



UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO SCHOOL OF COMPUTING

DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (EXTERNAL)

Academic Year 2014/2015 - 2nd Year Examination - Semester 4

IT4205: IT Project Management
PART 1- Multiple Choice Question Paper

01st August, 2015 (ONE HOUR)

Important Instructions:

- The duration of the paper is 1 (one) hour.
- The medium of instruction and questions is English.
- The paper has 30 questions on 08 pages.
- All questions are of the MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) type.
- All questions should be answered.
- Each question will have 5 (five) choices with **one or more** correct answers.
- All questions will carry equal marks.
- There will be a penalty for incorrect responses to discourage guessing.
- The mark given for a question will vary from 0 to +1 (All the correct choices are marked & no incorrect choices are marked).
- Answers should be marked on the special answer sheet provided.
- Note that questions appear on both sides of the paper.
 If a page is not printed, please inform the supervisor immediately.
- Mark the correct choices on the question paper first and then transfer them to the given answer sheet which will be machine marked. Please completely read and follow the instructions given on the other side of the answer sheet before you shade your correct choices.

1

(a) 20 (d) 32	(b) 2 (e) 4	24 (c) 30
		0
Which of the followin	ng is a / are component(s) or	a project charter?
(a) sched	hulo	(b) stakahaldar aantaat dataila
(c) scope		(b) stakeholder contact details(d) system test data
(e) cost		(d) system test data
What factor(s) typical	lly constitute(s) the triple co	onstraints of a project ?
(a) scop	oe e	(b) time
(c) qual		(d) cost
(e) profi	it	
		s) to calculate the float for an activity;
From the following, id		s) to calculate the float for an activity;
From the following, id	entify the correct equation(s) to calculate the float for an activity;
From the following, id (a) Float (b) Float (c) Float	entify the correct equation(t = LFT - EST t = LFT - LST t = LST - EFT	s) to calculate the float for an activity;
From the following, id (a) Float (b) Float (c) Float (d) Float	entify the correct equation(t = LFT - EST t = LFT - LST t = LST - EFT t = LST - EST	s) to calculate the float for an activity;
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From the following, ide (a) Float (b) Float (c) Float (d) Float (e) Float With regard to the Ga (a) A Ga (b) A Ga	entify the correct equation(t = LFT - EST t = LFT - LST t = LST - EFT t = LST - EST t = LFT - EST t = LFT - EFT antt Chart, which of the foll antt Chart gives a visual repontt Chart can be used to sh	owing is/are correct? resentation of task durations. ow the progress of the activities.
From the following, id (a) Float (b) Float (c) Float (d) Float (e) Float With regard to the Ga (a) A Ga (b) A Ga (c) A Ga	entify the correct equation(t = LFT - EST t = LFT - LST t = LST - EFT t = LST - EST t = LFT - EFT antt Chart, which of the foll antt Chart gives a visual repartt Chart can be used to shantt Chart displays the pro-	owing is/are correct ?
From the following, id (a) Float (b) Float (c) Float (d) Float (e) Float With regard to the Ga (a) A Ga (b) A Ga (c) A Ga dates	entify the correct equation(t = LFT - EST t = LFT - LST t = LST - EFT t = LST - EST t = LFT - EFT antt Chart, which of the foll antt Chart gives a visual repartt Chart can be used to shantt Chart displays the pro-	owing is/are correct? resentation of task durations. ow the progress of the activities. ject activities and their start and finish in ca

(b) A network chart gives a visual representation of dependencies between tasks.

(d) A network chart is a diagram that is drawn before the work breakdown structure.

(c) Dummy activities are not used in activity-on-arrow network charts.

(e) A network chart may not contain loops.

Consider the following table that gives the cash flow projections of five projects A, B, C, D and E to answer the questions 7-10.

Year	Project A	Project B	Project C	Project D	Project E
0	-100,000	-1,000,000	-100,000	-120,000	-500,000
1	10,000	300,000	25,000	40,000	200,000
2	10,000	300,000	35,000	40,000	250,000
3	10,000	300,000	45,000	40,000	300,000
4	100,000	300,000	55,000	40,000	350,000

Cash flow projections for A,B,C,D and E in Rs. (figures are end of year totals)

Suppose, the time value of money is zero (discounted rate is zero) and the risk level of all five projects is the same.

7	From the five	projects	which	project	airrac.	the high	act not	1110	9
/.	From the five	projects,	WIIICII	project	gives	me mgi	iest net	varue	

- (a) Project A
 (b) Project B
 (c) Project C
 (d) Project D
 (e) Project E
- 8. From the five projects, what is the highest net value?
 - (a) Rs. 160,000 (b) Rs. 200,000 (c) Rs. 600,000 (d) Rs. 1,100,000 (e) Rs. 1,200,000

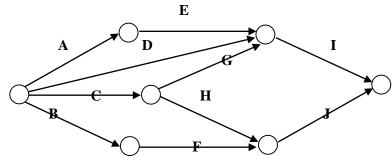
9. Identify the best project to be implemented by evaluating the five projects using the Payback period method. (Assume that cash inflows are spread throughout the year.)

(a) Project A
(b) Project B
(c) Project C
(d) Project D
(e) Project E

10. What is the ROI (Return of the Investment) value for the best project?

(a)	20%
(b)	33%
(c)	60%
(d)	120%
(e)	150%

11. The activity-on-arrow network chart given below indicates the paths A-E-I and B-F-J to be critical.



Which of the following gives the correct durations of each activity of the above Network Chart (all activity durations given in weeks)?

- (a) A=4, B=5, C=6, D=11, E=7, F=11, G=7, H=6, I=10, J=9
- (b) A=5, B=7, C=6, D=10, E=8, F=11, G=7, H=6, I=10, J=8
- (c) A=7, B=5, C=5, D=10, E=8, F=11, G=8, H=6, I=9, J=9
- (d) A=7, B=5, C=6, D=10, E=8, F= 9, G=7, H=6, I=10, J=11
- (e) A=7, B=5, C=6, D=10, E=8, F=11, G=7, H=6, I=10, J=9

Based on the network chart given for the previous question, what is the minimum duration to complete the project?

- (a) 23 days
- (b) 24 days
- (c) 25 days
- (d) 26 days
- (e) 28 days

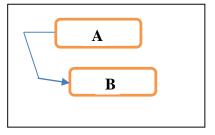
13. Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct?

- (a) Dummy activities have no duration.
- (b) Dummy activities have no resources.
- (c) Dummy activities are used to represent logical sequences.
- (d) Dummy activities are used in drawing precedence diagrams.
- (e) Dummy activities are used in drawing activity-on-arrow network diagrams.

14. Which of the following statements could be a part of a contingency plan?

- (a) If the new version of the software is not released within one month, the company will use the existing software.
- (b) Before going to make a presentation to the board of directors, a presenter must take a printout of his presentation.
- (c) Before starting a project, the team must draw an activity-on-node diagram and identify the critical path.
- (d) In calculating the discounting factor, the current bank interest rate should be used.
- (e) The client is asked to keep SLR 2,000,000.00 as contingency reserves.

15. The following figure represents Activity A and Activity B. What is the relationship between these two activities as shown in the figure?



- (a) Task (A) cannot start until task (B) starts.
- (b) Task (B) cannot start until task (A) finishes.
- (c) Task (B) cannot start until task (A) starts.
- (d) Task (B) cannot finish until task (A) finishes.
- (e) Task (B) cannot finish until task (A) starts.
- 16. Which of the following items is/are a part of a risk management plan?
 - (a) Methodology
 - (b) Roles and responsibility
 - (c) Risk probability and impact
 - (d) Risk register
 - (e) Project management plan
- 17. Which of the following should be included in a top ten risk item tracking chart?
 - (a) Risk event
 - (b) Rank this month and Rank last month
 - (c) Rank this month and Rank next month
 - (d) Number of months in top ten
 - (e) Expected risk value for a future date
- 18. Which of the following risks need(s) the immediate attention of the top management of an organization?

High	Risk 1	Risk 4	
Medium	Risk 2	Risk 5	Risk 7
Low	Risk 3	Risk 6	Risk 8
Probability / Impact	Low	Medium	High

- (a) Risk 1
- (b) Risk 8
- (c) Risk 7
- (d) Risk 4
- (e) Risk 3

19.	Which of the following formulae correctly give a number that represents an overall risk of a specific
	event?

- (a) Probability of occurring a negative event and the impact of that event to achieve the mission of the project
- (b) Probability of occurring a positive event and the impact of that event to achieve the mission of the project
- (c) Probability of occurring an event and the impact of that event to achieve the mission of the project
- (d) Probability of occurring a negative event into the impact of that event to achieve the mission of the project
- (e) Probability of occurring a negative event plus the impact of that event to achieve the mission of the project
- 20. Which of the following clearly describe(s) a risk?
 - (a) A risk is always positive. Therefore, it should be mitigated.
 - (b) A risk can be positive. Therefore, these kinds of risk must be explored.
 - (c) A risk can only be negative. Therefore, such risks should be mitigated.
 - (d) A risk can be either negative or positive.
 - (e) A risk can be both negative and positive at the same time.
- 21. What is meant by a watch list in project risk management?
 - (a) A list of risks that are high priority
 - (b) A list of risks that are low priority
 - (c) A list of risks that are very likely to occur in the near future
 - (d) A list of risks that are very likely to occur in the near future and have higher impacts
 - (e) A list of risks that will never occur in the near future
- 22. Suppose there is a 20 percent chance that you will lose SLR 10,000.00 and a 80% chance that you will earn SLR 100,000.00 on a particular project. What is the project's estimated monetary value (EMV)?
 - (a) SLR 30,000.00
 - (b) SLR 87,000.00
 - (c) SLR 67,000.00
 - (d) SLR 70,000.00
 - (e) SLR 78,000.00
- 23. Which of the following is/are **not** a qualitative risk analysis tool?
 - (a) Simulation
 - (b) Sensitivity analysis
 - (c) Monte Carlo analysis
 - (d) Expert judgment
 - (e) Top ten risk items tracking tool

24.	Which of the following categories of people/organizations can make an expert judgment?
	(a) Experts inside the organization
	(b) Experts outside the organization
	(c) Suppliers
	(d) Trade unions
	(e) Foreign experts
25.	Suppose you have a buy or make decision based on the following information. The purchase price of an equipment is SLR 15,000.00 and daily operating cost of the equipment is SLR 500.00. Another option is leasing the equipment for SLR 1,000.00 per day. The daily operating cost of the leased equipment is SLR 50.00. It is estimated that the project will take 25 days to complete. What is the best option in terms of monetary value and the saving respectively?
	(a) Buying the equipment with a saving of SLR 1,250.00
	(b) Leasing the equipment with a saving of SLR 1,250.00
	(c) Buying the equipment with a saving of SLR 2,500.00
	(d) Leasing the equipment with a saving of SLR 2,500.00
	(e) Both would cost the same.
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26.	According to Program Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT) weighted average, a project needs
	12 days to be completed. Assuming that optimistic time duration is 8 working days and pessimistic
	time period is 24 working days, how many days would this project most likely take to be completed?
	(a) 8 working days
	(b) 10 working days
	(c) 12 working days
	(d) 16 working days
	(e) 24 working days
27.	Which of the following shows the number of resources assigned to a project over time ?
	(a) Project organizational chart
	(b) Organizational breakdown structure
	(c) Resource histogram
	(d) Responsible assignment matrix
	(e) RACI chart
28.	Which of the following is not a tool or technique for managing project teams?
	(a) Conflict management
	(b) Resource histogram
	(c) Observation and conversation
	(d) Social Style Profile
	(e) Resource levelling

- 29. Which of the following lists correctly show the order of stages involved in Tuckman model?
 - (a) Adjourning, storming, norming, performing, forming
 - (b) Forming, storming, norming, performing, adjourning
 - (c) Forming, adjourning, storming, norming, performing
 - (d) Norming, forming, storming, performing, adjourning
 - (e) Performing, storming, norming, forming, adjourning
- Which of the following correctly list the order of stages involved in testing information technology projects?
 - (a) unit testing, integration testing, system testing, user acceptance testing
 - (b) unit testing, user acceptance testing, integration testing, system testing
 - (c) unit testing, system testing, integration testing, , user acceptance testing
 - (d) unit testing, integration testing, user acceptance testing, system testing
 - (e) user acceptance testing, system testing, integration testing, unit testing

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