

# Scanning and Skimming

EN2106 - Communication Skills I

Level I - Semester 2





01 **Definition** 02 Requirement **Types** 03 04 How to skim

01

#### **Definition**

**Skimming** means reading selectively to get a general idea of what an article is about and to become familiar with the most important ideas in it.

02

# Requirement

#### (speed and comprehension)

- comprehension level is about 50-70%;
- > speed should be about twice as fast as the average reading speed or even faster.

03

# **Types**

- preread-skimming
- skim-reading
- > review skimming

04

#### How to skim

- 1) read the title
- 2) read the introduction
- 3) read any headings and subheadings
- 4) notice any pictures, charts or graphs included
- 5) read the first sentence of each paragraph
- 6) glance at the remainder of the paragraph
- 7) read the summary or last paragraph

#### Some points in skimming

- 1. Concentrate on the main idea and keep high speed
- 2. Do not read every word of the article.
- 3. Pay attention to the key words and signal words.
- 4. Identify or summarize the topic sentences.

01

**Definition** 

02

Difference between Skimming and Scanning 03

How to scan



**Scanning** in reading is a technique for quickly looking through reading material to locate a particular piece of information --- a fact, a date, a name, a statistic.

02

Difference between Skimming and Scanning 1). For skimming, in most cases we do not know what the material is about beforehand; for scanning, we usually have some idea about the content of the material beforehand.

**Skimming** is reading quickly to find the general overview of the passage

**Scanning** is reading quickly to find specific details within the passage.

02

Difference between Skimming and Scanning **2).** Purpose for skimming---to get the general idea; purpose for scanning---to sort out the exact information we need.

**3).** For skimming, comprehension rate is about 50-70%; for scanning, you should be 100% correct about the information you need.

03 How to scan

- 1. check the organization
- 2. remember your purpose
- 3. anticipate clue words
- 4. identify likely answer locations
- 5. use a systematic pattern
- 6. confirm your answer

Thank you.