



Module 12: Service Layer

CS544: Enterprise Architecture



Spring Services

- In this short module we will first discuss the purpose of the Service layer in Spring (enterprise) applications, after which we will also take a look at how to split the spring configuration file into multiple smaller special purpose configuration files.

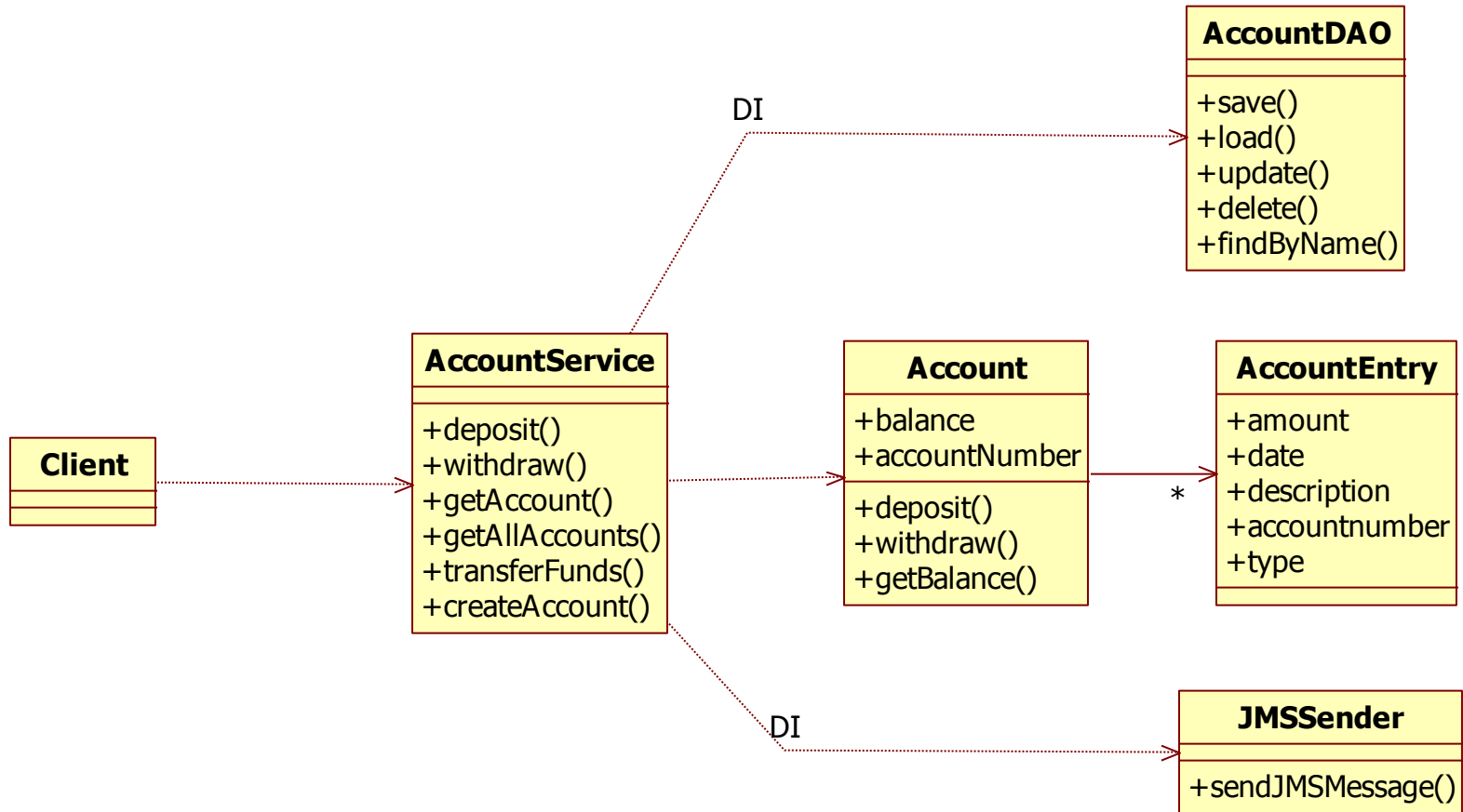


Service Layer:

THE SERVICE LAYER

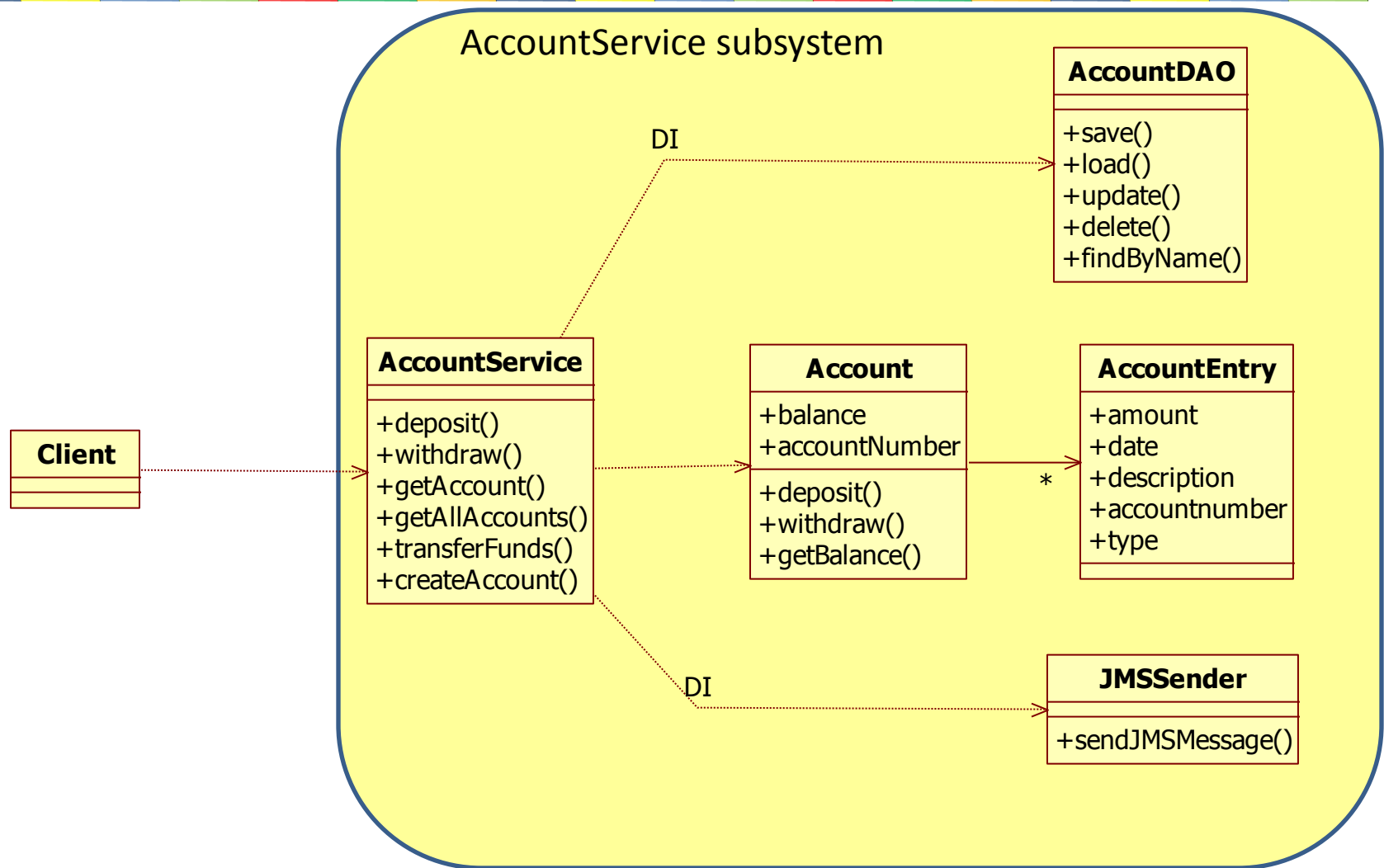


Service Object



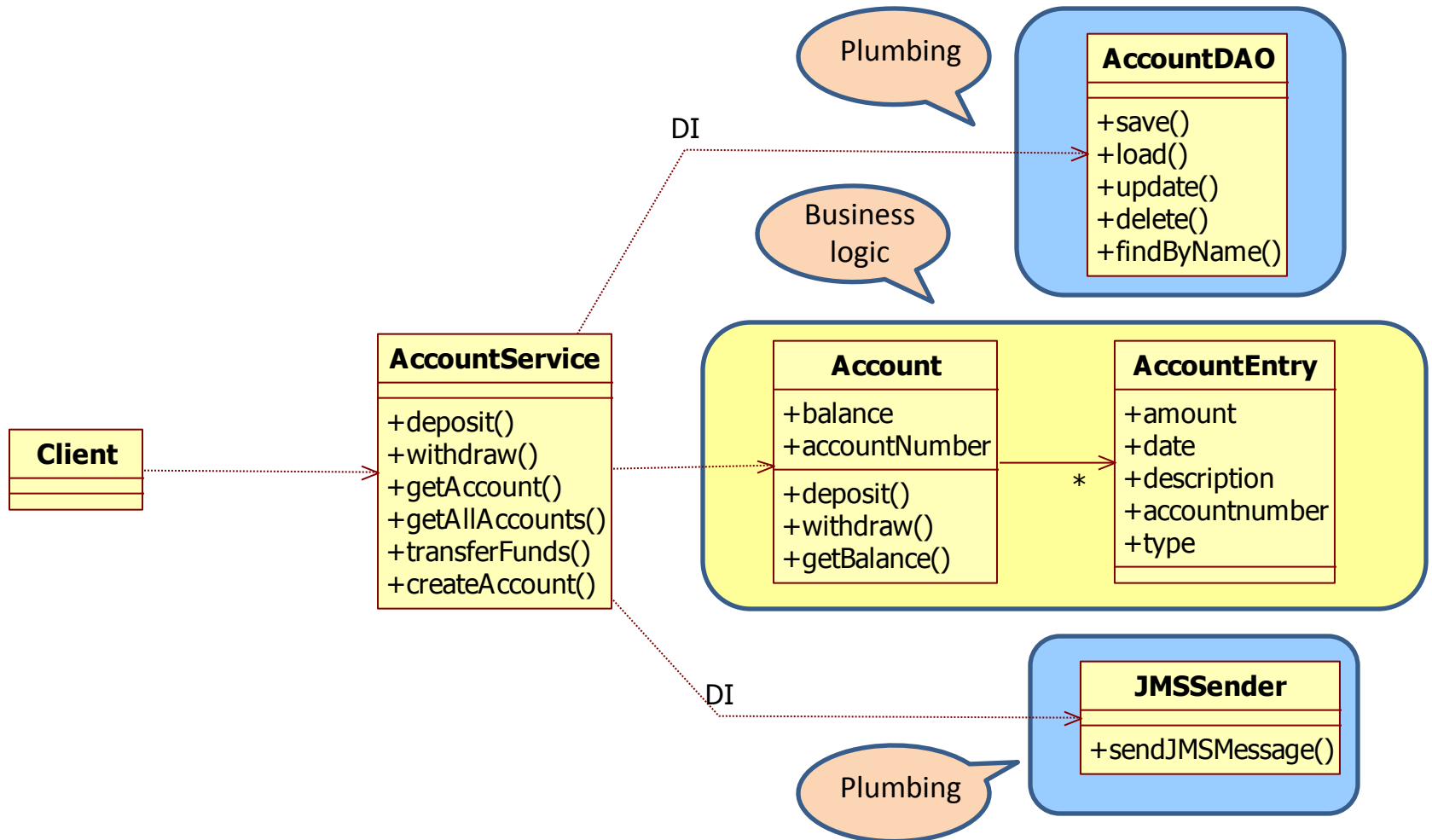


Entry of a complex subsystem



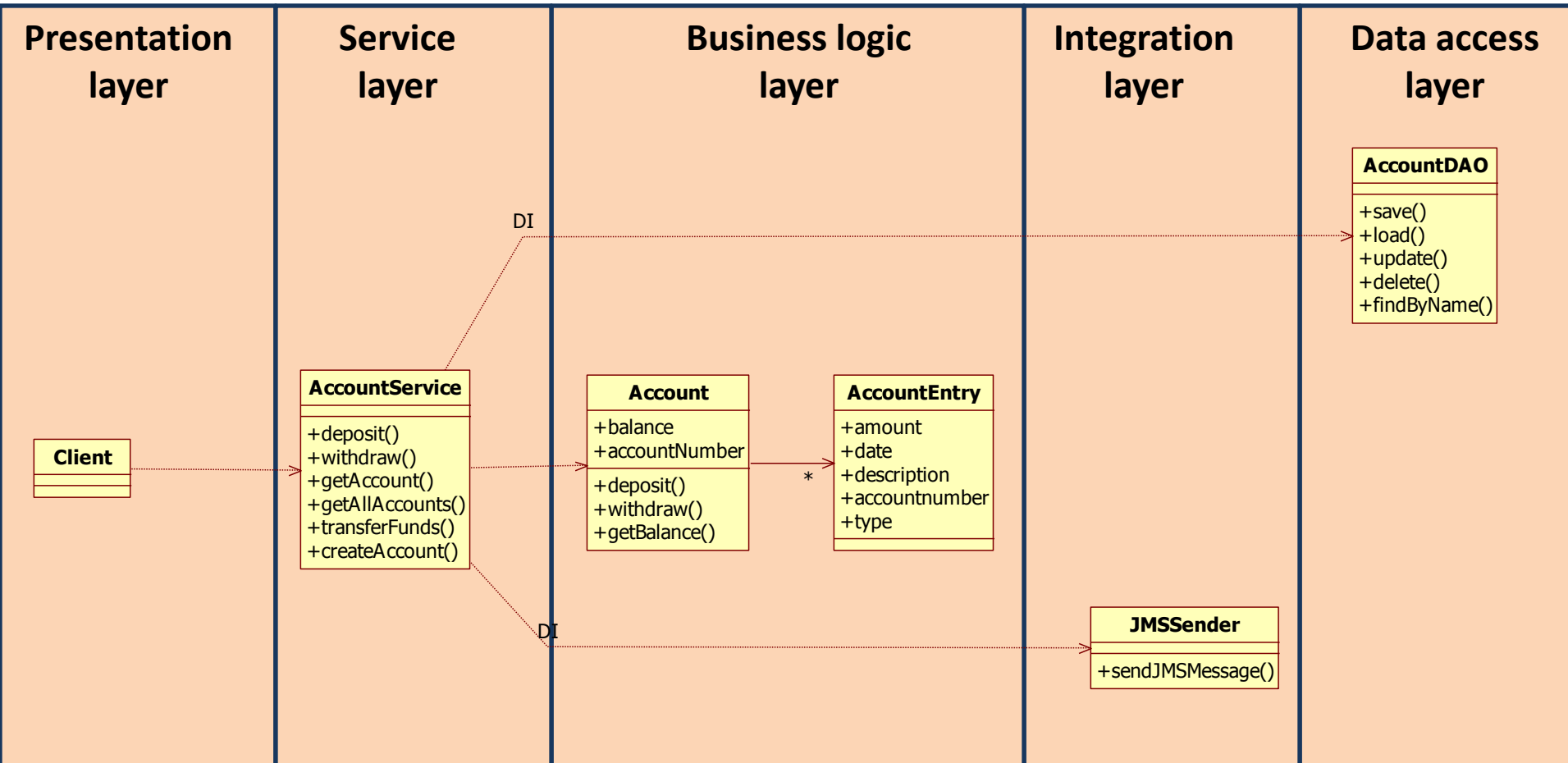


Separation of concern



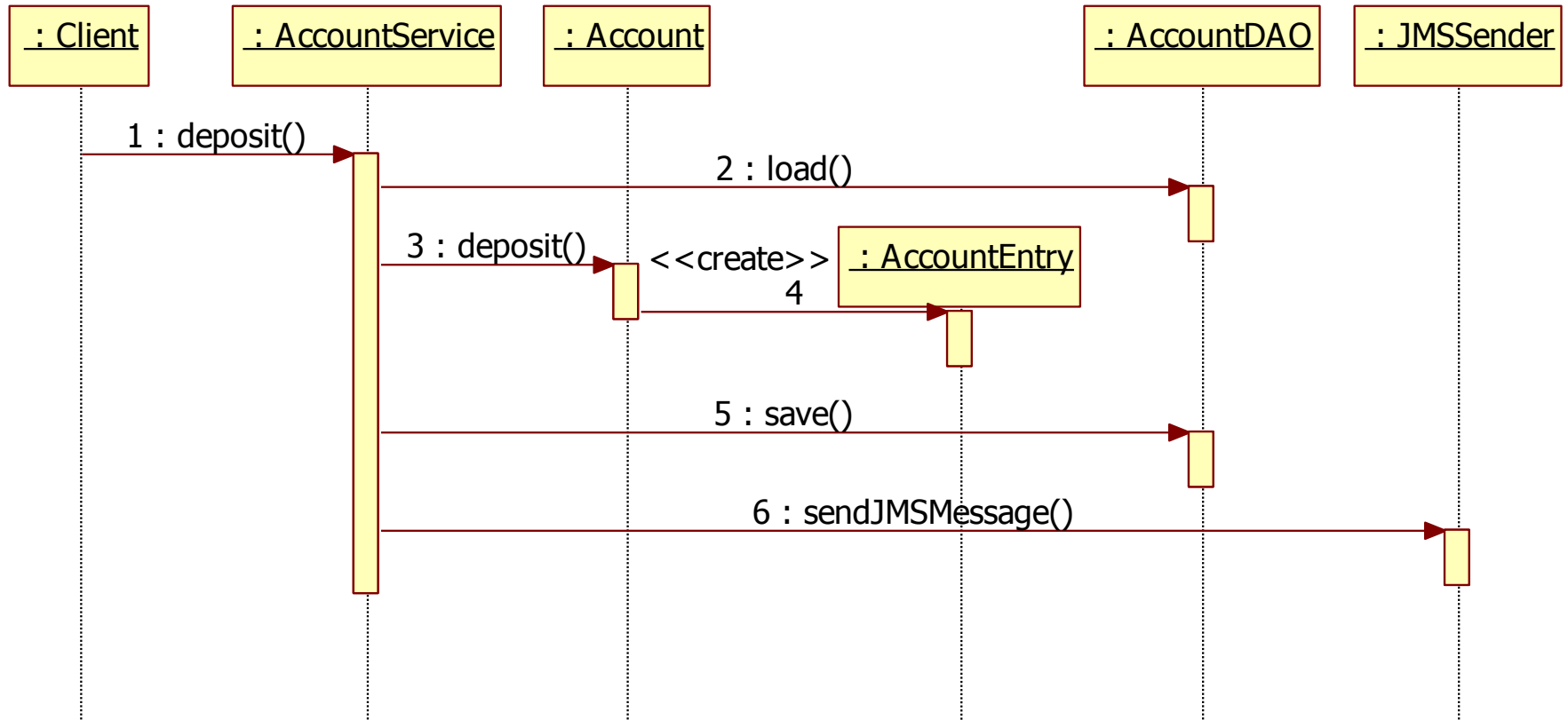


Application layers





Service object





The Service Layer

- As our application grows we notice that we can differentiate between technology specific controllers and on a deeper level business control (Service Layer).
- A bigger application doesn't mean a bigger mess, just a different organization; all that is needed is some awareness of what is going on.



Service Layer:

MULTIPLE CONFIGURATION FILES



Multiple XML configuration files using include

```
public class Application {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        ApplicationContext context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("accountService.xml");  
        IAccountService accountService = context.getBean("accountService", IAccountService.class);  
        ...  
    }  
}
```

accountService.xml

```
<beans ...>  
    <import resource="dataAccess.xml"/>  
    <import resource="jmsService.xml"/>  
    <bean id="accountService" class="bank.service.AccountService">  
        <constructor-arg index="0" ref="accountDAO" />  
        <constructor-arg index="1" ref="jmsSender" />  
    </bean>  
</beans>
```

Import other XML configuration files

dataAccess.xml

```
<beans ...>  
    <bean id="accountDAO" class="bank.dao.AccountDAO" />  
</beans>
```

jmsService.xml

```
<beans ...>  
    <bean id="jmsSender" class="bank.jms.JMSSender" />  
</beans>
```



Multiple XML configuration files through the ApplicationContext

3 XML files

```
public class Application {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        String[] xmlResources = {"accountService.xml", "dataAccess.xml", "jmsService.xml"};  
        ApplicationContext context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext(xmlResources);  
        IAccountService accountService = context.getBean("accountService", IAccountService.class);  
        ...  
    }  
}
```

accountService.xml

```
<beans ...>  
    <bean id="accountService" class="bank.service.AccountService">  
        <constructor-arg index="0" ref="accountDAO" />  
        <constructor-arg index="1" ref="jmsSender" />  
    </bean>  
</beans>
```

dataAccess.xml

```
<beans ...>  
    <bean id="accountDAO" class="bank.dao.AccountDAO" />  
</beans>
```

jmsService.xml

```
<beans ...>  
    <bean id="jmsSender" class="bank.jms.JMSsender" />  
</beans>
```



Multiple configuration classes with @Import

```
@Configuration
```

```
@Import(EmailConfig.class)
```

```
public class AppConfig {
```

```
    @Autowired
```

```
    EmailService emailService;
```

Import the EmailConfig class

Autowire the emailService

```
    @Bean
```

```
    public CustomerService customerService() {
```

```
        CustomerService customerService = new CustomerServiceImpl();
```

```
        customerService.setEmailService(emailService);
```

```
        return customerService;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
@Configuration
```

```
public class EmailConfig {
```

```
    @Bean
```

```
    public EmailService emailService() {
```

```
        return new EmailServiceImpl();
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```



Multiple Configuration Files

- Since our application itself is often large, (and found in layers) it makes sense to separate a large spring configuration file along the same lines, into the same layers.



Active Learning

- How does the Service layer support the concept of separation of concerns?
- What are the two ways that you can connect multiple configuration files together?



Summary

- Almost all Spring applications make use of service objects
- Service objects connect enterprise service objects (DOA's, loggers, email senders, etc) with the business logic objects.
 - Providing Separation of Concerns
- The Spring configuration file can be split up in several configuration files