

Dvdrental Database












Menganalisis data melalui beberapa pertanyaan mengenai data Dvdrental menggunakan postgresQL.

1. Identify the top 10 customers and their email so we can reward them

➤ Query

```
Query  Query History
1  SELECT customer_id, email
2  from customer
3  Limit 10
4
5
```

➤ Output

Data Output		Messages	Notifications
        			
	customer_id [PK] integer 	email character varying (50) 	
1	524	jared.ely@sakilacustomer.org	
2	1	mary.smith@sakilacustomer.org	
3	2	patricia.johnson@sakilacustomer.org	
4	3	linda.williams@sakilacustomer.org	
5	4	barbara.jones@sakilacustomer.org	
6	5	elizabeth.brown@sakilacustomer.org	
7	6	jennifer.davis@sakilacustomer.org	
8	7	maria.miller@sakilacustomer.org	
Total rows: 10 of 10		Query complete 00:00:00.374	

2. Identify the bottom 10 customers and their emails

➤ Query

Query Query History

```
1 SELECT customer_id, email
2 FROM customer
3 ORDER BY email DESC
4 LIMIT 10
```

➤ Output

Data Output Messages Notifications

	customer_id [PK] integer	email character varying (50)
1	479	zachary.hite@sakilacustomer.org
2	174	yvonne.watkins@sakilacustomer.org
3	190	yolanda.weaver@sakilacustomer.org
4	212	wilma.richards@sakilacustomer.org
5	359	willie.markham@sakilacustomer.org
6	219	willie.howell@sakilacustomer.org
7	303	william.satterfield@sakilacustomer.org
8	578	willard.lumpkin@sakilacustomer.org

Total rows: 10 of 10 Query complete 00:00:00.370

3. What are the most profitable movie genres (ratings)?

➤ Query

Query Query History

```
1 SELECT c.name AS genre, AVG(p.amount) AS average_profit
2 FROM film f
3 JOIN film_category fc ON f.film_id = fc.film_id
4 JOIN category c ON fc.category_id = c.category_id
5 JOIN inventory i ON f.film_id = i.film_id
6 JOIN rental r ON i.inventory_id = r.inventory_id
7 JOIN payment p ON r.rental_id = p.rental_id
8 GROUP BY c.name
9 ORDER BY average_profit DESC LIMIT 1;
10
```

➤ Output

Data Output		Messages	Notifications
	genre character varying (25) 🔒		average_profit numeric 🔒
1	Comedy		4.7032667450058754

4. How many rented movies were returned late, early, and on time?

➤ Query

```
Query  Query History
1  SELECT
2  CASE
3  WHEN return_date > rental_date THEN 'Late'
4  WHEN return_date < rental_date THEN 'Early'
5  ELSE 'On Time'
6  END AS return_status,
7  COUNT(*) AS count
8  FROM rental
9  GROUP BY return_status;
```

➤ Output

Data Output		Messages	Notifications
	return_status text 🔒		count bigint 🔒
1	On Time		183
2	Late		15861

5. What is the customer base in the countries where we have a presence?

➤ Query

Query Query History

```
1 SELECT country, COUNT(*) AS customer_count FROM country
2 JOIN city ON country.country_id = city.country_id
3 JOIN address ON city.city_id = address.city_id
4 JOIN customer ON address.address_id = customer.address_id
5 GROUP BY country ORDER BY customer_count DESC;
```

➤ Output

Data Output Messages Notifications

	country character varying (50)	customer_count bigint
1	India	60
2	China	53
3	United States	36
4	Japan	31
5	Mexico	30
6	Brazil	28
7	Russian Federation	28
8	Philippines	20
9	Turkey	15










6. Which country is the most profitable for the business?

➤ Query

Query Query History

```
1 SELECT country, SUM(amount) AS total_profit FROM country
2 JOIN city ON country.country_id = city.country_id
3 JOIN address ON city.city_id = address.city_id
4 JOIN customer ON address.address_id = customer.address_id
5 JOIN payment ON customer.customer_id = payment.customer_id
6 GROUP BY country ORDER BY total_profit DESC LIMIT 5;
```

➤ Output

	Data Output	Messages	Notifications
	        		
	country character varying (50) 🔒	total_profit numeric 🔒	
1	India	6034.78	
2	China	5251.03	
3	United States	3685.31	
4	Japan	3122.51	
5	Mexico	2984.82	

7. What is the average rental rate per movie genre (rating)?

➤ Query










Query Query History

```

1 SELECT c.name AS genre, AVG(f.rental_rate) AS average_rental_rate
2 FROM film f
3 JOIN film_category fc ON f.film_id = fc.film_id
4 JOIN category c ON fc.category_id = c.category_id
5 GROUP BY c.name
6 ORDER BY average_rental_rate DESC;

```

➤ Output

	Data Output	Messages	Notifications
	        		
	genre character varying (25) 🔒	average_rental_rate numeric 🔒	
1	Games	3.2522950819672131	
2	Travel	3.2356140350877193	
3	Sci-Fi	3.2195081967213115	
4	Comedy	3.1624137931034483	
5	Sports	3.1251351351351351	
6	New	3.1169841269841270	
7	Foreign	3.0995890410958904	
8	Horror	3.0257142857142857	
9	Drama	3.0222580645161290	