

ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES CRAVING: ITS EFFECTS TO STUDENTS-DRINKERS '
ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE

A Bachelor's Thesis

Presented to

The Committee of Oral Examiners J.H. CERILLES STATE COLLEGE

DUMINGAG CAMPUS Dumingag, Zamboanga del Sur

In Partial Fulfillment of
the Requirements for the Degree
Bachelor of Secondary Education

by

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ABSTRACT

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Summary

This study was conducted to determine the effects of alcoholic beverages craving to the academic performance of the student-participants of J.H. Ceriles State College, Caridad, Dumingag, Zamboanga del Sur, School Year 2018 2019. It sought to find out the type of alcoholic beverages student-participants consume and the frequency of their consumption, the predetermined factors affecting alcohol craving, the social effects of alcoholic beverages, the respondents' academic performance and the significant relationship between the pre-determined factors affecting alcoholic beverages craving and the student-participants' academic performance.

This study utilized the descriptive-correlational with the questionnaire-checklist as the instrument used in gathering the data vital to the study.

The statistical techniques employed in the study were frequency counts, percentage, WAM and t-test.

The data revealed that most of the participants drank beer once or twice a month and have a good academic performance because they can control their craving in alcoholic beverages.

There was no significant relationship between the predetermined factors affecting alcoholic beverages craving and the academic performance of the student-participants.

The study recommends that the school administration through the DSA, strengthen the policies prohibiting The study recommends that the school administration through the DSA, strengthen the policies prohibiting students from drinking alcohol beverages during class hours; that parents closely monitor their children so as to avoid if not minimize their alcoholic drinking habits; that

students may improve further in their academic performance through focusing in their studies and minimizing their engagement to alcoholic beverages drinking: similar study be conducted with variables.