Lab 0: Get Hand-on experience with Xv6

10/04/2023

TA Information

- Name: Lian Gao
- Email: Igao027@ucr.edu
- Lab & Office Hour:
 - When: Every Wednesday from 6 pm to 8:50 pm.
 - Where: Sproul Hall 22340
- Prefer Over-communication.
 - What is the issue/blocker?
 - The error message, logs. What you have tried?

 - What is your plan to solve it? And why?
 - How to reproduce the problem?
- Attendance is not required but highly recommended for every lab.

Topics for today

- XV6 setup instruction
 - Sledge remote environment
 - Local environment: Docker or VM
 - General XV6 setup instructions
- Write a hello world program
- Debug XV6
 - working with GDB and qemu
 - working with vscode debugging GUI

What is xv6

- Xv6 is a teaching operating system developed in the summer of 2006 for MIT's operating systems course 6.828
- A toy OS with only 9299 lines of code but have everything you need to learn.
- Provides the basic interfaces of Unix-like systems.
- In this Course, we will make several improvements over XV6.
- We expect you to do all lab assignments alone but you are welcome to discuss with your classmates.

Getting Started - Setup Xv6 Environment

Setup a **remote** environment.

- Login to sledge.cs.ucr.edu using your UCR CS account.
- Add the following PATH to ~/.bashrc.
 - export PATH=/usr/local/pkgs/qemu-5.10/bin:/usr/local/pkgs/riscv-gnu-toolchain/bin:\$PATH

Choose one of the following methods to setup a **local** environment (optional).

- 1. For Linux(Ubuntu, CentOS, Debian ...) machine, you can try directly build from https://github.com/hengyin/xv6-riscv.git
 - a. General instructions: https://pdos.csail.mit.edu/6.S081/2020/tools.html
 - b. You will need a RISC-V "newlib" tool chain from https://github.com/riscv/riscv-gnu-toolchain, and
 - c. qemu compiled for riscv64-softmmu.
- 2. For other OS, you need to firstly setup a Linux environment via docker or VM.

Setup Xv6 Environment via Docker (Recommended)

- Install docker https://docs.docker.com/get-started/
- Get a <u>xv6-riscv</u> image from
 - https://drive.google.com/file/d/1zqVLUMyIcmE2cXa6GN_FF06yk9XI_8Tm/view?usp=sharing
- Login to the container and build xv6 at /cs179f/xv6-riscv

Docker cheat sheet:

- Launch a docker image: docker run image_id
- Resume or pause a docker container: docker start/stop container_id
- Check all containers: docker ps -a
- Login container: docker exec -it container id bash
- Save container into images: docker commit -p container_id image_id
- Pack the docker image: docker save image_id>./my_image.tar
- Unpack the docker image: docker load<my_image.tar

Setup Xv6 Environment via VM

- Download and install VB/Vagrant/SSH client:
 - Virtualbox: https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads
 - Vagrant: http://www.vagrantup.com/downloads.html
 - SSH client <u>PuTTy</u> or <u>Cygwin</u> (Windows)
- Follow instructions in https://pdos.csail.mit.edu/6.S081/2020/tools.html

Setup xv6-riscv

- The instructions in this page assumes you have a linux machine that can build xv6-riscv.
 - a. Log into sledge, your docker container or your VM.
 - b. Use this xv6-riscv version.
 - git clone https://github.com/emidec/cs179f-fall23.git xv6-riscv
 - c. Follow instructions in your first Lab assignment

Common Issues

- cannot setup vscode debugging environment
 - o comment out @REM target remote 127.0.0.1:26000 inside auto generated .gdbinit
- make: gemu-system-riscv64: Command not found
 - export PATH=/usr/local/pkgs/qemu-5.10/bin:/usr/local/pkgs/riscv-gnu-toolchain/bin:\$PATH
- Undefined item: "riscv:rv64"
 - o use gdb-multiarch or riscv64-unknown-elf-gdb
- /usr/bin/env: 'python': No such file or directory
 - cp /usr/bin/python3 /usr/bin/python, otherwise install python.
- qemu-system-riscv64: Some ROM regions are overlapping. The following two regions overlap (in the memory address space):
 - o qemu-system-riscv64 -machine virt **-bios none** -kernel kernel/kernel -m 128M -smp 3 -nographic -drive file=fs.img,if=none,format=raw,id=x0 -device virtio-blk-device,drive=x0,bus=virtio-mmio-bus.0
- user/sh.c:58:1: error: infinite recursion detected [-Werror=infinite-recursion]
 - o https://github.com/mit-pdos/xv6-riscv/issues/130 append -Werror=infinite-recursion into Makefile

Debug XV6

Bug.c

```
🚜 bug.c 🗈
        🏥 Makefile 🗵 🚜 mkfs.c 🗈
CMake project is not loaded
     t#include "types.h"
     '≙#include "user.h"
     bint main(int argc, char* argv[])
            int val = 1234 / (argc - 1);
           printf(1, "%d\n", val);
            exit();
10
```

Program Output

keyword: trap 0

```
sheng@sheng-P175M: ~/Downloads/xv6-public-master [+] =
SeaBIOS (version 1.12.0-1)
iPXE (http://ipxe.org) 00:03.0 C980 PC12.10 PnP PMM+1FF8D100+1FECD100 C980
Booting from Hard Disk...xv6...
cpu0: starting 0
sb: size 1000 nblocks 941 ninodes 200 nlog 30 logstart 2 inodestart 32 bmap sta8
init: starting sh
$ bug
pi<u>d</u> 3 bug: trap 0 err 0 on cpu 0 eip 0x1e addr 0x0--kill proc
```

Trace back

```
bug.c 🗵 🏭 trap.c 🗡 🗂 traps.h
Make project is not loaded
   // Processor-defined:
    #define T DIVIDE
                                   // divide error
    #define T_DEBUG
                                   // debug exception
                                   // non-maskable interrupt
    #define T NMI
    #define T_BRKPT
                                   // breakpoint
    #define T OFLOW
                                   // overflow
    #define T BOUND
                                   // bounds check
```

Use printf/cprintf

```
abugio N a Makerile
CMake project is not loaded
     ⊕#include "types,h"
     h#include "user.h"
     int main(int argc, char* argv[])
           printf(1, "checkpoint1\n");
           int val = 1234 / (argc - 1);
           printf(1, "checkpoint2\n");
           printf(1, "%d\n", val);
           printf(1, "checkpoint3\n");
           exit();
13
```

```
sheng@sheng-P17SM: ~/Downloads/xv6-public-master
SeaBIOS (version 1.12.0-1)
iPXE (http://ipxe.org) 80:83.0 C980 PCI2.10 PnP PMM+1FF8D180+1FECD108 C988
Booting from Hard Disk..xv6...
cpu8: starting 0
sb: size 1000 nblocks 941 ninodes 200 nlog 30 logstart 2 inodestart 32 bnap sta8
init: starting sh
s bug
checkpoint1
pid 3 bug: trap 8 err 0 on cpu 8 eip 0x31 addr 0x0--kill proc
```

Use GDB

Common GDB commands

- n or next: run till the next source line; step over subroutine calls
- s or step: run till it reaches a different source line; step into calls
- ni or nexti: step one instruction; step over calls
- si or stepi: step one instruction; step into calls
- print [varname]: print variable content
- layout asm: show disassembly code

Cheat sheet at: https://gist.github.com/rkubik/b96c23bd8ed58333de37f2b8cd052c30

Vscode Debugging GUI

- install these extensions.
- 2. create launch.json and tasks.json under .vscode

```
// xv6-riscv/.vscode/launch.json

{
    "version": "0.2.0",
    "configurations": [
        {
             "name": "xv6debug",
             "type": "cppdbg",
             "request": "launch",
             "program": "${workspaceFolder}/user/_${program}",
             "stopAtEntry": true,
             "cwd": "${workspaceFolder}",
             "miDebuggerServerAddress": "127.0.0.1:25000",
             "miDebuggerPath": "/usr/bin/gdb-multiarch",
             "MIMode": "gdb",
             "preLaunchTask": "xv6build"
             }
        }
    }
}
```

```
// xv6-riscv/.vscode/tasks.json
  "version": "2.0.0".
   "tasks": [
        "label": "xv6build".
       "type": "shell",
        "isBackground": true,
       "command": "make gemu-gdb",
       "problemMatcher": [
             "pattern": [
                  "regexp": ".",
                  "location": 2,
                  "message": 3
              background": {
               "beginsPattern": ".*Now run 'gdb' in another window.",
               "endsPattern": "."
```

GDB Debug

DamianKoper CMake Tools

GDB Debugextension to make

Extended CMake support in Vis.

CMake langage support for Vis.

C/C++ Extension Pack

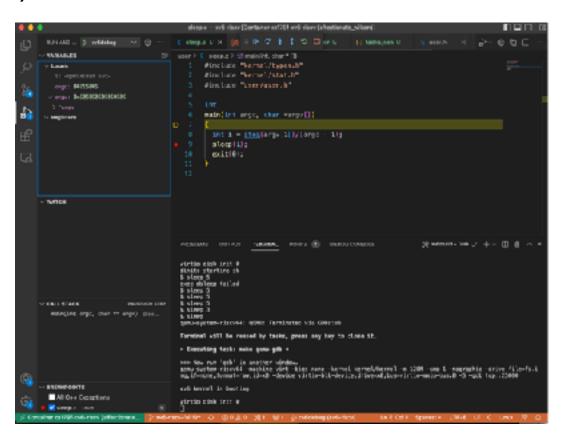
Microsoft

C/C++ IntellSense, debugging,

5) 142ms

[™] 929ms

GUI (cont'd)



Lab 0 task

- 1. Setup the xv6 dev environment used in this course.
- 2. Understand the architecture of xv6 project (kernel, executables and Makefile)
- 3. Learn how to build and debug xv6
- 4. Create a new executable called helloworld for xv6 (like cat, ls etc.) (optional)
- 5. Run your helloworld program in xv6 in debugging mode, set a breakpoint in the OS kernel and play with it.(optional)
- Before you start coding Lab 1 Assignment, read Chapter 1 of the xv6 book. (optional)

References

- XV6 Book: https://pdos.csail.mit.edu/6.828/2014/xv6/book-rev8.pdf
- https://opencoursehub.cs.sfu.ca/bfraser/grav-cms/cmpt433/guides/files/
 DebuggingGuide.pdf
- mit 6.828 course page: https://pdos.csail.mit.edu/6.828/2019/tools.html
- https://www.cs.ucr.edu/~heng/teaching/cs179f-winter21/index.html