KAJELIJELI

1	THE INTER	NATIONAL CRIMINAL TRIBUNAL FOR	RWANDA
2	0.00		
3	CASE NO.: 98-		PROSECUTOR HE TRIBUNAL
4			AGAINST
5			
6		JUV NA	L KAJELIJELI
7		22 JANUARY 2001 0930H	
8		MOTIONS	
9	Before:	Judge Laïty Kama, Presiding Judge William H Sekule	
10		Judge Mehmet Güney	
11	Courtroom Offic	cer•	
12	Courcidom Offic	Mr. John Kiyeyeu	
13	Courtroom Assi:	etant.	
14	COULCIOOM ASSI.	Mr. Abraham Koshopa	
15	Ear the Droses	u+; on .	
16	For the Prosect	Mr. Ken Fleming	
17		Mr. Don Webster Ms. Ifeoma Ojemeni	
18		Ms. Melinda Pollard Mr. Jayantha Jayasuriya	
19			
20	For the Defenda	ant: Professor Lennox S. Hinds	
21			
22	Court Reporters	Ms. Shannon Fleming	
23		Ms. Gifty Harding	
24			
25			

ICTR - CHAMBER II

Τ			
2			PROCEEDINGS
3	MR.	PRESIDENT:	
4			This hearing is called to order. Let me
5			note before I begin that I should like to
6			express my wishes for a happy and good
7			year, especially to Lennox Hinds and to
8			the Prosecutor's office. Let it be a
9			fruitful year, a year in which we all
10			work hard. I should like to say I hope
11			that all the plans we have for this year
12			be fulfilled. I should like to reiterate
13			that this year be a year for trials, so
14			that we respect the rights of all the
15			accused to be tried without any undue
16			delay and afford the Defence time to
17			prepare for their defence. This is what
18			I wanted to say.
19			
20			Now, the Registrar, could you please give
21			us the cause list for this morning.
22	MR.	KIYEYEU:	
23			Thank you, Mr. President. Trial
24			Chamber II of the International Criminal
25			Tribunal for Rwanda, composed of Judge

1	La ty Kama, Presiding, Judge William H.
2	Sekule and Judge Mehmet G ney, is now
3	sitting in open session today, Monday, the
4	22nd of January 2001, in order to consider
5	four motions in the matter of the Prosecutor
6	v Juv nal Kajelijeli, case no.
7	ICTR-98-44A-I.
8	
9	Out of the four motions, three have been
10	filed by the Prosecutor and one by the
11	Defence. The motions are as follows:
12	1. Prosecutor's urgent motion for leave to
13	file an amended indictment, filed by the
14	Prosecutor on the 4th of January
15	prosecutor1.
16	2. Defence urgent motion to withdraw as
17	lead counsel, filed by the Defence on 8th of
18	January prosecutor1.
19	3. Prosecutor's motion to correct an
20	indictment dated 22nd December prosecutor0,
21	filed pursuant to the Trial Chamber II order
22	of 12 December 2000, filed by the Prosecutor
23	on 10 January 2001.
24	4. Urgent motion for extension of time
25	within which to file a pretrial brief

1			pursuant to Rule 73bis of the Rules of
2			Procedure and Evidence, filed by the
3			Prosecutor on 8 January 2001.
4			
5			I'm most obliged, My Lords.
6	MR.	PRESIDENT:	
7			Thank you. Thank you, Registry. Should we
8			begin with the motion by Mr. Hinds, or
9			should we begin with the motion for an
10			amendment? Mr. Hinds, would you like to
11			take the floor first?
12	MR.	HINDS:	
13			Thank you, Your Honour. If it pleases the
14			Court, I would submit that the Court set its
15			own time frame and sequencing for hearing
16			the motions. I am prepared to proceed first
17			if that is the Court's wish, or I would
18			present my motion second if the Court so
19			wishes. It is up to you how you would like
20			to proceed.
21	MR.	PRESIDENT:	
22			Well, we are so used to you that I would
23			like to make an introduction, but for the
24			records, the parties could kindly appear.
25			The Defence, could you kindly appear.

1	MR.	HINDS:	
2			Lennox Hinds, representing Juv nal
3			Kajelijeli. And I am assisted by
4			Mr. Baragahoranye, Juv nal Baragahoranye,
5			who is serving both as an interpreter for my
6			client and as an assistant.
7	MR.	FLEMING:	
8			If the Court pleases. I am Ken Fleming,
9			senior trial attorney. I appear with
10			Mr. Webster, Ms. Ojemeni, Ms. Pollard and
11			Mr. Jayasuria. I apologize for what appears
12			to be an over-representation. It's just
13			that different aspects of today were handled
14			by different people in our office. I
15			promise we won't be here all the time.
16	MR.	PRESIDENT:	
17			We shall begin with the motion for amending
18			the indictment. Let me make a small
19			observation first on behalf of the Chamber.
20			We regret that once again, and this is not
21			the first time, that we have the impression
22			that the one that is pursuing and that
23			should be diligent has a tendency of
24			delaying procedure. It is very important
25			for to us to come back to this case. The

1		hearing we had the last time the Defence
2		observed that in reality the Prosecutor had
3		filed an amended indictment. The Prosecutor
4		then protested and said that it was not the
5		case; they had simply wanted to bring in
6		clarifications.
7		
8		But today we are starting a trial, and at
9		the 11th hour we are given a motion to amend
10		an indictment with all the possible
11		consequences. If the Trial Chamber admits
12		this motion, it is their right; but in the
13		future we should take time consideration so
14		that the Chamber respects the rights of the
15		accused to be tried without delay.
16		
17		Now this having been said, I shall now turn
18		to the Prosecutor to introduce their motion
19		for amending the indictment.
20	MR. FLEMING:	
21		If the Court pleases. I intend to make a
22		few introductory comments and then
23		Mr. Webster is going to argue for the
24		indictment.
25		

1	Your Honours have ruled in respect of the
2	matter as to whether it constituted an
3	amendment previously, and I don't
4	particularly want to go behind that ruling.
5	However, I do want to relate some of the
6	history of the matter so that there is a
7	clear picture of what we are dealing with.
8	
9	Your Honours have made or made an order in
10	July of last year that we separate
11	Mr. Kajelijeli from the indictment of eight
12	and we present an indictment with just
13	himself. Our view of that indictment that
14	we presented was that it was precisely the
15	same indictment but with greater
16	particularity.
17	
18	There had never been a request for
19	particularity, and I presume that the
20	argument of counsel was going to be
21	something like this: There was no
22	particularity in the original indictment;
23	therefore, you're not entitled to call
24	evidence in respect of that charge.
25	

1	Now I presume that's what my learned friend
2	was leading up to. Now we, of course,
3	wanted to provide particularity, which we
4	did in August of 2000. Now, Mr. Hinds said
5	in this Court, when he was last here at the
6	beginning of December, in respect of our
7	indictment which was filed in August, and
8	Your Honours, at page 50 of the transcript,
9	asked him when he first saw it. And at line
10	18, Mr. Hinds says, "I saw it when
11	Mr. Harvey came back. Mr. Harvey came back.
12	He was here on the 30th. Maybe a week later
13	" that's the 30th of October "maybe a
14	week later, maybe the first week of November
15	or something like that, I saw the indictment
16	and also studied the witnesses, the new
17	witness statements. And at that time I
18	asked him: What was Kajelijeli was he
19	allowed to plead, and he said "no". He
20	said, 'I think the Chamber has forgotten
21	about it and didn't'. And I said, "Look,
22	I'll deal with that when I get there", in
23	terms of him pleading to the new indictment.
24	
25	There are two elements in respect of that.

There are two elements in respect of that.

1	The first is the indictment. The second are
2	what he terms as the new witness statements.
3	Of course he had disclosure in respect of
4	all of the evidence that we intended to
5	call. We had no obligation to give that to
6	him before that point, although we worked
7	hard to ensure that he had it as soon as he
8	possibly could. Now he can't rely upon the
9	latter part of this proposition, the new
10	witness statements, to say that he had never
11	seen the indictment. He, in fact, had seen
12	the indictment when we filed the motion.
13	And that was in July I'm sorry, that was
14	in August.
15	
16	If there is a necessity to show that he had
17	seen it, then we refer to two letters which
18	he sent to this Court. The first, on the
19	6th of September 2000, where he wrote to the
20	Registrar in these terms, "I represent
21	Defendant Mr. Kajelijeli in the
22	above-referenced matter. I write in respect
23	of the Prosecutor's motion to correct
24	amended indictment dated August 29, 2000".
25	

1	Now of course the original motion to file an
2	indictment and the motion to correct some of
3	the charges in that indictment had annexed
4	to them those indictments. So he then goes
5	on to say so he must have had them at
6	that stage and has obviously looked at them
7	because he is writing in respect of them
8	"I do not object to the Prosecutor's request
9	for leave to correct the said amended
10	indictment. I would only note that,
11	according to the order of Trial Chamber II,
12	dated July 6, 2000, granting the Defence
13	motion for severance and a separate trial,
L 4	the Prosecutor was ordered to file a
15	separate indictment pertaining only to
16	Mr. Kajelijeli. However, the Prosecutor is
17	referring to this separate indictment".
18	
19	May I interpose there. The one which was
20	before the Court from the middle of August
21	2000 and the one which was the subject of
22	discussion in December.
23	
24	"As an amended indictment, therefore, it is
25	unclear to me whether the ICTR Rule

1	pertaining to amendment of indictment,
2	Rule 50, is applicable or whether ICTR
3	Rule 47, submission of indictment by the
4	Prosecutor, is applicable. Thus, I request
5	guidance on that issue. Nevertheless,
6	notwithstanding the nomenclature used,
7	Mr. Kajelijeli hereby reserves and preserves
8	his rights under ICTR Rules 47, 50, 72 and
9	73 to challenge the amended or separate
10	indictment if leave to correct is so
11	granted".
12	
13	It was said on the 6th of September 2000
14	that his rights to challenge were reserved
15	if leave was granted. Of course leave was
16	granted. On the 5th of October, 2000, a
17	letter was sent to Mr. Webster. And I won't
18	read the whole letter, but the appropriate
19	paragraph is paragraph 2 in respect of the
20	indictment: "Moreover, it is our
21	understanding that the Prosecutor's office
22	has secured additional witness statements in
23	support of the new indictment which has been
24	filed against Mr. Kajelijeli. To date, the
25	Court has not ruled on the Prosecutor's

1	request to modify that indictment and,
2	therefore, Mr. Kajelijeli has reserved his
3	right to challenge the indictment.
4	
5	"Also, Mr. Kajelijeli has not been arraigned
6	on the indictment and the Prosecutor has not
7	provided Defence with the new witness
8	statements which has prevented
9	Mr. Kajelijeli from conducting his
10	investigative trip to Kigali. It's
11	extremely important" and so on.
12	
13	And then another paragraph, "Further to my
14	letter to the Court of October 5, on which
15	you were carbon-copied we proposed an
16	adjourned date for the status conference for
17	the week of October 30th at which time my
18	co-counsel, Richard Harvey, would be
19	available. Perhaps if we could obtain the
20	witness statements prior to that time we
21	might be able to travel to Kigali during the
22	month of November, December and have the
23	trial scheduled for early 2001".
24	
25	Now, what in fact happened is that

1	Mr. Hinds, having already reserved the
2	rights of the Accused in respect of the new
3	indictment, came to this Court at the
4	beginning of December and pretended
5	surprise. He made a comment to this Court,
6	that I've read out before, that he hadn't
7	seen this indictment until maybe a week
8	later than the 30th of October. In fact, he
9	has had the indictment in his hands since
10	the middle of July, has considered it on at
11	least two occasions, and has ample time to
12	take the points that he said he was going to
13	take, or at least had reserved his right to
14	take those points, in the two letters that
15	he sent.
16	
17	Now if one looks at the Rules, one can see
18	precisely what was going to happen. Rule 47
19	is the submission of the indictment, and, of
20	course, gives an accused certain rights.
21	Rule 50 deals with the amendment of an
22	indictment and the accused, if there are new
23	charges, "The accused shall have a further
24	period of 30 days in which to file
25	preliminary motions pursuant to Rule 72 in

1	respect of the new charges".
2	
3	So instead of doing anything at all, my
4	learned friend sat on his hands and then
5	came to this Court on the 12th or 13th of
6	December and feigned surprise at this new
7	indictment, an indictment that he had had in
8	his hands for some five months, four months
9	by then, and five or six months by now.
10	
11	But in fact what we really understand is his
12	real motive in respect of taking these
13	points: He doesn't want a trial to start
14	now. Mr. Harvey said it in no uncertain
15	terms on the 30th of October, "We will not
16	be ready". Mr. Harvey withdrew, or at least
17	applied to withdraw. Mr. Hinds said, "We
18	will not be ready". And as he has said to
19	the press recently, "Even if you order a
20	trial to go on, I won't go on, despite the
21	consequences".
22	
23	The real reason why this trial is not
24	proceeding today is not surprise as a result
25	of particularity. It is because he simply

1	doesn't want the trial to go ahead because
2	he is not ready. He says he has an
3	international reputation to protect. He
4	also says to you on last occasion he was
5	here that he has had the case for 22 months.
6	One's international reputation would demand
7	that having a case for 22 months the Defence
8	case would be ready, and it would be simply
9	refined from the point where they had the
LO	precise statements that the Prosecution was
11	going to rely upon.
12	
13	So we are here now as a result of these
L 4	unfortunate circumstances. Now Your Honours
15	have made a ruling, and I don't wish to go
16	behind that. However, it leaves us in this
L7	position: We have an indictment which we
18	say more fully particularises the
L 9	allegations against him. And indeed in some
20	instances, we accept there was an inadequate
21	particularisation of some of the charges.
22	That's why we took the initiative to
23	particularise them.
24	
25	Your Honours have said that it might well

1	give the impression that it was an amended
2	indictment, and so therefore we should go
3	back to the old indictment. However, we
4	know that the next limb of our learned
5	friend's argument is going to be: There is
6	no particularity in respect of, for example,
7	rape; therefore, you can't bring evidence of
8	that. We will not be placed in that
9	position, of course subject to what
10	Your Honours will say about it.
11	
12	So we seek leave to amend for the purposes
13	of ensuring that justice is done fully to
14	the people of Rwanda and that all of the
15	appropriate facts are before the Court. In
16	a recent letter to this Court,
17	Mr. Kajelijeli himself has said he doesn't
18	object to time being given to allow
19	Mr. Hinds to get his house in order and then
20	to go and investigate this matter properly.
21	We also rely upon that declaration. And we
22	say there is no prejudice whatsoever in our
23	more fully particularising the matter as we
24	have in the amended indictment.
25	

1		Your Honours, my having made those
2		introductory comments, I'll give the floor
3		to Mr. Webster, who will argue the precise
4		points in respect of the amendment.
5	MR. WEBSTER:	
6		Good morning, Your Honours. I'd like to
7		begin by stating that I have a slightly
8		different observation with regard to the
9		last time we gathered here in this
10		Trial Chamber, that was on the 12th of
11		December 2000. At that time the Prosecutor
12		was represented by the Prosecutor herself,
13		Ms. Ojemeni and myself. And we came
14		prepared at 9:30 in the morning to discuss
15		matters germane to a pretrial conference.
16		We were here to discuss the logistics of
17		preparing for trial, the trial date being
18		anticipated for today, the 22nd of January.
19		
20		At that time Mr. Hinds appeared and made a
21		series of objections for the first time
22		after having received a copy of the separate
23		indictment that the Prosecutor filed in
24		compliance with the Trial Chamber's order of
25		the 6th of July 2000. Mr. Hinds made a

1	series of objections that consumed the
2	entire day. We were in this courtroom from
3	9:30 that morning until I believe 7:00 that
4	evening, and we discussed nothing that was
5	germane to a pretrial conference. We
6	focused exclusively on the Defence objection
7	to the separate indictment.
8	
9	The Prosecutor's position at that time was
10	that we were ready for trial; we wanted to
11	proceed to the trial; that the Defence
12	objections were untimely; that they were not
13	substantive. And after much debate back and
14	forth, this Court ruled in favour of the
15	Defence and supported its objection and
16	required the Prosecutor to re-file a
17	separate indictment based on the original
18	joint indictment against Mr. Kajelijeli and
19	seven others.
20	
21	What I would urge the Court or what I would
22	like to bring to the attention of the Court
23	today is that the Prosecutor has made every
24	effort to push this case ahead for trial.
25	When we received an adverse ruling on the

1	12th of December, we reviewed the case-law,
2	revisited all of the issues that the Court
3	addressed in its decision and that Defence
4	raised in its motion, and on the basis of
5	that filed this present motion to amend. So
6	what we are requesting this Court to do is
7	to substitute the separate indictment that
8	was originally filed on the 15th of August
9	and to consider that separate indictment as
10	an amendment.
11	
12	Now that's not a position that we wanted to
13	be in. That's a position that we were
14	placed in because the Court ruled favourably
15	on the Defence objection. The Court ruled
16	on a Defence objection that took everyone by
17	surprise. We came to address issues of a
18	pretrial conference and instead were
19	confronted with a substantive motion. We
20	debated that motion without any regard for
21	the case-law, without any reference to the
22	established jurisprudence of this Tribunal,
23	without any guidance from any established
24	learning on the law. And since the delivery

25

of that decision or that judgement, the

1	Prosecutor went back and investigated the
2	case-law.
3	
4	And it's on the basis of our investigations
5	and our review of the jurisprudence that we
6	generated this motion to amend. So it
7	certainly isn't an attempt on our part to
8	retard matters or to be dilatory in the
9	matters that are before this Tribunal. It's
10	our attempt to take our obligation seriously
11	and take the jurisprudence of this Tribunal
12	seriously and to conduct a judicial debate
13	on the basis of precedent, established
14	learning, and established procedure, which I
15	would suggest that the Defence has been
16	wanting in this regard.
17	
18	Even with respect to this motion, which was
19	well researched and placed before this
20	Tribunal during the first week of January,
21	the response from the Defence appears in the
22	form of a certification which was served on
23	us on the 17th of January. This
24	certification is simply a recitation of
25	Mr. Hinds' opinion and Mr. Hinds'

1	characterisation of the Prosecutor's motion.
2	There is no case-law. There is no reference
3	to judicial precedent. There is no
4	reference to policy. The only
5	considerations that are raised in the
6	Defence response is the opinion unsupported
7	by any sort of legal argument of the Defence
8	and mischaracterisations of the Prosecutor's
9	motions and positions in this case.
10	
11	As you recall, this Tribunal was on a
12	judicial recess from the 14th of December to
13	the 14th of January. We filed this motion,
14	I believe it was on the 3rd of January,
15	during the period of judicial recess. Our
16	filing a motion, our researching the law and
17	our attempt to come before this Tribunal
18	with arguments that are based on precedent
19	and established learning is certainly not
20	an attempt to delay procedure.
21	
22	Our position has consistently been that we
23	were ready for trial; we wanted to proceed
24	with trial; and the only thing that has
25	slowed the trial down in this regard has

1	been the Defence objections and the Court's
2	ruling in favour of those objections.
3	
4	With respect to this amendment, I think the
5	issues that the Court must confront today is
6	whether an amendment is legally required in
7	order for the Prosecutor to proceed with the
8	case that it intends to lead against
9	Mr. Kajelijeli. On the one hand, which is
10	echoing the argument or the statements by
11	Mr. Fleming earlier, we have a case that we
12	intend to present to this Court at trial
13	against Juv nal Kajelijeli. It is the same
14	case, whether we proceed on the basis of the
15	joint indictment, whether we proceed on the
16	basis of the separate indictment, which is
17	closely aligned to that joint indictment, or
18	whether we proceed on the separate
19	indictment that is now presented to this
20	Court as an amendment. It is the same case
21	regardless.
22	
23	If Mr. Kajelijeli was sitting in front of us
24	with seven co-accused, we would still be
25	presenting the same case. If we proceed on

1	the basis of the separate indictment that
2	was filed on the 22nd of December, which
3	closely or more closely parallels the
4	original joint indictment, it would be the
5	same case that we wish to present on the
6	basis of this separate indictment that we
7	introduced today as an amendment.
8	
9	That is to say, Juv nal Kajelijeli was a
10	direct participant in the events in Mukingo
11	and Nkuli communes in Rwanda during the
12	period April 6th of 1994 through July of
13	1994. He was operating on the ground; he
14	was leading crowds, distributing weapons,
15	inciting local civilian militia to rape
16	Tutsi women. His activities or the
17	accusations against him are what he did to
18	perpetrate the genocide in Rwanda.
19	
20	The case against the other ministers and the
21	case that is incorporated in that first
22	joint indictment is anticipates proof of
23	genocide on a national scale. He was
24	grouped initially with the national
25	secretary of the MRND, the president of the

1	MRND, a minister of the interior, a minister
2	of defence, several high level government
3	officials. And the theory of that case was
4	that the activities of someone like
5	Mr. Kajelijeli and Mr. Kajelijeli himself,
6	the activities of those who actually
7	perpetrated the killing was linked to the
8	men at the top who were making policies and
9	issuing directives and organising the
10	genocide on a national scale.
11	
12	That same set of allegations is what we
13	intend to introduce at a separate trial of
14	Mr. Kajelijeli. When this Court ordered us
15	to file a separate indictment, it made
16	little sense, and it seemed more efficacious
17	to focus specifically on his acts and
18	activities on the ground since that was the
19	basis that would frame the evidence that the
20	Prosecutor would lead a trial.
21	
22	In terms of articulating or documenting or
23	submitting to this Court a document, an
24	accusatory instrument that would accuse Mr.
25	Kajelijeli individually, it made little

1	sense to incorporate all of the structure
2	and the baggage of the joint indictment,
3	which was really premised on a theory of
4	joint criminal liability of persons acting
5	in concert in a joint criminal enterprise.
6	That is the reason that this office filed a
7	separate indictment that was much more
8	concise and much more pointed.
9	
10	We argued on the 12th of December that there
11	was no change in the case, that the same 11
12	counts from the original indictment were
13	conserved and repeated in the separate
14	indictment. We argued that the greater
15	factual elaboration was simply providing
16	particulars that were not included in the
17	first joint indictment. The Court rejected
18	that argument.
19	
20	The case-law of this Tribunal provides some
21	support for the position taken by the
22	Defence and also some support for the
23	position taken by the Prosecutor. This
24	Tribunal has not ruled conclusively on that
25	discrete issue. In the Musema judgement, I

1	believe it was of the 18th of November 1998,
2	there is some language from Trial Chamber I
3	which states that, "Supplying additional
4	factual material in an indictment does not
5	require an amendment".
6	
7	That Trial Chamber also suggested that if
8	there were additional factual allegations
9	that went beyond the scenarios described in
10	the original indictment, that it may not be
11	necessary to file an indictment or to
12	request leave to file an amended indictment,
13	but that those allegations could be
14	incorporated in a pretrial brief. And as
15	long as they were incorporated in a pretrial
16	brief or addressed in a motion or in filings
17	to establish contested matters of law or
18	fact, that it would be permissible to lead
19	evidence along those lines at trial.
20	
21	Now that was not a ruling of the Court.
22	That was the Court opining on issues that
23	were raised in the context of that
24	proceeding without giving a definitive
25	ruling on that discrete issue. So it is not

1	resolved as far as the jurisprudence of this
2	Tribunal is concerned, or even with respect
3	to the proceeding in Musema before Trial
4	Chamber I.
5	
6	There is additional jurisprudence coming
7	from the ICTY. I believe it is the
8	Kovacevic case. I can provide you with the
9	citation. The case is fully discussed in
10	the motion papers that were submitted to
11	this Court on the 4th of January.
12	
13	But in that case actually, it's not the
14	Kovacevic, it is the Krajisnik case. And
15	there are two decisions, one on the 11th of
16	May of 2000, and the other on the 20th of
17	May 1999. And in those cases, the Court
18	discussed the same issue that this Trial
19	Chamber confronts, which is: Is an
20	amendment necessary when it appears that the
21	theory of the case is changing. In the ICTY
22	case, that was a case where the allegations
23	against the accused were that he directly
24	participated in the events that he was
25	charged with, and the Prosecutor attempted

1	to change those set of accusations from one
2	of direct participation to acting in concert
3	in a joint criminal enterprise.
4	
5	And in order to change the theory of the
6	case from one of direct participation to
7	vicarious criminal liability of joint actors
8	in a common criminal enterprise, an
9	amendment was required.
10	
11	Our case is the inverse. Here we have a
12	case where the initial set of allegations
13	were one of a joint criminal enterprise.
14	Even stating that, and even admitting that,
15	in order to prove this joint criminal
16	enterprise, it is the direct activities of
17	Mr. Kajelijeli that this Prosecutor's office
18	intended to lead evidence on in order to
19	incriminate those that were above him. So
20	Mr. Kajelijeli, by the terms of that first
21	indictment, was always on notice that his
22	direct participation in the events in
23	Ruhengeri and in Nkuli and Mukingo communes
24	were going to be the basis of the
25	Prosecutor's case against him.

Ţ	
2	But in respect of this Trial Chamber's
3	ruling on the 12th of December, we have gone
4	ahead and filed what the logical consequence
5	of this Trial Chamber ruling which is to
6	file that separate indictment as an
7	amendment. That's not what we intended.
8	Our position is that we shouldn't have to do
9	that. We do that now because we are urged
10	in that direction by this Trial Chamber.
11	
12	The bottom line is that we will lead
13	evidence at trial of Mr. Kajelijeli
14	distributing weapons, calling people
15	together, having meetings, raping women,
16	ordering other people to rape women. This
17	whole series of particular acts that are
18	alluded to in the separate indictment would
19	be the basis. That is the evidence that we
20	will lead at trial of Mr. Kajelijeli.
21	
22	It is for this Court to determine whether
23	leading that evidence requires an amendment,
24	requires granting an amendment at this stage
25	or proceeding on the separate indictment

1	that was filed on the 22nd of December,
2	which is more in line with the joint
3	indictment that was filed back in August of
4	1998.
5	
6	If we can proceed to trial on the basis of
7	the old indictment or an indictment that's
8	more in line with the joint indictment and
9	the pretrial brief, so that evidence at
10	trial will go to the particular acts of
11	Kajelijeli, then amendment may not be
12	required. What is required at this stage
13	before the trial begins is some decision and
14	clear indications from this Court that the
15	Prosecutor's office can lead evidence that
16	Mr. Kajelijeli directly participated in the
17	acts that resulted in the genocide and the
18	killings of thousands of people in Mukingo
19	and Nkuli communes in April of 1994.
20	
21	I would suggest, and the Prosecutor's office
22	would take the position, that the better
23	indictment, or the more appropriate
24	instrument to go forward with that case, is
25	the separate indictment which was filed back

1	in August which is re-filed today as an
2	amendment. That indictment is more pointed;
3	it is clearer; it is a more appropriate
4	accusatory instrument for the trial of a
5	single accused.
6	
7	When we address the issue of prejudice to
8	the accused, that is a non-argument. As I
9	stated before, both indictments put forth
10	the same case. The Defence is actually at
11	an advantage going forward with this
12	separate indictment, because it more
13	specifically guides the Court and the
14	parties as to the substance of the evidence
15	that will be led at trial.
16	
17	This is an instrument in terms of the
18	separate indictment that the Defence has had
19	in its possession since the middle of
20	August, that was well over six months ago.
21	If there were objections to it, those
22	objections should have been submitted in
23	writing; it should have been placed before
24	this Court formally as a motion, and the
25	Prosecutor in this Court should not have

1	been surprised during the course of a
2	pretrial conference to address objections to
3	the substance of the form of the indictment.
4	
5	I'd also like to bring to this Court's
6	attention or remind the Court of how we got
7	before how we got to this stage in the
8	proceedings. If you recall, this motion,
9	this separate trial of Kajelijeli goes
10	forward because of a Defence motion to
11	sever. That motion to sever was filed
12	almost a year after the Accused made an
13	initial appearance on the original joint
14	indictment.
15	
16	When this Court granted a separate trial for
17	Kajelijeli by its decision of the 6th of
18	July 2000, it included in its decision a
19	rather lengthy discussion of the timeliness
20	of that Defence motion. The Defence filed a
21	motion for severance that was well out of
22	time. It was months after the 60-day period
23	in which it should have filed a motion to
24	sever pursuant to Rule 72, because it was in
25	the nature of a preliminary motion. The

1	Rules of Procedure have since been amended
2	to shorten that period to 30 days. But when
3	the Defence filed that motion he had 60 days
4	within which to file a motion of that
5	nature. He did not even honour the 60-day
6	period of time, a window of time in which to
7	raise those objections. His motion was
8	filed almost a year later. And this Court,
9	on its own initiative, considered that
10	motion because his application was not even
11	framed by a request or a demonstration of
12	good cause of why that motion should be
13	considered even though it was out of time.
14	
15	So even in order to get before the Court at
16	this stage in a separate trial of
17	Mr. Kajelijeli, there was a delay in the
18	proceedings that was occasioned by a lack of
19	initiative on the part of the Defence. We
20	face that same lack of initiative when we
21	consider on the 12th of December another
22	motion, raising yet another objection to the
23	accusatory instrument that would form the
24	basis of the trial of this accused.
25	

1	The Defence has had full disclosure of all
2	the materials that will be used in the trial
3	of Mr. Kajelijeli since the 30th of October
4	of the year 2000. So in terms of the issue
5	of fairness and prejudice to the Defence, it
6	seems hardly a tenable argument to suggest
7	that the Defence is being disadvantaged or
8	being taken by surprise or is being treated
9	unfairly by the Prosecutor's office simply
10	because we wish to proceed to trial on the
11	basis of an instrument that complies with
12	the jurisprudence of this Tribunal.
13	
14	I'd also like to go back to a slight point
15	that I neglected earlier, which is that in
16	terms of the indictment that we submit today
17	is an amendment. There are one or two other
18	changes that make it different from the
19	original joint indictment, but those changes
20	were introduced in compliance with the
21	developing jurisprudence of this Tribunal.
22	
23	The original joint indictment was filed in
24	August of 1998. That was prior to the
25	judgement of this Tribunal in the Akayesu

1	case; it was prior to the judgement of this
2	Tribunal in the Musema case. We filed our
3	separate indictment, the first one, in
4	August of the year 2000. We had to take
5	into consideration the developing
6	jurisprudence of this Tribunal. And on that
7	basis the lead count in the original joint
8	indictment, which was conspiracy to commit
9	genocide, was replaced by genocide as the
10	lead count; and complicity to genocide was
11	pleaded alternatively to genocide, and the
12	count of conspiracy was relegated to the
13	third count on the indictment.
14	
15	Now that was in response to the developing
16	jurisprudence of this Tribunal, which is
17	what any litigant in the context of a
18	criminal proceeding would be urged to do,
19	which is to take into consideration the
20	developing law, the developing jurisprudence
21	in making filings before this Tribunal.
22	That's an aside. I neglected to mention
23	that earlier.
24	
25	But going back to the issue of prejudice to

1	the Defence and delay: There is no
2	prejudice to the Defence. The Defence has
3	had all these materials at its disposal for
4	well over a year. With respect to undue
5	delay, it is the obligation of the Defence,
6	the burden is on the Defence to establish
7	undue delay as a basis to contest this
8	motion for amendment.
9	
10	That is the jurisprudence established
11	previously by this Tribunal on previous
12	decisions to amend the indictment in the
13	Butare cases, specifically the case against
14	Pauline Nyiramasuhuko. All of the case-law
15	has been reiterated, cited, explained and
16	discussed in the motion papers that were
17	submitted earlier this year. I won't repeat
18	it here. I'll simply state for the record
19	or during this oral proceeding that the
20	case-law is established within the context
21	of this Tribunal, that the issue of undue
22	delay is the Defence burden. It is up to
23	the Defence to demonstrate that there is
24	undue delay to establish in making an

25

argument that this motion should not be

1	denied.
2	
3	The Defence can hardly meet its burden on
4	that score when it has repeatedly requested
5	that this trial be delayed. Every time
6	Mr. Hinds or Mr. Harvey have appeared before
7	this Tribunal, before this Trial Chamber,
8	they have stated they are not ready for
9	trial. One was engaged in another matter in
10	another jurisdiction. Mr. Hinds' most
11	recent correspondence is that his shortage
12	of staff at his law firm would force him to
13	delay his focus on this trial. At every
14	turn the Defence has tried to delay the
15	proceedings, formally by appealing to this
16	Tribunal and informally, by the very manner
17	in which they lead their preparation of this
18	case.
19	
20	We have in our possession a letter from
21	Mr. Kajelijeli himself dated the 15th of
22	January of this year, where he himself
23	states that he is prepared to delay the
24	proceedings in this trial in order to
25	maintain his relationship or the

1	relationship of his counsel to this Tribunal
2	and to his case.
3	
4	So at every turn the Defence has prepared to
5	delay the proceedings of this trial and has
6	requested that the trial date of this matter
7	be postponed and be postponed for as long as
8	six months. So on that score alone, there
9	can be no serious argument that there is
10	undue delay that will prejudice the Defence
11	and will compromise the Defence right to
12	trial without undue delay as a basis for
13	contesting this motion for amendment of the
14	indictment.
15	
16	Now I am not suggesting to this Court that
17	that concludes the issue that is before the
18	Court. I'm not suggesting that the only
19	issue that this Court confronts is one of
20	undue delay. But on that particular issue
21	there is no argument that the Defence can
22	argue as a basis to oppose this motion.
23	
24	Moving towards my conclusion of this
25	discussion, I would simply like to remind

1	the Court of a passage that was actually
2	quoted in the motion papers, and it comes
3	from the decision by the Appeals Chamber in
4	the matter of the Prosecutor v Kovacevic,
5	which is an ICTY Appeals Chamber decision.
6	It's the decision stating reasons for
7	Appeals Chamber's order of the 29th of May
8	1998. And in that Appeals Chamber decision,
9	what the Court stated was that the
10	timeliness of the Prosecutor's request for
11	leave to amend the indictment must be
12	measured within the framework of the overall
13	requirement of fairness of proceedings.
14	
15	In other words, there was an expanded
16	discussion in that decision that the Court
17	should consider all the circumstances that
18	develops the litigation before the
19	Trial Chamber in deciding whether a motion
20	is timely or not and whether there is a
21	legitimate issue of undue delay. And in the
22	context of this specific litigation where
23	the Defence at every moment has filed its
24	motions late, has filed its motions out of
25	time, where every motion has delayed the

1	proceedings of this Court, first with the
2	motion for severance, then with its most
3	recent motion, objecting to the separate
4	indictment that had been filed six months
5	prior to the Defence appearance in a
6	pretrial conference, then when this Court
7	considers how this litigation proceeds
8	before it, this is the case the Prosecutor
9	intended to try as a joint indictment. We
10	were prepared, for reasons of judicial
11	economy, to try seven defendants together in
12	order to expedite matters. And instead,
13	this Court has ruled to separate one of
14	those litigants and has slowed down that
15	whole process in terms of pushing that whole
16	series of cases to conclusion.
17	
18	So in that context, when the issues germane
19	to Mr. Kajelijeli are considered globally,
20	there can be no reasonable argument that
21	delay should be a basis for delaying this
22	motion. The only issue before this Court on
23	this motion is whether it is legally
24	required or advisable for the indictment to
25	be amended in order to lead proof through

1	the trial of all of the evidence that the
2	Prosecutor intends to amass and demonstrate
3	or place before this Court in regard to
4	Juv nal Kajelijeli.
5	
6	It's not necessary to repeat myself at this
7	stage. I've provided both earlier today and
8	on the 12th of December the reasoning of the
9	Prosecutor for why the joint indictment and
10	Kajelijeli's inclusion in that joint
11	indictment is the same case with respect to
12	him that we put forward before this Court in
13	the separate indictment.
14	
15	But having said that, the Prosecutor and
16	this Court has the discretion to amend an
17	indictment in the interest of justice. Here
18	we have the same 11 counts. I would suggest
19	to this Court that the trial would proceed
20	much more smoothly with fewer distractions
21	of baseless objections to the form of the
22	indictment that are definitely rephrased to
23	upset the proceedings, which is what the
24	Defence has done at every turn, that in
25	order to streamline the procedures for

1		trial, that the Court grant the Prosecutor's
2		request for leave to amend the indictment.
3		
4		The Prosecutor has that discretion. It's
5		established in the case-law. The Court may
6		exercise its discretion to allow that.
7		There is no legal impediment to admit this
8		separate indictment as an amendment. There
9		is no question of undue delay. And on that
10		basis we ask the Court to rule in favour of
11		the Prosecutor's motion and grant the
12		amendment. Thank you.
13	MR. PRESIDENT:	
14		Thank you, very much, Prosecutor. Allow me
15		to point out, since you've repeated it, that
16		perhaps the Chamber now independence in
17		sovereignty, it was not only independence
18		and sovereignty that we pointed out the fact
19		that that motion was out of time. In our
20		sovereignty we said that there should be a
21		separate trial for Kajelijeli. Please allow
22		the Chamber to exercise its sovereignty and
23		independence.
24		
25		Mr. Hinds, now you have the floor.

SHANNON FLEMING - OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER ICTR - TRIAL CHAMBER II

1	MR. HINDS:	
2		May it please the Court. I'd like to thank
3		Your Honours for giving us this opportunity
4		to respond to the Prosecutor's motion to
5		amend.
6		
7		In its argument, the Prosecutor seems to
8		criticize the Defence because we moved to
9		challenge a joint indictment against
10		Mr. Kajelijeli, and we move for a separate
11		trial and for severance. We did so because
12		from the very inception of this case, our
13		position has been that Mr. Kajelijeli had
14		not committed the offences charged and that
15		he was inappropriately joined with other
16		defendants against whom there was more
17		evidence of involvement, if any, in the
18		offence. Now that has been our position
19		from the very beginning.
20		
21		The Prosecutor suggests to you today that
22		they all along had evidence of
23		Mr. Kajelijeli's involvement in a range of
24		activities. That is what they are telling
25		you as we stand here today, that back in

1	August of 1998 they knew that Kajelijeli was
2	involved in making speeches and inciting
3	people to genocide and to crimes against
4	humanity.
5	
6	If that was so, why, pray tell us, didn't
7	the Prosecutor in paragraphs 5.4 to 5.11 of
8	the original indictment mention
9	Mr. Kajelijeli once being involved in
10	inciting anyone to commit genocide or
11	inciting anyone for crimes against humanity?
12	
13	Mr. Webster has said that was their case all
14	along. He said that what they were thinking
15	of doing now is just simply providing
16	supplemental information. The question is:
17	Where is the initial information charging
18	Mr. Kajelijeli with respect to making
19	speeches and inciting anyone to commit
20	genocide?
21	
22	Mr. Fleming gets up and he makes certain
23	statements. I would ask him to point out to
24	this learned Tribunal where in the 1998
25	indictment, when they specifically organized

1	it, under subtext speeches and incitement,
2	where Mr. Kajelijeli was in fact mentioned
3	specifically in inciting anyone.
4	
5	With respect to distribution of weapons:
6	They claim that Mr. Kajelijeli they had
7	information that Mr. Kajelijeli was involved
8	in distributing weapons that was used to
9	commit genocide, crimes against humanity.
10	Paragraphs 5.25 to 5.37 in the original
11	indictment.
12	
13	And I do not have to remind this Tribunal
14	that the Prosecutor has the burden in this
15	particular case. They have the burden and
16	the burden never shifts to the Defence.
17	They have had all of the time; they have all
18	of the resources; they have all of the
19	manpower; they made the decision to indict
20	Mr. Kajelijeli. And the question now is:
21	Have they proceeded with enough
22	particularity so as to provide sufficient
23	notice to Mr. Kajelijeli of the charges
24	against them?
25	

1	Back in 1998 there was, in fact, not a
2	single allegation that Mr. Kajelijeli was
3	involved in distribution of weapons. So it
4	is not a question of supplementing. What we
5	are dealing now with is new allegations and
6	charges. With respect to propagating and
7	establishing lists of individuals, targeting
8	individuals to be killed, they say that they
9	had evidence all along of that. Yet, if you
LO	look at the original indictment, why didn't
11	they say Kajelijeli was involved in
12	preparing lists?
13	
L 4	Now, according to Mr. Webster, their theory
15	of the case was that Kajelijeli was the
16	individual who was involved in all of these
17	activities and upon his shoulders they were
18	going to build a case involving others.
19	That's a strange way of doing it, with no
20	evidence, no allegations with respect to
21	him. And that is precisely the reason why
22	we moved to sever.
23	
24	With respect to the charge of rape: It is
25	true that Mr. Kajelijeli under count 7 of

SHANNON FLEMING - OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER ICTR - TRIAL CHAMBER II 46

1	the original indictment, that count 7 of the
2	indictment speaks to a crime against
3	humanity; in particular, rape. Not one
4	single allegation specific to
5	Mr. Kajelijeli, not one. Now suddenly they
6	say they had planned to do that all along.
7	
8	The Prosecutor's office with its staff have
9	the duty to formulate an indictment with
10	proper specificity to put the defendant on
11	notice on the principles of due process, so
12	that he could prepare to defend himself.
13	The Defence has no burden in this respect.
14	The burden is on them and not us.
15	
16	They seem to criticise us because we, in
17	fact, A, pointed out shortcomings and moved
18	and said if you want to try this man, try
19	him separately. They criticise the Tribunal
20	for ruling in our favour. They now move to
21	criticise us because they did not comply
22	with the order of the Tribunal. They have
23	the burden; they are the ones who in fact
24	caused this man to be arrested. They are
25	the ones who must proceed with the evidence

1	against him.
2	
3	With respect to the crime of rape: If you
4	look at the original indictment, and when
5	you look particularly of crimes that
6	allegedly took place in Ruhengeri, there are
7	two paragraphs addressing Mr. Kajelijeli.
8	Kajelijeli at paragraphs 6.84, 6.85, 6.86.
9	Now that is the extent. That is the extent
10	that the Prosecutors speak with any
11	particularity of what they claim
12	Juv nal Kajelijeli was involved with. I
13	have no problems with them saying they put
14	us on notice with respect to those
15	allegations.
16	
17	Now if you turn now to the so-called
18	proposed amended indictment and what they
19	call "concise facts and events in
20	Ruhengeri", and you look at the nine
21	paragraphs there, in terms of concise
22	statements, you have, for the first time,
23	they find themselves realising that, A, now
24	that this Tribunal has said to them "you
25	must follow the letter of the law, and you

1	must follow the letter of this Tribunal's
2	directives and prepare a separate indictment
3	for Mr. Kajelijeli based upon the indictment
4	that was confirmed by Judge Pillay. You
5	can't add new elements; you can't add new
6	charges. Look at the old indictment and
7	what is contained in there, that is what you
8	are bound by".
9	
10	They now realise that they have no evidence
11	with respect against Kajelijeli in the old
12	indictment. So, therefore, they are now
13	talking about for the first time that
14	Kajelijeli was involved in organizing,
15	attacking, abducting, raping, massacring
16	individuals; that he witnessed the raping
17	and other sexual assaults of Tutsi females,
18	in 5.5. In 5.3, that he commanded,
19	organized, supervised and participated in
20	rapes.
21	
22	Now when we talk about fairness, should the
23	Defence after close to the amount of time
24	that the Prosecutor has had with respect to
25	this case, where they brought an indictment

1	in August of 1998, and assuming that they
2	presented to us an indictment in August of
3	2000, it doesn't matter. After two years is
4	that the first time that they suddenly
5	realise that they have no evidence on rape
6	against Mr. Kajelijeli? And based upon
7	Mr. Webster's analysis, they had planned all
8	along to produce evidence that
9	Mr. Kajelijeli had organized and supervised
10	rapes.
11	
12	How were they going to introduce that at
13	trial? Were they just going to come into
14	this Tribunal and suddenly present witnesses
15	without any allegations in the indictment
16	itself? How were they going to proceed?
17	They created their own dilemma. They
18	created their own problems. It is not for
19	the Defence to help them solve that. They
20	have the staff; they have the resources;
21	they brought the indictment. And now we
22	find ourselves in a situation where
23	Mr. Kajelijeli, after two years assuming
24	we deal with the same time frame suggested
25	by Mr. Fleming, August of 2000 after two

1	years we have Mr. Kajelijeli suddenly faced
2	for the first time with rape, an allegation
3	that he in fact organized, supervised rapes;
4	that he in fact was involved in giving
5	speeches and inciting. None of those were
6	contained, those allegations, in 1998.
7	
8	Now, Mr. Webster suggests that there is no
9	prejudice to Mr. Kajelijeli, that because
LO	the Defence is having problems with its
11	staff and had required and requested
12	enlargement of time and adjournment that
13	there is no prejudice. He misses the point.
L 4	The point is that when we deal with fairness
15	the Prosecutor cannot at the last minute
16	change the rules of the game. They cannot
L7	at the last minute change the allegations in
18	the indictment. And say, "Well, you are
19	better off today than you were yesterday.
20	Guess what? We have told you what the
21	charges are, Professor Hinds; you ought to
22	be happy".
23	
24	That is not the rules. The rules are that
25	the Defence, the defendant must be given

1	sufficient particularity with respect to the
2	allegations so that he can defend himself.
3	Now if the Prosecutor proceeds with an
4	inadequate indictment, that is his problem.
5	He cannot later on attempt to bring in
6	evidence that is not contained in the
7	original indictment.
8	
9	The problem that the Prosecution faces is
10	that they started off in December saying
11	that they did not intend to amend. They now
12	realize that unless they amend, there are
13	certain charges that they have brought
14	against Mr. Kajelijeli where there is no
15	evidence to support it. That's their
16	dilemma. But they are the individuals who
17	are the architects of these proceedings.
18	They have initiated it, and they have the
19	burden of proceeding forward. We as the
20	Defence are raising issues and we think
21	properly so, and this Tribunal is exercising
22	its authority in ruling on the
23	appropriateness of the motions that are
24	being made.
25	

SHANNON FLEMING - OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER ICTR - TRIAL CHAMBER II

1	At this late date, the Prosecution should
2	not be allowed to amend this indictment
3	which will only cause more delays, because
4	to amend this indictment to introduce these
5	allegations of rape, and they now say, well,
6	you've gotten these witness statements and
7	you've gotten it since October yes, we
8	got these witness statements in October for
9	the first time, laying out some horrible
10	allegations with respect to rape. We now
11	have a situation of trying to locate
12	witnesses. If they had that information
13	back in August of 1998, why did it take them
14	this long to present it to us? Women who,
15	according to those allegations, were raped
16	with instruments of sticks, and so on.
17	
18	To allow the Prosecution to introduce all of
19	these new elements dealing with distribution
20	of weapons, dealing with incitement
21	speeches, dealing with establishment of
22	lists, dealing with rape, all of these are
23	new allegations, new charges, because they
24	are not contained in the original
25	indictment.

1			
2			And I would ask any of them to step forward
3			and tell us where they have so set forth in
4			the elements that they say Mr. Kajelijeli
5			was involved in in Ruhengeri. Where? Where
6			have they set it forward in their paragraphs
7			that I've cited before? Where?
8			
9			We would urge that this Tribunal, so that we
10			could proceed without any unnecessary delay,
11			deny the motion. If this motion is granted,
12			it would further delay the proceedings
13			beyond what the Defence has argued on other
14			papers and applications that we have made.
15			Thank you.
16	MR.	PRESIDENT:	
17			Thank you, Mr. Hinds. Prosecutor?
18	MR.	WEBSTER:	
19			With all due respect to the Defence, if we
20			were to accept, which we don't, Mr. Hinds'
21			representations and his argument before this
22			Court, he has made a convincing argument of
23			why the amendment should be amended and why
24			this Court should amend that indictment. It
25			is precisely that issue that we are

SHANNON FLEMING - OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER ICTR - TRIAL CHAMBER II 54

1	addressing: What evidence will be lead
2	before this Court during the trial of the
3	Defence.
4	
5	If the initial indictment, the joint
6	indictment against Kajelijeli and seven
7	others were deficient, that motion should
8	have been filed within 60 days of the
9	initial appearance of the Accused back in
10	April of 1999. He had ample opportunity
11	the Defence has had ample opportunity to
12	contest the original indictment for defects
13	in form to contest the prima facie case of
14	the eleven counts of that original
15	indictment.
16	
17	If that's the motion the Defence wants to
18	make, that motion should have been made
19	sometime last year. Every time the Defence
20	has appeared before this Tribunal, it makes
21	the same motion in other clothing. He
22	continued focus on the original indictment
23	and its facial insufficiencies. That is not
24	the appropriate motion; that is not the
25	discussion that is before this Court today.

1	The discussion before this Court today is:
2	Does the separate indictment go forward as
3	an indictment or does the Prosecutor have to
4	rely on the separate indictment that was
5	filed on the 22nd of December.
6	
7	Mr. Hinds' argument is precisely the reason
8	why this Court should grant this amendment.
9	We intend to produce evidence of Kajelijeli
10	distributing arms, inciting people to
11	massacres, inciting people to rape,
12	organising meetings. All of the things that
13	are contained in the separate indictment,
14	that is the evidence that will be presented
15	before this Court at trial, and that is the
16	evidence that the Prosecutor should be
17	allowed to lead. We have the discretion.
18	The rules and the Rules of Evidence and
19	Procedure gives the Prosecutor, if allowed
20	by the Trial Chamber, an opportunity to
21	amend an indictment to include new evidence.
22	
23	If Mr. Hinds sees all of these allegations
24	as new, that is precisely the reason why
25	this amendment should go forward and the

1	Court should grant the Prosecutor's motion
2	to amend.
3	
4	There is no reason the Defence should not be
5	allowed to trip this Tribunal and
6	substantial justice should not be allowed to
7	deftly turn issues around, turn issues on
8	their head to avoid this Tribunal being
9	to avoid the eventuality of evidence of all
10	of these acts of Mr. Kajelijeli being placed
11	before this Tribunal to be considered in
12	relation to the eleven counts of the
13	indictment.
14	
15	Every step of the way, from back in August
16	of 1998, the Defence has been aware that
17	there are eleven counts in the indictment,
18	incitement is charged in the indictment,
19	rape is charged in the indictment. All of
20	those things are in the counts of the
21	indictment. If he had problems if the
22	Defence has problems with those counts on
23	the basis of the paragraphs in the
24	indictment, the appropriate motion should
25	have been made months ago, over a year ago,

1	and that's the motion that should have been
2	argued or these arguments should have
3	been presented at that time. These are
4	inappropriate arguments for the motion that
5	is before the Court at this time.
6	
7	Even with respect to the specific
8	allegations that were made, in Mr. Hinds'
9	certification, the certification of January
10	17th, when he alleges that the separate
11	indictment is for the first time raising
12	issues of Kajelijeli's control of the
13	communal police and civil servants within
14	his jurisdiction, his bourgmestre of Mukingo
15	commune, all of those things are repeated
16	verbatim in the original indictment. If you
17	look at paragraph 3.4, the same paragraph
18	that he takes issue with, look at 3.4 in the
19	original indictment, and you will see the
20	same allegation that is made in one of the
21	paragraphs of I don't recall the specific
22	number, but it has to do with Kajelijeli's
23	authority over civil servants and communal
24	police and gendarmes.
25	

SHANNON FLEMING - OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER ICTR - TRIAL CHAMBER II

1		I am not disputing that the separate
2		indictment provides greater particularity
3		which advances matters before this Tribunal,
4		which advances and facilitates this
5		litigation. If the Court agrees with
6		Mr. Hinds that these additional facts are
7		new facts which is not what we are
8		supporting but if the Court should choose
9		to accept the Defence representation that
10		these are new facts, then that is a reason
11		why this indictment, the separate
12		indictment, should be amended. We have that
13		discretion. The rules give us that
14		discretion. And the only impediment and the
15		only objection should be one of undue delay.
16		That is not a valid objection in the context
17		of this litigation, given all of the
18		dilatory tactics that the Defence has
19		employed and the fact that they, themselves,
20		are not ready to go to trial and have
21		requested a delay of the proceedings. I
22		surrender the floor to my colleague.
23	MR. FLEMING:	
24		Your Honours, some propositions that are
25		general: My learned friend, Mr. Hinds, has

SHANNON FLEMING - OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER ICTR - TRIAL CHAMBER II 59

1	exhibited considerable confusion about the
2	matters of law about which he has been
3	speaking. May I quote one sentence from
4	him: "That the Prosecution realizes that it
5	has no evidence in the old indictment".
6	
7	We've known forever that there is no
8	evidence in the old indictment, because
9	that's not the purpose of an indictment.
10	The purposes of the indictment is set out
11	clearly in the Rules. It is not the place
12	where the evidence resides.
13	
14	Another confusion: What my learned friend
15	is seeking to do is to in fact review the
16	president's decision to confirm the
17	indictment. My learned friend, Mr. Webster,
18	has already touched upon that. The
19	indictment was confirmed, and it was said at
20	that time there was sufficient evidence to
21	put the Accused on his trial. Now somehow
22	or another our learned friend says that over
23	the next 22 months, we are not entitled to
24	accumulate further evidence. We are stuck
25	with the evidence which was available when

1	this indictment was first confirmed in 1998.
2	That of course is nonsense. We are entitled
3	to accumulate further evidence.
4	
5	Now the Rules are sensible. The Rules say
6	that the indictment must be confirmed at
7	that point it is established that there is
8	sufficient evidence to put the accused on
9	his trial. Judge Pillay decided that a long
10	time ago, and that includes rape, that
11	includes incitement, and all of the other
12	charges that are there. So there was enough
13	evidence; there is enough evidence in the
14	initial material. Our learned friends
15	didn't challenge that, so they are stuck
16	with that.
17	
18	But then the rules go on to protect their
19	interest. Now our learned friend is
20	confused again because he suggests we have
21	to produce all of the evidence to him when
22	the indictment is confirmed. No rule says
23	that. His client's interests are protected
24	by, of course, him, because he goes out upon
25	the strength of the indictment and starts to

1	make his own investigations. Ah, but of
2	course he tells this Court that he hasn't
3	done that yet and he wants more time to do
4	it. So he can't really complain that he
5	hasn't had all of the material, to which he
6	is not entitled in any event.
7	
8	What do the Rules say about disclosing the
9	evidence which our learned friend continues
LO	to say should have been in the indictment?
11	The evidence, of course, is disclosed under
12	Rule 66, "No later than 60 days before the
13	date set for trial copies of the statements
L 4	of all witnesses whom the Prosecutor intends
15	to call to testify at the trial must be
16	disclosed". Sixty days.
L 7	
18	Now let us look objectively at this. Our
L 9	learned friend has had an indictment for two
20	years that he didn't challenge in respect of
21	the adequacy of the evidence. He challenged
22	it in other ways; took appeals. And of
23	course they were dismissed because time
24	limits were not met. Then he asked us what
25	evidence was available. If we had had to

1	answer the substance of the appeal and we
2	didn't because the time limits were not met
3	and it was dismissed on that ground we
4	would have referred him to the five public
5	documents that have been in existence from
6	periods of time from 1995 through until 1997
7	which clearly states that his client is
8	suspected of war crimes.
9	
10	Now those are still available and that could
11	be one of the issues he wants to raise if he
12	wants to see those. We can show him any
13	time he wishes. He's never asked us.
14	
15	Second, the evidence itself, that is, the
16	witness statements, are to be disclosed no
17	later than 60 days. Now the particularity
18	that we provided in the indictment was given
19	six months ago. Our learned friend stands
20	here today and pretends that all of this has
21	happened today or in December. Even if it
22	happened in December, he's had six or seven
23	weeks to prepare a case. But he hasn't,
24	because he puts his own personal financial
25	circumstances before that of his client, and

1	we come to that in the next application that
2	he makes to be relieved of his
3	responsibilities as counsel.
4	
5	So he's had the indictment with all the
6	particularities since August. He's had
7	every word that we intend to call at trial
8	from all of our witnesses since the 30th of
9	October. October to November to December:
10	He's had those for 10 weeks. And he's
11	feigning surprise. He's entitled to have
12	them, in fact, 60 days before the date set
13	for trial. He had them well within that
14	time.
15	
16	He had the temerity to say to this Court on
17	the last occasion that there has not been a
18	single other accused in this court or any
19	other court in this Tribunal who has had to
20	meet the time limits that he's had to. We
21	say of course "balderdash", because the
22	rules say that he has to get the statements
23	within 60 days, must have the statements
24	within 60 days. And if he thinks that there
25	is some injustice in that, then the Rule

1	goes on to say that he can come to this
2	Court and upon good cause shown, a Trial
3	Chamber may order the copies of statements
4	within a particular time. He does none of
5	that.
6	
7	So there has been evidence, always has been
8	evidence Judge Pillay found that two
9	years ago sufficient to put this man on
10	his trial. We have no obligation to give
11	evidence until 60 days before trial. Now
12	that's a very sensible rule, and I'll
13	explain in our submission why.
14	
15	(Pages 1 to 65 by S Fleming)
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

SHANNON FLEMING - OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER ICTR - TRIAL CHAMBER II 65

1		1050н.
2	MR. FLEMING:	(Continuing)
3		We could have gone to Mr. Kajelijeli with a
4		truckload of material and said, here you
5		are, there it all is, you sift through it,
6		you sort it out; but we don't. Because my
7		view of this rule, and I would submit that
8		it should be the Court's view as well, is
9		that by the time you are ready for trial and
10		by the time you can announce that you are
11		ready for trial, you have refined the case
12		to specifically those witnesses that you
13		intend to call at trial.
14		
15		Now that's the purpose of the rule so that
16		in Mr. Hinds' mind the case, when he is
17		given full disclosure, is fully
18		particularised then, that's when he gets the
19		witness statements, not back, as he says, in
20		some confusion when the indictment is
21		confirmed, or not back, as he says, with
22		some further confusion, within the
23		indictment itself. That's just not the law.
24		The law is he has the indictment, it is
25		confirmed by a judge of this Tribunal saying

1	that there is sufficient evidence to put him
2	on his trial, the matter is refined and
3	refined, we took the initiative to
4	particularise. The allegations, they are
5	not new allegations, they are a
6	particularity in respect of those
7	allegations. We give him the forty-one
8	statements that we intend to use. Now we
9	can say, still, that we hope we can refine
10	that down further so that we don't have
11	forty-one statements, but these are the ones
12	which will prove our case.
13	
14	So he's had our case fully particularised
15	from August last year. He's had all of our
16	witness statements since the 30th of
17	October, and he is here crying foul as
18	though these things happened today. And
19	with the greatest of respect, there is no
20	substance to what our learned friend just
21	said; they are entirely outside of the
22	jurisprudence of this Tribunal, and our
23	learned friend is simply playing for time
24	and he's made no bones about that either.

25

1			He said to the press that he doesn't intend
2			to be here to run a trial even if Your
3			Honours order a trial on and he is prepared
4			to take the consequences of that because
5			first, his partner went off and did
6			something else - may we just deal with that
7			for a moment - his partner took another
8			brief when he knew
9	MR.	HINDS:	
10			Objection, Your Honour, clearly
11			inappropriate.
12	MR.	FLEMING:	
13			When he knew that the matter I'm sorry.
14	MR.	PRESIDENT:	
15			Please, Mr. Hinds, just let him finish.
16			I'll give you the floor, Mr. Hinds.
17	MR.	FLEMING:	
18			His partner took another brief when he knew
19			that this matter was coming on for trial,
20			something of course which is an outrageous
21			proposition in any reasonably developed
22			jurisprudence. Second, he lost his two
23			interns and says that he's got to do the
24			work himself and if he has to leave his
25			practice then this would cause him

GIFTY HARDING, OFFICIAL REPORTER
ICTR - CHAMBER II
68 68

1	MR.	PRESIDENT:	
2			Yes, you will be free to deal with this
3			matter when we get to that motion.
4	MR.	FLEMING:	
5			I understand what you're saying to me, but
6			it's relevant.
7	MR.	PRESIDENT:	
8			And may I also point out you've already said
9			what you are repeating now. I would want us
L 0			to move faster.
L1	MR.	FLEMING:	
L2			Yes, thank you. Your Honour, the fact is
13			that they seek time and they have sat on
L 4			their hands, they have allowed time to run,
15			they have ignored their own propositions
L 6			stated to us and they come and they feign
L7			surprise, and with the greatest respect, we
L8			would submit that there is no substance to
L 9			their opposition to this amendment, and I
20			simply adopt what my learned friend has said
21			in respect of the delays alleged delays
22			that might be caused. Thank you, Your
23			Honours.
24	MR.	PRESIDENT:	
25			I will give the floor to Judge Sekule who

GIFTY HARDING, OFFICIAL REPORTER ICTR - CHAMBER II 69

1		wishes to put a question to the Prosecutor.
2	JUDGE SEKULE:	
3		I have a small question, I suppose for
4		clarification. I don't know who is going to
5		answer this whether it's Mr. Webster or Mr.
6		Fleming, but when I read the motion for
7		seeking for leave to amend and supporting
8		material thereon, there is an attached,
9		there is an attached Attachment A which
10		is supposed to be the proposed amendment, I
11		suppose?
12	MR. FLEMING:	
13		Yes, Your Honour.
14	JUDGE SEKULE:	
15		But because I see it is signed at the end
16		and it had been signed on the 24th of
17		October 2000.
18	MR. FLEMING:	
19		Yes. May I explain?
20	JUDGE SEKULE:	
21		Yes.
22	MR. FLEMING:	
23		Your Honour, going back to the indictment
24		which we filed as the new indictment or the
25		separate indictment in August, it was our

GIFTY HARDING, OFFICIAL REPORTER ICTR - CHAMBER II 70

1		view that we were particularising.
2		
3		Now, Your Honours dealt with that in your
4		decision on the 12th of December and you
5		said it wasn't particularising; it could
6		appear to somebody that they were in fact
7		new charges. So what we do is to bring
8		precisely that same indictment. It is the
9		same in every particular, every word, and we
L O		say if you say it is in fact amending
L1		charges, then we will have to take the step
L2		of seeking an amendment of the old
L3		indictment, that is, the original
L 4		indictment.
L5		
16		So, it is that indictment that we seek to
L7		now put forward as an amended indictment
18		because Your Honours basically told us it
L 9		was an amended indictment. I mean, you
20		didn't tell us to seek an amendment of it,
21		but you did tell us that it was in fact an
22		amended indictment. So we now seek to have
23		that amended indictment against the Accused
24	JUDGE SEKULE:	
25		Okay. In other words, the Attachment A is

GIFTY HARDING, OFFICIAL REPORTER ICTR - CHAMBER II 71

1		your proposed amendment or the way the
2		amendment or rather, the amended charge
3		will look like?
4	MR. FLEMING:	
5		Yes, precisely, Your Honour and that's the
6		document that's been in our learned friend's
7		hands since August of 2000.
8	JUDGE SECULE:	
9		So the signature at the end should can be
10		ignored at this stage?
11	MR. FLEMING:	
12		Yes, it can be ignored at this stage because
13		that was the indictment that we did file in
14		October, yes.
15	JUDGE SEKULE:	
16		Thank you. That's the small clarification I
17		wanted.
18	MR. FLEMING:	
19		Thank you.
20	MR. PRESIDENT:	
21		Mr. Hinds, you have any observations?
22		Brief, please.
23	MR. HINDS:	
24		Just to point out what is
25	INTERPRETER:	

GIFTY HARDING, OFFICIAL REPORTER
ICTR - CHAMBER II
72

22 JANUARY 2001 KAJELIJELI

Τ		Your microphone, Mr. Hinds.
2	MR. HINDS:	
3		obvious to this Tribunal that in both Mr.
4		Webster's and Mr. Fleming's statements to
5		the Court, they have not responded in any
6		way and shared with this Tribunal not a
7		single allegation that was contained in 1998
8		with respect to rape involving Mr.
9		Kajelijeli, nor any allegations with respect
L O		to incitement, distribution of weapons or
11		lists. They've ignored it because it does
12		not exist. Just one other comment.
13		
L 4		Mr. Webster says that the Defence could have
15		proceeded with a motion to dismiss the
16		indictment if we found that it was
L7		insufficient. That is obviously true. We
18		chose not to do so because we knew that at
L 9		the end of the Prosecutor's case they would
20		not be able to overcome a motion to dismiss
21		at that point.
22		
23		So we knew that there was insufficient facts
24		and allegations to support the charges and
25		that is why we did not move to dismiss.

1		They cannot simply move at this stage to
2		bring new charges under the indictment and
3		say that this is acceptable. And it's for
4		those reasons that we believe that they
5		should be held to proceed based upon the
6		indictment that they filed on December 27th.
7		They say that they feel that they could
8		proceed on that basis, that is what they
9		should be held to; the indictment that was
10		filed on December 27th of 2000. Thank you.
11	MR. PRESIDENT:	
12		I give the floor to Judge G ney.
13	JUDGE G NEY:	
14		Professor Hinds, I want you to develop on
15		one point which was emphasised by Mr.
16		Fleming during his submission. He said that
17		the indictment was confirmed, it is a
18		confirmed indictment. We are not obliged to
19		offer evidence until 60 days before the
20		trial, and this is the rule. I want you to
21		develop on this point because you didn't
22		make any reference on it. Thank you.
23	MR. HINDS:	
24		I did not make any reference with respect to
		1

1	INTERPRETER:	
2		Microphone.
3	MR. HINDS:	
4		is self-evident, Your Honour, that with
5		respect to when you look facially at the
6		indictment, the indictment should set forth
7		at least allegations that in fact pointed to
8		the defendant's actions to support the
9		charges. They in fact attempted to do so
10		with respect to other allegations and with
11		respect to other individuals. The
12		indictment is absent, absent any
13		allegations, any allegations setting forth
14		any charges with respect to rape with
15		respect to Mr. Kajelijeli.
16		
17		They are saying they are under no duty to
18		provide that. Minimally, minimally, they
19		must provide some specificity with respect
20		to an allegation of rape, not just simply
21		that the man is charged with rape without
22		any facts. We are not talking about
23		evidence that is presented on a basis of
24		witness statements, but there has to be some
25		allegations with respect to what Mr.

1		Kajelijeli did. They are saying to you they
2		are under no duty to do that, and that is
3		clearly not within the Rules, not only
4		within this Tribunal, but international
5		jurisprudence.
6	JUDGE G NEY:	
7		Is this your interpretation of the relevant
8		rule in this respect?
9	MR. HINDS:	
10		Yes, Your Honour.
11	MR. FLEMING:	
12		Your Honour, may I respond very briefly on
13		one point?
14	MR. PRESIDENT:	
15		Will you be brief?
16	MR. FLEMING:	
17		Yes, I will, I will. Rule 72; my learned
18		friend had a tactic that he wasn't going to
19		challenge the adequacy of the material
20		supporting the indictment or the fact that
21		it was confirmed until the actual hearing
22		and apparently at the close of the accused
23		the Prosecution case.
24		
25		Now, the Prosecution intended to call the

22 JANUARY 2001 KAJELIJELI

1	evidence in the material which we have
2	provided to him that is, the witness
3	statements. The Rule actually says that if
4	you are going to challenge the indictment in
5	any particular way that constitutes a
6	preliminary motion, then you must do so
7	within a certain number of days.
8	
9	Now, you see, he says that he was going to
10	leave this challenge until, apparently, the
11	end of our case. The Rules simply don't
12	allow it, that's our proposition, you simply
13	can't do that. He might be able to say
14	there is insufficient evidence in the case,
15	not to I'm sorry, there is insufficient
16	evidence to convict his client, but he can't
17	go back to the indictment. If there is a
18	problem with the indictment then that must
19	be sorted out within a certain number of
20	days of the indictment being confirmed.
21	
22	So what our learned friend said is a total
23	misconception of the law in respect of this.
24	I'm sorry I took the time Your Honours, but
25	that's all we wish to say.

Τ	MR.	PRESIDENT:	
2			One minute.
3	MR.	HINDS:	
4			Yes, just I will take less than a minute.
5			I thought I made it clear that the Defence
6			had no intention to challenge the inadequacy
7			of the indictment, and what I said was after
8			the Prosecutor presented their case that the
9			Defence would move to dismiss the specific
10			counts for failure to provide sufficient
11			evidence to convict, not challenging the
12			indictment. Thank you.
13	MR.	PRESIDENT:	
14			Prosecutor's motion for leave to amend will
15			be deliberated upon and the Chamber will
16			rule on it. I'll give the floor again to
17			the Prosecutor to introduce the motion on
18			the request for further time for filing
19			briefs.
20	MR.	FLEMING:	
21			Your Honour, that's a simple proposition at
22			the end of the day. When we were confronted
23			with this difficulty as to whether or not we
24			ran under the old indictment or we should
25			amend, we were of the view that it might

1	change the contents of the pretrial brief.
2	
3	Now, there will be many elements that are
4	common but there could be some things that
5	would change. We thought it wiser at the
6	end of the day to wait until we knew
7	whether or not we are entitled to now amend,
8	or whether or not we had to go back to the
9	order of the 12th and comply with what Your
10	Honours directed there. The only reason we
11	haven't complied with what Your Honours
12	directed there was in respect that was
13	because of this possible amendment. We can
14	tell Your Honours that we could, with some
15	haste, provide you with a pre-trial brief on
16	either matter by the end of this week.
17	However, to ensure that there is no
18	difficulty whatsoever, we could have a
19	pre-trial brief done either in this matter
20	as it presently stands, or on the amendment,
21	by the 5th of February, that's Monday the
22	5th of February, and we seek to extend the
23	time to there.
24	
25	We are conscious, very conscious that we

1	haven't complied with what Your Honours said
2	on the 12th, but we were of the view that we
3	had to make a decision on whether to seek
4	amendment or whether to go with what we had
5	as a result of the 12th. We took the view
6	that we should seek amendment and we,
7	therefore, once we've done a lot of work in
8	respect of the pretrial brief and we could
9	give you something, we were of the view that
10	it would be better to wait and see precisely
11	what it was that we were dealing with in the
12	pretrial brief.
13	
14	Your Honours, this might in some way be
15	affected by what our learned friend wants to
16	do in respect of seeking time to prepare the
17	case as well. Thank you, Your Honours.
18	
19	Yes, it might depend upon our learned
20	friend's withdrawal, although even without
21	that we can, depending on what Your Honours
22	conclude about our previous motion, have
23	something to you by, at the latest, the 5th
24	of December, fully and complete sorry,
25	5th of February, fully and completely.

22 JANUARY 2001 KAJELIJELI

1	MR. PRESIDENT:	
2		Sorry, Mr. Hinds, any comments?
3	MR. HINDS:	
4		No, Your Honours.
5	INTERPRETER:	
6		Microphone of the President, microphone.
7		The microphone is off again, please.
8	MR. PRESIDENT:	
9		There is a motion to correct an indictment
10		dated 22nd December. Do you want to
11		introduce the said amendment also the
12		said motion?
13	MR. FLEMING:	
14		We will say simply Your Honour, again that
15		would depend upon what you do with this
16		present motion because if you allow the
17		amendment that would become irrelevant, if
18		you don't allow the amendment it would
19		become relevant and it's not of great
20		substance. My learned friend, Ms. Ojemeni,
21		can tell you the precise details if
22		necessary, but it will depend upon what Your
23		Honours determine in respect of the first
24		motion.
25	MR. PRESIDENT:	

1		Mr. Hinds, any observations on this item?
2	MR. HINDS:	
3		As Mr. Fleming pointed out, Your Honour, and
4		my reading of the motion to
5	INTERPRETER:	
6		Microphone.
7	MR. HINDS:	
8		correct seems to be more dealing with
9		some typographical issues and nothing of
10		substance, I mean, if I'm correct, because I
11		read Exhibits B and C, and tried to make
12		heads and tails of it but I my sense of
13		it is that they wanted to insert one page
14		and they wanted to make some corrections
15		with some paragraphs, but I didn't see any
16		substance. If I'm misreading this I hope
17		the Prosecutor alerts me to this.
18	MR. FLEMING:	
19		We can assure our learned friend that there
20		is nothing of substance. It is truly just
21		trying to sort out some typographical
22		issues. Thank you.
23	MR. PRESIDENT:	
24		So this is duly noted that this will depend
25		on our ruling on your initial motion, but we

1			all agree that there are no matters of
2			substance being introduced in this latter
3			motion.
4	MR.	FLEMING:	
5			Exactly.
6	MR.	PRESIDENT:	
7			That's fine. Thank you. So we will
8			conclude with the motion by Mr. Hinds, which
9			makes mention of the difficulties he is
10			encountering in ensuring representation of
11			his client in connection with difficulties
12			he is also encountering within his own
13			chambers and his cooperation with Mr. Harvey
14			who is taken up with some other brief in
15			Northern Ireland. Can I give the floor to
16			Mr. Hinds?
17	MR.	HINDS:	
18			May it please the Court. I took an unusual
19			decision to file a motion to withdraw, not
20			because that was my intent, nor the intent
21			of my client. But I felt in fairness to
22			this Tribunal and in fairness to Mr.
23			Kajelijeli, given the chain circumstances
24			that I found myself in, I could not, in all
25			fairness to the Tribunal and to my client,

1	proceed under what I understood to be the
2	time schedule that this Tribunal was
3	prepared to adhere to. And I recognise my
4	duties to the Tribunal and my duties to my
5	client, and I wanted to make sure that
6	notwithstanding the decision taken by the
7	Tribunal, I would not jeopardise his
8	interest. And so therefore, I, while making
9	an application to withdraw, I continued to
LO	do work on his case, including travelling to
11	Rwanda last week, taking 10 days being away
12	from my office, coming here, going back to
13	New York for four days, and then travelling
L 4	back here getting here on Saturday night.
15	This was done to make sure that Mr.
16	Kajelijeli's interest was not compromised in
17	any way and also to demonstrate to this
18	Tribunal that I took my responsibilities
19	very seriously.
20	
21	While I was in Kigali, I received notices
22	and correspondence from this Tribunal
23	including some scheduling orders. In other
2 4	words, I was not in New York when the time
25	frames were set to respond to the

1	Prosecution's motion for leave to amend. I
2	was in Ruhengeri visiting various locations
3	there. And so therefore, I was faced with a
4	situation where there were time constraints
5	being given for me to respond to the brief
6	while I was in Rwanda with no support staff,
7	no co-counsel. I had to get back to New
8	York and within less than 24 hours, respond.
9	But I did so.
10	
11	This Tribunal is aware that I have a law
12	firm headquartered in New York City, over
13	7600 miles from this place. I decided to
14	take this case at great personal sacrifice
15	because I wanted to do it.
16	
17	There are lawyers who have agreed to serve
18	here for various reasons. I did so with an
19	understanding that I could assemble a team
20	that would allow me the time to be away from
21	my office for a trial for three to four
22	months, and I operated up until December of
23	this year.
24	
25	Every time this Tribunal scheduled a

1	proceeding I was here or I had co-counsel
2	here. There hadn't been a single proceeding
3	that went forward even when we there were
4	joint defendants, that went forward where I
5	was absent and unexcused.
6	
7	And so, when I was here in December, even
8	though my co-counsel had decided to take
9	another assignment, I felt that I could
10	still make arrangements, and I made those
11	representations to the Court. But on going
12	back to New York, I was faced with two other
13	lawyers who are in my firm who have decided
14	to take employment elsewhere. One of those
15	lawyers left last week. Another lawyer will
16	be leaving in a couple of weeks.
17	
18	My office represents the Government of South
19	Africa in the United States. We handle all
20	bilateral matters between the Government of
21	South Africa and the United States
22	Government; trade issues, and so on. In
23	addition to hundreds of other cases that we
24	deal with, I felt a duty to my client, and I
25	shared that with him, and a responsibility

1	to this Court. But I knew that with the
2	very structure of the Defence team
3	collapsing, I could not continue in this
4	representation unless I was given additional
5	time in order to organise myself and so,
6	therefore, I took the extraordinary step of
7	putting before this Court an application
8	setting forth the reasons. It was not an
9	easy decision for me to make.
10	
11	My duty to this Tribunal and my client does
12	not include filing bankruptcy. Those all
13	of us who are at the bar have practised law
14	and we understand the problems that lawyers
15	face from time to time. This situation is
16	extraordinary. I have never had this
17	particular situation in the 27 years that I
18	have been practising, but I must confess I
19	have never tried a case requiring me to be
20	away from my office for months, seven
21	thousand miles away.
22	
23	If this matter was within the United States
24	I would have no problem, I'd be able to
25	organise myself and most judges in the

1		United States would understand that. You
2		can make those arrangements. But being away
3		for this amount of time I just couldn't do
4		it. And so, therefore, the application that
5		I am making is an application to withdraw if
6		the Court intends to proceed with this trial
7		today. I just simply am not going to be in
8		a position to do so and to remain here for
9		three months. I would not be able to give
10		my client undivided attention for the very
11		reasons that I've set forth in the public
12		record, and I'm not going to belabour the
13		points which have been set forth in my
14		certification. I'm willing to entertain any
15		questions that the Tribunal may have.
16	MR. PRESIDENT:	
17		Judge Sekule, you have the floor.
18	JUDGE SEKULE:	
19		Thank you, Mr. President. Yes, Professor
20		Hinds, I followed your submissions and the
21		effort that you have recently made in
22		respect of the case of your client and your
23		own difficulties that you had been you
24		had pointed out just pointed out.

GIFTY HARDING, OFFICIAL REPORTER
ICTR - CHAMBER II
88

25

1		Do you have an idea, can you give us your
2		thoughts as to how you think you can get out
3		of this problem and be able to deal
4		adequately with the work of the Tribunal as
5		well as the take care of the interest of
6		your client effectively, of course, and
7		speedily? Do you have some idea? Because I
8		think this still remains to be open-ended.
9	MR. HINDS:	
10		There is the issue of co-counsel
11	INTERPRETER:	
12		Microphone, please. Microphone, sir.
13	MR. HINDS:	
13 14	MR. HINDS:	There is the issue of co-counsel, Mr.
	MR. HINDS:	There is the issue of co-counsel, Mr. Harvey. A decision I will have to take a
14	MR. HINDS:	
14 15	MR. HINDS:	Harvey. A decision I will have to take a
14 15 16	MR. HINDS:	Harvey. A decision I will have to take a decision within, I would think the next week
14 15 16 17	MR. HINDS:	Harvey. A decision I will have to take a decision within, I would think the next week to 10 days with respect to what to do about
14 15 16 17 18	MR. HINDS:	Harvey. A decision I will have to take a decision within, I would think the next week to 10 days with respect to what to do about Mr. Harvey. I've not been able to
14 15 16 17 18	MR. HINDS:	Harvey. A decision I will have to take a decision within, I would think the next week to 10 days with respect to what to do about Mr. Harvey. I've not been able to communicate with him. I know that this
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	MR. HINDS:	Harvey. A decision I will have to take a decision within, I would think the next week to 10 days with respect to what to do about Mr. Harvey. I've not been able to communicate with him. I know that this the Registrar's office have written to him
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MR. HINDS:	Harvey. A decision I will have to take a decision within, I would think the next week to 10 days with respect to what to do about Mr. Harvey. I've not been able to communicate with him. I know that this the Registrar's office have written to him through New York. He has been e-mailed in
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MR. HINDS:	Harvey. A decision I will have to take a decision within, I would think the next week to 10 days with respect to what to do about Mr. Harvey. I've not been able to communicate with him. I know that this the Registrar's office have written to him through New York. He has been e-mailed in Northern Ireland. He has not responded, and

1	the next 10 days concerning co-counsel and
2	whether or not it would be Mr. Harvey and
3	whether or not he could meet the
4	requirements and the rigours that are
5	required with respect to moving this case
6	forward. That's one decision that has to be
7	taken.
8	
9	The other decision that I have to take I
10	have to hire two new lawyers with respect to
11	handling the docket of cases that we have in
12	my office and reorganise along those lines
13	and then, of course, continuing to prepare
14	here.
15	
16	I do not believe that I could be ready to
17	proceed with this matter; that is, to start
18	a trial where I would be here for an
19	extended period of time earlier than June
20	30th. I could be here to deal with motions,
21	I could be here to deal with opening
22	statements, I could be here to deal with
23	cross-examining; for example, an expert
24	witness or something of that nature in two
25	months or something like that. But I could

1			not be a here to proceed with the trial
2			proper in terms of examining and
3			cross-examining substantive witnesses that
4			the Prosecutor would be presenting, before
5			the end of June.
6	MR.	PRESIDENT:	
7			Mr. Hinds, have I got you correctly? You
8			would be prepared to enter into a
9			compromise?
10	MR.	HINDS:	
11			Yes, the compromise is what I have just
12			proposed.
13	MR.	PRESIDENT:	
14			In other words, if I get you correctly, you
15			would be ready within the next month or two
16			to begin the trial; that is, to hear the
17			opening remarks of the Prosecutor and the
18			presentation of expert witnesses or others,
19			perhaps to counter cross-examine them.
20			But so far as factual witnesses are
21			concerned you would be ready to work on them
22			later on. This is what I got you to say.
23	MR.	HINDS:	
24			That's correct. With respect to expert
25			witnesses, if there is one expert witness to

22 JANUARY 2001 KAJELIJELI

1		be presented at that time, I would be in a
2		position to cross-examine an expert witness
3		if we are talking about some time in March.
4		That's what I'm saying, yes.
5	MR. PRESIDENT:	
6		Prosecutor, what is your reaction?
7	MR. FLEMING:	
8		If there was anything we say, we say in this
9		context: First, we acknowledge the right of
10		an accused to have an effective Defence.
11		Second, we would concede that to have
12		somebody new coming and start all over again
13		would probably be a lengthier process than
14		our learned friend remaining in the case.
15		So we would have to concede that it would be
16		better to have our learned friend to remain
17		in the case. And third, we also acknowledge
18		the fact that we've brought the motion that
19		we have first this morning. So anything we
20		say is within those context, and given the
21		circumstances it seems that we too would be
22		able to effect a compromise to get the trial
23		going.
24		
25		Your Honours, there is one thing we should

1	say about experts: As the matter is pleaded
2	and as it is set up presently, there is a
3	6(3) allegation thereof; the effect command
4	responsibility. We are seriously
5	considering that because of the sufficiency
6	of the evidence of Mr. Kajelijeli's personal
7	involvement, that we won't proceed with
8	that, but rather we will proceed under $6(1)$.
9	If we make that decision, and we will do so
10	within the next couple of days, there
11	probably won't be a great need for an expert
12	that's why I went through that background,
13	because the expert would give principally
14	evidence in respect of the structures of
15	society and the structures of local
16	government, and so on.
17	
18	The second thing we would say is this, that
19	if there is time, and my learned friend Ms.
20	Ojemeni foreshadowed this on the 12th of
21	December, we would consider it to be
22	appropriate to bring a motion for judicial
23	notice of certain things. Now, before we
24	did that, of course, we would communicate
25	further with our learned friend about

1	matters such as, for example, whether we had
2	to prove genocide; perhaps another reason
3	why we might call an expert. If our learned
4	friend was opposed to any admission of
5	genocide we would immediately bring a motion
6	for Your Honours to take judicial notice of
7	some of those matters. So we can usefully
8	use the time to save time at trial.
9	
10	Now, having said all of that, and we are
11	prepared to obviously compromise in respect
12	of all of these things, there are some
13	matters which we must comment upon in our
L 4	learned friend's motion. I will not repeat
15	the matters that I have already commented
16	upon about Mr. Harvey taking another brief,
17	we have great concerns about that. We, of
18	course, have great sympathy for our learned
L 9	friend because we who practice law know the
20	difficulties that can arise without
21	involvement or complicity, and we
22	acknowledge our learned friend's position.
23	
2 4	However, we must make some comments about
25	withdrawal of counsel and that is, and we

1

simply say the jurisprudence is that you can

2	only withdraw in exceptional circumstances.
3	It would be our argument that there are no
4	exceptional circumstances shown. Personal
5	comfort or personal pecuniary position
6	should not come before the obligation to the
7	client or to this Tribunal. We don't want
8	to belabour those propositions anymore.
9	
10	There are propositions in respect of
11	language, that Mr. Harvey was a very fluent
12	French speaker and was obviously the person
13	who was translating and interpreting. We go
L 4	back to the beginning of this matter when
15	our learned friend Mr. Hinds was actually
16	appointed. Your Honours will recall that
17	this is being litigated but the simple
18	circumstances were these: Mr. Kajelijeli
19	insisted upon having Mr. Hinds. The
20	question of language was specifically raised
21	by the Registrar and this is well before Mr.
22	Harvey became involved as co-counsel, and
23	that issue was set to one side. Mr.
24	Kajelijeli himself said it wasn't an issue.
25	So we submit that it can't be made an issue

22 JANUARY 2001 KAJELIJELI

1	now in respect of the argument being run.
2	
3	The fact that it is a long way from home and
4	therefore stretches resources in
5	communications and everything else, we would
6	submit this is inadequate argument because
7	the brief is taken upon that basis. So we
8	would submit that there is no special
9	situation shown which would permit a
10	withdrawal.
11	
12	Now having said all of that, we come back to
13	the point where we would agree that the best
14	way forward is for our learned friend, Mr.
15	Hinds, to stay in the case and try to find
16	ways that we can expedite the matter from
17	there. And we have at least one or two, one
18	being that we will review the indictment and
19	finally make a decision on 6(3), and second,
20	negotiating with our learned friend in
21	respect of matters that we might not have to
22	prove; if not, then we will bring a motion
23	for judicial notice within a very short
24	period of time. And Your Honours, we are
25	prepared to meet any reasonable timetable in

1		respect of the matter. Thank you.
2	MR. PRESIDENT:	
3		Mr. Prosecutor, the Chamber was thinking
4		that in spite of his motion, Professor Hinds
5		has described practical problems that he has
6		and that we've understood that he was
7		prepared to come back to revise his motion
8		rather, if we could together, come up with a
9		compromise solution that would enable us to
10		start a trial, cross-examining witnesses, et
11		cetera, even if it means that later on he is
12		able to cross-examine the factual witnesses
13		of the Prosecution.
14		
15		We were thinking about those compromise
16		which appears to us to be constructive. I
17		believe that if we leave it at that, we can
18		find a solution so that this is the
19		reason why I should like to propose that we
20		deliberate. It is not impossible, with the
21		agreement of my colleagues, that if we see a
22		possible date in March that we call the
23		Judges, the Prosecutor and the Defence in a
24		public hearing in my office so that we find
25		a constructive compromise.

1		
2		Now, I think it is out of question now to
3		talk about the law, and as far as the author
4		of the motion is ready to relinquish it if
5		we find a solution that allows him to defend
6		his client and to face other practical
7		difficulties that confront him. I think
8		that that is a good direction, a
9		constructive direction as compared to
10		engaging in a debate. So that Mr.
11		Prosecutor, I shall put that to you, we will
12		come back to it later to see what decision
13		we are going to take on your motion and the
14		time factor because there are other
15		obligations under Rule 50. Do you agree
16		with me?
17	MR. FLEMING:	
18		Yes, Your Honour.
19	MR. PRESIDENT:	
20		Thank you very much. You have a lawyer, Mr.
21		Kajelijeli. If you want to make a comment
22		use your lawyer, please.
23	INTERPRETER:	
24		Microphone, please.
25	MR. PRESIDENT:	

1			Mr. Hinds?
2	MR.	HINDS:	
3			Your Honour, may I have an opportunity to
4			consult with my client, find out what he
5			wants.
6	MR.	PRESIDENT:	
7			Okay.
8	MR.	HINDS:	
9			May I, Your Honour? Mr. Kajelijeli
10			communicated with the Court and he is he
11			was somewhat concerned that the Prosecutor
12			might have been misquoting the intent of his
13			communication to the Court in terms of his
14			letter. I have informed him that the Court
15			received the communications and that the
16			letter speaks for itself, notwithstanding
17			whatever the Prosecutor said about it, that
18			the Court understood his intent and there
19			was no need for him to clarify that point.
20	MR.	PRESIDENT:	
21			Professor Hinds, this is the reason why I
22			listened with a great deal of interest to
23			what Mr. Fleming was saying to see whether
24			it was in our interest to change lawyers at
25			this time or not. And we understood in

1		Kajelijeli's communication that he truly
2		wanted you as counsel. This is reason why
3		we propose a dynamic compromise, as we say
4		in French, to conciliate the two interests.
5		
6		Very well, if I'm not mistaken there are no
7		more motions.
8	REGISTRY:	
9		No more, Your Honours, we are through.
10	MR. PRESIDENT:	
11		We shall now rise.
12		
13		(Court adjourned at 1150)
14		
15		(Pages 66 - 100 by G. Harding)
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

T	CERTICATE
2	We, Shannon Flemming and Gifty Harding, Official Court Reporters for the
3	International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda, do hereby certify that the
4	foregoing proceedings in the above-entitled cause was taken at the
5	time and place as stated; that it was taken in shorthand (Stenotype) and
6	thereafter transcribed by computer and revised under our supervision and
7	control; that the foregoing pages contain a true and correct transcription of the
8	said proceedings to the best of our ability and understanding.
9	
10	We further certify that we are not of counsel nor related to any of the parties to this cause and that we are in no wise
11	interested in the result of said cause.
12	
13	Shannon Fleming Pages 1 to 65
14	
15	Gifty C. Harding Pages 66 to 100
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	