Concerted rotations

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This notebook implement the equations needed to compute a concerted rotation of 7 dihedral angles on a protein backbone. The algorithm adopted is the one proposed by Zamuner et al, PLo-SOne 10(3):e0118342.

The basic idea is to assign to each bond of the chain an orthonormal base, following the Denavit-Hartenberg convention. The constraints of moving a series of bonds while keeping the first and last of them fixed can then be

interpreted as a constraint on the base transformation matrix bringing the base attached to the first bond into the one attached to the last bond.

Such constraints correspond to 6 independent equations: 3 for the orientation and 3 for the translation- for the last bond. Given a set of n > 6 variables, the constraint equations identify a manifold of dimension n - 6 in \mathbb{R}^6 . Given

a solution to the equations, a new one can then be found through a random displacement on the tangent space of the manifold followed by a minimization to project the new point on the tangent space back to the manifold.

Every such operation correspond to a concerted rotation of the selected portion of the chain. The tangent space can be identifying applying Dini's theorem once a free variable is chosen.

Here we consider only a variation of 7 torsion angles, giving us a one-dimensional manifold. Our approach can nonetheless be generalized to a different set of 7 variables without a significative effort, and to a set of more than seven variables with some investment.

Main differences with respect to Zamuner's approach:

- **1.** In this version, we do not consider rescaling factors. These must be introduced when one wishes to consider a mix of angles and lengths as free variables for the move.
- **2.** We compute the jacobian explicitly. However, being precomputed, it does not impact the speed of our code.

Organization of this notebook

The notebook is divided in three sections, corresponding to the three stages to create a C library for concerted rotations.

- **1. Equations implementing the move**. All constraints equations are written explicitly with respect to the chosen set of free variables, called $t_1, ..., t_7$.
- **2. Printing the equations.** Generates all files needed by the python wrapper to put together the C library. Defines the substitution rule for sines and cosines.
- 3. Call the wrapper.

Notebook general parameters

SetDirectory[NotebookDirectory[]]

/home/tubiana/Science/Projects/ABM/concerted_rotations/Code/generic_move

Directory[]

/home/tubiana/Science/Projects/ABM/concerted_rotations/Code/generic_move

Equations implementing the move

Transformation matrix

We consider a general transformation matrix.

In the following, α is the link twist, θ the joint angle, $r=\vec{S}\cdot\hat{z}$ is the z component of \vec{S} , and $d=||\vec{S}\cdot(d\cdot\hat{z})\cdot\hat{z}||$, with \overline{S} the vector joinint the base i with the base i+1.

```
T[\theta_-, \alpha_-, d_-, r_-] := \{\{Cos[\theta], -Cos[\alpha] Sin[\theta], Sin[\theta] Sin[\alpha], d*Sin[\theta]\},
   \{\sin[\theta], \cos[\theta]\cos[\alpha], -\cos[\theta]\sin[\alpha], -d*\cos[\theta]\},\
   \{0., \sin[\alpha], \cos[\alpha], r\},\
   \{0., 0., 0., 1.\}\}
```

$T[\theta, \alpha, d, r] // MatrixForm$

```
\cos[\theta] -\cos[\alpha] \sin[\theta] \sin[\alpha] \sin[\theta] d \sin[\theta]
Sin[\theta] \quad Cos[\alpha] \quad Cos[\theta] \quad -Cos[\theta] \quad Sin[\alpha] \quad -d \quad Cos[\theta]
   0.
                 Sin[\alpha] Cos[\alpha]
```

Tranformation matrix for seven dihedral angles.

The Final transformation matrix is obtained by composing the 7 elementary transformation matrices given above.

For example, going from one N to a C, 4 C α apart, I move 7 dihedrals and the transformation Matrix

```
T7[t1_, t2_, t3_, t4_, t5_, t6_, t7_] :=
 T[t1, \alpha 1, d1, r1].T[t2, \alpha 2, d2, r2].T[t3, \alpha 3, d3, r3].
  T[t4, \alpha 4, d4, r4].T[t5, \alpha 5, d5, r5].T[t6, \alpha 6, d6, r6].T[t7, \alpha 7, d7, r7]
```

Please note that the user is free to choose a different set of seven variables here. For examples link twists or a mixture of link twists and joint angles. The number of matrices can be lower than 7 in that case.

To mix angles and lengths, it will be necessary to take into account rescaling factors in the following, a feature which is currently mixing.

Constraints equations.

The elements chosen for the constrain equations are the following: [[1, 3]], [[2, 3]], [[1,2]], [[1, 4]], [[2,

The first three fix the orientation of the vector z in the last ref. system according to the first ref. system. The last Three its spatial position.

```
T7eqs[t1_, t2_, t3_, t4_, t5_, t6_, t7_] :=
 {(T7[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7])[[1, 2]],
  (T7[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7])[[1, 3]],
  (T7[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7])[[2, 3]],
  (T7[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7])[[1, 4]],
  (T7[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7])[[2, 4]],
  (T7[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7])[[3, 4]]}
```

Derivative of T7 for different dihedral angles.

These are needed to apply Dini's theorem.

```
DT7t1 = D[T7eqs[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7], {t1}];
DT7t2 = D[T7eqs[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7], {t2}];
DT7t3 = D[T7eqs[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7], {t3}];
DT7t4 = D[T7eqs[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7], {t4}];
DT7t5 = D[T7eqs[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7], \{t5\}];
DT7t6 = D[T7eqs[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7], {t6}];
DT7t7 = D[T7eqs[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7], \{t7\}];
```

Jacobians

To apply Dini's theorem, we have to choose one free variable, compute the jacobian of the equations with respect to the other 6 variables and invert it. Inversion will be done numerically. Nonetheless, it will be possible to print an expression for the determinant of the jacobian, allowing one to check if the inversion is possible.

```
jacT7t1 = D[T7eqs[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7], {{t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7}}];
jacT7t2 = D[T7eqs[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7], {{t1, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7}}];
jacT7t3 = D[T7eqs[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7], {{t1, t2, t4, t5, t6, t7}}];
jacT7t4 = D[T7eqs[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7], {{t1, t2, t3, t5, t6, t7}}];
jacT7t5 = D[T7eqs[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7], {{t1, t2, t3, t4, t6, t7}}];
jacT7t6 = D[T7eqs[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7], {{t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t7}}];
jacT7t7 = D[T7eqs[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7], {{t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6}}];
JACT7 = D[T7eqs[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7], {{t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7}}];
```

Printing equations in C format

All the equations and functions derived before must be plugged in a C code. We do so by printing them in C form. For the C code to be fast and reliable, we need to do two things:

- 1. substitute all sines and cosines with some variables c and s, which will be calculated beforehand and passed to the function.
- 2. Put the equations in the simplest possible polynomial form. This is achieved by using the Horner-Form routine.

Point 1. above is achieved by using the following substitution rule.

```
substitRule = \{Cos[t1] \rightarrow c1, Cos[t2] \rightarrow c2, Cos[t3] \rightarrow c3,
       Cos[t4] \rightarrow c4, Cos[t5] \rightarrow c5, Cos[t6] \rightarrow c6, Cos[t7] \rightarrow c7,
       Sin[t1] \rightarrow s1, Sin[t2] \rightarrow s2, Sin[t3] \rightarrow s3, Sin[t4] \rightarrow s4,
       Sin[t5] \rightarrow s5, Sin[t6] \rightarrow s6, Sin[t7] \rightarrow s7,
       \mathsf{Cos}\left[\alpha 1\right] \to \mathsf{ca1}, \; \mathsf{Cos}\left[\alpha 2\right] \to \mathsf{ca2}, \; \mathsf{Cos}\left[\alpha 3\right] \to \mathsf{ca3}, \; \mathsf{Cos}\left[\alpha 4\right] \to \mathsf{ca4},
       Cos[\alpha 5] \rightarrow ca5, Cos[\alpha 6] \rightarrow ca6, Cos[\alpha 7] \rightarrow ca7,
       Sin[\alpha 1] \rightarrow sa1, Sin[\alpha 2] \rightarrow sa2, Sin[\alpha 3] \rightarrow sa3, Sin[\alpha 4] \rightarrow sa4,
       Sin[\alpha 5] \rightarrow sa5, Sin[\alpha 6] \rightarrow sa6, Sin[\alpha 7] \rightarrow sa7
    };
```

All equations are printed one line per file. A python wrapper then puts together the C headers and source files.

Export T7

```
Export["T7_12.c", CForm[
   HornerForm[T7[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7][[1, 2]] /. substitRule]], "Text"];
Export["T7_13.c", CForm[HornerForm[
    T7[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7][[1, 3]] /. substitRule]], "Text"];
Export["T7_23.c", CForm[HornerForm[
    T7[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7][[2, 3]] /. substitRule]], "Text"];
Export["T7_14.c", CForm[HornerForm[
    T7[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7][[1, 4]] /. substitRule]], "Text"];
Export["T7_24.c", CForm[HornerForm[
    T7[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7][[2, 4]] /. substitRule]], "Text"];
Export["T7_34.c", CForm[HornerForm[
    T7[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7][[3, 4]] /. substitRule]], "Text"];
Export["T7_33.c", CForm[HornerForm[
    T7[t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6, t7][[3, 3]] /. substitRule]], "Text"];
```

Export DT7

```
Do[Module[{bname = "DT7_t1"},
  fname = bname <> "_" <> ToString[j] <> ".c";
Export[fname, CForm[HornerForm[DT7t1[[j]]] /. substitRule], "Text"]], {j, 6}]
Do[Module[{bname = "DT7_t2"},
  fname = bname <> "_" <> ToString[j] <> ".c";
Export[fname, CForm[HornerForm[DT7t2[[j]]] /. substitRule], "Text"]], {j, 6}]
Do[Module[{bname = "DT7_t3"},
  fname = bname <> "_" <> ToString[j] <> ".c";
Export[fname, CForm[HornerForm[DT7t3[[j]]] /. substitRule], "Text"]], {j, 6}]
Do[Module[{bname = "DT7_t4"},
  fname = bname <> "_" <> ToString[j] <> ".c";
Export[fname, CForm[HornerForm[DT7t4[[j]]] /. substitRule], "Text"]], {j, 6}]
Do[Module[{bname = "DT7_t5"},
  fname = bname <> "_" <> ToString[j] <> ".c";
Export[fname, CForm[HornerForm[DT7t5[[j]]] /. substitRule], "Text"]], {j, 6}]
Do[Module[{bname = "DT7_t6"},
  fname = bname <> "_" <> ToString[j] <> ".c";
Export[fname, CForm[HornerForm[DT7t6[[j]]] /. substitRule], "Text"]], {j, 6}]
Do[Module[{bname = "DT7_t7"},
  fname = bname <> "_" <> ToString[j] <> ".c";
Export[fname, CForm[HornerForm[DT7t7[[j]]] /. substitRule], "Text"]], {j, 6}]
```

Export the Jacobians

```
Do[
 Do[
  Module[{bname = "jac_t1"},
   el = CForm[HornerForm[jacT7t1[[i, j]]] /. substitRule];
   fname = bname <> "_" <> ToString[i] <> ToString[j] <> ".c";
   Export[fname, el, "Text"]
  ], {j, 6}],
 {i, 6}]
Do[
 Do[
  Module[{bname = "jac_t2"},
   el = CForm[HornerForm[jacT7t2[[i, j]]] /. substitRule];
   fname = bname <> "_" <> ToString[i] <> ToString[j] <> ".c";
   Export[fname, el, "Text"]
  ], {j, 6}],
 {i, 6}]
Do[
 Do[
  Module[{bname = "jac_t3"},
   el = CForm[HornerForm[jacT7t3[[i, j]]] /. substitRule];
   fname = bname <> "_" <> ToString[i] <> ToString[j] <> ".c";
   Export[fname, el, "Text"]
  ], {j, 6}],
 {i, 6}]
Do[
 Do[
  Module[{bname = "jac_t4"},
   el = CForm[HornerForm[jacT7t4[[i, j]]] /. substitRule];
   fname = bname <> "_" <> ToString[i] <> ToString[j] <> ".c";
   Export[fname, el, "Text"]
  ], {j, 6}],
 {i, 6}]
j
j
```

```
Do[
 Do[
   Module[{bname = "jac_t5"},
   el = CForm[HornerForm[jacT7t5[[i, j]]] /. substitRule];
   fname = bname <> "_" <> ToString[i] <> ToString[j] <> ".c";
   Export[fname, el, "Text"]
  ], {j, 6}],
 {i, 6}]
Do[
 Do[
  Module[{bname = "jac_t6"},
   el = CForm[HornerForm[jacT7t6[[i, j]]] /. substitRule];
   fname = bname <> "_" <> ToString[i] <> ToString[j] <> ".c";
   Export[fname, el, "Text"]
  ], {j, 6}],
 {i, 6}]
Do[
 Do[
   Module[{bname = "jac_t7"},
   el = CForm[HornerForm[jacT7t7[[i, j]]] /. substitRule];
   fname = bname <> "_" <> ToString[i] <> ToString[j] <> ".c";
   Export[fname, el, "Text"]
  ], {j, 6}],
 {i, 6}]
```

Call wrapper

```
Run["python ./Precompiler.py"]
(*Run["rm *_t*.c"]*)
(*Run["./create_C_files_LUdecomp_inner_check.sh"]*)
```