

# README

This project implements face verification using the ArcFace model on a ResNet101 backbone, focusing on robust data augmentation and hyperparameter settings for improved accuracy.

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## Model Architecture

- **Backbone:** ResNet101 pretrained on ImageNet (IMAGENET1K\_V1) is used as the feature extractor. The fully connected (FC) layer of ResNet101 is removed, and ArcFace is applied to enforce a cosine-based margin.
- **ArcFace:** The ArcMarginProduct module adds a cosine margin for better discrimination, using settings of:
  - $s = 64.0$ : Scaling factor to adjust the output.
  - $m = 0.9$ : Margin parameter that enhances feature separation.

## Data Augmentation

- **Train Transformations:**
  - `Resize(112)`: Resizes images to 112x112.
  - `RandAugment()`: Applies random transformations, increasing data diversity.
  - `ToTensor()` and `Normalize(mean=[0.5, 0.5, 0.5], std=[0.5, 0.5, 0.5])`: Standardize images to have a mean and standard deviation of 0.5 across each channel.
- **Verification Dataset Transformations:**
  - `CenterCrop(112)`: Crops the center portion of each image for consistent verification input size.
  - `ToTensor()` and `Normalize(mean=[0.5, 0.5, 0.5], std=[0.5, 0.5, 0.5])`: Ensures normalized inputs for testing as well.
- **Additional Techniques:**
  - **Mixup**: Combines two images and labels in a batch to prevent overfitting and enhance robustness.
  - **CutMix**: Mixes random regions of one image with another for improved model generalization.

## Hyperparameters

- **Batch Size:** 64, selected for a balance between computational efficiency and performance.
- **Learning Rate:** 0.001, using Adam optimizer.
- **Loss Function:** Cross-entropy with label smoothing of 0.1.
- **Scheduler:** CosineAnnealingLR with  $T_{max} = 20$ , decays the learning rate smoothly over epochs.

## Ensemble

After training, the top-3 performing models based on validation accuracy are selected for ensemble. These models' predictions are averaged for the final test results, ensuring robustness in face verification.

## WandB logs



### Training and Validation Logs

The training and validation logs, visualized via Weights & Biases (wandb), illustrate performance trends over epochs:

- **Training Accuracy (train\_cls\_acc)** and **Validation Accuracy (valid\_cls\_acc)** initially increase, peaking around the middle epochs, and then start to decline. This trend suggests that overfitting occurs in the later epochs, as the model's generalization ability decreases.
- **Training Loss (train\_loss)** and **Validation Loss (valid\_loss)** decrease steadily at first, reaching a minimum in the mid-epochs, but then begin to rise again, which also indicates signs of overfitting.
- **Verification Accuracy (valid\_ret\_acc)** shows initial growth and then stabilizes, highlighting the model's verification capability.

To mitigate overfitting and maximize verification performance, we performed an **ensemble** using the top 3 models based on validation accuracy. By averaging the predictions of each selected model, the ensemble improves robustness and stability in the final test results.