

Paper I

Answer all the questions.

- 01. What is the type of source that privides information about the Pre Historic Era of Sri Lanka?
 - 1. Inscriptions
- 2. Mahawamsa
- 3. Micro stone tools

- 4. Ruins of ancient buildings
- 02. Who was the ruler who made Anuradhapuraya a full pledged capital?
 - 1. King Vijaya

2. King Devanampiyathissa

3. King Dutugemunu

- 4. King Pandukabhaya
- 03. What is the chronicle which was compiled by Mahanama thero that reveals information about the political background of ancient Sri Lanka?
 - 1. Deepawamsa
- 2. Mahawamsa
- 3. Datawamsa
- 4. Bodhiwamsa

04. Match A and B, mark the correct answer.

A

В

1. Iban Batuta

A. Portugal

2. Fahien Thero

B. Arabia

3. Kautilya

C. China

4. Rebeiro

- D. Rome
- E. India

- 1. BCEA
- 2. BCAE
- 3. CBED
- 4. BDEA
- 05. What is considered as the most prominent harbour during the Era of Anuradhapuraya?
 - 1. Uruwela
- 2. Gokanna
- 3. Dambakolapatuna
- 4. Mahathiththa
- 06. What is the area that provides information about Pre Historic Era?
 - 1. Mihinthalaya
- 2. Sithulpawwa
- 3. Ritigala
- 4. Pahiyangala

07.	Kuruwita Batadombalena, Bulathsinghala Pahiyangala and Kithulgala Belilena are important,				
	1. Because these were the hiding places during the Era of Anuradhapuraya				
	2. Because Brahmi inscriptions were found from these places				
	3. As many information were revealed about the pre historic man from these areas				
	4. Because many monasteries were located in these areas				
08.	Village borders were marked during the reign of King,				
	1. Devanampiyathissa 2. Wasabha 3. Walagamba 4. Pandukabhaya				
09.	Who was the ruler who introduced the Mauryan Kshathriya Coronation tradition to the island?				
	1. Bimbisara 2. Chandraguptha Maurya 3. Ashoka 4. Samudraguptha				
10.	Mahawamsa reveals information about a king who showed his leadership qualities by ordering his subjects to honour the rival's tomb who was killed by him. The king is,				
	1. Dutugemunu 2. Pandukabhaya 3. Vijayabahu I 4. Wasabha				
11.	Underline the incorrect answer regarding the inheritance of Kingship during the rule of Anuradhapura Era . 1. Kingship was given to son from his father .				
	2. King Devanampiyathissa gave the kingship to his brothers.				
	3. King Saddhathissa received the kingship from his brother.				
	4. King Wankanasikathissa was given the kingship after the reign of King Vijayabahu I				
12.	What is the area that is important to obtain information about the rituals of the Pre Historic Era?				
	1. Udaranchamadama 2. Galewela, Yatigalpoththa 3. Ibbankatuwa 4. Rawana Ella				
13.	Nikaya Sangrahaya is important to study the era between				
	1. Anuradhapuraya to Polonnaruwa 2. Kandy to Kotte 3. Gampola to Kotte 4. Kotte to Kandy				
14. ;	What is the type of archeological source that provides information about the jewellery of ancient women? 1. Sigiriya Frescoes 2. Paintings at Thiwanka Pilimageya				
	3. Cave inscriptions of Mihinthalaya 4. Wessagiriya inscription				
15.	What is the annotation written for Mahawamsa ? 1. Deepawamsa 2. Mahawamsa 3. Wansaththappakasini 4. Chulawamsa				

16.	Eda Heladiva was written by						
	1. An English author who never visited Sri Lanka.						
	2. A Portuguese autl	2. A Portuguese author who lived in Abhayagiriya					
	3. An English author who lived in Sri Lanka for 19 years as a prisoner						
	4. Phillippus Baldaeus						
17.	Iranamadu Formation had been formated 1. 125000 years ago 3. Due to heavy rainy seasons of Pleistocene Era			2. During the Holocene era4. Due to soil erosion			
18.	We receive the olde	st information al	oout using iron	n as a metal from,			
	1. Rathnapuraya	2. Udaranchan	nadama	3. Haldummulla	4. Beragala		
19.	What is the most important type of source among the following to obtain information regarding the Pre Historic Era?						
	1. Epigraphy	2. Folk Stories	; ⁻	3. Cave paintings	4. Micro stone tools		
20. W	hat is the oldest type o	of inscriptions the	at has been for	und in Sri Lanka ?			
	1. Pillar inscriptions	2. Cave inscrip	otions	3. Rock inscriptions	4. Slab inscriptions		
21.	Who was known as I 1. Provincial ruler 3. Ruler of Nakadiva	•	e eastern part of the country ffna				
22.	What was the main factor that had influenced the ancient people to engage in agriculture and transform their livelihood? 1. Increase of the dampness of soil 2. As there were less animals to hunt 3. Increase of the temperature on the earth and the ice age came to end 4. Increase of population						
23.	What is the most important index that provides information regarding the spread of settlements in the Early Historic Era? 1. Expansion of the small scale village level tanks. 2. Expansion of caves						
24.	3. Existence of red soil 4. Existence of plains What is the most important change that can be seen in the transformation to the new era? 1. Advanced knowledge on pottery 2. Using micro stone tools 3. Baking food before eaten 4. Leading a normadic life						

25.	Applying red colour brown stor	Applying red colour brown stones on the skeleton - evidence found from,					
	1. Ibbankatuwa 2. Galew	ela Yatigalpoththa	3. Rawana El	la 4. Yapahuwa			
26.	Finding Chinese, Arabian, Roman and VOC coins reveal information regarding 1. The developed trading activities in ancient Sri Lanka 2. The coins used in foreign countries 3. The development of agriculture 4. The development of waste management						
27.	What is the most important river valley that reveals information regarding the expansion of settlements?						
	1. Mahaweli 2. Kelani	3. Wa	lawe	4. Kirindi			
28.	What was the main objective of forming an Ellangawa? 1. Conservation of water 2. Controlling floods 3. Protecting the environment 4. Existence of a balanced bio diversity						
29.	What is the climatic zone that the						
	1. Lowland wetzone 2. Dry zon		ni Arid zone	4. Arid zone			
30.	Who is considered as the ruler o	Who is considered as the ruler of an Ellangawa?					
	1. Mapurumuka 2. Paruma	ika 3. Gar	nika	4. Gahapathi			
31.	What is known as Numismatics 1. The study of ancient inscripti 3. The study of ancient pottery	ons 2. The	2. The study of ancient ruins4. The study of ancient coins				
32.	Most of the local literary sources written during the period of Anuradhapuraya to Kotte reveal information regarding,						
	1. The religious affairs		2. The political affairs				
	3. The economic affairs	4. The	cultural affairs				
33. ' 1	Minihagalkanda ' is a settlement loo	cated in					
ş	1. The wet zone 2. The dry		e coastal area	4. The hillside area			
34.	What was the main responsibility of Parumakas?						
	1. Administration of cities		ministration of	Nakaras			
	3. Administration of a tank netw	ork 4. Adı	4. Administration of Nurupura				

35.	1. King Wa Answer que: A - Construct B - Pioneer of C - Providin	stion number 36 and 3 ction of Ruwanwelisey of Lambakarna dynast g leadership to the firs in constructing large s	ra 7 based or ya y st organize	3. King Dutu the followin	g facts	4. King Abaya
36. What are the incidents related to the reign of King Dutugemunu?					munu ?	
	1. A and C	2. A and D	3. B an	d C	4. B and E	
37.	What are the	incidents related to th	the reign of King Wasabha?			
	1. A and B	2. A and D	3. B an	d C	4. B and E	
38. W	hat is introduc	ed as Pura Kamatha ir	Brahmi i	nscriptions?		
	1. Officer in charge of the horses			2. Officer in charge of customs		
	3. Officer in charge of the dining hall 4. The chief architect of the city					ity
39.	Minister who ruled Nakadiva during the reign of King Wasabha was named as					
	1. Rishigiri	2. Piyangukathissa	3. Buda	lna	4. Ravideva	
40.	The word Mahasammatha was used to 1. Introduce the ruler of the eastern part of the country 2. Introduce parumakas 3. Introduce the rulers who received the consent of the majority					

4. Introduce the sub kings

Paper II

- · Question Number 01 is compulsory.
- Answer two other questions from question numbers 02, 03 and 04.

Part I

01. (A) Mark the following places on a given Sri Lankan map.

Kala wewa, Minipe anicut, Deduru oya, Kandy, Galoya, Anuradhapuraya, Devinuwara, Lankapatuna, Salwathota, Nallur, Nachchaduwa wewa, Gampola (12)

- Mark the following places on a given Asian map.
 Red sea, Constantinople, Calicut, Japan, Italy, Malacca strait (6)
- (B) Answer the following questions
 - 1. First Lambhakarna ruler of Sri Lanka
 - 2. Place that provides information regarding baking food 12500 years ago
 - 3. The inscription that mentions about Dasagam Aththan
 - 4. The place where the sculpture of The man and the horse head is located . (4)
- (C) Answer the questions based on the picture 01.
- (i) What is shown by this picture?
- (ii) What is the place where it is located?
- (iii) What is the type of burial that it belong to?
- (iv) What is the cultural stage that it is belong to?
- 02.
- (i) What is the inscription shown in the picture?
- (ii) Name the king whose period that it was inscribed.
- (iii) What was the concept of kingship that this king had followed?
- (iv) Where is it located?

Part II

- 02. (i) Name 03 local literary sources and 02 foreign literary sources .
 - (ii) Describe the importance of Deepawamsa by writing five facts.
 - (iii) Describe the importance of Mahawamsa by stating five facts.
- 03. (i) Name five environmental zones that the Pre Historic man had lived .
 - (ii) Write five facts about the life style of the Pre Historic man.
 - (iii) Describe about the rituals of the Pre Historic Era.
- 04. (i) Name five places that the burial sites of the Proto Historic Era are located.
 - (ii) Describe the life style of the Proto Historic Era.
 - (iii) Name three Vapigama and two villages allocated for various occupations.



