

Java Basic Questions

1. Java: Braces

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Given a list of strings of bracket characters: `(){}[]`, the string of brackets is *balanced* under the following conditions:

1. It is the empty string.
2. If strings *a* and *b* are balanced, then *ab* is balanced.
3. If string *a* is balanced, then *(a)* and *[a]* are balanced.

Write a class that determines whether the brackets in each string are balanced and returns *true* if the string is balanced, or *false* if it is not.

Example 0

```
Language Java 8
1 > import java.util.*;
2
3
4 // Write your code here. DO NOT use an access modifier in your code.
5 class Parser{
6     static String isBalanced(String s)
7     {
8
9     }
10
11 }
12
13 > class Solution {
```

2. Java: Type Counter

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Identify the different data types present in an input string and report their counts. Each of the substrings, separated by one or more spaces, is one of either the String, Integer, or Double type. Print the results on 3 lines in the order shown in the example. If a type does not occur, report that type with a count of 0.

Example

sentence = "can you give me 10 bucks puff in 7.5 or 7"

The output is:

string 8

integer 2

double 1

There is a single space between the type and the count.

Function Description

Complete the function `typeCounter` in the editor below.

`typeCounter` has the following parameter(s):

string *sentence*: a string to analyze

Returns

None: Print the results within the function and return nothing.

Constraints

```
Language Java 8
28 String[] sen2=sen.split(" ");
29
30 for(int i=0;i<sen2.length;i++){
31     try{
32         Integer d=Integer.parseInt(sen2[i]);
33     }catch(NumberFormatException ex1){
34         iflag=false;
35     }
36     if(iflag==false){
37         try{
38             Double g=Double.parseDouble(sen2[i]);
39         }catch(NumberFormatException ex1){
40             sflag=false;
41         }
42     }
43     if(iflag)
44         ii=ii+1;
45     if(sflag==true&& iflag==false)
46         dd=dd+1;
47     if(sflag==false)
48         ss=ss+1;
49     iflag=true;
50     sflag=true;
51 }
52 System.out.println("string "+ss);
53 System.out.println("integer "+ii);
54 System.out.println("double "+dd);
55
56
57
58
59
60
61 >
```

```

45
46 // Sample Case 1
47 // Sample Input For Custom Testing
48 // string 2 3.54
49
50 // Sample Output
51 // string 1
52 // integer 1
53 // double 2
54
55 public static void typeCounter(String sentence) {
56     // Input: give me 10 dollars
57     // Output: string 3 integer 1 double 0
58     //Input: string 2 3.54
59     //Output: string 1 integer 1 double 2
60     // Write your code here
61     String[] words = sentence.split(" ");
62     int stringCount = 0;
63     int integerCount = 0;
64     int doubleCount = 0;
65     for(String word: words){
66         if(word.matches("[a-z]+")){
67             stringCount++;
68         }else if(word.matches("[0-9]+")){
69             integerCount++;
70         }else if(word.matches("[0-9]+.[0-9]+")){
71             doubleCount++;
72         }
73     }
74     System.out.println("string " + stringCount);
75     System.out.println("integer " + integerCount);
76     System.out.println("double " + doubleCount);
77
78
79
80
81 }
82
83

```

```

83 public class Solution {
84     Run | Debug
85     public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
86         BufferedReader bufferedReader = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
87
88         String sentence = bufferedReader.readLine();
89

```

J Test.java > Test

```

1 public class Test{
2     Run | Debug
3     public static void main(String[] args){
4         int i = 010;
5         int j = 07;
6         System.out.println(i);
7         System.out.println(j);
8     }

```

PROBLEMS 40 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE SQL CONSOLE

▼ TERMINAL

```

(base) mirage@eduroam-198-96-32-218 IsAnagram % /usr/bin/env /Users/mi
library/Java/JavaVirtualMachines/openjdk-17.0.2/Contents/Home/bin/java -
owCodeDetailsInExceptionMessages -cp /Users/mirage/Library/Application\
rt/Code/User/workspaceStorage/494cad81db698d7a9160ce25bc3edcb7/redhat.j
t_ws/IsAnagram_ebc01c5f/bin Test
8
7

```

What is a covariant return type?

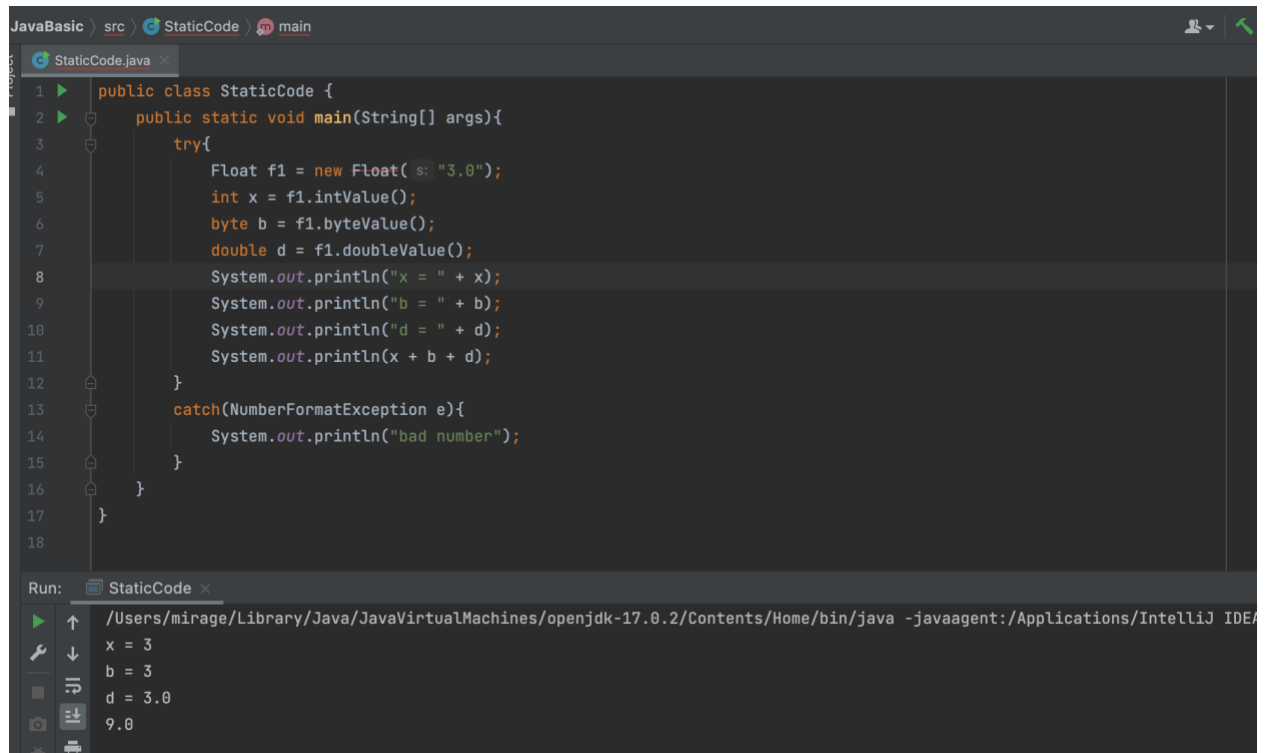
- **The overriding method can have derived type as the return type instead of the base type**
- The overriding method can have base types as the return type instead of the derived type
- The return type is of the class type Covariant
- The return type is void

The map interface is implemented by which of the following classes:

- **HashMap**
- DynamicList
- Stack
- **TreeMap**

```
53 // double 2
54
55 public static void typeCounter(String sentence) {
56     // Input: give me 10 dollars
57     // Output: string 3 integer 1 double 0
58     //Input: string 2 3.54
59     //Output: string 1 integer 1 double 2
60     // Write your code here
61     String[] words = sentence.split(" ");
62     int stringCount = 0;
63     int integerCount = 0;
64     int doubleCount = 0;
65     for(String word: words){
66         if(word.matches("[a-z]+")){
67             stringCount++;
68         }else if(word.matches("[0-9]+")){
69             integerCount++;
70         }else if(word.matches("[0-9]+.[0-9]+")){
71             doubleCount++;
72         }
73     }
74     System.out.println("string " + stringCount);
75     System.out.println("integer " + integerCount);
76     System.out.println("double " + doubleCount);
77
78
79
80
81 }
82
```

Static Code



The screenshot shows an IDE window with a Java file named `StaticCode.java`. The code defines a `StaticCode` class with a `main` method. Inside `main`, a `Float` object `f1` is created with the value `"3.0"`. The `intValue()`, `byteValue()`, and `doubleValue()` methods are called on `f1` to extract the integer, byte, and double components respectively. These values are then printed to the console. A `try-catch` block is used to handle any `NumberFormatException` that might occur. The `catch` block prints `"bad number"` if an exception is thrown.

```
1 public class StaticCode {  
2     public static void main(String[] args){  
3         try{  
4             Float f1 = new Float("3.0");  
5             int x = f1.intValue();  
6             byte b = f1.byteValue();  
7             double d = f1.doubleValue();  
8             System.out.println("x = " + x);  
9             System.out.println("b = " + b);  
10            System.out.println("d = " + d);  
11            System.out.println(x + b + d);  
12        }  
13        catch(NumberFormatException e){  
14            System.out.println("bad number");  
15        }  
16    }  
17 }  
18
```

Below the code editor, the `Run` tab is active, showing the command used to execute the program and the resulting output:

```
Run: StaticCode x  
/Users/mirage/Library/Java/JavaVirtualMachines/openjdk-17.0.2/Contents/Home/bin/java -javaagent:/Applications/IntelliJ IDE/  
x = 3  
b = 3  
d = 3.0  
9.0
```