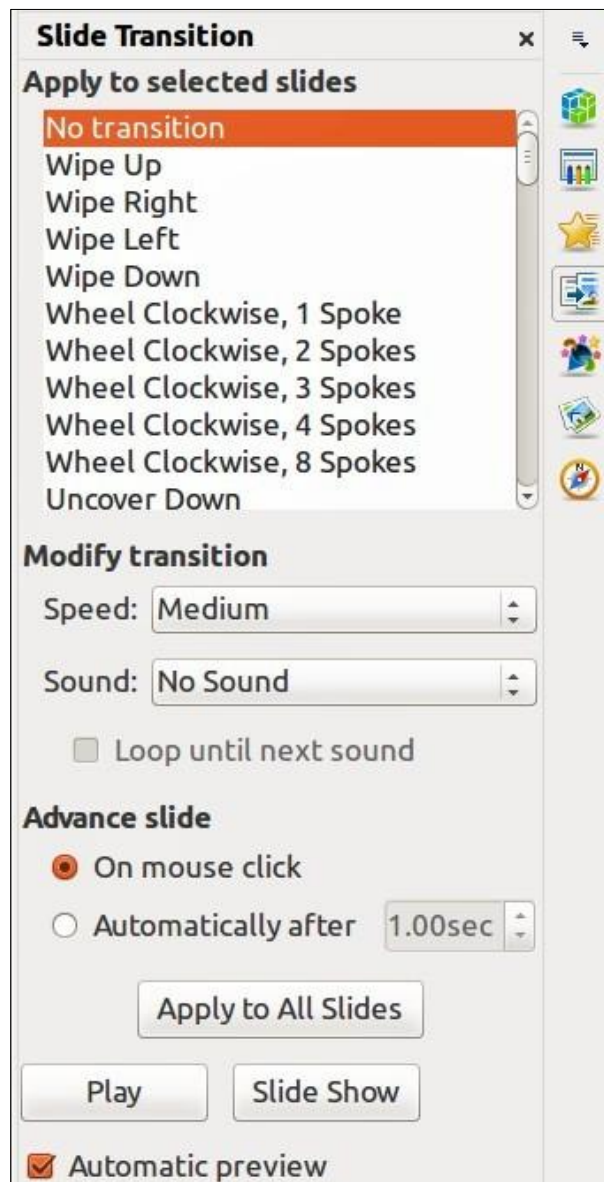


Figure 179: Sidebar Slide Transition section

- 4) Modify the selected transition by changing the speed or adding a sound, in the **Modify transition** section. If you decide to play a sound during transitions, select a sound from the **Sound** list.
- 5) If a sound is selected, the **Loop until next sound** option becomes active. Select this option to play the sound repeatedly until another sound starts. If there are no subsequent sounds in your slide show, the selected sound will play continuously for the remainder of the show.
- 6) Select how to advance to the next slide: manually (*On mouse click*) or automatically (*Automatically after*). If you select an automatic advance, you can specify how long the slide remains visible before it automatically advances to the next slide.
- 7) If you want the transition to apply to all slides, click **Apply to All Slides**.
- 8) To start the slide show from the current slide so you can check your transitions, click **Slide Show**.
- 9) If the **Automatic preview** checkbox is marked, the effect of a selected transition is immediately displayed in the work area. You can replay the effect at any time by clicking **Play**.

Tip

You can apply a single type of transition to all slides in the presentation or apply a different transition to any single slide in the slide show. While using many different transitions may be fun to do, it may not give your slide show a professional appearance.

Tip

If you want most of the slides in your slide show to have the same transition and only use a few different transitions, you may find it easier to apply one transition to all slides and then change only the ones you want to be different.

Removing transitions


- 1) Select the slides from where you want to remove the transitions.
- 2) Select *No Transition* in the **Slide Transition** list on the Tasks pane.

Setting timing of automatic slide changes

You can set up a slide show to run automatically, either unattended or while you speak.


Default timing

To set the default time for slides to be displayed before changing to the next slide:

- 1) In the Sidebar, select the **Slide Transition** icon  to open the Slide Transition section (Figure 179).
- 2) Leave the transition effect set to **No Transition**.
- 3) Select **Automatically after** in the *Advance slide* section.
- 4) Set a time and click **Apply to All Slides**.

Variable timing

To vary the timing for some of the slides in your slide show:

- 1) Select **Slide Show > Rehearse Timings** from the main menu, or click the **Rehearse Timings** icon  on the Slide Show toolbar. The slide show begins in full-screen mode and a timer appears in the lower left corner of the display.
- 2) When you want to advance to the next slide, click the timer. To keep the default setting for this slide, click the slide and not the timer.
- 3) Continue until you have set the timing for all slides in your presentation. Impress records the display time for each slide. When you next look at the time set under **Automatically after**, you will see that the times have changed to match what you set when rehearsing.
- 4) To exit from the rehearsal, press the *Esc* key or right-click on the slide and select **End Show** from the context menu.

Auto repeat


If you want the whole presentation to auto-repeat:

- 1) Open the Slide Show dialog (Figure 174) by going to **Slide Show > Slide Show Settings** on the main menu bar.
- 2) Click **Auto** and set the timing for the pause between slide shows.
- 3) Select **Show logo** if you want the LibreOffice logo to show during the pause between slide shows.

- 4) Click **OK** to save the settings and close the dialog.

Playing sounds

You can use the Slide Transition pane to select a sound or song that is played throughout your presentation.

- 1) Select the slide where you want the sound to start.
- 2) In the Sidebar, select the **Slide Transition** icon  to open the Slide Transition section (Figure 179).
- 3) In the *Modify transition* section, select **Other sound** from the *Sound* drop-down list.
- 4) Navigate to where the sound file is located in the Open dialog that opens.
- 5) Select the sound file you want to use and click **Play** to check if the sound file is suitable.
- 6) If the sound file is suitable, click **Open**.
- 7) Select **Loop until next sound** if you want the sound to restart once it is finished.

Note

Do not click the **Apply to all** button; otherwise your selected sound will restart at every slide.

Note

The sound file is linked to a presentation rather than embedded. Therefore if you plan to display the presentation on a different computer, remember that you also have to make the sound file available on the computer where the presentation will be played, and re-establish the link to the sound file before starting the slide show.

Using Animation Effects

Animations


Animated slide transitions can be added between slides to give your presentation a more professional look when you change to the next slide (see *Chapter 9 Slide Shows* for more information on transitions). However, Impress also allows you to add animations onto the slides to create more interest in your presentation.

An animation consists of a sequence of images or objects called frames that are displayed in succession when the animation runs. Each frame may contain one or more objects. For example, make bullet points appear one by one; make pictures, shapes or other objects appear singly or as a group onto a slide. Animations can be controlled using the keyboard or mouse click or automatically in a timed sequence

Tip

Animations can look great in a presentation, but overuse of animations can make a good presentation into a poor presentation. Always use discretion when adding animations to your presentation.

Custom Animation

The *Custom Animation* section (Figure 104) is located in the Sidebar to the right of the Workspace in Impress. It is used to add an animation effect to an object on a slide, or change the animation effect of an object. To open the *Custom Animation* section, click on the **Custom Animation**  icon on the Sidebar, or right-click on a selected object and select **Custom Animation** on the context menu, go to **Slide Show > Custom Animation** on the main menu bar.

Note



Anything that can be placed onto a slide is an object. For example, an object can include an image, clip art drawing, text, and so on.






Custom animation options

The available options on the Custom Animation section on the Sidebar allows you to control how the animation is animated on your slide.



Figure 104: Sidebar Custom Animation

- **Add Effect**  – click on this icon to open the Custom Animation dialog (Figure 105) and add an animation effect to an object on a slide.
- **Remove Effect**  – click on this icon to remove any selected animation effects from an object.

- **Modify Effect**  – click on this icon to open the Custom Animation dialog (Figure 105) and modify an animation effect applied to an object on a slide.
- **Move Up**  – click on this icon to move the selected animation effect up the order of animation effects that have been applied to an object.
- **Move Down**  – click on this icon to move the selected animation effect down the order of animation effects that have been applied to an object.
- **Preview Effect**  – click on this icon to preview the selected animation effect applied to an object.
- **Start** – select from the drop-down list how an animation effect starts when running an animation:
 - *On click* – the animation stops at this effect until the next mouse click.
 - *With previous* – the animation runs immediately.
 - *After previous* – the animation runs as soon as the previous animation ends.
- **Direction** – select from the drop-down list how an animation effect appears on the slide.
- **Speed** – select the speed or duration of the selected animation effect.
- **Automatic preview** – select this option to automatically preview an animation effect as it is selected in the Custom Animation dialog (Figure 105).
- **Effect Options**  – click this icon to open the Effect Options dialog (Figure 106) where you can select, adjust and apply options to the animation effect and timing.

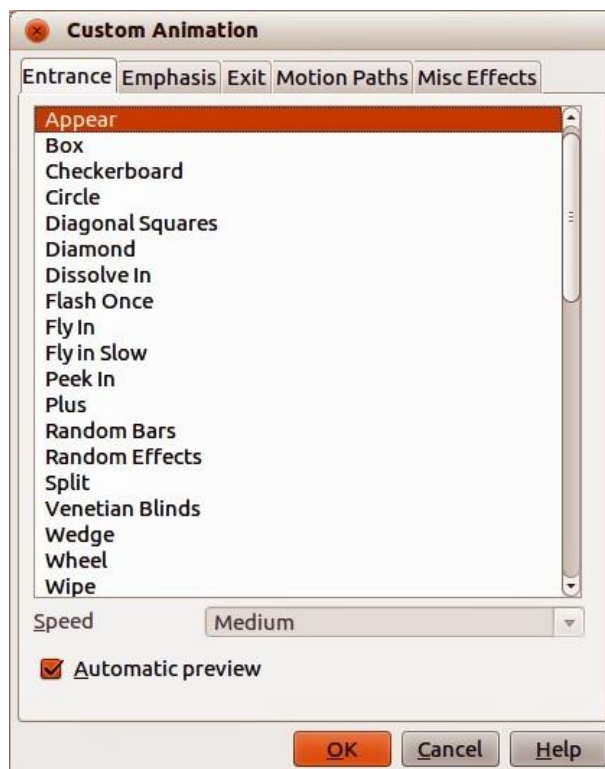


Figure 105: Custom Animation dialog

Custom Animation dialog

The Custom Animation dialog (Figure 105) contains the following tabbed pages for creating animation effects on a selected object:

- **Entrance** – how an animated object appears on the slide.
- **Emphasis** – how an animated object is emphasized when it appears on the slide.
- **Exit** – how an animated object leaves the slide.
- **Motion Paths** – how an object moves on the slide during animation.
- **Misc Effects** – selects media effects from the miscellaneous effects.
- **Automatic preview** – previews any new or edited animation effects on the slide.

Effect Options dialog

The Effect Options dialog (Figure 106) specifies the settings and enhancements on how an animation effect appears on your slide.



Figure 106: Effect Options dialog

The **Effect** page contains the following options:

- **Direction** – specifies the direction for the effect and is the same option that is displayed in the *Custom Animation* section on the Sidebar.
- **Sound** – select a sound from the drop-down list when the animation effect is run.
- **After animation** – select from the drop-down list what happens after an animation effect ends.
 - *Dim with color* – after the animation a dim color fills the shape.
 - *Don't dim* – no after-effect runs.
 - *Hide after animation* – hides the shape after the animation ends.
 - *Hide on next animation* – hides the shape on the next animation.
- **Dim color** – select a dim color.
- **Text animation** – select the animation mode for the text of the current shape:
 - *All at once* – animates the text all at once.





- *Word by word* – animates the text word by word.
- *Letter by letter* – animates the text letter by letter.
- **Delay between characters** – specifies the percentage of delay between animations of words or letters.

The **Timing** page contains the following options:

- **Start** – displays the start property of the selected animation effect. The following start properties are available:
 - *On click* – the animation stops at this effect until the next mouse click.
 - *With previous* – the animation runs immediately.
 - *After previous* – the animation runs as soon as the previous animation ends.
 - **Delay** – specifies an additional delay in seconds until the effect starts.
 - **Speed** – specifies the duration of the effect.
- **Repeat** – specifies whether and how to repeat the current effect. Enter the number of repeats, or select from the list:
 - *none* – the effect is not repeated.
 - *Until next click* – the animation is repeated until the next mouse click.
 - *Until end of slide* – the animation repeats as long as the slide is displayed.
- **Rewind when done playing** – specifies whether to let the animated shape return to its starting state after the animation ends.
- **Animate as part of click sequence** – specifies whether to let the animation start in the normal click sequence.
- **Start effect on click of** – specifies whether to let the animation start when a specified shape is clicked. Select the shape by its name from the drop-down list.

Creating an animation

To create an animated object or objects using *Custom Animation*:

- 1) Select an object on a slide.
- 2) Open the *Custom Animation* section (Figure 104) in the Sidebar, or go to **Slide Show > Custom Animation** on the main menu bar.
- 3) Click on **Add** in *Custom Animation* to open the Custom Animation dialog (Figure 105).
- 4) Select an effect category and the type of effect you want to apply to the selected object.
- 5) Select how the effect starts, the direction, and the speed (if available) of the effect from the various options included on the drop-down lists.
- 6) Click **Effect Options** icon  to open the Effect Options dialog (Figure 106) to set the effect options for the animation, then click **OK** to close the dialog.
- 7) If necessary, change the appearance order of the objects in the animation using the **Move Up**  and **Move Down**  icons.
- 8) Click **Preview Effect**  icon to check the animation effect.
- 9) When you are satisfied, run the slide show to check your presentation.

Using animation effects

Slide animations are similar to transitions, but they are applied to individual elements in a single slide: title, chart, shape, or individual bullet point. Animations can make a presentation more lively and memorable. Just as with transitions, heavy use of animations can be fun, but distracting and even annoying for an audience expecting a professional presentation.

Animation effects are applied from Normal view so that you can select individual objects on a single slide.

Note

At present it is not possible to apply animation effects to the slide master elements. This means that if you want to display the items in a text box one by one, and use the same animation on more than one slide, you need to apply the effects to each slide, or alternatively copy the text box from one slide to another.

Applying animation effects

In Normal view, display the desired slide and then select the text or object you want to animate. An object such as a graphic or an entire text box will have selection handles around it when selected. If you choose only a portion of the text in a text box, you may not see any selection handles.

- 1) Go to **View > Normal** on the main menu bar, or click on the **Normal** tab in the Workspace.

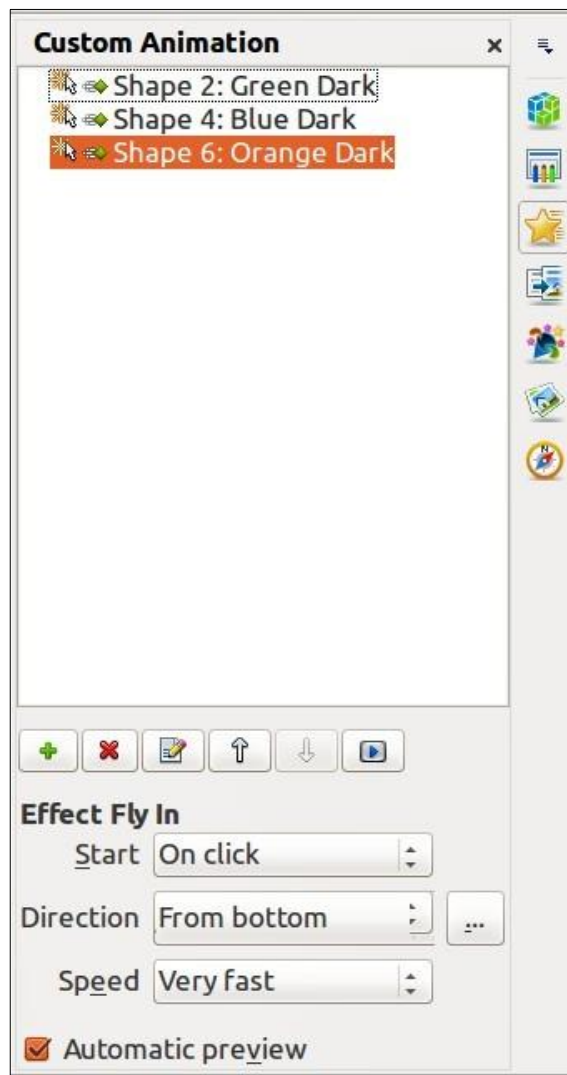


Figure 180: Sidebar Custom Animation section


- 2) Select the slide and the object you want to apply the animation effect to.
- 3) In the Sidebar, select **Custom Animation** icon  to open the Custom Animation section (Figure 180).
- 4) Click **Add** to open the Custom Animation dialog (Figure 181).
- 5) Select the animation effect types from one of the tabbed pages on the Custom Animation dialog. More than one type of animation effect can be applied to an object.
 - a) Use the *Entrance* page to be apply an animation effect when an object is placed on the screen.
 - b) Use the *Emphasis* page to apply an animation effect to an object, for example changing font color, or adding special effects such as blinking text.
 - c) Use the *Exit* page to apply an animation effect when an object leaves the screen.
 - d) If you want the object to move along a line or curve, select an animation effect from the *Motion Paths* page. An example of this type of animation is provided in “Setting up a motion path” on page 226.
- 6) Select the duration of the animation effect from the *Speed* drop down list.
- 7) If required, select *Automatic preview* so you can check the animation effect on the object.



Figure 181: Custom Animation dialog

- 8) Click **OK** to apply the animation effect and close the dialog. Each object that has had an animation effect applied to it appears in the list on the Custom Animation section on the Sidebar.
- 9) Select an animated object in the list and then select from the **Start** drop list how the animation effect starts.
 - a) *On click* – the animation does not start until you click the mouse.
 - b) *With previous* – the animation runs at the same time as the previous animation.
 - c) *After previous* – the animation runs as soon as the previous animation ends.
- 10) With the animated object still selected in the list, select a direction on how the object appears on the slide from the **Direction** drop list. The options available in this drop down list may change depending on the type of animation effect being used.
- 11) If necessary and with the animated object still selected in the list, change the speed of the animation effect using the **Speed** drop list.
- 12) If necessary, change the order of the animation list by selecting an animated object and click on the **Move Down** or **Move Up** arrows.
- 13) Click **Play** to check how the animation effect looks on the slide.
- 14) Click **Slide Show** to check how your presentation runs and looks.

Changing animation effects


- 1) On the Custom Animation section on the Tasks pane, select the animation effect.
- 2) Click **Change**, then follow “Applying animation effects” above.

Removing animation effects

- 1) On the Custom Animation section on the Tasks pane, select the animation effect.
- 2) Click **Remove**.

Additional options for animation effects

Many animation effects have properties or options that you can set or change. That actual properties or options that will be available will depend on which animation effect you have selected.

- 1) On the Custom Animation section on the sidebar, select an animated object from the list.
- 2) Click the **Effect Options** icon  to the right of the **Direction** drop down list to open the Effect Options dialog.
- 3) Click on a tab to open the options for the type of effect options you want to change and use.
 - a) *Effect* – Specifies the settings and enhancements of the selected animation effect (Figure 182).
 - b) *Timing* – specifies the timing for the selected animation effect (Figure 183).
 - c) *Text Animation* – specifies how the text is animated for the selected animation effect (Figure 184).
- 4) Click **OK** to save your changes and close the dialog.

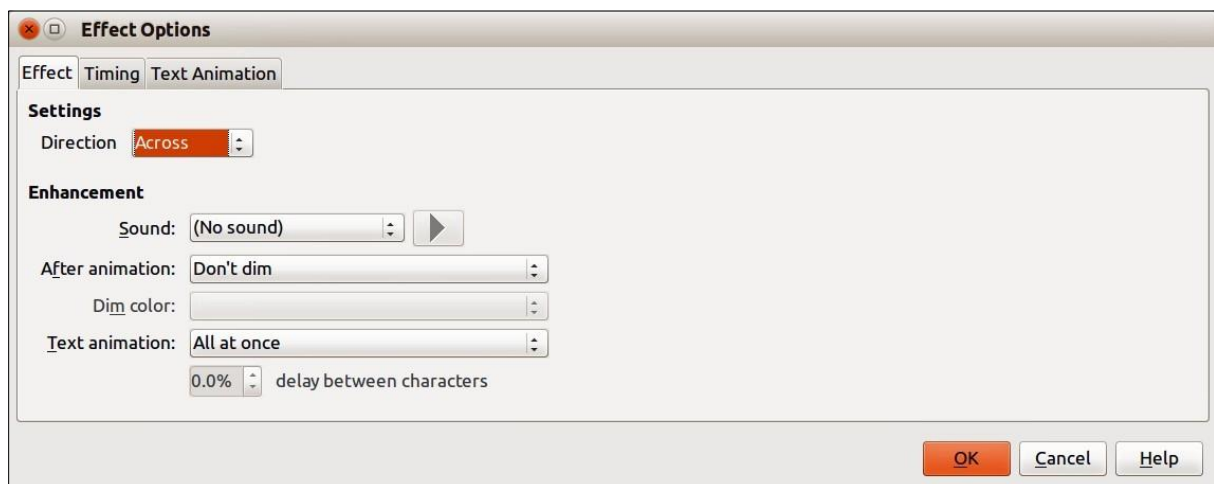



Figure 182: Effect Options dialog – Effect page

Effect page options

Specifies the settings and enhancements for the current effect (Figure 182).

- **Direction** – specifies the direction for the effect.
- **Sound** – select a sound from the drop down list or select one of the special entries.
 - *(No sound)* – no sound is played during animation of the effect.
 - *(Stop previous sound)* – the sound of the previous effect is stopped as soon as the current effect runs.
 - *Other sound* – displays a file open dialog to select a sound file.
- **Play sound** – clicking on this icon  to the right of the **Sound** drop down list to play the selected sound file.

- **After animation** – select a color to be shown after the animation ends, or select another after-effect from the list.
 - *Dim with color* – after the animation a dim color fills the shape.
 - *Don't dim* – no after-effect runs.
 - *Hide after animation* – hides the shape after the animation ends.
 - *Hide on next animation* – hides the shape on the next animation.
- **Dim color** – select the dim color. Only available if *Dim with color* has been selected.
- **Text animation** – select the animation mode for the text of the current shape:
 - *All at once* – animates the text all at once.
 - *Word by word* – animates the text word by word.
 - *Letter by letter* – animates the text letter by letter.
- **Delay between characters** – specifies the percentage of delay between animations if *Word by word* or *Letter by letter* has been selected for text animation.

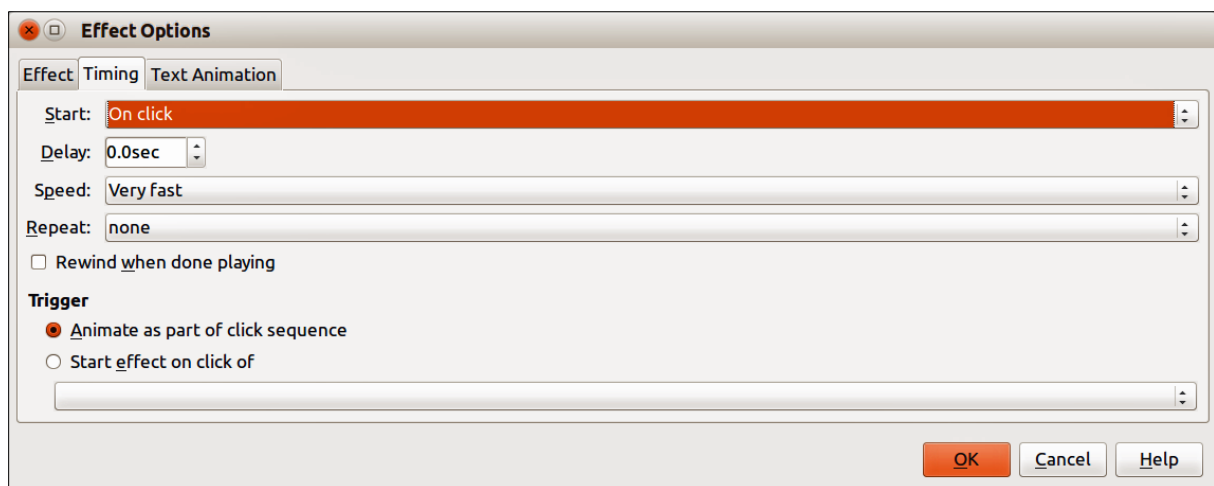


Figure 183: Effect Options dialog – Timing page

Timing page options

Specifies the timing for the current effect (Figure 183).

- **Start** – displays the start property of the selected animation effect.
 - *On click* – the animation stops at this effect until the next mouse click.
 - *With previous* – the animation runs immediately.
 - *After previous* – the animation runs as soon as the previous animation ends.
- **Delay** – specifies an additional delay of n seconds until the effect starts.
- **Speed** – specifies the duration of the effect.
- **Repeat** – specifies whether and how to repeat the current effect. Enter the number of repeats, or select from the list:
 - *none* – the effect is not repeated.
 - *Until next click* – the animation is repeated until the next mouse click.
 - *Until end of slide* – the animation repeats as long as the slide is displayed.
- **Rewind when done playing** – specifies whether to let the animated shape return to its starting state after the animation ends.

- **Animate as part of click sequence** – specifies whether to let the animation start in the normal click sequence.
- **Start effect on click of** – specifies whether to let the animation start when a specified shape is clicked. Select the shape by its name from the list box.



Figure 184: Effect Options dialog – Text Animation page

Text animation page options


Specifies the text animation settings for the current effect (Figure 184).

- **Group text** – specifies how multiple paragraphs are animated:
 - *As one object* – all paragraphs are animated as one object.
 - *All paragraphs at once* – all paragraphs are animated at once, but can have different effects.
 - *By 1st level paragraphs* – the first level paragraphs, including sub-level paragraphs, are animated one after another.
- **Automatically after** – if *By 1st level paragraphs* is selected for **Group text**, the paragraphs are animated one after the other. Enter an additional delay in seconds to animate subsequent paragraphs.
- **Animate attached shape** – deselect this box to animate only the text, not the shape.
- **In reverse order** – animates the paragraphs in reverse order.

Examples of animation effects

Using multiple animation effects

To illustrate how you can set up multiple effects, the following example shows you how to animate list items that fly in one at a time from the bottom of the slide and, as each new item appears, the previous items change to a different color.

- 1) Go to **View > Normal** on the main menu bar, or click on the **Normal** tab in the Workspace.
- 2) Select a slide with objects that you want to apply the animation effect to.
- 3) Select three objects on your selected slide.
- 4) In the Sidebar, select **Custom Animation** icon  to open the Custom Animation dialog (Figure 181).
- 5) Click the **Entrance** tab to open the Entrance page of the Custom Animation dialog.
- 6) Select the **Fly In** effect and change the speed to **Medium**.
- 7) Click **OK** and the three objects appear in the **Custom Animation** list on the Sidebar (Figure 185).
- 8) Select the top object in the **Custom Animation** list and select **From top** from the *Direction* drop down list on the Sidebar.

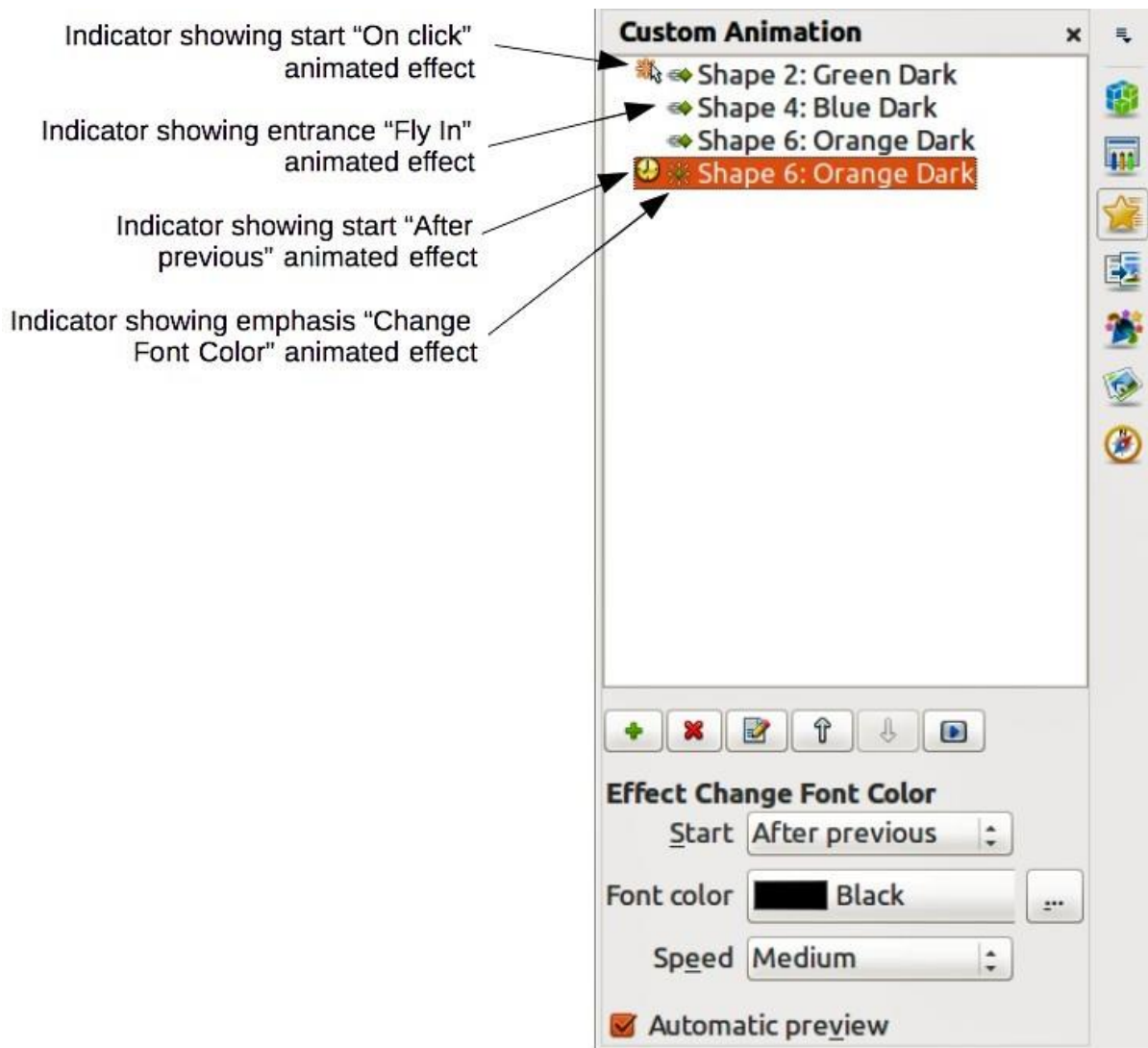





Figure 185: Example of animated points

- 9) Select the second object in the **Custom Animation** list and select **From right** from the *Direction* drop down list on the Sidebar.
- 10) Select the last object in the **Custom Animation** list and select **From bottom** from the *Direction* drop down list on the Sidebar.
- 11) With the last object still selected, click on the **Add Effect** icon  on the Sidebar to open the Custom Animation dialog (Figure 181).
- 12) Click the Emphasis tab to open the Emphasis page of the Custom Animation dialog.
- 13) Select **Change Font Color** and click **OK** to save this animated effect.
- 14) From the *Start* drop down list on the Sidebar, select **After previous**.
- 15) From the *Font color* drop list on the Sidebar, select the color you want to use for the emphasis.
- 16) In Figure 185, the three animation effects are now indicated with icons and these indicators show what type of animated effect has been added to the objects.
- 17) To test the animation effects, make sure all the objects are selected and click on the **Preview Effect** icon  on the Sidebar.

Setting up a motion path

A motion path effect moves an object along a path consisting of a combination of straight and curved lines. Several pre-packaged motion paths are provided in LibreOffice, but it is not difficult to create your own custom path as follows. You can also combine a motion path with other animation effects such as spinning or changing of size or colors to create dramatic effects.

- 1) Select the object you want to animate.
- 2) Click on the **Add Effect** icon  in the Sidebar to open the Custom Animation dialog (Figure 181).
- 3) Click the **Motion Paths** tab to open the Motion Paths page of the Custom Animation dialog.
- 4) Select a pre-packaged motion path animation that is similar to the effect you want to obtain. Alternatively use the **Polygon** or **Curve** animation effect to create a new motion path.
- 5) Select the object to show the animation path, which is displayed as a thin gray line with triangles showing the end points of the motion path.
- 6) Click on the animation path so that selection handles are displayed around it. When the selection handles are shown, you can move or resize the path the same way you would perform these operations on an object.

Note

When moving a path, remember to also move the object on that path; otherwise the animation will start with a jump. Currently it is not possible to rotate a path.



- 7) While the path is selected, select the **Points** icon  on the Drawing toolbar or press the F8 key to display the Edit Points toolbar (Figure 186). If it is not displayed, go to **View > Toolbars > Edit Points** on the main menu bar. The number of icons available in the Edit Points toolbar will depend on the type of motion path and object selected.



Figure 186: Edit Points toolbar and icons

- 8) Once a point is selected, you can delete the point, move the point, or add another point and so on. For a detailed explanation on how to manipulate the points on a curve, see the *Draw Guide*.
- 9) When you are satisfied with the shape of the curve and its speed, click anywhere on the screen to deselect the object and continue normal editing.
- 10) To test the motion path, click **Preview Effect** icon  on the Sidebar to start the animation.

Creating Interactions

Using interactions

Interactions are things that happen when you click on an object in a slide. They are typically used with buttons or images, but text objects can also have interactions.

To apply an interaction to an object (or change an interaction applied to an object):

- 1) Select the object, then right-click on the object and select **Interaction** from the context menu, or go to **Slide Show > Interaction** on the main menu bar to open the Interaction dialog (Figure 187).
- 2) Select an interaction from the **Action at mouse click** drop-down list. With some interactions, the Interaction dialog changes to offer more options.

3) Click **OK** to save your changes and close the dialog.

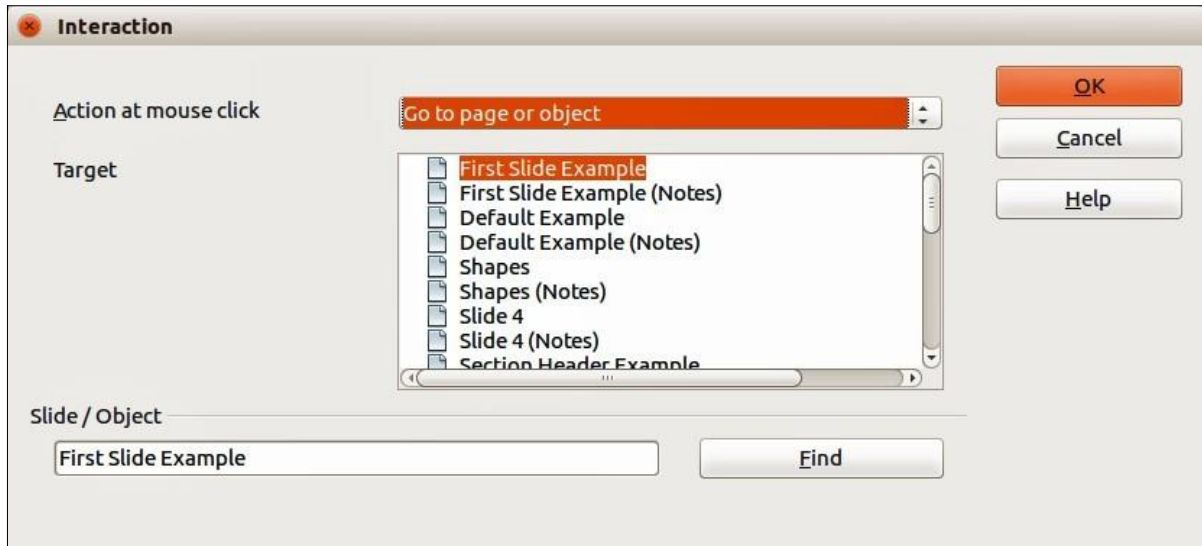


Figure 187: Interaction dialog

Tip

A sound interaction can be also applied using the Effect Options dialog See “Additional options for animation effects” on page 222 for more information.

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