Python 2.5 Reference Card

(cl) 2007 Michael Goerz <goerz@physik.fu-berlin.de> http://www.physik.fu-berlin.de/~goerz/ Information taken liberally from the python documentation and various other sources. You may freely distribute this document.

1 Variable Types

1.1 Numbers

1.reverse()

zip(s,t,...)

1.sort(f)

```
42 052 0x2A 42L 052L 0x2AL 42 (dec, oct, hex, short/long)
0.2 .8 4. 1.e10 1.0e-7
                                       floating point value
z = 5.0 - 2.0J:
                                      complex number
z = complex(real, imag)
                                      complex number
z.real; z.imag
                                       real and imag part of z
True: False
                                      constants for boolean values d.get(k.x)
abs(n)
                                       absolute value of n
divmod(x, y)
                                       (x/y, x\%y)
hex(n)
                                      create hex string
oct(n)
                                      create octal string
ord(c)
                                      unicode code point of char
round(x.n)
                                      round x to n decimal places
cmp(x,y)
                                      x < y: -1, x = = y: 0, x > y: 1
coerce(x, v)
                                       (x,y), make same type
pow(x,y,z)
                                       (x**v) % z
float("3.14")
                                       float from string
                                       int from string
int("42")
import math; import cmath
                                      more math functions
import random;
                                      random number generators
```

```
1.2 Sequences (lists are mutable, tuples and strings are immutable)
s=1=[1, "bla", [1+2J, 1.4], 4]
                                       list creation
s=t=(1, "bla", [1+2J, 1.4], 4)
                                       tuple creation
l=list(t); t=tuple(1)
                                        list/tuple conversion
l=range(1000)
                                        list of integers (0-999)
                                        immut. xrange-sequence
s=xrange(1000)
i=iter(s); i.next()
                                        iterator from sequence
                                        get list element (1+2J)
s[2][0]
s[-2][-1]
                                        get list element (1.4)
s1+s1
                                        sequence concat
n*s1
                                        repeat s1 n times
s[i:j]; s[i:]; s[:j]
                                        slicing (i incl., j excl.)
s[i:i:k]
                                        slice with stride k
                                        every 2nd Element / reverse s
s[::2]; s[::-1]
x in s; x not in s
                                        is x a member of s?
                                        number of elements
len(s)
min(s): max(s)
                                        min/max
l[i:j]=['a','b','c','d']
                                        replace slice
l[i:i]=['a','b']
                                        insert before position i
1.count(x)
                                        number of occurances of x
l.index(x)
                                        first index of x, or error
1.append(x)
                                        append x at end of 1
x=1.pop()
                                        pop off last element
1.extend(12)
                                        append 12 at end of 1
l.insert(i,x)
                                        instert x at pos. i
                                        delete first x
l.remove(x)
```

reverse 1

1.3 Dictionaries (Mappings)

```
d={'x':42, 'y':3.14, 'z':7}
d['x']
len(d)
del(d['x'])
d.copy()
d.has kev(k)
d.items()
d.kevs()
d.values()
i=d.iteritems(): i.next()
i=d.iterkevs(): i.next()
i=d.itervalues(): i.next()
d.clear()
d.setdefault(k,x)
d.popitem()
```

1.4 Sets

```
s=set(s); fs=frozenset(s)
fs.issubset(t): s<=t
fs.issuperset(t): s>=t
fs.union(t); s|t
fs.intersection(t); s&t
fs.difference(t); s-t
fs.symmetric difference(t);
s^t
fs.copy()
s.update(t); s|=t
s.intersection update(t); s&=t
s.difference update(t); s-=t
s.symmetric differ...(t); s^=t
s.add(x)
s.remove(x); fs.discard(x);
s.pop();
s.clear();
```

1.5 Strings and Regular Expressions

```
"bla"; 'hallo "welt"'
"""bla""", '''bla'''
     \\
\N{id} \uhhhh \Uhhhhhhhhh
\xhh \ooo
u"Ünic\u00F8de"
r"C:\new\text.dat"
str(42); str(3.14)
"s-%s-%s" % (42,3.14,[1,2,3])
'\t'.join(seq)
s.decode('utf-8');
s.encode(..)
chr(i), unichr(i)
str(x)
```

Other String Methods:

```
search and replace: find(s,b,e), rfind(s,b,e),
                          index(s,b,e), rindex(s,b,e), count(s,b,e),
                          endswith(s,b,e), startswith(s,b,e)
sort using f (default f =cmp) formatting: capitalize, lower, upper, swapcase, title
[(s[0],t[0],...),...] splitting: partition(s), rpartition(s), split(s,m),
```

dict creation get entry for 'x' number of kevs delete entry from dict create shallow copy does kev exist? list of all items list of all keys list of all values iterator over items iterator over keys iterator over values get entry for k, or return x remove all items return d[k] or set d[k]=x return and delete an item

create set alls int? all t in s? all elements from s and t. elements both in s and t all s not in t all either s or t shallow copy of s

add elements of t keep only what is also in t remove elements of t keep only symm. difference add x to fs remove x (/ with exception) return and remove any elem. remove all elements

string triple quotes for multiline cont., backslash, null char unicode char hex, octal char unicode string raw string string conversion string formatting ioin sequences with separator

char from code point string from number/object

decoding/encoding

```
rjust(w,c), rstrip(cs), strip(cs), zfill(w),
   expandtabs(ts)
checking: isalnum. isalpha. isdigit. islower. isspace.
   istitle. isupper
String Constants: import string
digits, hexdigits, letters, lowercase, octdigits,
   printable, punctuation, uppercase, whitespace
Regexes: import re
r=re.compile(r'rx'.re.ILMSUX)
                                  comile 'rx' as regex
(?P<id>...)
                                  named group
m=r.match(s.b.e)
                                  full match
```

rsplit(s,m), splitlines(ke)

padding: center(w.c). liust(w.c). lstrip(cs).

partial match split and return list list of all matched groups replace c counts of s with r n is number of replacements escape all non-alphanumerics group-match delimiters

direct regex usage

replace \1 etc. with matches matched group no. g list of groups dict of named groups

2 Basic Syntax

m.groupdict()

re.match(r'(?

iLmsux)rx'.string)

l=r.findall(string)

(s,n)=r.subn(s,r,c)

m.start(g): m.span(g):

m=r.search(s,b,e)

l=r.split(s,ms)

s=r.sub(s,r,c)

s=re.escape(s)

m.end(q)

m.expand(s)

m.group(g)

m.groups()

```
if expr: statements
elif expr: statements
else: statements
if a is b : ...
if a == 1
while expr: statements
else: statements
while True: ... if cond: break
for target in iter: statements
else: statements
for key, value in
d.items():...
break, continue
print "hello world",
[ expr for x in seg lc ]
lc = for x in seq / if expr
def f(params): statements
def f(x, v=0): return x+v
def f(*a1, **a2): statements
def f(): f.variable = 1 ...
return expression
vield expression
f(1,1), f(2), f(y=3, x=4)
global v
```

def make adder 2(a):

conditional

object identity value identity while loop run else on normal exit do... while equivalent for loop

multiple identifiers

end loop / jump to next print without newline list comprehension with lc-clauses empty statement function definition optional parameter additional list of unnamed, dict of named paramters function attribute return from function make function a generator function calls bind to global variable closure

```
def add(b): return a+b
   return add
lambda x: x+a
compile(string.filename.kind)
eval(expr,globals,locals)
exec code in gldict, lcdict
execfile(file,globals,locals)
raw input(prompt)
input(prompt)
```

lambda expression evaluate expression compile and execute code execute file input from stdin input and evaluate

3 Object Orientation and Modules

```
import module as alias
from module import name1,
name2
from future import *
reload module
module. all
module. name_
module. dict
 import ("name", glb, loc, fl)
class name (superclass,...):
   data = value
   def method(self,...): ...
    def init (self, x):
        Super. init (self)
        self.member = x
   def del (self): ...
 _str__, __len__, __cmp__
 call
dict
getattr (self, name),
 setattr (self, name, value)
callable(object)
delattr(object. "name")
del(object)
dir(object)
getattr(object, "name", def)
hasattr(object, "name")
hash(object)
id(object)
isinstance(object,
classOrType)
issubclass(class1, class2)
iter(object. sentinel)
locals()
repr(object), str(object)
vars(object)
None
if name == " main ":
```

4 Exception Handling

```
try: ...
except ExceptionName:
except (Ex1, ...), data:
    print data
    raise
```

import module load attr. into own namespace

activate all new features reinitialize module exported attributes module name / " main " module namespace import module by name class definition shared class data methods constructor call superclass constructor per-instance data destructor some operator overloaders call interceptor instance-attribute dictionary get an unknown attribute set any attribute 1 if callable, 0 otherwise delete name-attr. from object for o, a in opts: unreference object/var list of attr. assoc. with object get name-attr. from object check if object has attr. return hash for object unique integer (mem address) check for type

class2 subclass of class1? return iterator for object dict of local vars of caller return string-representation return dict the NULL object make modul executable

Try-block catch exception multiple, with data exception handling pass up (re-raise) exception

else: ... finally: ... assert expression compile string into code object class MyExcept(Exception): ... raise MyExcept , data

5 System Interaction

```
sys.path
sys.platform
sys.stdout, stdin, stderr
svs.argv[1:]
os.system(cmd)
os.startfile(f)
os.popen(cmd, r|w, bufsize)
os.popen2(cmd, bufsize, b|t)
os.popen3(cmd, bufsize, b|t)
os.environ['VAR']; os.putenv[]
glob.glob('*.txt')
```

Filesystem Operations

os module: access, chdir, chmod, chroot, getcwd, getenv listdir, mkdir, remove, unlink, removedirs, rename, rmdir. getatime. getmtime. getsize. cmp. cmpfiles. dircmp, copy, copy2, copyfile, copyfileobj, copymode copystat, copytree, rmtree, pipe

os module: abspath. altsep. basename. commonprefix. curdir, defpath, dirname, exists, expanduser, expandvar, extsep, get[acm]time, getsize, isabs. isdir, isfile, islink, ismout, join, lexists, normcase, normpath, os, pardir, pathsep, realpath, samefile, sameopenfile, samestat, sep, split, splitdrive, splitext, stat, walk

command line argument parsing:

```
restlist, opts = getopt.getopt(argl, "sol", [lol])
 if o in ("-s", "--lol"):
   spam = a
```

6 Input/Output

```
f=codecs.open(if, "rb", "utf-8")
file = open(infilename. "wb")
EncodedFile(file,input,output)
r. w. a. r+
rb, wb, ab, r+b
file.read(N)
file.readline()
file.readlines()
file.write(string)
file.writelines(list)
file.close()
file.tell()
file.seek(offset. whence)
os.truncate(size)
os.tmpfile()
pickle.dump(x, file)
x = pickle.load(file)
```

open file without encoding wrap file into encoding read, write, append, random modes without eol conversion N bytes (entire file if no N) the next linestring list of linestring write string to file write list of linestrings close file current file position jump to file position limit output to size open anon temporary file make object persistent load object from file

open file with encoding

if no exception occurred

in any case

debug assertion

define user exception

raise user exception

module search path

standard input/output/error

command line parameters

open pipe (file object)

wildcard search

open file with assoc. program

(stdin, stdout) fileobjects

(stdin, stdout, stderr)

read/write environment vars

operating system

system call

7 Standard Library (almost complete)

String Services: string, re, struct, difflib, StringIO, cStringIO, textwrap, codecs, unicodedata, stringprep, fpformat

Data Types: datetime, calendar, collections, heapq. bisect, array, sets, sched, mutex, Oueue, weakref, UserDict, UserList, UserString, types, new, copy, pprint, repr

Numeric and Math Modules: math. cmath. decimal. random. itertools, functools, operator

Internet Data Handling: email, mailcap, mailbox, mblib. mimetools, mimetypes, MimeWriter, mimify, multifile, rfc822, base64, binhex, binascii, guopri, uu Structured Markup Processing Tools: HTMLParser, samllib.

htmllib, htmlentitydefs, xml.parsers.expat, xml.dom.*, xml.sax.*, xml.etree.ElementTree

File Formats: csv, ConfigParser, robotparser, netrc, xdrlib Crypto Services: hashlib, hmac, md5, sha

File/Directory Access: os.path, fileinput, stat, statvfs, filecmp, tempfile, glob, fnmatch, linecache, shutil, dircache

Compression: zlib, gzip, bz2, zipfile, tarfile Persistence: pickle, cPickle, copy reg, shelve, marshal, anydbm, whichdb, dbm, gdbm, dbhash, bsddb, dumbdbm, sglite3

Generic OS services: os, time, optparse, getopt, logging, getpass, curses, platform, errno, ctypes Optional OS services: select, thread, threading, dummy thread, dummy threading, mmap, readline, rlcompleter

Unix specific: posix, pwd, spwd, grp, crypt, dl, termios, tty, pty, fcntl, posixfile, resource, nis, syslog, commands

IPC/Networking: subprocess, socket, signal, popen2, asyncore, asynchat

Internet: webbrowser, cgi, scitb, wsgiref, urllib, httplib. ftplib. imaplib. nntplib. ...lib. smtpd. uuid. urlparse, SocketServer, ... Server, cookielib, Cookie, xmlrpclib

Multimedia: audioop, imageop, aifc, sunau, wave, chunk, colorsys, rgbimg, imghdr, sndhdr, ossaudiodev String Services: string, re, struct, difflib, StringIO, cStringIO, textwrap, codecs, unicodedata, stringprep, fpformat

Tk: Tkinter, Tix, ScrolledText, turtle

Internationalization: gettext, locale

Program Frameworks: cmd, shlex

Development: pydoc, doctest, unittest, test

Runtime: sys, warnings, contextlib, atexit, traceback, gc, inspect, site, user, fpectl

Custom Interpreters: code, codeop

Restricted Execution: rexec, Bastion

Importing: imp, zipimport, pkgutil, modulefinder, runpy Language: parser, symbol, token, keyword, tokenize, tabnanny, pyclbr, py compile, compileall, dis, pickletools, distutils

Windows: msilib, msvcrt, winreg, winsound

Misc: formatter