浙江大学实验报告

课程名称:	操作系统分析及实验	Ž	_实验类型:	综合型/设计性
实验项目名称:	实验1 重建 Lin	ux 内核		
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一、实验目的

学习重新编译 Linux 内核,理解、掌握 Linux 内核和发行版本的区别。

二、实验内容

重新编译内核是一件比你想像的还要简单的事情,它甚至不需要你对内核有任何的了解,只要你具备一些基本的 Linux 操作系统的知识就可以进行。

本次实验,要求你在 RedHat Fedora Core 5 的 Linux 系统里,下载并重新编译其内核源代码;然后,配置 GNU 的启动引导工具 grub,成功运行你刚刚编译成功的 Linux 内核。

三、主要仪器设备(必填)

计算机配置:命令为 #cat /proc/cpuinfo

LINUX 版本: ubuntu 20.04.1

原 KERNEL 版本: 命令为#uname -r, 版本号为 5.4.0-42-generic

```
root@myMiracle:/home/zero# uname -r
5.4.0-42-generic
```

四、操作方法和实验步骤

1. 查找并且下载一份内核源代码

在 Linux 的官方网站: www.kernel.org , 下载内核版本 5.9.5。

- -linux-5.9.5.tar.xz
- -patch-5.9.5.xz

mainline:	5.10-rc2	2020-11-01	[tarball]		[patch]	[inc. patch]	[view diff]	[browse]	
stable:	5.9.5	2020-11-05	[tarball]	[pgp]	[patch]	[inc. patch]	[view diff]	[browse]	[changelog]
stable:	5.8.18 [EOL]	2020-11-01	[tarball]	[pgp]	[patch]	[inc. patch]	[view diff]	[browse]	[changelog]
longterm:	5.4.75	2020-11-05	[tarball]	[pgp]	[patch]	[inc. patch]	[view diff]	[browse]	[changelog]
longterm:	4.19.155	2020-11-05	[tarball]	[pgp]	[patch]	[inc. patch]	[view diff]	[browse]	[changelog]
longterm:	4.14.204	2020-11-05	[tarball]	[pgp]	[patch]	[inc. patch]	[view diff]	[browse]	[changelog]
longterm:	4.9.241	2020-10-29	[tarball]	[pgp]	[patch]	[inc. patch]	[view diff]	[browse]	[changelog]
longterm:	4.4.241	2020-10-29	[tarball]	[pgp]	[patch]	[inc. patch]	[view diff]	[browse]	[changelog]
linux-next:	next-20201105	2020-11-05						[browse]	

在 root 文件夹下新建 update 文件夹,并将刚刚下载的两个文件移入

#cd /root

#mkdir update

#sudo nautilus



- 2. 部署内核源代码
 - 1) 执行#apt-get update 来更新软件源

```
root@myMiracle:/home/zero# apt-get update
命中:1 http://cn.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal InRelease
获取:2 http://packages.microsoft.com/repos/vscode stable InRelease [3,958 B]
获取:3 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-security InRelease [107 kB]
获取:4 http://cn.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-security InRelease [111 kB]
获取:5 http://packages.microsoft.com/repos/vscode stable/main amd64 Packages [20 7 kB]
获取:6 http://cn.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-backports InRelease [98.3 kB]

茅耶 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-security/main amd64 Packages [353 kB]
茅耶 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-security/main i386 Packages [146 kB]
获取:9 http://cn.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main i386 Packages [366 kB]
获取:10 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-security/main Translation-en [81 .4 kB]
获取:11 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-security/main amd64 DEP-11 Metad ata [24.3 kB]
获取:12 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-security/main DEP-11 48x48 Icons [11.0 kB]
获取:13 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-security/main DEP-11 64x64 Icons [16.5 kB]
```

2) 执行#apt-get install kernel-package libncurses5-dev libssl-dev 安装需要的环境

```
root@myMfracle:/home/zero# apt-get install kernel-package libncurses5-dev libssl-dev 正在读取软件包列表...完成 正在分析软件包的依赖关系树 正在读取状态信息...完成 将会同时安装下列软件:
build-essential dblatex dblatex-doc docbook-dsssl docbook-utils docbook-xsl dpkg-dev dvisvgm fakeroot fonts-gfs-baskerville fonts-gfs-porson fonts-lato fonts-lmodern fonts-texgyre gettext intltool-debian javascript-common kernel-common libalgorithm-c3-perl libalgorithm-diff-perl libalgorithm-diff-serl libalgorithm-diff-serl libalgorithm-diff-serl libalgorithm-diff-serl libclass-c3-xs-perl libclass-data-inheritable-perl libclass-c3-xs-perl libclass-data-inheritable-perl libclass-c3-xs-perl libclass-perl libclass-xaccessor-perl libclass-perl libdevel-globaldestruction-perl libdevel-lexalias-perl libdevel-stacktrace-perl libdevel-lexalias-perl libdevel-stacktrace-perl libdevel-lexalias-perl libdynaloader-functions-perl libemail-date-format-perl libel-which-perl libfontbox-java libipc-shareable-perl libfie-homedir-perl libfie-which-perl libfontbox-java libipc-shareable-perl libfie-homedir-perl libfie-which-perl libmime-lite-perl libmime-types-perl libmodule-implementation-perl libmime-lite-perl libmime-perl libmime-lite-perl libmime-perl libmime-perl libmime-perl libmime-perl libmime-perl libmime-perl libmodule-runtime-perl libmro-compat-perl libnamespace-autoclean-perl libnamespace-clean-perl libncurses-dev libosp5 libostyle1c2
```

c) 在工作目录下解压缩内核并执行

xz -d linux-5.9.5.tar.xz

tar xvf linux-5.9.1.tar

完成后工作目录如下:

```
root@myMiracle:~/update# ls
linux-5.9.5 linux-5.9.5.tar patch-5.9.5.xz
```

d) 把工作目录下的 linux-5.9.5 和补丁 patch-5.9.5.xz 复制到/user/src 文件夹

#cp linux-5.9.5 /usr/src -rf

#cp patch-5.9.5.xz /usr/src

#cd /usr/src

```
root@myMiracle:/usr/src# ls
linux-5.9.5 linux-headers-5.4.0-42-generic
linux-headers-5.4.0-42 patch-5.9.5.xz
```

e) 打内核补丁

xz -d patch-5.9.1.xz | patch -p1

```
root@myMiracle:/usr/src# xz -d patch-5.9.5.xz|patch -p1
root@myMiracle:/usr/src#
```

f) 创建符号链接,从而可以通过/usr/src/linux 访问它

ln -s /usr/src/linux-5.9.1/ linux

3. 配置内核

在编译内核前,一般来说都需要对内核进行相应的配置。配置是精确控制新内核功能的机会。配置过程也控制哪些需编译到内核的二进制映像中(在启动时被载入),哪些是需要时才装入的内核模块(module)。

第一次编译的话,有必要将内核源代码树置于一种完整和一致的状态。因此,我们推荐执行命令 make mrproper。它将清除目录下所有配置文件和先前生成核心时产生的.o 文件: #make mrproper

用 uname -r 命令查看当前的内核版本号,得知为 5.4.0-42-generic

```
root@myMiracle:/usr/src/linux-5.9.5# uname -r
5.4.0-42-generic
```

把/usr/src/linux-headers-5.4.0-42-generic 里面的.config 文件复制到 linux-5.9.5 文件夹中:

cp /usr/src/linux-headers-5.4.0-42-generic/.config /usr/src/linux-5.9.5/

执行 make menuconfig

```
root@myMiracle:/usr/src/linux-5.9.5# make menuconfig
HOSTCC scripts/basic/fixdep
UPD scripts/kconfig/mconf-cfg
HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/mconf.o
HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/lxdialog/checklist.o
HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/lxdialog/inputbox.o
HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/lxdialog/menubox.o
HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/lxdialog/textbox.o
HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/lxdialog/textbox.o
HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/lxdialog/yesno.o
HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/confdata.o
HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/confdata.o
HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/lexpr.o
LEX scripts/kconfig/lexer.lex.c
/bin/sh: 1: flex: not found
make[1]: *** [scripts/Makefile.host:9; scripts/kconfig/lexer.lex.c] 错误 127
make: *** [Makefile:606; menuconfig] 错误 2
```

产生报错 error127 与 error2,使用 sudo apt-get install flex 进行安装 flex,发生 lock-frontend 锁错误

```
root@myMiracle:/usr/src/linux-5.9.5# sudo apt-get install flex
E: 无法获得锁 /var/lib/dpkg/lock-frontend。锁正由进程 11622(unattended-upgr)持有
N: 请注意,直接移除锁文件不一定是合适的解决方案,且可能损坏您的系统。
E: 无法获取 dpkg 前端锁 (/var/lib/dpkg/lock-frontend),是否有其他进程正占用它?
```

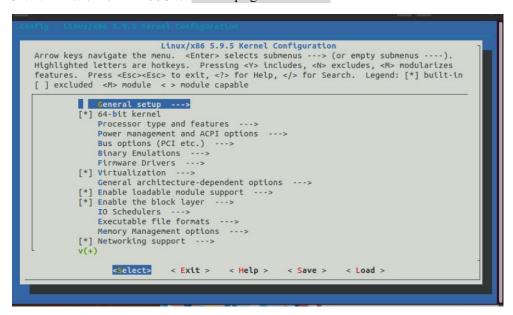
使用如下命令杀死该锁

#sudo rm /var/lib/dpkg/lock-frontend

#sudo rm /var/cache/apt/archives/lock

#sudo rm /var/lib/dpkg/lock

完成后重新下载 flex,并执行#sudo apt-get install flex



依次选择 load→OK→Save→OK→EXIT→EXIT, 得到更新的.config 文件。

```
root@myMiracle:/usr/src/linux-5.9.5# make menuconfig
YACC scripts/kconfig/parser.tab.[ch]
HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/lexer.lex.o
HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/parser.tab.o
HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/preprocess.o
HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/symbol.o
HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/util.o
HOSTLD scripts/kconfig/mconf
scripts/kconfig/mconf Kconfig
.config:3815:warning: symbol value 'm' invalid for ISDN_CAPI
.config:8245:warning: symbol value 'm' invalid for ASHMEM
.config:9205:warning: symbol value 'm' invalid for ANDROID_BINDER_IPC
.config:9206:warning: symbol value 'm' invalid for INTERCONNECT

*** End of the configuration.
*** Execute 'make' to start the build or try 'make help'.
```

4. 编译内核和模块

使用#make bzImage -jN 命令编译内核,其中虚拟机主机是 2 核 CPU #make bzImage -j4

```
Setup is 15612 bytes (padded to 15872 bytes).
System is 11583 kB
CRC a8047ec8
Kernel: arch/x86/boot/bzImage is ready (#1)
```

完成后产生的内核文件 bzImage 的位置在/usr/src/linux/arch/x86/boot 目录下,用户的 CPU 是 Intel x86 型的,内核源代码放在/usr/src/linux 目录下。

```
root@myMiracle:/usr/src/linux-5.9.5/arch/x86/boot#
                                         edd.o
                                                                       string.o
a20.c
              copy.S
                                                                                       video.o
                                         genimage.sh
                                                           pmjump.o
a20.o
                                                                                       video-vesa.c
              CDU.C
apm.c
              cpucheck.c
                                         header.o
                                                           pmjump.S
                                                                       tty.c
                                                                                       video-vesa.o
                                         header.S
bioscall.o
              cpucheck.o
                                                           pm.o
                                                                                       video-vga.c
                                                                        tty.o
                                                           printf.c
                                                                                       video-vga.o
bioscall.S
             cpuflags.c
                                         install.sh
                                                                       version.c
              cpuflags.h
                                                                       version.o
                                                                                       vmlinux.bin
bitops.h
                                         main.c
                                                           printf.o
              cpuflags.o
                                         main.o
boot.h
                                                                       vesa.h
                                                                                       voffset.h
                                                           regs.c
bzImage
                                         Makefile
                                                                       video-bios.c zoffset.h
              cpu.o
                                                           regs.o
                                                                       video-bios.o
cmdline.c
              cpustr.h
                                         memory.c
cmdline.o
              ctype.h
                                         memory.o
                                                           setup.elf
                                                                       video.c
video.h
code16gcc.h early_serial_console.c mkcpustr
compressed early_serial_console.o mkcpustr.c
                                                           setup.ld
                                         mkcpustr.c string.c mtools.conf.in string.h
                                                                       video-mode.c
                                                                       video-mode.o
```

如果选择了可加载模块,编译完内核后,要对需要的模块进行编译: #make modules -j8 安装模块: #make modules install

```
INSTALL sound/usb/line6/snd-usb-pod.ko
INSTALL sound/usb/line6/snd-usb-podhd.ko
INSTALL sound/usb/line6/snd-usb-toneport.ko
INSTALL sound/usb/line6/snd-usb-variax.ko
INSTALL sound/usb/misc/snd-ua101.ko
INSTALL sound/usb/snd-usb-audio.ko
INSTALL sound/usb/snd-usbmidi-lib.ko
INSTALL sound/usb/snd-usbmidi-lib.ko
INSTALL sound/usb/usx2y/snd-usb-us122l.ko
INSTALL sound/usb/usx2y/snd-usb-usx2y.ko
INSTALL sound/x86/snd-hdmi-lpe-audio.ko
INSTALL sound/xen/snd_xen_front.ko
```

安装内核: #make install

5. 应用 grub 配置启动文件

#mkinitramfs 5.9.1 -o /boot/initrd.img-5.9.1

#update-grub2

```
root@miracle-virtual-machine:/usr/src/linux# mkinitramfs 5.9.1 -o /boot/initrd.img-5.9.1 root@miracle-virtual-machine:/usr/src/linux# update-grub2 Sourcing file /etc/default/grub' Sourcing file /etc/default/grub.d/init-select.cfg' 正在生成 grub 配置文件 ...
找到 Linux 镜像: /boot/vmlinuz-5.9.1
找到 Linux 镜像: /boot/vmlinuz-5.9.1
找到 initrd 镜像: /boot/vmlinuz-5.4.0-52-generic
找到 initrd 镜像: /boot/vmlinuz-5.4.0-52-generic
找到 linux 镜像: /boot/vmlinuz-5.4.0-42-generic
找到 linux 镜像: /boot/vmlinuz-5.4.0-42-generic
表到 initrd 镜像: /boot/initrd.img-5.4.0-42-generic
Found memtest86+ image: /boot/memtest86+.bin
完成
```

update-grub2 命令会帮我们自动修改 grub。

完成编译内核 bzImage (vmlinuz-5.9.1), 放到了指定位置/boot; initrd.img-5.9.1、 System.map-5.9.1 等辅助资源,同样放到了/boot; 我们也配置了 grub。

重启主机,发现主机内核版本已经被修改:

```
root@miracle-virtual-machine:/home/miracle# uname -r
5.9.1
```

五、实验结果和分析

内核压缩包:

```
System.map
```

lib 文件夹下:

```
crc7.No hexdump.o nemory-notifier-error-inject.mod.c sort.c ucs2_stri
crc7.nod hweight.c nemory-notifier-error-inject.nod.c sort.c usercopy.
crc7.nod.c idr.c nemory-notifier-error-inject.o sort.o usercopy.
crc7.nod.o idr.o nemregion.o sort.o uud.c
crc8.c interval_tree.c nemergion.o string_device.c uud.c
crc8.c interval_tree.c nemergion.o string_device.c uud.c
crc8.nod interval_tree.c nemergion.o string_helpers.c vsprintf,
crc8.nod interval_tree.tc nondules.order string_helpers.o vsprintf,
crc8.nod.c ionap.c
crc8.nod.c ionap.copy.c nuldi3.c string_nelpers.o win_ninma
crc8.nod.o ionap_copy.o netdev-notifier-error-inject.c string_yron_user.c win_ninma
crc8.cctitt.o ionap.copy.o netdev-notifier-error-inject.c string_user.c xarray.c
crc-cctitt.o ionap.helper.c net_utils.o strine_user.o xahash.c
crc-titu-t.ko iov_ter.c nlattr.o syscall.c xahash.c
crc-titu-t.nod.c irq_poll.o nndemask.c test_bitrap.c zlib_dflt
crc-titu-t.nod.c irq_poll.o nodemask.c test_bitrsp.c zlib_dflt
crc-titu-t.nod.c irq_regs.o notifier-error-inject.c test_blackhole_dev.c
crc-tidiff.o is single threaded.c
```

grub.conf 文件内容如下:

#

DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE

#

It is automatically generated by grub-mkconfig using templates

from /etc/grub.d and settings from /etc/default/grub

#

BEGIN /etc/grub.d/00_header

if [-s \$prefix/grubenv]; then

```
set have grubenv=true
  load env
fi
if ["{\{initrdfail\}}" = 2]; then
   set initrdfail=
elif [ "\{\text{initrdfail}\}" = 1 ]; then
   set next_entry="${prev_entry}"
   set prev_entry=
   save_env prev_entry
   if [ "${next_entry}" ]; then
       set initrdfail=2
   fi
fi
if [ "\{next\_entry\}" ]; then
   set default="${next_entry}"
   set next entry=
   save env next entry
   set boot once=true
else
   set default="0"
fi
if [ x" { feature menuentry id}" = xy ]; then
  menuentry_id_option="--id"
else
  menuentry id option=""
fi
export menuentry_id_option
if [ "${prev_saved_entry}" ]; then
  set saved entry="${prev saved entry}"
  save env saved entry
  set prev_saved_entry=
  save env prev saved entry
  set boot once=true
fi
function savedefault {
  if [ -z "${boot once}"]; then
     saved_entry="${chosen}"
     save env saved entry
  fi
}
```

```
function initrdfail {
         if [-n "${have grubenv}"]; then if [-n "${partuuid}"]; then
           if [ -z "${initrdfail}" ]; then
              set initrdfail=1
              if [ -n "${boot once}"]; then
                set prev entry="${default}"
                save env prev entry
              fi
           fi
            save env initrdfail
    function recordfail {
       set recordfail=1
       if [-n "${have_grubenv}"]; then if [-z "${boot_once}"]; then save_env recordfail; fi; fi
    function load video {
       if [x$feature all video module = xy]; then
         insmod all video
       else
         insmod efi gop
         insmod efi uga
         insmod ieee1275 fb
         insmod vbe
         insmod vga
         insmod video bochs
         insmod video cirrus
       fi
    }
    if [x$feature default font path = xy]; then
        font=unicode
    else
    insmod part msdos
    insmod ext2
    set root='hd0,msdos5'
    if [x$feature platform search hint = xy]; then
       search --no-floppy --fs-uuid --set=root --hint-bios=hd0,msdos5 --hint-efi=hd0,msdos5
--hint-baremetal=ahci0,msdos5 6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
    else
       search --no-floppy --fs-uuid --set=root 6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
    fi
         font="/usr/share/grub/unicode.pf2"
    fi
```

```
if loadfont $font; then
  set gfxmode=auto
  load video
  insmod gfxterm
  set locale dir=$prefix/locale
  set lang=zh CN
  insmod gettext
fi
terminal output gfxterm
if [ "\{\text{recordfail}\}" = 1 ]; then
  set timeout=30
else
  if [x$feature timeout style = xy]; then
    set timeout_style=hidden
    set timeout=0
  # Fallback hidden-timeout code in case the timeout style feature is
  # unavailable.
  elif sleep --interruptible 0; then
    set timeout=0
  fi
fi
### END /etc/grub.d/00 header ###
### BEGIN /etc/grub.d/05 debian theme ###
set menu color normal=white/black
set menu_color_highlight=black/light-gray
### END /etc/grub.d/05 debian theme ###
### BEGIN /etc/grub.d/10_linux ###
function gfxmode {
    set gfxpayload="${1}"
    if [ "\{1\}" = "keep" ]; then
         set vt_handoff=vt.handoff=7
    else
         set vt handoff=
    fi
}
if [ "${recordfail}" != 1 ]; then
  if [ -e ${prefix}/gfxblacklist.txt ]; then
    if hwmatch ${prefix}/gfxblacklist.txt 3; then
       if [\{\text{match}\} = 0]; then
         set linux gfx mode=keep
       else
```

```
set linux gfx mode=text
           fi
         else
           set linux gfx mode=text
         fi
      else
         set linux gfx mode=keep
      fi
    else
      set linux gfx mode=text
    fi
    export linux_gfx mode
    menuentry 'Ubuntu' --class ubuntu --class gnu-linux --class gnu --class os
$menuentry id option 'gnulinux-simple-6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a' {
         recordfail
         load video
         gfxmode $linux gfx mode
         insmod gzio
         if [x$grub platform = xxen]; then insmod xzio; insmod lzopio; fi
         insmod part msdos
         insmod ext2
         set root='hd0,msdos5'
         if [x\$feature platform search hint = xy]; then
           search --no-floppy --fs-uuid --set=root --hint-bios=hd0,msdos5 --hint-efi=hd0,msdos5
--hint-baremetal=ahci0,msdos5 6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
         else
           search --no-floppy --fs-uuid --set=root 6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
         fi
         linux
                  /boot/vmlinuz-5.9.1 root=UUID=6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
   quiet splash $vt handoff
                  /boot/initrd.img-5.9.1
         initrd
    }
                               的
                                      高
                                            级
                                                   洗
                                                         项
                                                                      $menuentry id option
    submenu
                  'Ubuntu
'gnulinux-advanced-6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a' {
         menuentry 'Ubuntu, Linux 5.9.1' --class ubuntu --class gnu-linux --class gnu --class os
$menuentry id option 'gnulinux-5.9.1-advanced-6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a' {
             recordfail
             load_video
              gfxmode $linux gfx mode
              insmod gzio
              if [ x$grub platform = xxen ]; then insmod xzio; insmod lzopio; fi
              insmod part msdos
              insmod ext2
              set root='hd0,msdos5'
```

```
if [x$feature platform search hint = xy]; then
                search
                           --no-floppy
                                          --fs-uuid
                                                       --set=root
                                                                     --hint-bios=hd0,msdos5
--hint-efi=hd0,msdos5
                                                              --hint-baremetal=ahci0,msdos5
6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
             else
                search
                                    --no-floppy
                                                            --fs-uuid
                                                                                   --set=root
6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
             fi
             echo'载入 Linux 5.9.1 ...'
             linux
                       /boot/vmlinuz-5.9.1
root=UUID=6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a ro quiet splash $vt handoff
             echo'载入初始化内存盘...'
             initrd
                       /boot/initrd.img-5.9.1
         }
         menuentry 'Ubuntu, with Linux 5.9.1 (recovery mode)' --class ubuntu --class gnu-linux
                                                                      $menuentry id option
--class
                   gnu
                                    --class
                                                       os
'gnulinux-5.9.1-recovery-6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a' {
             recordfail
             load video
             insmod gzio
              if [x$grub platform = xxen]; then insmod xzio; insmod lzopio; fi
              insmod part msdos
              insmod ext2
              set root='hd0,msdos5'
             if [x$feature platform search hint = xy]; then
                           --no-floppy
                                                                     --hint-bios=hd0,msdos5
                search
                                          --fs-uuid
                                                       --set=root
--hint-efi=hd0,msdos5
                                                               --hint-baremetal=ahci0,msdos5
6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
              else
                                    --no-floppy
                                                            --fs-uuid
                search
                                                                                   --set=root
6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
             fi
              echo'载入 Linux 5.9.1 ...'
              linux
                       /boot/vmlinuz-5.9.1
root=UUID=6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a ro recovery nomodeset
              echo'载入初始化内存盘...'
              initrd
                       /boot/initrd.img-5.9.1
         }
         menuentry 'Ubuntu, Linux 5.4.0-52-generic' --class ubuntu --class gnu-linux --class gnu
                                                                      $menuentry id option
--class
'gnulinux-5.4.0-52-generic-advanced-6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a' {
             recordfail
             load_video
              gfxmode $linux gfx mode
```

```
insmod gzio
              if [x$grub platform = xxen]; then insmod xzio; insmod lzopio; fi
              insmod part msdos
              insmod ext2
              set root='hd0,msdos5'
              if [x$feature platform search hint = xy]; then
                                          --fs-uuid
                           --no-floppy
                                                        --set=root
                                                                      --hint-bios=hd0,msdos5
--hint-efi=hd0,msdos5
                                                               --hint-baremetal=ahci0,msdos5
6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
              else
                search
                                    --no-floppy
                                                             --fs-uuid
                                                                                   --set=root
6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
              fi
              echo'载入 Linux 5.4.0-52-generic ...'
                       /boot/vmlinuz-5.4.0-52-generic
              linux
root=UUID=6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a ro quiet splash $vt handoff
              echo'载入初始化内存盘...'
              initrd
                       /boot/initrd.img-5.4.0-52-generic
         }
         menuentry 'Ubuntu, with Linux 5.4.0-52-generic (recovery mode)' --class ubuntu --class
                                                                       $menuentry id option
gnu-linux
                  --class
                                             --class
                                 gnu
'gnulinux-5.4.0-52-generic-recovery-6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a' {
              recordfail
              load video
              insmod gzio
              if [ x$grub platform = xxen ]; then insmod xzio; insmod lzopio; fi
              insmod part msdos
              insmod ext2
              set root='hd0,msdos5'
              if [x$feature platform search_hint = xy]; then
                                          --fs-uuid
                                                                      --hint-bios=hd0,msdos5
                           --no-floppy
                                                       --set=root
                search
--hint-efi=hd0,msdos5
                                                               --hint-baremetal=ahci0,msdos5
6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
              else
                search
                                    --no-floppy
                                                             --fs-uuid
                                                                                   --set=root
6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
              fi
              echo'载入 Linux 5.4.0-52-generic ...'
              linux
                       /boot/vmlinuz-5.4.0-52-generic
root=UUID=6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a ro recovery nomodeset
              echo'载入初始化内存盘...'
              initrd
                       /boot/initrd.img-5.4.0-52-generic
         menuentry 'Ubuntu, Linux 5.4.0-42-generic' -- class ubuntu -- class gnu-linux -- class gnu
```

```
--class
                                                                       $menuentry id option
                                     os
'gnulinux-5.4.0-42-generic-advanced-6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a' {
              recordfail
              load video
              gfxmode $linux gfx mode
              insmod gzio
              if [x$grub platform = xxen]; then insmod xzio; insmod lzopio; fi
              insmod part msdos
              insmod ext2
              set root='hd0,msdos5'
              if [x$feature platform search hint = xy]; then
                                                                      --hint-bios=hd0,msdos5
                search
                           --no-floppy
                                           --fs-uuid
                                                        --set=root
--hint-efi=hd0,msdos5
                                                               --hint-baremetal=ahci0,msdos5
6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
              else
                search
                                    --no-floppy
                                                             --fs-uuid
                                                                                   --set=root
6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
              fi
              echo'载入 Linux 5.4.0-42-generic ...'
                       /boot/vmlinuz-5.4.0-42-generic
root=UUID=6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a ro quiet splash $vt handoff
              echo'载入初始化内存盘...'
              initrd
                       /boot/initrd.img-5.4.0-42-generic
         }
         menuentry 'Ubuntu, with Linux 5.4.0-42-generic (recovery mode)' --class ubuntu --class
                  --class
gnu-linux
                                             --class
                                                                       $menuentry id option
                                 gnu
                                                            os
'gnulinux-5.4.0-42-generic-recovery-6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a' {
              recordfail
              load_video
              insmod gzio
              if [ x$grub platform = xxen ]; then insmod xzio; insmod lzopio; fi
              insmod part msdos
              insmod ext2
              set root='hd0,msdos5'
              if [x$feature platform search hint = xy]; then
                search
                           --no-floppy
                                           --fs-uuid
                                                        --set=root
                                                                      --hint-bios=hd0,msdos5
--hint-efi=hd0,msdos5
                                                               --hint-baremetal=ahci0,msdos5
6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
              else
                                    --no-floppy
                                                             --fs-uuid
                search
                                                                                   --set=root
6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
              fi
              echo'载入 Linux 5.4.0-42-generic ...'
                       /boot/vmlinuz-5.4.0-42-generic
              linux
```

```
root=UUID=6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a ro recovery nomodeset
              echo'载入初始化内存盘...'
                       /boot/initrd.img-5.4.0-42-generic
             initrd
         }
    }
    ### END /etc/grub.d/10 linux ###
    ### BEGIN /etc/grub.d/10 linux zfs ###
    ### END /etc/grub.d/10 linux zfs ###
    ### BEGIN /etc/grub.d/20 linux xen ###
    ### END /etc/grub.d/20 linux xen ###
    ### BEGIN /etc/grub.d/20 memtest86+ ###
    menuentry 'Memory test (memtest86+)' {
         insmod part msdos
         insmod ext2
         set root='hd0,msdos5'
         if [x\$feature platform search hint = xy]; then
           search --no-floppy --fs-uuid --set=root --hint-bios=hd0,msdos5 --hint-efi=hd0,msdos5
--hint-baremetal=ahci0,msdos5 6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
         else
           search --no-floppy --fs-uuid --set=root 6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
         fi
         knetbsd /boot/memtest86+.elf
    }
    menuentry 'Memory test (memtest86+, serial console 115200)' {
         insmod part msdos
         insmod ext2
         set root='hd0,msdos5'
         if [x$feature platform search hint = xy]; then
           search --no-floppy --fs-uuid --set=root --hint-bios=hd0,msdos5 --hint-efi=hd0,msdos5
--hint-baremetal=ahci0,msdos5 6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
           search --no-floppy --fs-uuid --set=root 6b150898-d356-4343-a456-81b423e8511a
         fi
         linux16 /boot/memtest86+.bin console=ttyS0,115200n8
    ### END /etc/grub.d/20 memtest86+ ###
    ### BEGIN /etc/grub.d/30 os-prober ###
    ### END /etc/grub.d/30 os-prober ###
```

```
### BEGIN /etc/grub.d/30_uefi-firmware ###
### END /etc/grub.d/30_uefi-firmware ###
### BEGIN /etc/grub.d/40_custom ###
# This file provides an easy way to add custom menu entries. Simply type the
# menu entries you want to add after this comment. Be careful not to change
# the 'exec tail' line above.
### END /etc/grub.d/40_custom ###

### BEGIN /etc/grub.d/41_custom ###

if [ -f ${config_directory}/custom.cfg ]; then
    source ${config_directory}' -a -f $prefix/custom.cfg ]; then
    source $prefix/custom.cfg;
fi
### END /etc/grub.d/41_custom ###
```

六、问题解答

- 1. Linux 内核目录下有一个.config 文件,请说明这个文件的作用? 是 linux 内核的配置文件
- 2. 在 Linux 内核代码树中,很多子目录有 Makefile 文件和 Kconfig 文件,请分别解释这两个文件的作用?

Kconfig 文件可以建立各层子目录之间的链接,Makefile 文件可以选择各个目录下的文件是否被编译,Kconfig 文件建立了整个编译关系(即.config 文件控制 Makefile 文件编译指定程序代码的过程)

3. 浏览/boot 目录,你一定发现了 System.map-4.6.0 文件,以及 initrd.img-4.6.0 文件。这两个文件分别起什么作用? 你能否设计一个实验来验证你的判断?

每当你编译一个新内核时,各种符号名的地址会变化。System.map 存储符号信息和地址的对应关系,随着每次内核的编译,就会产生一个新的 System.map 文件,并且需要用该文件取代原来的文件。initrd 的含义是 initialized ram disk,ramdisk 是用一部分内存模拟成磁盘,让操作系统访问。initrd.img 文件就是个 ramdisk 的映像文件。ram disk 是标准内核文件认识的设备(/dev/ram0)文件系统也是标准内核认识的文件系统。内核加载这个 ram disk 作为根文件系统并开始执行其中的某个文件来加载各种模块,服务等。再经过一些配置和运行后,就可以去物理磁盘加载真正的 root 分区了。

七、讨论、心得

本实验帮助我对于 linux 中断的指令更加熟悉,同时对于 linux 内核模块的编译过程有了更加清晰的认识。