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A Dissertation PBL Report on

Sign Language Recognition

Submitted by

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Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science & Engineering

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DECLARATION

I Student of seventh semester BE, Dept of Computer Science and Engineering, Ramaiah Institute of Technology, Bangalore, hereby declare that the project entitled “Sign Language Recognition”, thesis completed and written by me under the guidance of Pramod Sunagar, Dept of CSE, Bangalore for the partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the degree of Bachelor of Engineering.

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Abstract

Sign language is the language used by the deaf and dumb to communicate among themselves and others. Unless the concerned people know the sign language properly, there's a communication barrier between them. In most cases, an interpreter is required to carry out such a conversation. To reduce the dependency of the deaf and dumb on interpreters, we develop a real time sign language detection system that converts the gestures from images and videos into English sentences, using various deep learning techniques.

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1 Introduction

1.1 General Introduction

Sign Language is a vision based language that uses the movements of the hands and facial expressions for communication. Subtle differences among different hand gestures can have a huge impact on the meaning that they convey. Along with this, it is important to prevent the background noise of the image from affecting the gestures being communicated. We consider such problems and challenges and develop an effective sign language recognition system.

1.2 Statement of the Problem

There exist models that convert American Sign Language to sentences. However, most of these techniques are not based on deep learning. These models also cannot handle the nuances of the Indian Sign Language. We use the Indian sign Language and deep neural networks to develop a model that can convert gestures of ISL into English text.

1.3 Objectives of the project

- To develop an Indian Sign Language recognition system.
- To design a deep neural network which can give a better performance and robustness compared to the existing image processing and machine learning models.

1.4 Project deliverables

- An application that obtains frames from sign language communication videos, processes them, and obtains the meaning being conveyed by them in the form of English text.
- Comparison of performance of our model with existing algorithms used for sign language recognition.

1.5 Current Scope

Image and video processing is one of the important fields in Machine Learning and Deep Learning right now. The huge number of images and videos on social media and otherwise has led to an increased interest in the field. The algorithms and techniques developed as a result of this can be used in more impactful fields like helping the deaf and dumb lead more convenient lives.

The hand signs along with the emotions displayed by the individual provide the content and tone of the sentence. A tool to convert their words into a widely used language enhances their ability to communicate.

1.6 Future Scope

Since such applications will always be necessary, research and development of new algorithms to improve the efficiency of interpretation of sign language will be endless. Deep learning has a lot more to offer than what has already been explored. With such possibilities, there will always be scope to develop newer models that can be used in sign language recognition. The models used in this can also be used in other applications such as gesture controlled systems, tracking unusual activity, etc. with slight tweaks. With slight modification, it can also be used for recognition of other sign languages.

Moreover, the current work can be further extended to output speech instead of text. A similar generative model can be used to map speech or text to actions by stitching together pre-recorded videos or actually generate an interface with a skeletal structure. This model can be seamlessly integrated with various applications on different platforms to support high productivity.

2 Literature Survey

2.1 Introduction

There have been a lot of different approaches used to solve the problem of sign language recognition. However, most of these use image processing in MATLAB, upon which Machine Learning algorithms are applied. There has also been some work done using artificial neural networks.

2.2 Related work with the citation of references

[1] deals with the double handed Indian Sign Language. It is captured as a series of images and is processed with the help of MATLAB and then converted to speech and text. However this approach uses image processing techniques which are highly sensitive to lighting conditions.

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2.3 Conclusion of Survey

Deep neural networks have revolutionized how different Machine Learning problems are approached. Using them to solve this problem can give significant results, and that is precisely what this project explores.

3 Project Management Plan

3.1 Schedule of the project

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4 Software Requirement Specification

4.1 Project Overview

Images of numbers and letters, and videos of words and sentences are fed as input to the model and interpreted text is received as output.

4.2 Hardware

We use a system with NVIDIA® GeForce® 940MX (4 GB DDR3) GPU and 8 GB RAM to perform our experiment. A camera is required to record hand gestures and facial expressions.

4.3 Software Requirements

- Python
- OpenCV
- CUDA
- PyTorch has been used for training and testing the deep neural network.

4.4 Functional Requirements

- Take image and video inputs of sign language conversation.
- Extract frames from videos for training.
- A training algorithm to reduce train-test error and generalize the model to make it invariant to lighting conditions.
- Convert the received output classes to letters, words or sentences.

5 Design

5.1 Introduction

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5.2 Architecture Design

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5.3 Data Flow Diagram

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5.4 Conclusion

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