# **ITW Experiment 7**

## Anshal Kapil, 7

**Aim:** Use the Plot function in MATLAB

## Theory:

In MATLAB, the `plot` function is a fundamental tool for creating 2D plots and visualizing data. It is a versatile function that can be used for a wide range of plotting tasks. Here is some theory and key information about the `plot` function:

### 1. \*Basic Usage\*:

- `plot` is used to create 2D plots of data points.
- It typically takes two arguments: the x-values and y-values of the data points to be plotted.

## 2. \*Line Style and Color\*:

- You can specify the line style and color using additional arguments. For example, you can create a red dashed line by using:  $\dot plot(x, y, 'r--')$ .

#### 3. \*Markers\*:

- Markers can be added to data points for better visualization. For example,  $\dot (x, y, \dot o)$  will add circular markers at data points.

#### 4. \*Title and Labels\*:

- You can add a title to the plot using the `title` function, and label the x and y-axes using `xlabel` and `ylabel`.

## 5. \*Legends\*:

- If you have multiple data series in the same plot, you can add a legend to distinguish them.

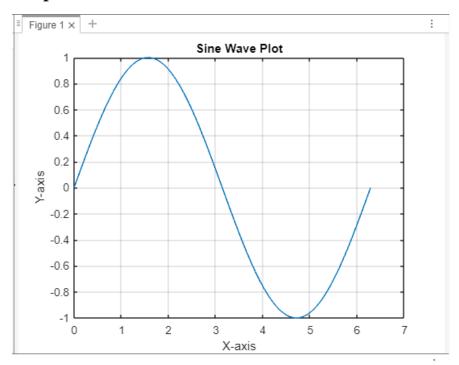
### 6. \*Grid and Annotations\*:

- Grid lines can be added to the plot using `grid on`. You can also add annotations, text, and arrows to highlight specific points or regions in the plot.

# **Code:**

```
x = linspace(0, 2 * pi, 100);
y = sin(x);
plot(x, y);
xlabel('X-axis');
ylabel('Y-axis');
title('Sine Wave Plot');
grid on;
```

# **Output:**



**Conclusion:** Thus, we have learned to use the Plot function in MATLAB.