





UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO, SRI LANKA

UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO SCHOOL OF COMPUTING

DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (EXTERNAL)

Academic Year 2020 - 2nd Year Examination - Semester 4

IT4305: Rapid Software Development Part I - Multiple Choice Question Paper

> 21st February 2021 (ONE HOUR)

Important Instructions:

- The duration of the paper is 1 (one) hour.
- The medium of instruction and questions is English.
- The paper has 30 questions in 9 pages.
- All questions are of the MCQ (Multiple Choice Question) type.
- All questions carry equal marks.
- Answer All questions.
- Each question will have 5 (five) choices with **one or more** correct answers.
- There will be a penalty for incorrect responses to discourage guessing.
- The mark given for a question will vary from -1 (*All the incorrect choices are marked* & no correct choices marked) to +1 (*All the correct choices are marked* & no incorrect choices are marked).
- Answers should be marked on the special answer sheet provided.
- Note that questions appear on both sides of the paper.

 If a page is not printed, please inform the supervisor immediately.
- Mark the correct choices on the question paper first and then transfer them to the given
 answer sheet which will be machine marked. Please completely read and follow the
 instructions given on the other side of the answer sheet before you shade your correct
 choices.
- Calculators are not allowed.

- 1. Under which situation should an organization choose Agile Methodology for their software project?
 - (a) Customer collaboration only occurs at the contract negotiation stage.
 - (b) The project requires comprehensive documentation.
 - (c) The requirements are stable and will not change, even late in development.
 - (d) The team only needs to deliver working software at the very end of the project.
 - (e) Working software is the principal measure of progress.
- 2. Agile development especially focuses on achieving three success types. Select the most suitable option that matches the success types to their importance.

Success type	Importance
A- Personal Success	① - Without it, the source code will eventually collapse
	under its own weight.
B- Technical Success	② - Without it, the team might find that they are no longer
	wanted in the company.
©- Organizational success	③ - Without it, you would find it troubling to motivate
	yourself and other employees.

- (a) $\mathbb{A} \rightarrow \mathbb{O}$, $\mathbb{B} \rightarrow \mathbb{O}$, $\mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{O}$
- (b) $(A) \rightarrow (D)$, $(B) \rightarrow (B)$, $(C) \rightarrow (D)$
- (c) $\widehat{A} \rightarrow 2$, $\widehat{B} \rightarrow 3$, $\widehat{C} \rightarrow 0$
- (d) $(A) \rightarrow (B) \rightarrow (C) \rightarrow (D)$
- (e) $(A) \rightarrow (3)$, $(B) \rightarrow (1)$, $(C) \rightarrow (2)$
- 3. Which of the following statements is/are **true** regarding how Agile Methodology saves costs in software projects?
 - (a) Avoiding unexpected opportunities to reduce risk.
 - (b) Halting project progress when key individuals are unavailable.
 - (c) Making the software easier to maintain.
 - (d) Releasing the least valuable features first.
 - (e) Waiting until the very last moment to cancel a bad project.
- 4. Which of the following statements is/are **correct** regarding *Lean* values?
 - (a) Avoiding unpredictable customer behavior is essential.
 - (b) They ignore various human conditions.
 - (c) They focus on the productivity of employees rather than on their well-being.
 - (d) Offshoring processes to other countries with unfair labor costs is a Lean value.
 - (e) Seek, embrace and question ideas from a wide range of disciplines.

Sele	ct the most suitable option for filling the blanks in the following statements.
1	A ① development is a planned rework strategy that uses multiple passes to improve what we are building so that we can come together on a good solution.
]	3. In development, we assume that we will understand everything right at the beginning and the product will come together late in the development.
(C. In development, we break the product into smaller pieces so that we can build some of it and learn how each piece behaves in the environment.
Г	(a) ①: Iterative, ②: Plan-driven, ③: Incremental
	(b) ①: Iterative, ②: Incremental, ③: Plan-driven
	(c) ①: Plan-driven, ②: Incremental, ③: Iterative
	(d) ①: Incremental, ②: Iterative, ③: Plan-driven
	(e) ①: Incremental, ②: Plan-driven, ③: Iterative
	eloping a new product is surrounded by several forms of uncertainty. Among them, what e most suitable definition for ' <i>Means uncertainty</i> '?
	·
	uncertainty surrounding the,
	uncertainty surrounding the, (a) features of the final product.
	uncertainty surrounding the, (a) features of the final product. (b) inexperienced development team.
	uncertainty surrounding the, (a) features of the final product. (b) inexperienced development team. (c) product backlog grooming.
	uncertainty surrounding the, (a) features of the final product. (b) inexperienced development team.
The	uncertainty surrounding the, (a) features of the final product. (b) inexperienced development team. (c) product backlog grooming. (d) process and technologies used to develop a product. (e) sprint execution. ch of the following statements is/are correct regarding <i>principles</i> in the <i>Agile lifesto</i> ?
The	uncertainty surrounding the, (a) features of the final product. (b) inexperienced development team. (c) product backlog grooming. (d) process and technologies used to develop a product. (e) sprint execution. ch of the following statements is/are correct regarding <i>principles</i> in the <i>Agile ifesto</i> ? (a) It is enough to deliver a working software only at the end of the project.
The	uncertainty surrounding the, (a) features of the final product. (b) inexperienced development team. (c) product backlog grooming. (d) process and technologies used to develop a product. (e) sprint execution. ch of the following statements is/are correct regarding <i>principles</i> in the <i>Agile ifesto</i> ? (a) It is enough to deliver a working software only at the end of the project. (b) Prioritizing user requirements over other stakeholders.
The	uncertainty surrounding the, (a) features of the final product. (b) inexperienced development team. (c) product backlog grooming. (d) process and technologies used to develop a product. (e) sprint execution. ch of the following statements is/are correct regarding <i>principles</i> in the <i>Agile infesto</i> ? (a) It is enough to deliver a working software only at the end of the project. (b) Prioritizing user requirements over other stakeholders. (c) Tightly controlling the software development team and limiting their resources.
The	uncertainty surrounding the, (a) features of the final product. (b) inexperienced development team. (c) product backlog grooming. (d) process and technologies used to develop a product. (e) sprint execution. ch of the following statements is/are correct regarding <i>principles</i> in the <i>Agile ifesto</i> ? (a) It is enough to deliver a working software only at the end of the project. (b) Prioritizing user requirements over other stakeholders.

- 8. Which of the following statements is/are **correct** regarding *performance* in *Agile development*?
 - (a) In Agile, there is minimal ceremony.
 - (b) Agile is a document-centric, process-heavy approach.
 - (c) Testing in Agile happens at the very end of the lifecycle.
 - (d) Through Agile, we can carefully and sequentially perform work to get a high-quality product.
 - (e) In Agile it is important to follow the plan and do the right thing the first time, so we can avoid costly reworks later.
- 9. Which of the following statements is/are **correct** regarding Scrum?
 - (a) A Scrum project formally begins by holding a daily Scrum meeting.
 - (b) A Scrum team should be self-organizing and cross-functional.
 - (c) Scrum is a sequential, plan-driven approach for software development.
 - (d) Scrum is not a suitable approach when the requirements are changing frequently.
 - (e) Scrum is suitable for any software development project.
- 10. Figure 1 shows the pre-game stage of Scrum. What are the most suitable terms for labels A and B?

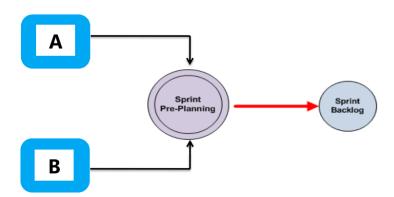


Figure 1: - Scrum Pre-game

Source: Essential Scrum, A Practical Guide to the Most Popular Agile Process by Kenneth S. Rubin

- (a) A Iteration plan, B Sprint review
- (b) (A) Release plan, (B) Product backlog
- (c) A Product roadmap, B Iteration cycle
- (d) A Product backlog, B User case business value
- (e) A System requirement specification, B Sprint review

- 11. Which of the following statements is/are **correct** regarding Scrum rules?
 - I. The recommended Scrum team size is 15 20 members.
 - II. A single Scrum team should only be responsible for performing a single function. (Ex: one team for coding, one team for testing, etc.)
 - III. In Scrum, work should be performed in short, time-boxed iterations.
 - (a) I only
 - (b) II only
 - (c) III only
 - (d) I and II only
 - (e) I and III only
- 12. Consider the following activities and artefacts of the Scrum framework and select the most suitable terms for labels (A)-(D).

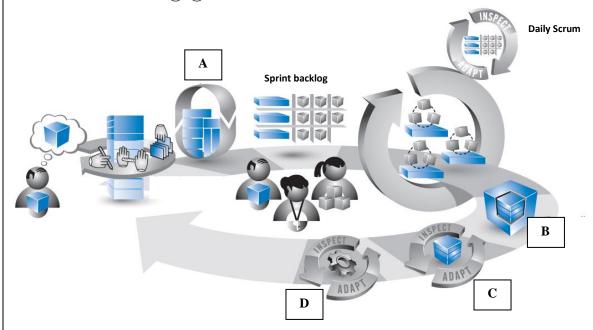


Figure 2: - Scrum framework

Source: Essential Scrum, A Practical Guide to the Most Popular Agile Process by Kenneth S. Rubin

- (a) (A) Product backlog, (B) Sprint execution, (C) Sprint retrospective, (D) Product increment
- (b) A Product backlog grooming, B Sprint retrospective, C Sprint review,
 - D Product increment
- (c) (a) Product backlog grooming, (b) Sprint planning, (c) Sprint review, (d) Sprint retrospective
- (d) (a) Sprint planning, (b) Product increment, (c) Sprint retrospective, (d) Sprint review
- (e) (a) Sprint planning, (b) Product increment, (c) Sprint review, (d) Sprint retrospective

- 13. Which of the following roles is involved in Scrum methodology?
 - (a) Tech lead
 - (b) Product owner
 - (c) Business analyst
 - (d) Product manager
 - (e) Software quality assurance engineer
- 14. Who will usually participate in sprint planning?
 - I. Scrum master
 - II. Product owner
 - III. Development team
 - (a) I only
 - (b) I and II only
 - (c) I and III only
 - (d) II and III only
 - (e) I, II, and III
- 15. Which of the following statements is/are **correct** regarding the given *burndown chart*?

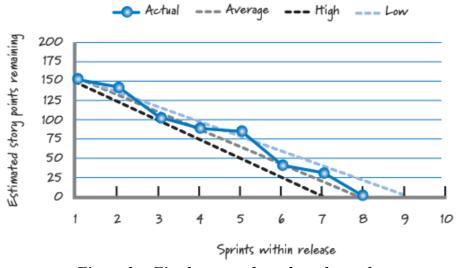


Figure 3: - Fixed-scope-release burndown chart

Source: Essential Scrum, A Practical Guide to the Most Popular Agile Process by Kenneth S. Rubin

The team,

- (a) has completed 100 story points at the 3rd sprint.
- (b) has completed 80 story points at the 5th sprint.
- (c) has 150 story points remaining at the end of the given release planning.
- (d) will finish all the work allocated for the given release by the 7th sprint if they work with the lowest velocity.
- (e) will finish all the work allocated for the given release by the 8th sprint if they work with the highest velocity.

16.	Which of the following is an output of <i>portfolio planning</i> ?	
	(a) Sprint backlog	
	(b) In-progress data	
	(c) Product backlog	
	(d) Portfolio backlog	
	(e) Daily Backlog	
17.	Which of the following is/are the responsibilities of a product owner?	
	I. Groom the product backlog	
	II. Participate in planning	
	III. Collaborate with the development team	
	(a) I only	
	(b) II only	
	(c) III only	
	(d) I and III only (e) I, II, and III	
18.	What is the role of the Scrum Master in Agile?	
	(a) Prioritize the product backlog.	
	(b) Remove Impediments.	
	(c) Decide on the features to be built.	
	(d) Create the product backlog.	
	(e) Provide the acceptance criteria.	
19.	What is the measure taken to calculate the velocity of a team in Scrum?	
	(a) Iterations	
	(b) Story points	
	(c) User stories	
	(d) Total days of the sprint	
	(e) Remaining days of the sprint	
	Fill in the blanks with the suitable answer for questions from $(20) - (22)$.	
20.	Development team members are expected to participate in each, during	
20.	which the team progress will be inspected and the plan adapted for the current day's work.	
	(a) daily Scrum	
	(b) sprint review	
	(c) sprint planning	
	(d) sprint Retrospective	
	(e) sprint backlog refinement	

21.	Which of the following type of chart for a fixed-scope release shows the total amount of work completed?
	(a) Burnup chart
	(b) Burndown chart
	(c) Team holiday chart
	(d) Company performance chart
	(e) Scrum ceremony chart
22.	At the of each sprint, we update the burndown chart to show the total
	amount of work remaining within the release.
	(a) 2nd date
	(b) 5th date
	(c) 7th date
	(d) End
	(e) Start
23.	When is a <i>Sprint retrospective</i> ceremony performed?
	(a) Whenever needed.
	(b) At the end of each sprint.
	(c) Whenever the team suggests.
	(d) Whenever the Scrum master suggests.
	(e) Whenever the Product owner suggests.
24.	What is done during a <i>Sprint review</i> meeting?
	(a) Demo of the increment.
	(b) Discussing the project's architectural and technical aspects.
	(c) Discussion on improvements applicable in a future sprint.
	(d) Collecting team members' ideas on the past sprint.
	(e) Creating the sprint backlog.
25.	Which of the following statements express(es) the meaning of a <i>cross-functional</i> development team?
	(a) The team consists of developers and testers.
	(b) Every team member is capable of everything.
	(c) Both development and testing can be done in a single person.
	(d) Teams work with other teams collaboratively.
	(e) The team comprises members with different skills necessary to deliver the
	increment.

- 26. What are *Minimum Releasable Features (MRF)?*
 - (a) A randomly selected feature set.
 - (b) The topmost feature set of the backlog.
 - (c) The features simply have to be in the release, if we are to meet customer value and quality expectations.
 - (d) The largest set of features costs the most money, takes the most time, and has the most risk.
 - (e) The smallest possible feature set that costs the least money, takes the least time, and has the least risk.
- 27. Which of the following statements is/are **correct** regarding the Extreme Programming (XP) lifecycle?
 - (a) A team can make deployable software once every 4 weeks.
 - (b) The real customer must be sitting with the team full-time.
 - (c) Only qualified testers participate in testing.
 - (d) Programmers share the ownership of the code.
 - (e) The same developer is responsible for maintaining his/her code.
- 28. Which of the following statements is/are **correct** regarding an XP team?
 - (a) The daily standup meeting takes 2 4 hours.
 - (b) The project manager divides the workload among team members.
 - (c) Requirements are provided by the on-site customer.
 - (d) Only domain experts can be on-site customers in XP.
 - (e) The programming coach does not have to participate in coding.
- 29. Which of the following statements is/are **correct** regarding Pair programming?
 - (a) The person who codes is known as *Navigator*.
 - (b) Switching *Navigator*, *Driver* roles frequently is a good practice.
 - (c) The navigator should criticize the Driver's code.
 - (d) It is recommended to keep the same pair for several weeks.
 - (e) The programming pair should always be at the same experience level.
- 30. Which of the following statement is **correct** regarding Refactoring in XP?

Refactoring is the process of,

- (a) changing the design of the code without changing its behavior.
- (b) describing the business logic in your current system to a non-programmer domain expert.
- (c) following coding standards and keeping the code consistent.
- (d) keeping the build up-to-date and integrating continuously.
- (e) combining the expertise of the whole team to create achievable plans.
