



#GlobalAzureTorino

Connect a chips to Azure

A journey around the Azure SDK for small device (bare metal)

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About me...

#GlobalAzureTorino

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Consultant focused on industrial and embedded solutions using .NET and other native SDKs with over 30 years of experience, XeDotNet community co-founder, speaker and Microsoft MVP since 2012



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#GlobalAzure

Agenda

MCU/CPU

Azure IoT SDKs

Azure SDK for Embedded C

Tools

Demo

MCU, CPU, what's the difference?

A Micro Controller Unit (MCU) is a small processor, usually a synonym for low power consumption, and small size. Modern ones like STM32F7, ESP32, TI CC1352R are ARM Cortex M based, embedding few hundreds of kilobytes of RAM, small flash and a decent few hundred million of hertz clock cadence.

A Central Processing Unit (CPU) is a larger processor, in this category, you'll find all the traditional x86, x64, but as well other ARM processors like the one used in Raspberry Pi.

Azure IoT products and services

Connectivity and analytics



Azure IoT Hub

Connect, manage, and scale billions of IoT devices from the edge to the cloud.

Connectivity and analytics



Azure IoT Central

Accelerate the creation of IoT solutions, and reduce the burden and cost of IoT management, operations, and development.

Connectivity and analytics



Azure Digital Twins

Build next-generation IoT spatial intelligence solutions by replicating real physical spaces and creating connected environments.

Edge and device support



Azure IoT Edge

Extend cloud intelligence and analytics by moving workloads and business logic from the cloud to edge devices.

Edge and device support



Azure Percept

Accelerate edge intelligence from silicon to service.

Edge and device support



Azure Sphere

Securely connect MCU-powered devices from the silicon to the cloud.

Edge and device support



Windows for IoT

Long term OS support and services to manage devices.

Edge and device support



Azure RTOS

Making embedded IoT development and connectivity easy.

Microsoft Azure IoT SDKs

Azure IoT SDK for Python

Azure IoT SDK for Node.js

Azure IoT SDK for Java

Azure IoT SDK for Golang

Azure IoT SDK for .NET

Azure IoT SDK for C

Azure IoT SDK for Embedded C

Azure IoT middleware for Azure RTOS

Azure IoT middleware for FreeRTOS

Azure IoT C SDKs

The Azure IOT Hub Device SDK allows applications written in C99 or later or C++ to communicate easily with [Azure IoT Hub](#), [Azure IoT Central](#) and to [Azure IoT Device Provisioning](#).

Support Azure IoT TLS over TCP/IP

- Support SHA-256 (optional): necessary to generate the secure token for authenticating the device with the service. Different authentication methods are available and not all require SHA-256.
- Have a Real Time Clock or implement code to connect to an NTP server: necessary for both establishing the TLS connection and generating the secure token for authentication.
- Having at least 64KB of RAM: the memory footprint of the SDK depends on the SDK and protocol used as well as the platform targeted. The smallest footprint is achieved targeting microcontrollers.

Azure IoT C SDKs

[Azure IoT SDK for Embedded C](#) is an alternative for **constrained devices** which enables the BYO (bring your own) network approach: IoT developers have the freedom of choice to bring MQTT client, TLS and Socket of their choice to create a device solution.

[Azure IoT middleware for Azure RTOS](#) builds on top of the embedded SDK and tightly couples with the Azure RTOS family of networking and OS products. This gives you very performant and small applications for real-time, constrained devices.

[Azure IoT middleware for FreeRTOS](#) builds on top of the embedded SDK and takes care of the MQTT stack while integrating with FreeRTOS. This maintains the focus on constrained devices and gives users a distilled Azure IoT feature set while allowing for flexibility with their networking stack.

Azure IoT C SDK

Application Code

- Telemetry
- CDC messages
- Device Twin
- Direct Methods
- Device Provisioning

Embedded C SDK

The core implementation of the SDK is `IoTHubClient` library that contains the implementation of the lowest API layer in the SDK.

The library depends on other open-source libraries:

The [Azure C shared utility library](#), which provides common functionality for basic tasks (such as strings, list manipulation, and IO) needed across several Azure-related C SDKs.

The [Azure uAMQP library](#), which is a client-side implementation of AMQP optimized for resource constrained devices.

The [Azure uMQTT library](#), which is a general-purpose library implementing the MQTT protocol and optimized for resource constrained devices.



Azure SDK for Embedded C – Design philosophy

Optimize for size

Customer choice

No dynamic memory

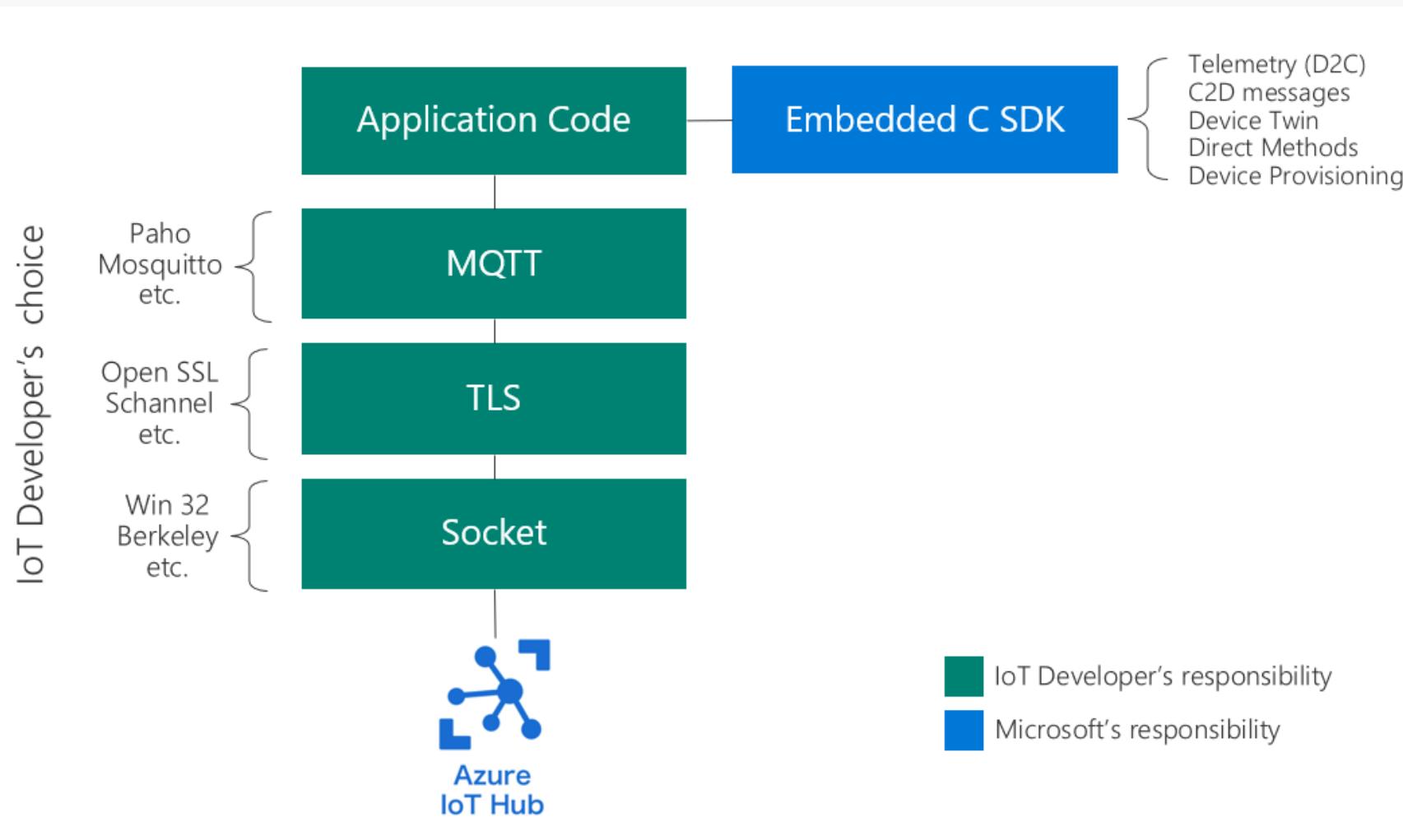
Full embrace MQTT

BYO Network stack

Our “Everywhere SDK*”

*on any device that can connect to a network

Azure SDK for Embedded C – IoT client libraries



The Azure IoT Client library is created to facilitate connectivity to Azure IoT services alongside an MQTT and TLS stack of the user's choice.

This means that this SDK is NOT a platform but instead is a true SDK library.

From a functional perspective, this means that the user's application code (not the SDK) calls directly to the MQTT stack of their choice.

The SDK provides utilities (functions, default values, etc.) that help make the connection and feature set easier to use.

[Azure IoT Client MQTT State Machine](#)

[Communicate with your IoT hub using the MQTT protocol](#)

Azure SDK for Embedded C – Key Features

✓ feature available √* feature partially available (see Description for details) × feature planned but not supported

Feature	Azure SDK for Embedded C	Description
Send device-to-cloud message	✓	Send device-to-cloud messages to IoT Hub with the option to add custom message properties.
Receive cloud-to-device messages	✓	Receive cloud-to-device messages and associated properties from IoT Hub.
Device Twins	✓	IoT Hub persists a device twin for each device that you connect to IoT Hub. The device can perform operations like get twin document, subscribe to desired property updates.
Direct Methods	✓	IoT Hub gives you the ability to invoke direct methods on devices from the cloud.
DPS - Device Provisioning Service	✓	This SDK supports connecting your device to the Device Provisioning Service via, for example, individual enrollment using an X.509 leaf certificate .
Protocol	MQTT	The Azure SDK for Embedded C supports only MQTT.
Retry Policies	√*	The Azure SDK for Embedded C provides guidelines for retries, but actual retries should be handled by the application.
IoT Plug and Play	✓	IoT Plug and Play enables solution builders to integrate smart devices with their solutions without any manual configuration.

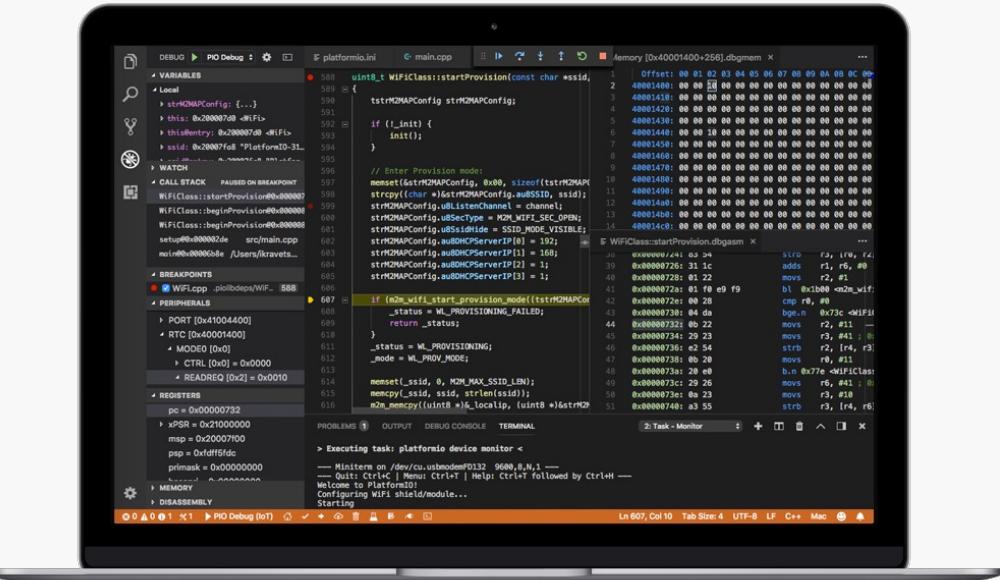
Demo Tools



platformio.org



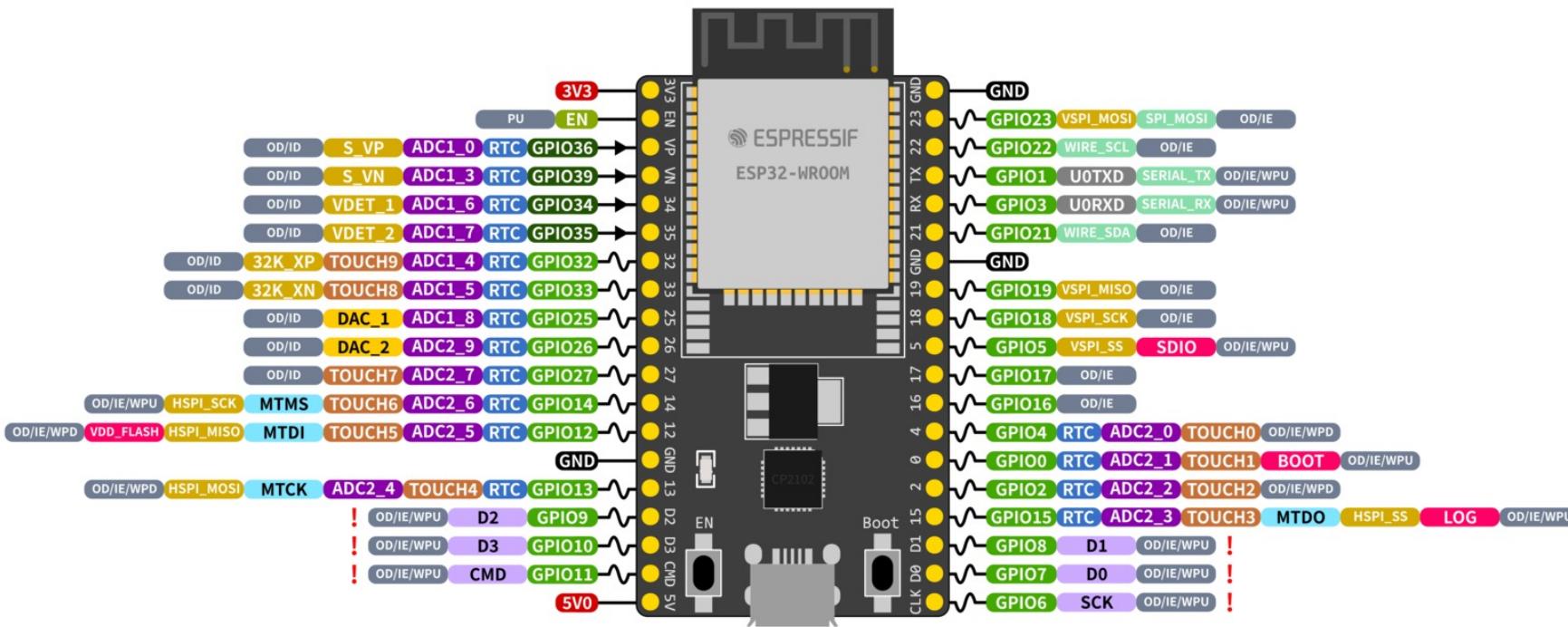
Professional collaborative platform for embedded development



- A lightweight but powerful cross-platform source code editor
- Smart code completions based on variable types, function definitions, and library dependencies
- Multi-projects workflow with easy navigation around project codebase, multiple panes, and themes support
- Seamless integration with [PlatformIO Home \(UI\)](#) with board and library managers
- Intuitive project wizard and a wide range of example projects
- Built-in Terminal with [PlatformIO Core \(CLI\)](#) and powerful [Serial Port Monitor](#)

ESP32-DevKitC

ESP32-DevKitC



ESP32 Specs

32-bit Xtensa® dual-core @240MHz

Wi-Fi IEEE 802.11 b/g/n 2.4GHz

Bluetooth 4.2 BR/EDR and BLE

520 KB SRAM (16 KB for cache)

448 KB ROM

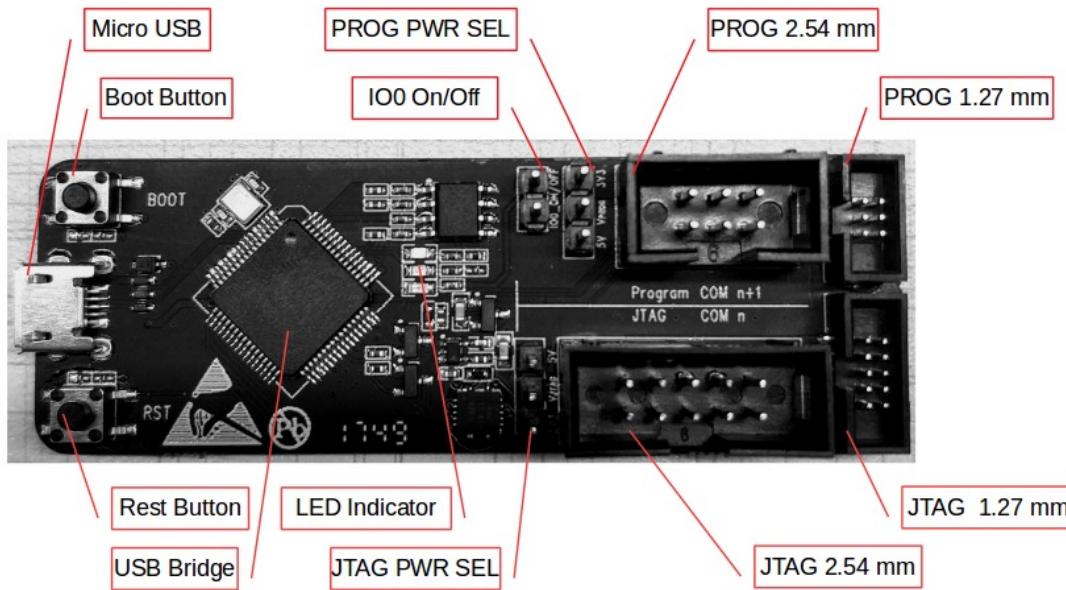
34 GPIOs, 4x SPI, 3x UART, 2x I2C,

2x I2S, RMT, LED PWM, 1 host SD/eMMC/SDIO,

1 slave SDIO/SPI, TWAI®, 12-bit ADC, Ethernet

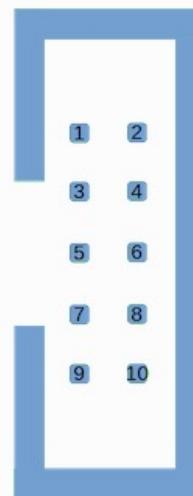
→	PWM Capable Pin
→	GPIO Input Only
→	GPIO Input and Output
→	Digital-to-Analog Converter
→	JTAG for Debugging
→	External Flash Memory (SPI)
→	Analog-to-Digital Converter
→	Touch Sensor Input Channel
→	Other Related Functions
→	Serial for Debug/Programming
→	Arduino Related Functions
→	Strapping Pin Functions
GPIO STATE	
→	RTC Power Domain (VDD3P3_RTC)
→	Ground
→	Power Rails (3V3 and 5V)
!	Pin Shared with the Flash Memory Can't be used as regular GPIO
!	Output Disabled (After Reset)

ESP-Prog



ESP-Prog JTAG 10-Pin Connector	Board JTAG Pin	Description
1	VDD	Positive Supply Voltage – Power supply for JTAG interface drivers
3	GND	Digital ground
2	ESP_TMS	Test Mode State
4	ESP_TCK	JTAG Return Test Clock
6	ESP_TDO	Test Data Out
8	ESP_TDI	Test Data In

ESP-Prog is one of Espressif's development and debugging tools, with functions including automatic firmware downloading, serial communication, and JTAG online debugging. ESP-Prog's automatic firmware downloading and serial communication functions are supported on both the ESP8266 and ESP32 platforms, while the JTAG online debugging is supported only on the ESP32 platform



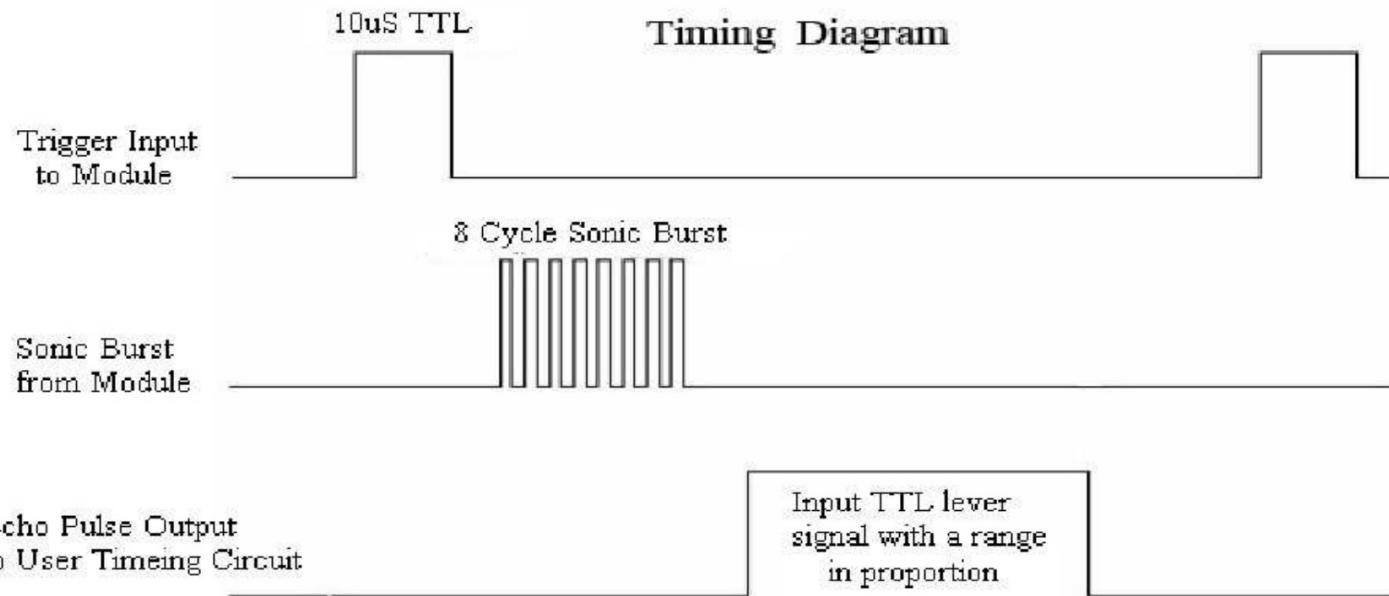
JTAG Wiring Connections

Board Pin	JTAG Tool Pin
IO13	TCK
IO12	TDI
IO15	TDO
IO14	TMS
EN	RST
GND	GND

Ultrasonic Ranging Module HC – SR04



The Timing diagram is shown below. You only need to supply a short 10uS pulse to the trigger input to start the ranging, and then the module will send out an 8 cycle burst of ultrasound at 40 kHz and raise its echo. The Echo is a distance object that is pulse width and the range in proportion . You can calculate the range through the time interval between sending trigger signal and receiving echo signal. Formula: $\mu\text{S} / 58 = \text{centimeters}$ or $\mu\text{S} / 148 = \text{inch}$; or: the range = high level time * velocity (340M/S) / 2; we suggest to use over 60ms measurement cycle, in order to prevent trigger signal to the echo signal.



Stepper Motor 5V 4-Phase 5-Wire & ULN2003 Driver Board

FEATURES

- **500-mA-Rated Collector Current (Single Output)**
- **High-Voltage Outputs: 50 V**
- **Output Clamp Diodes**
- **Inputs Compatible With Various Types of Logic**
- **Relay-Driver Applications**



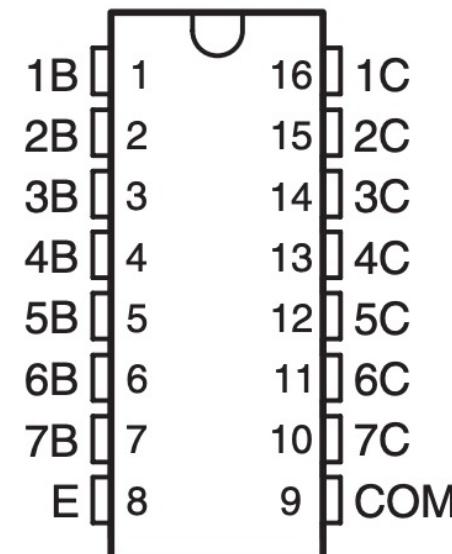
ULN2002A . . . N PACKAGE

ULN2003A . . . D, N, NS, OR PW PACKAGE

ULN2004A . . . D, N, OR NS PACKAGE

ULQ2003A, ULQ2004A . . . D OR N PACKAGE

(TOP VIEW)



Demo



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Thanks!

Q&A

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