



# 5: Percentages and Ratios

**EN1106 - Introductory Mathematics**

**Level I - Semester 1**

## 5.1 Percentage

# Percentage

- A percentage is a fraction whose denominator is 100.
- We use the symbol % to represent a percentage.  
e.g.  $\frac{30}{100} \rightarrow 30\%$
- To convert a fraction whose denominator is not 100, to a percentage, divide the numerator by the denominator, multiply by 100 and then label the result as a percentage.

# Example

- Express  $\frac{1}{2}$  as a percentage.

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 100 = 50$$

Therefore, the percentage is 50%

- Express  $\frac{4}{25}$  as a percentage.

$$\frac{4}{25} \times 100 = 16 \rightarrow 16\%$$

# Percentage cont..

- To convert a decimal fraction to a percentage, multiply by 100 and then label the result as a percentage.

e.g. (1) Express 0.25 as a percentage

$$0.25 \times 100 = 25 \quad \text{Therefore the percentage of 0.25 is 25\%}$$

e.g. (2) Express 0.165 as a percentage

$$0.165 \times 100 = 16.5 \quad \text{Therefore the percentage of 0.165 is 16.5\%}$$

# Exercises

Convert the following fractions and decimals into percentages

1. 0.75

2. 1.25

3.  $\frac{6}{20}$

4.  $\frac{2}{5}$

# Calculate a Percentage of a Quantity

e.g. Find 12.5% of 160.

$$\frac{12.5}{100} \times 160 = 20$$

Therefore, 12.5% of 160 is 20

# Percentage Change

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Percentage change} &= \frac{\text{change}}{\text{original value}} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{\text{new value} - \text{original value}}{\text{original value}} \times 100\end{aligned}$$

- If the change is positive, then there has been an increase in the measured quantity. If the change is negative, then there has been a decrease in the quantity.



# Example

The price of a chocolate has increased from Rs. 80 to 105.  
Calculate the percentage change in price.

$$\text{Percentage change} = \frac{\text{change}}{\text{original value}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{105 - 80}{80} \times 100 = 31.25$$

Increase in price is 31.25%

# Exercise

1. A man gives 5% of his salary to his child. If the man earns Rs. 35,000, how much money does he give to his child?
2. The price of a washing machine is Rs. 60,000. During a sale, the price was reduced by 25%. What is the new sale price of the washing machine.

## 5.2 Ratios

# Ratios

- Ratios are simply an alternative way of expressing fractions.

Example: divide 100 in the ratio 2:8.

- A ratio of 2 : 8 means that every 10 parts are split as 2 and 8. That is, the first number is  $\frac{2}{10}$  of the total; the second number is  $\frac{8}{10}$  of the total.

Therefore 100 is divided into 20 and 80.

# Ratios cont..

- If the ratio is given as  $x : y$ , the total number of parts is  $x + y$ . Then these  $x + y$  parts are split into two with the first number being  $\frac{x}{x+y}$  of the total, and the second number being  $\frac{y}{x+y}$ .
- In the above example, the total number of parts is 10 (2+8).

# Equivalent Ratios

- Ratios can be written in different ways.
- Generally, any ratio can be expressed as an equivalent ratio by multiplying or dividing each term in the ratio by the same number.
  - E.g. The ratio 2 : 8 is equivalent to 4 : 16, because 4 is  $2 \times 2$  and 16 is  $8 \times 2$ .

# Exercises

1. Divide a length of 250m in the ratio 7:10:8
2. Divide a mass 4400kg into  $\frac{3}{8}$  and  $\frac{5}{8}$
3. Express 72 : 36 in its simplest form
4. The ratio of white chocolate to milk chocolate in a box of chocolates is 4:8. If the total number of chocolates is 54, calculate the number of each type of chocolate.