

Complexity

Question 1: To the best of our knowledge a decision problem is in NP if and only if its answer takes ...

- ☐ A ...non-polynomial time to check.
- ☐ B ...non-polynomial time to compute.
- ☐ C ...polynomial time to check.
- ☐ D ...polynomial time to compute.
- ☐ E ...possibly forever to compute.

Question 2: To the best of our knowledge a decision problem is NP-hard if and only if ...

- ☐ A ...it can be reduced in polynomial time to every problem in NP.
- ☐ B ...it can be reduced in polynomial time to every NP-complete problem.
- ☐ C ...every problem in P can be reduced in polynomial time to it.
- ☐ D ...every problem in NP can be reduced in polynomial time to it.
- ☐ E ...every NP-complete problem can be reduced in polynomial time to it.

Question 3: If the best known solution checker for a decision problem D takes $\mathcal{O}(n^{k^2})$ time on an instance of size n , for a constant $k > 0$, then what is the *tightest* complexity class of D , according to current knowledge?

- ☐ A P
- ☐ B NP
- ☐ C NP-complete
- ☐ D NP-hard
- ☐ E we do not know

Question 4: Given an algorithm that is implemented using dynamic programming which of the following statements best describes the complexity of the implementation.

- ☐ A Always polynomial time
- ☐ B Always NP-complete
- ☐ C Always pseudo polynomial
- ☐ D $\mathcal{O}(n^2)$
- ☐ E we do not have enough information