



A Formal Treatment of End-to-End Encrypted Cloud Storage

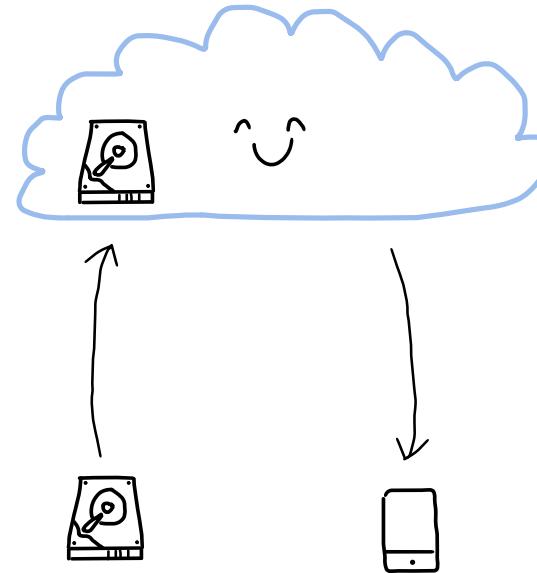
Matilda Backendal¹, Hannah Davis², Felix Günther³, Miro Haller⁴, Kenny Paterson¹

¹ETH Zurich , ²Seagate Technology, ³IBM Research Zurich, ⁴UC San Diego

Cloud Storage

Benefits:

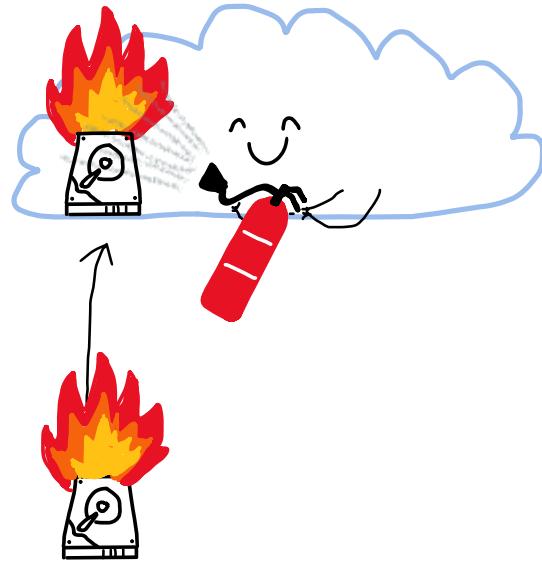
- + Availability



Cloud Storage

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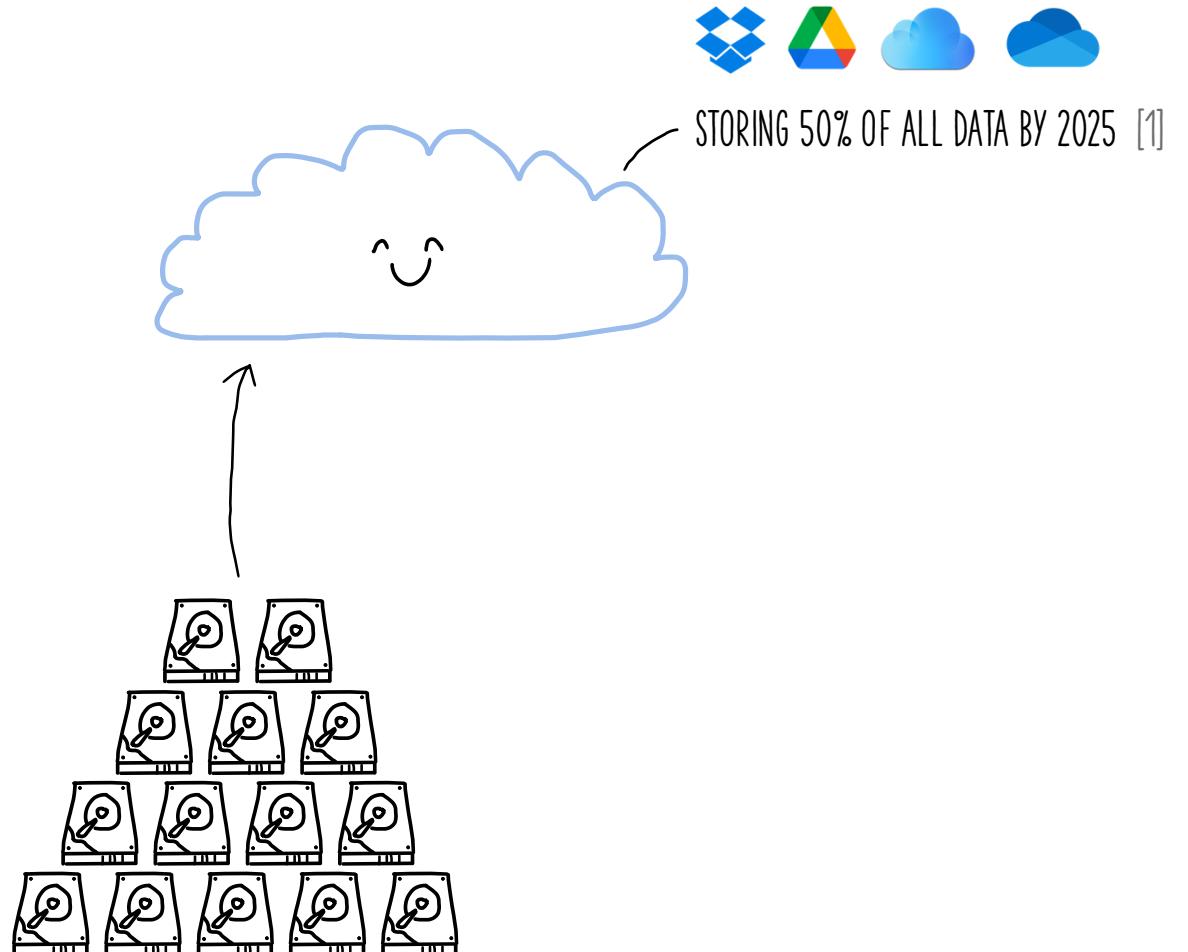
- + Availability
- + Redundancy



Cloud Storage

Benefits:

- + Availability
- + Redundancy
- + Scalability



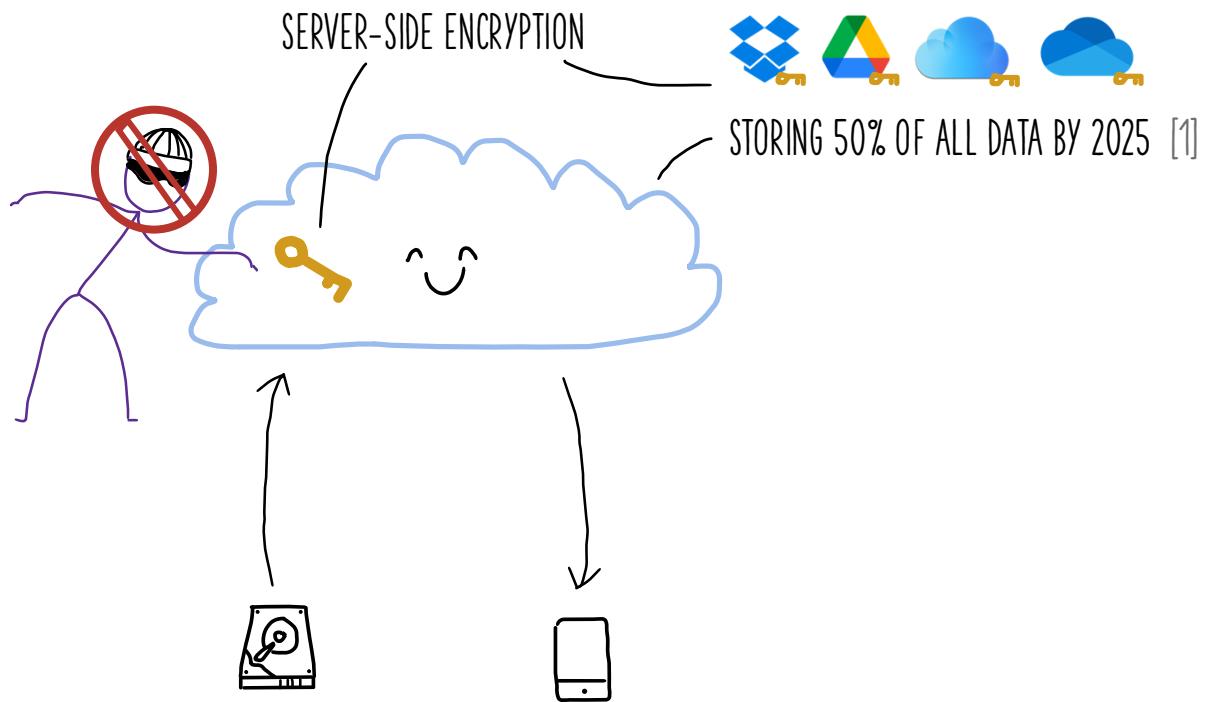
Cloud Storage

Benefits:

- + Availability
- + Redundancy
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Concerns:

- Data leaks to third party
=> SERVER-SIDE ENCRYPTION



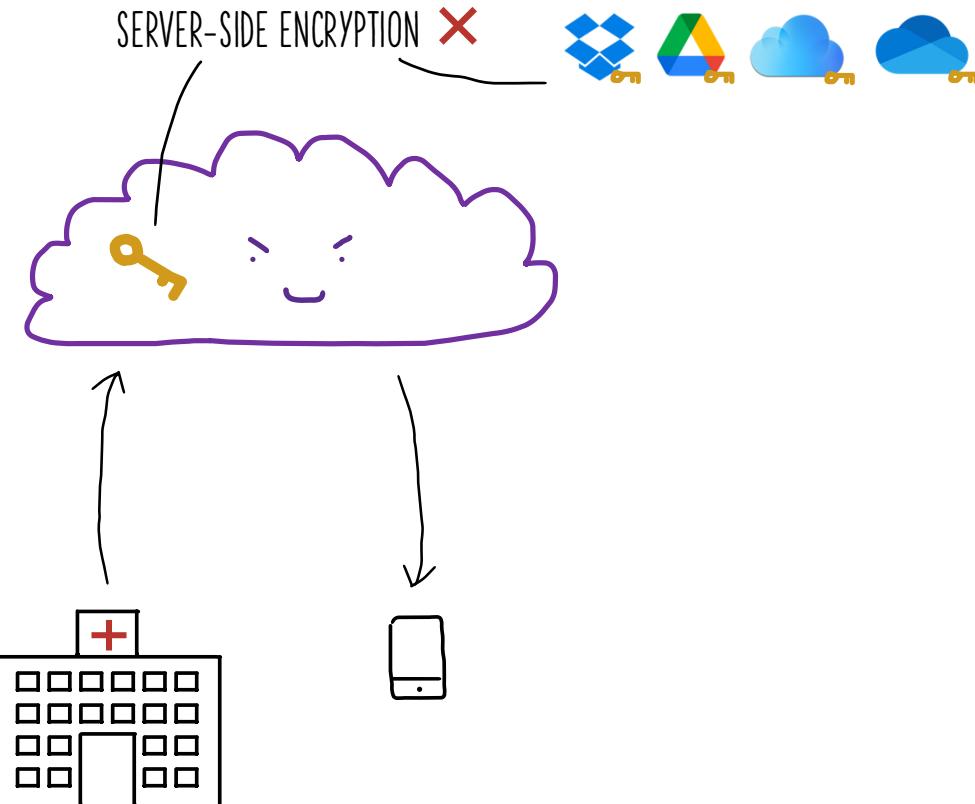
Cloud Storage

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- Data leaks to third party
=> SERVER-SIDE ENCRYPTION
- Malicious server
=> END-TO-END ENCRYPTION



<https://www.hipaajournal.com/healthcare-cloud-usage-grows-but-protecting-phi-can-be-a-challenge/>

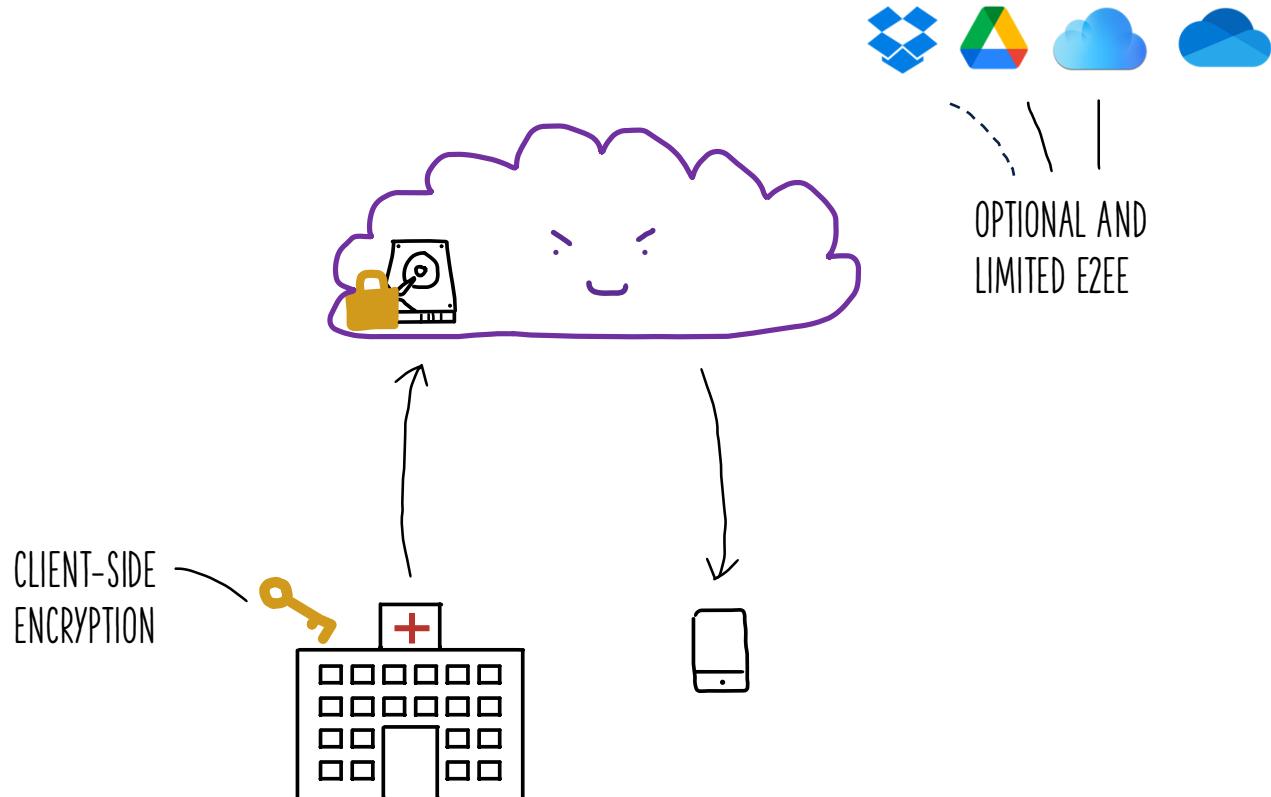
Cloud Storage

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E2EE Cloud Storage

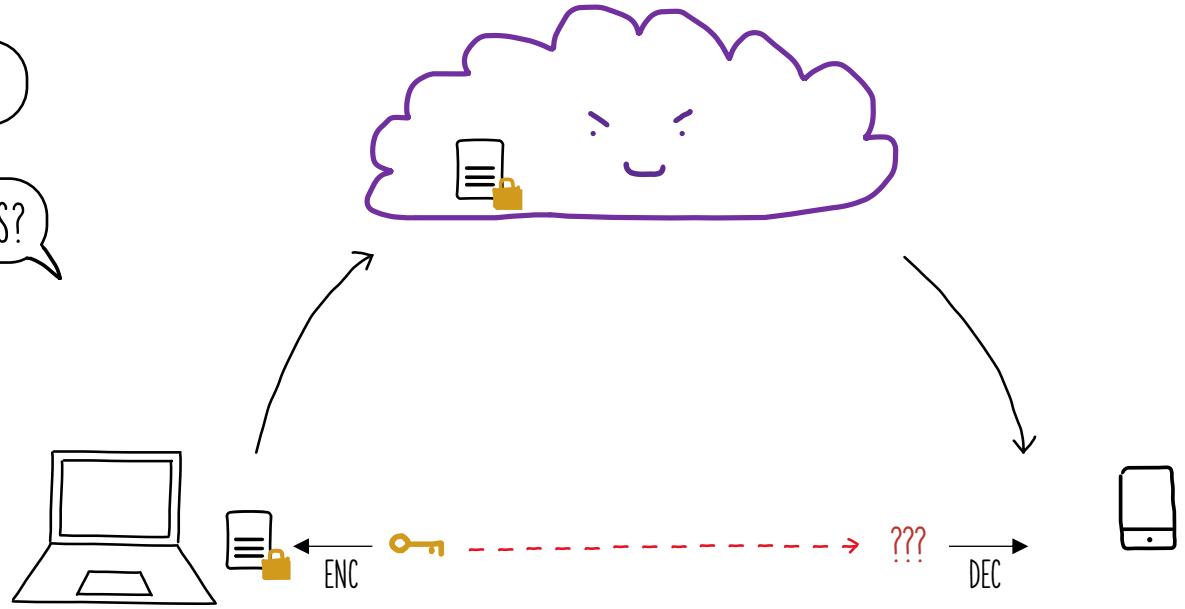


Why Is It Hard?

JUST USE YOUR FAVORITE AEAD SCHEME FOR CLIENT-SIDE ENCRYPTION!

HOW DO YOU TRANSFER KEYS BETWEEN DEVICES?

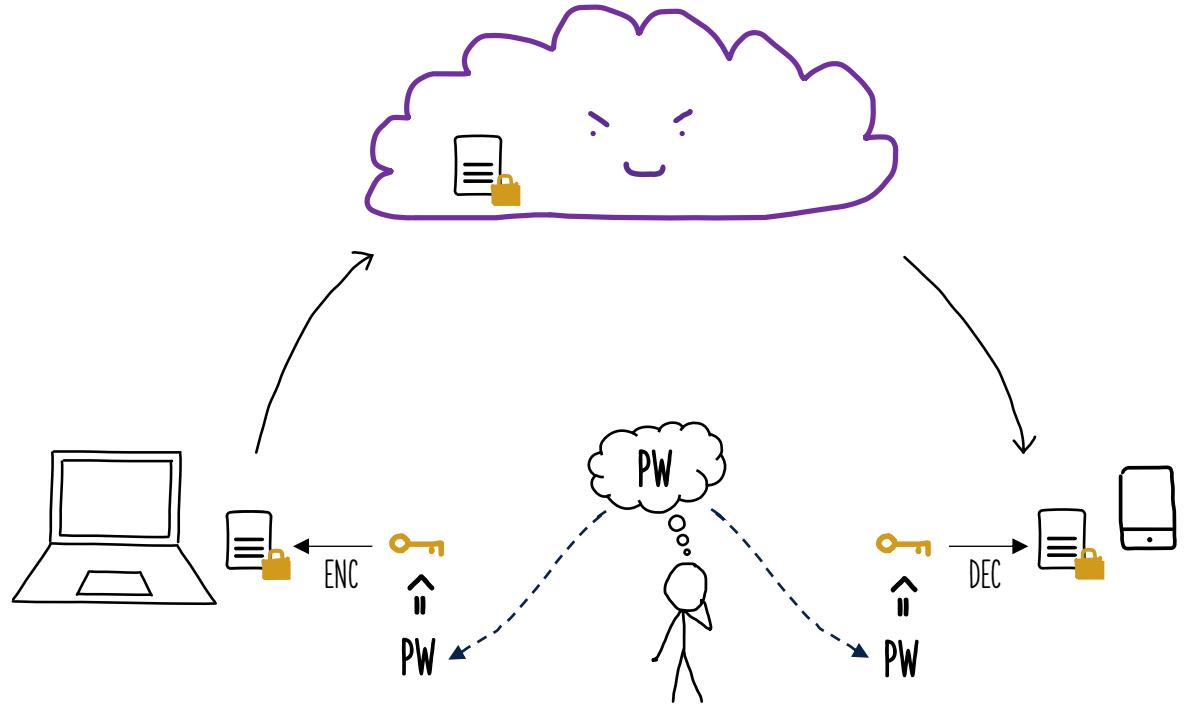
1 key distribution



Why Is It Hard?

DERIVE KEYS FROM THE PASSWORD!

- 1 key distribution
- 2 password-based security



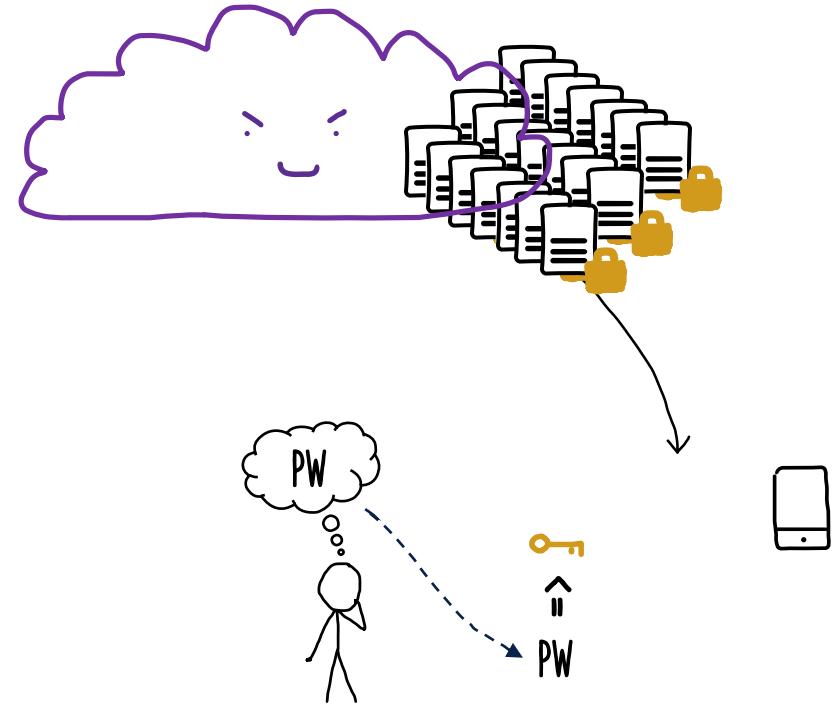
Why Is It Hard?

DERIVE KEYS FROM THE PASSWORD!

WHAT IF THE PASSWORD CHANGES?

- 1 key distribution
- 2 password-based security

PROBLEM 1: PW CHANGE



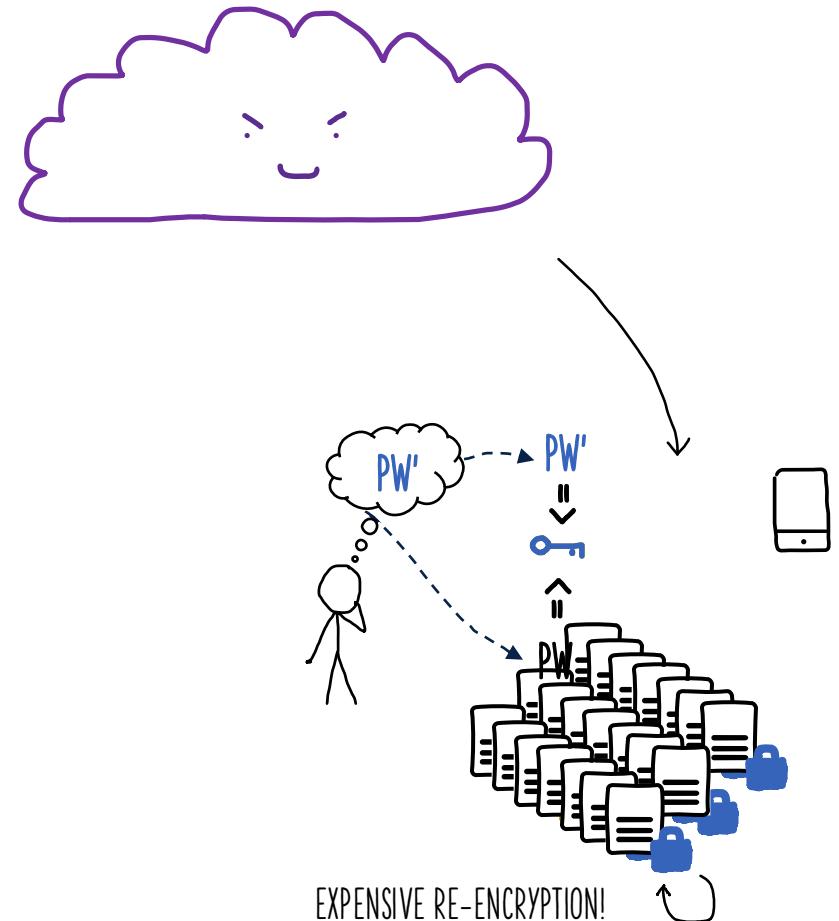
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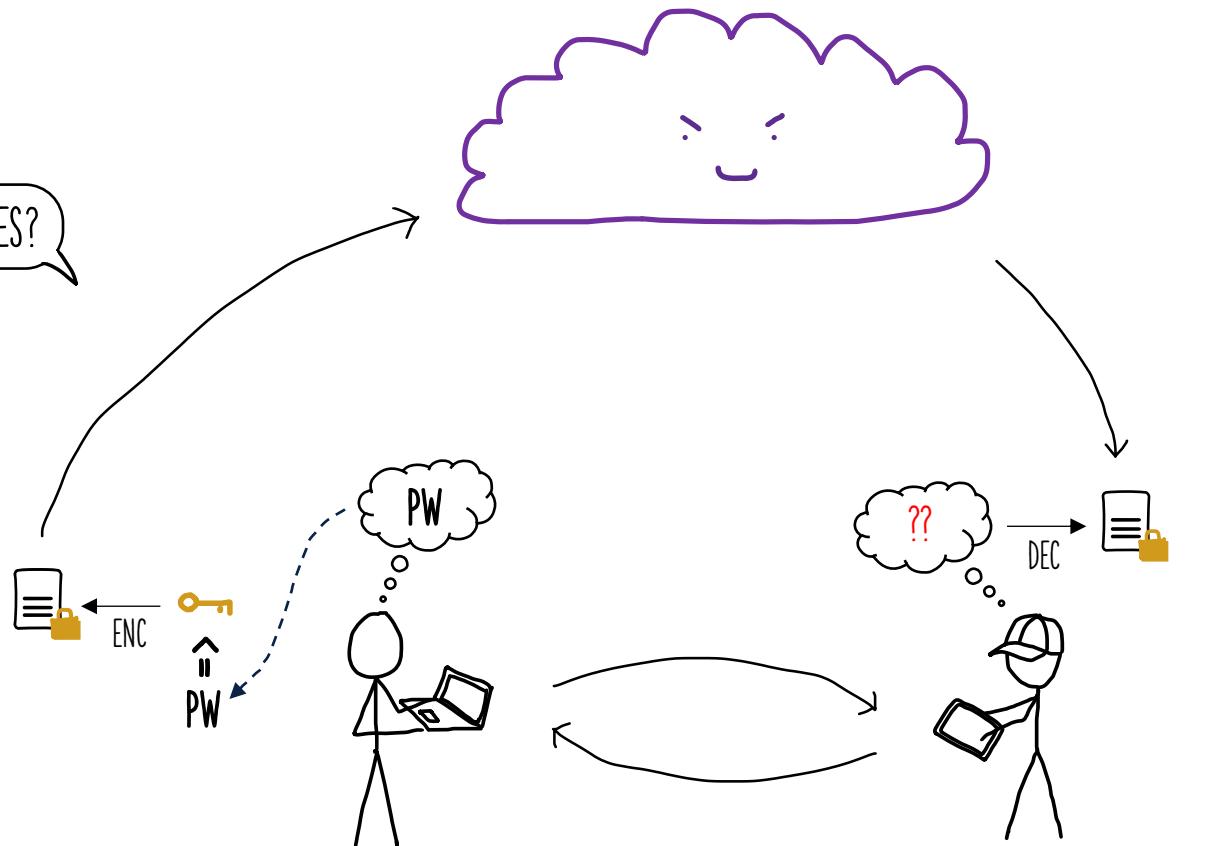
Why Is It Hard?

DERIVE KEYS FROM THE PASSWORD!

HOW DO YOU SHARE FILES?

- 1 key distribution
- 2 password-based security
- 3 file sharing

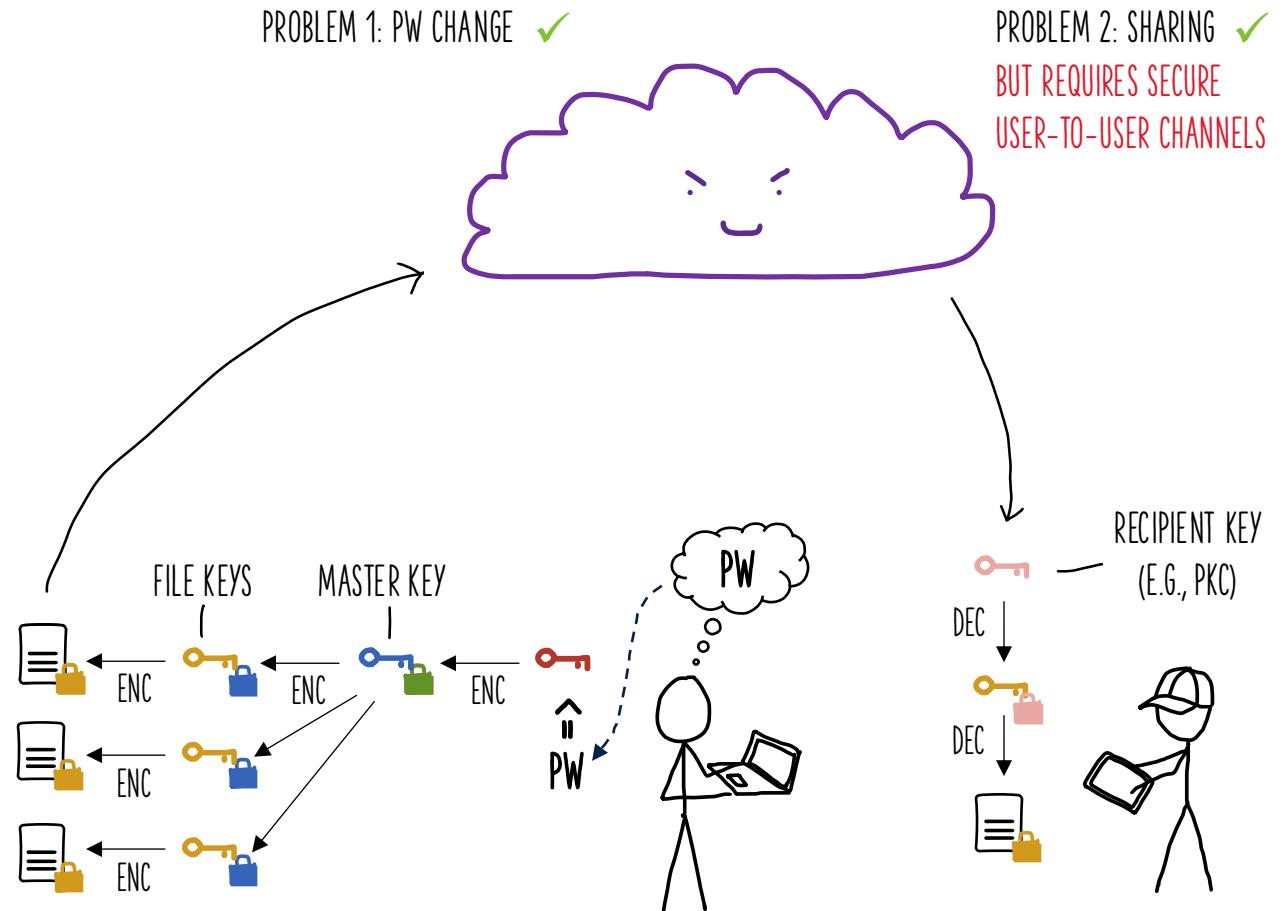
PROBLEM 1: PW CHANGE



Why Is It Hard?

BUILD A KEY HIERARCHY!

- 1 key distribution
- 2 password-based security
- 3 file sharing

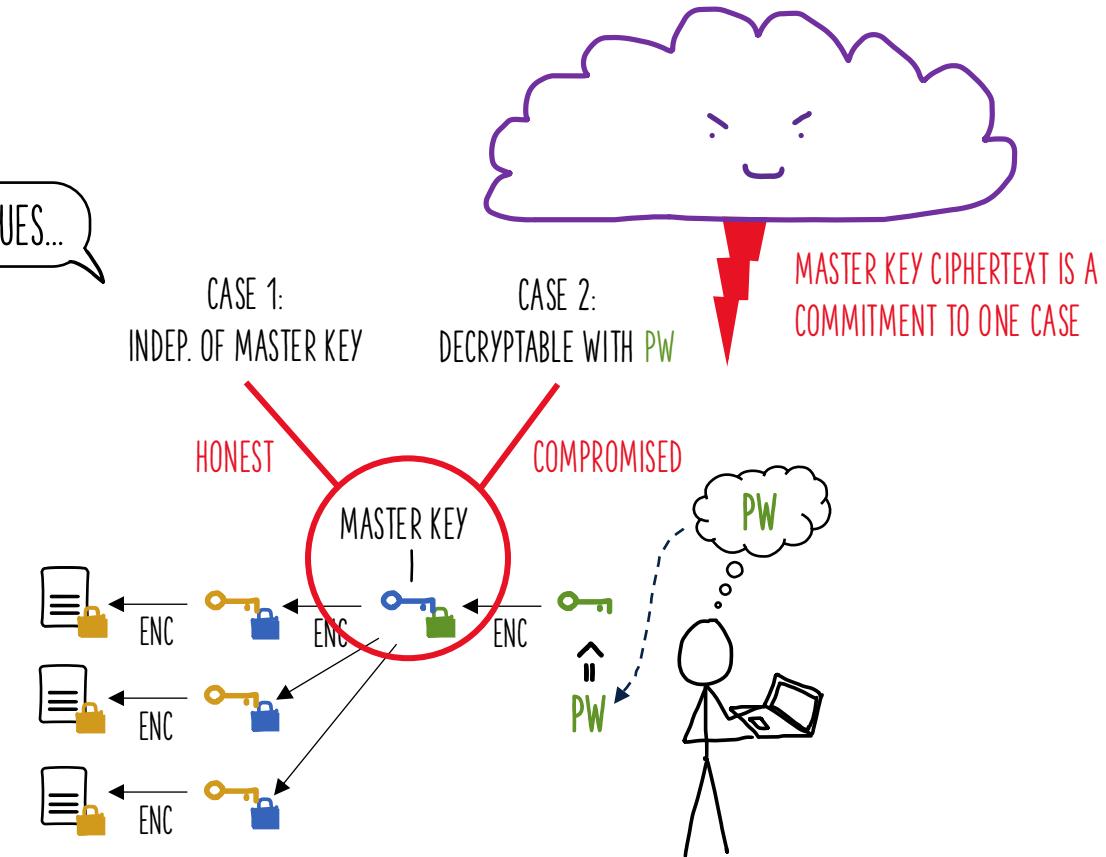


Why Is It Hard?

BUILD A KEY HIERARCHY!

WORKS, BUT LEADS TO COMMITMENT ISSUES...

- 1 key distribution
- 2 password-based security
- 3 file sharing

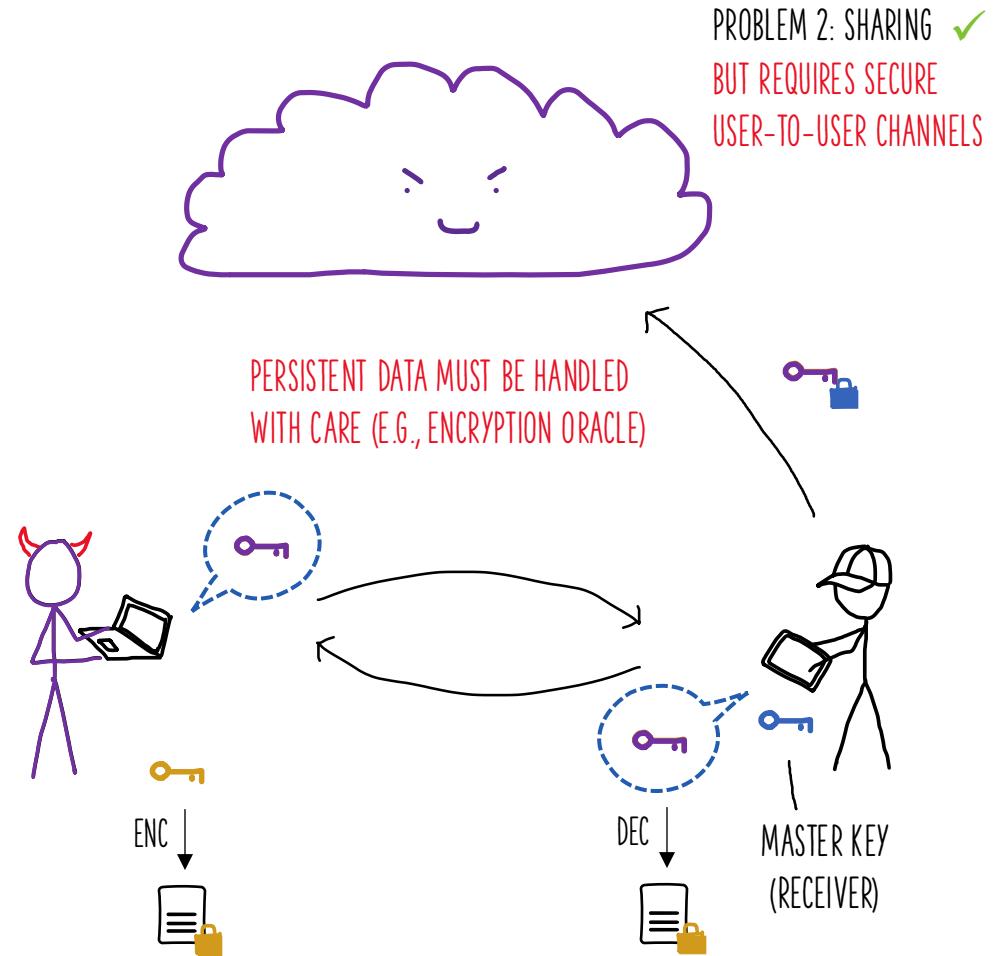


Why Is It Hard?

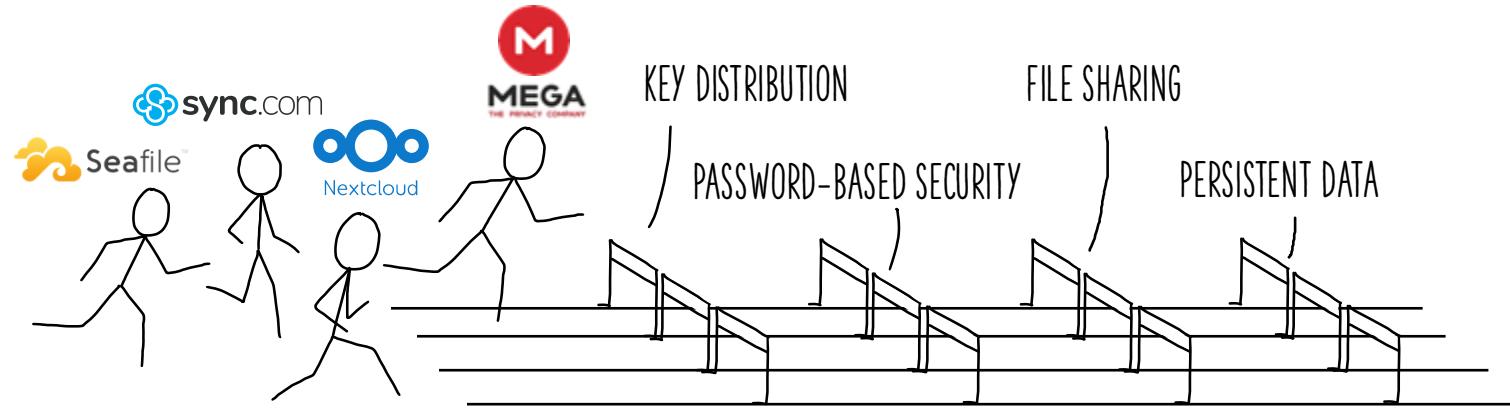
USE SECURE MESSAGING TECHNIQUES!

HOW TO PROTECT DATA AT REST?

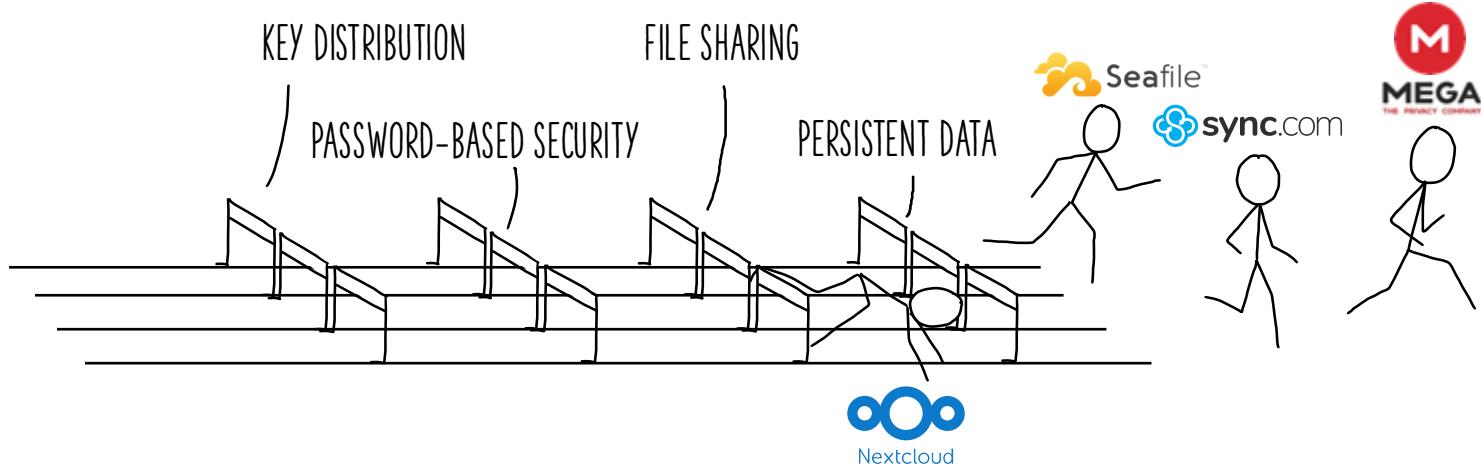
- 1 key distribution
- 2 password-based security
- 3 file sharing
- 4 persistent data



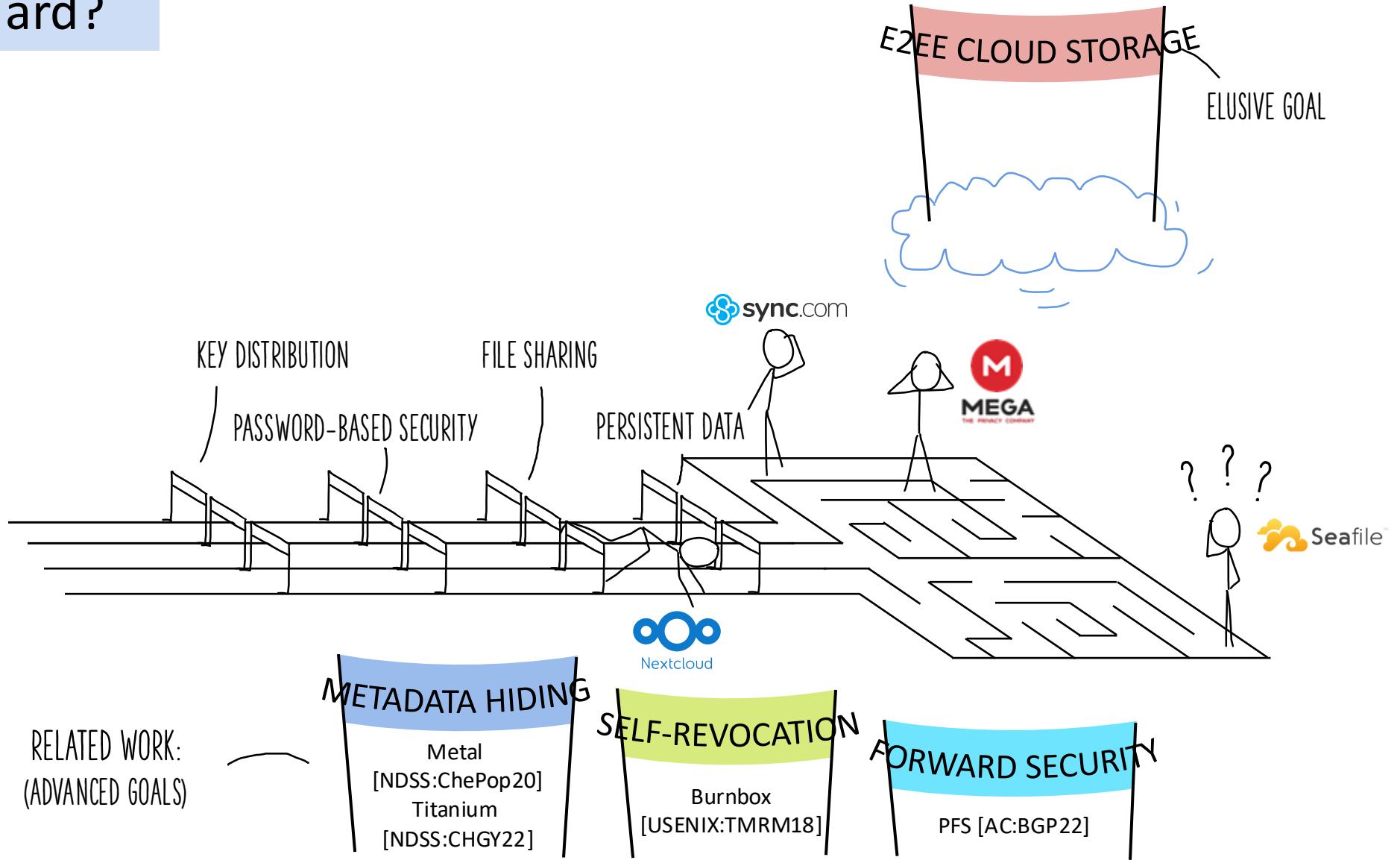
Why Is It Hard?



Why Is It Hard?



Why Is It Hard?



A Formal Treatment of End-to-End Encrypted Cloud Storage

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1 Formal Model

- Syntax
- Security games

2 Construction

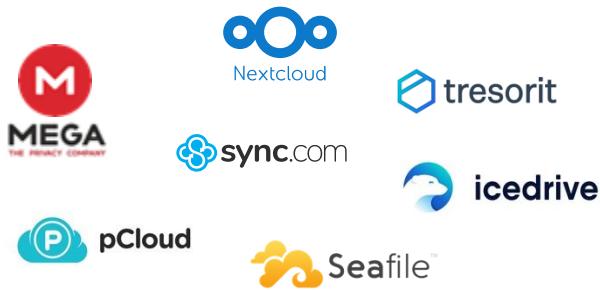
- CSS (Cloud Storage Scheme)
- Security proofs

1. Formalizing E2EE Cloud Storage



Formalizing E2EE Cloud Storage

Model Goals



Capture existing systems

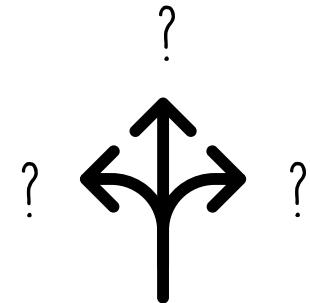
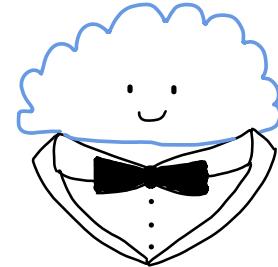
1 Expressive



Capture *real-world* systems

2 Faithful

ALL MODELS ARE WRONG,
BUT SOME ARE USEFUL!



Capture future systems

3 Generic

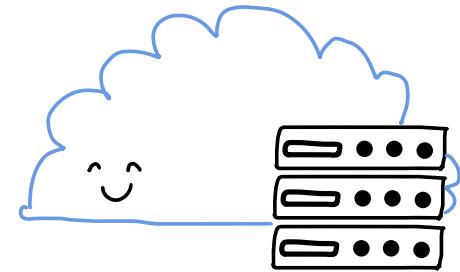
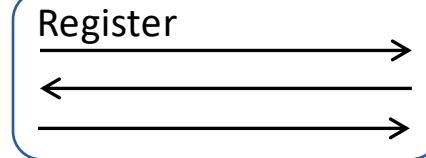
Core Functionality

- Register (create account)
- Authenticate (log in)

- Put (upload a file)
- Update (modify content)
- Get (download)
- Share
- Accept (receive share)

1

EXPRESSIVE

INTERACTIVE
PROTOCOLS

Syntax

HOW DO WE MAKE THE MODEL USEFUL?

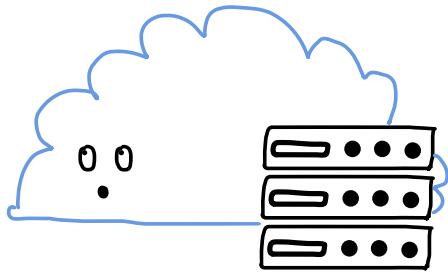
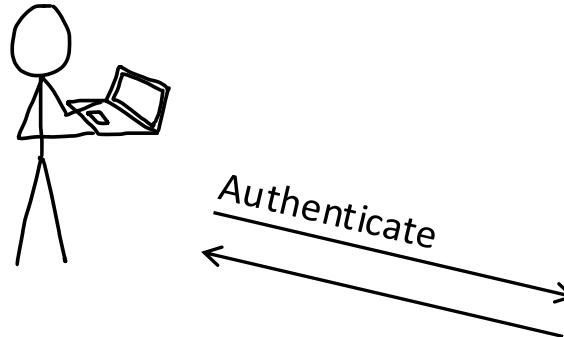
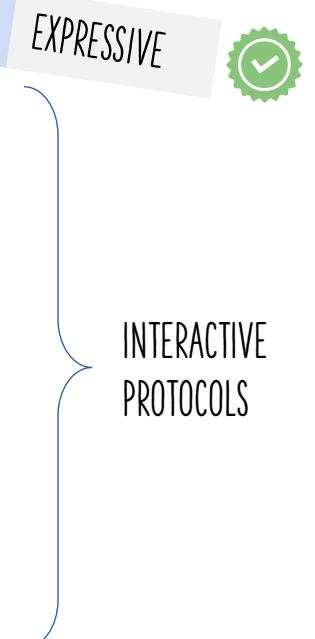
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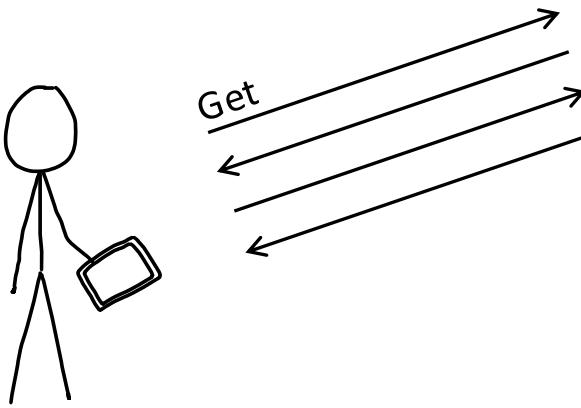


2 FAITHFUL



Model Choices

- Arbitrary interleaving



Syntax

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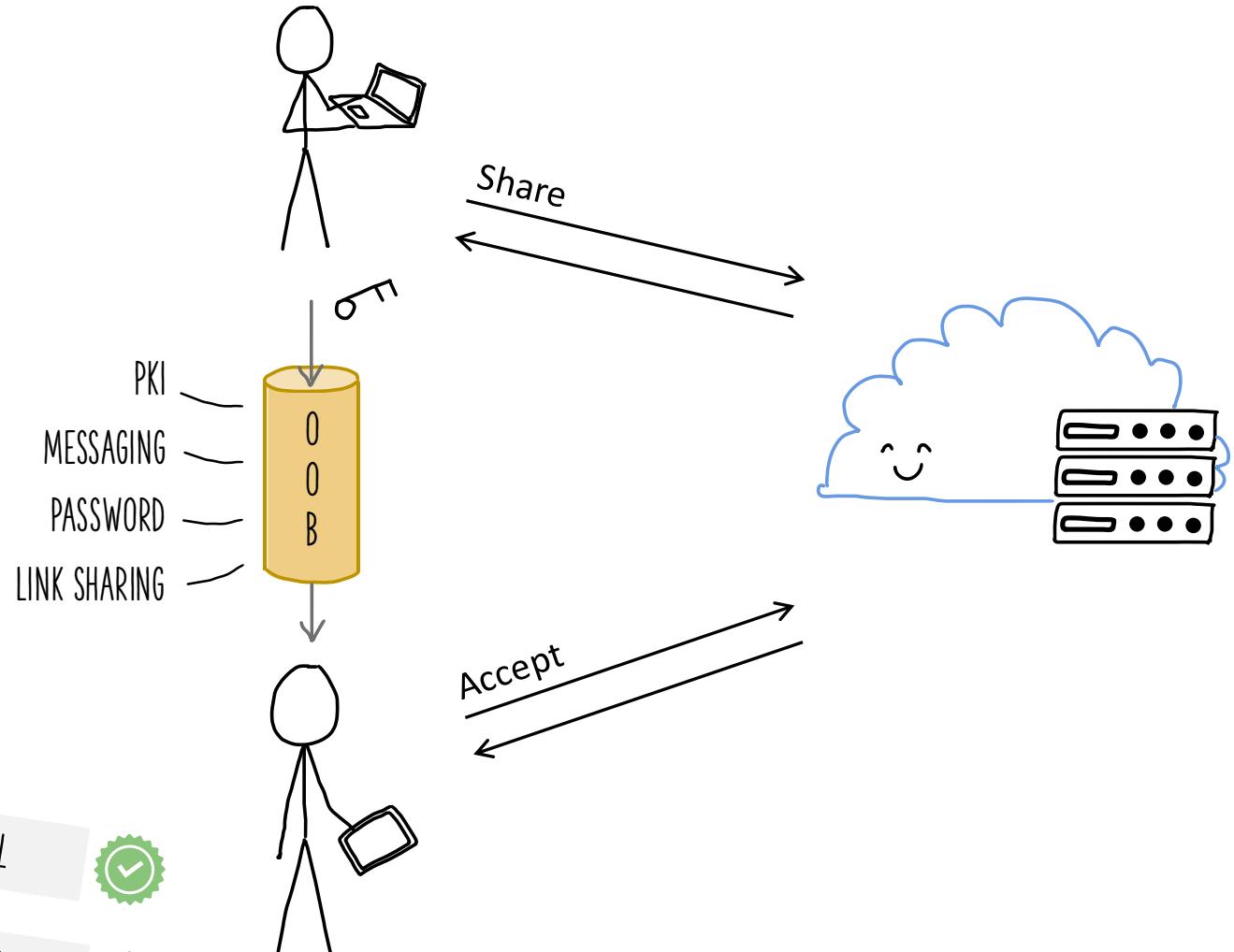
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INTERACTIVE
PROTOCOLS



Model Choices

- Arbitrary interleaving
- Abstract OOB channel for sharing

2 FAITHFUL



3 GENERIC



Syntax

HOW DO WE MAKE THE MODEL USEFUL?

Core Functionality

- Register (create account)
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1 EXPRESSIVE



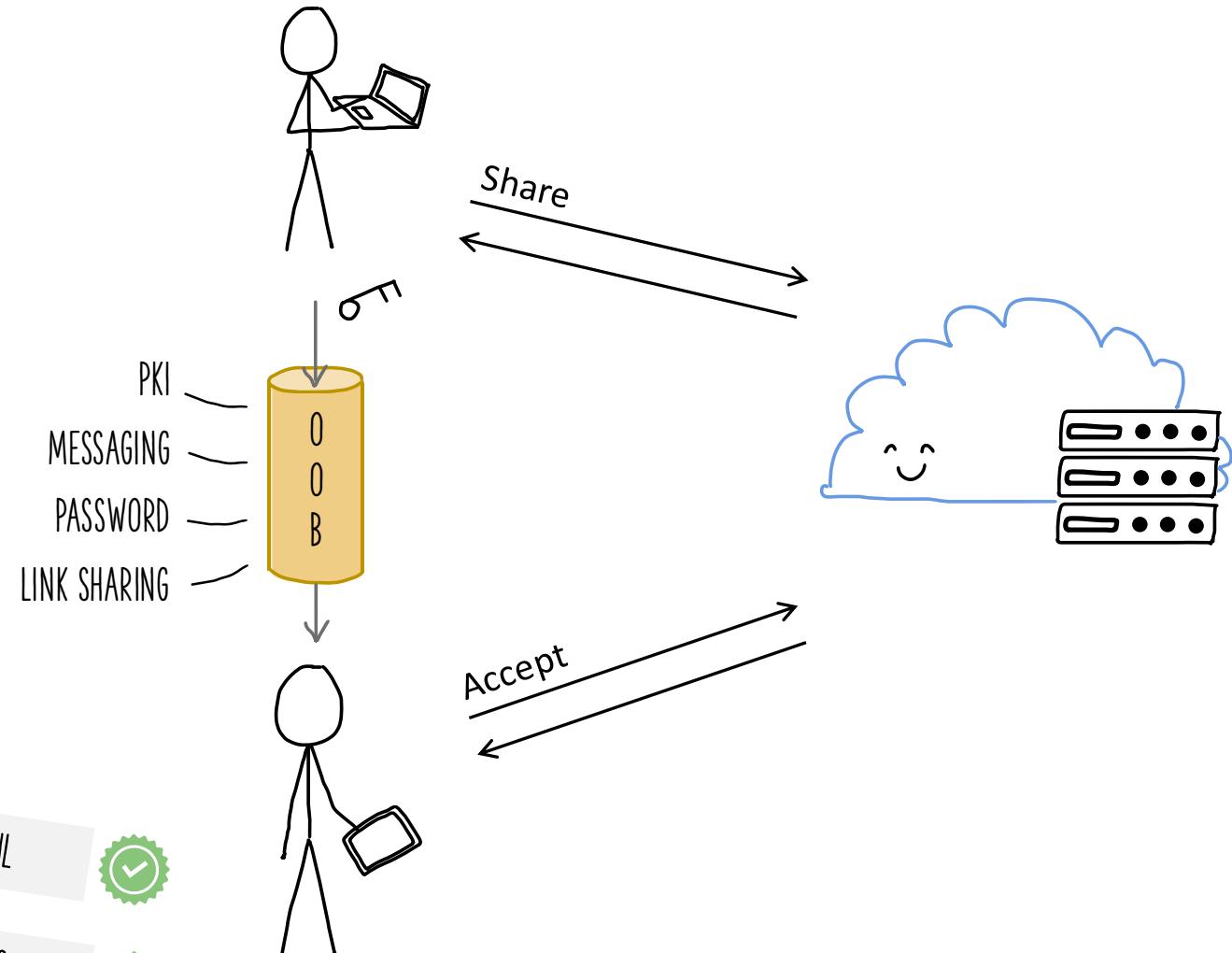
INTERACTIVE
PROTOCOLS

OFTEN NOT CONSIDERED
IN RELATED WORK

2 FAITHFUL



3 GENERIC



Security Notions

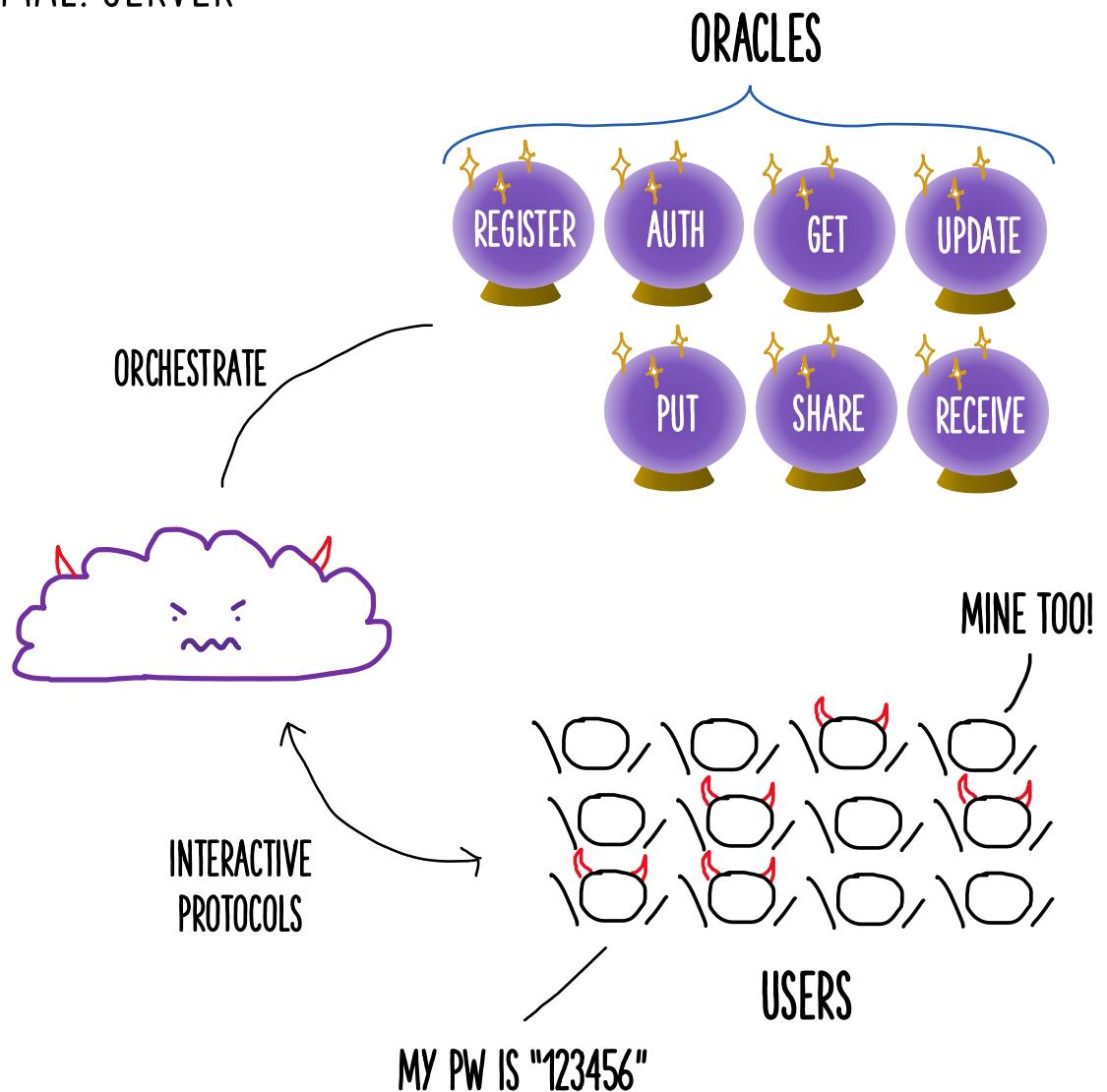
CLIENT-TO-CLIENT (C2C): MAL. SERVER

Threat model:

- Malicious cloud provider
- Full control over network & operations

Game mechanics:

- Correlated passwords
- Adversary can
 - Compromise users (adaptive/selective)
 - Control users (via oracles)
 - Control server (directly)

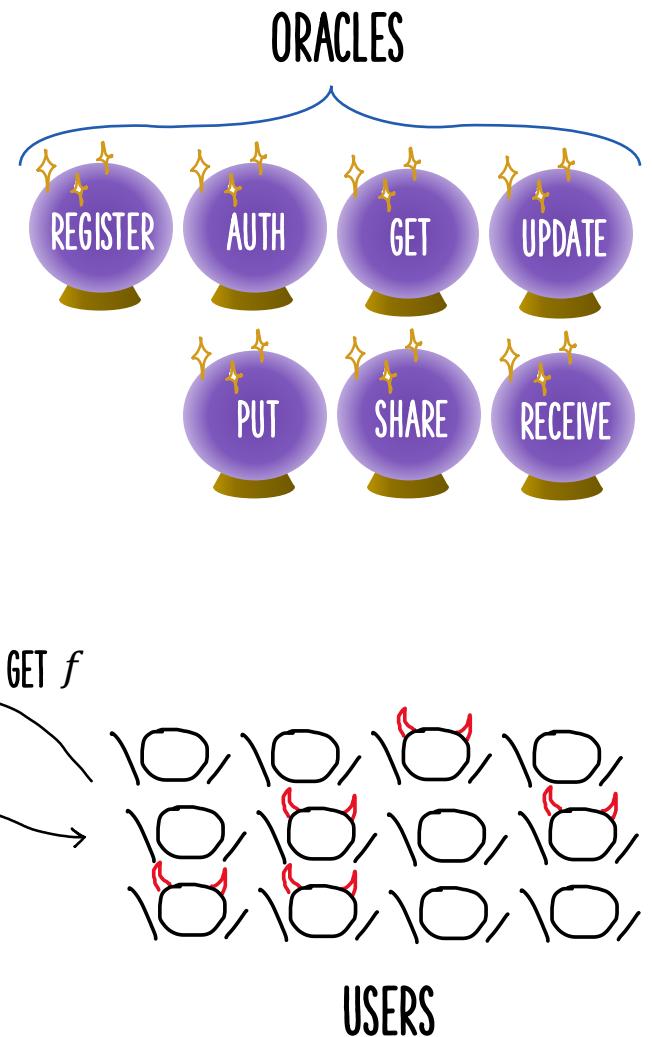


Security Notions

CLIENT-TO-CLIENT (C2C): MAL. SERVER

Integrity:

- Adversary simulates interaction
- Wins if it can, for an honest user,
 1. inject a file, or
 2. modify a file.



Security Notions

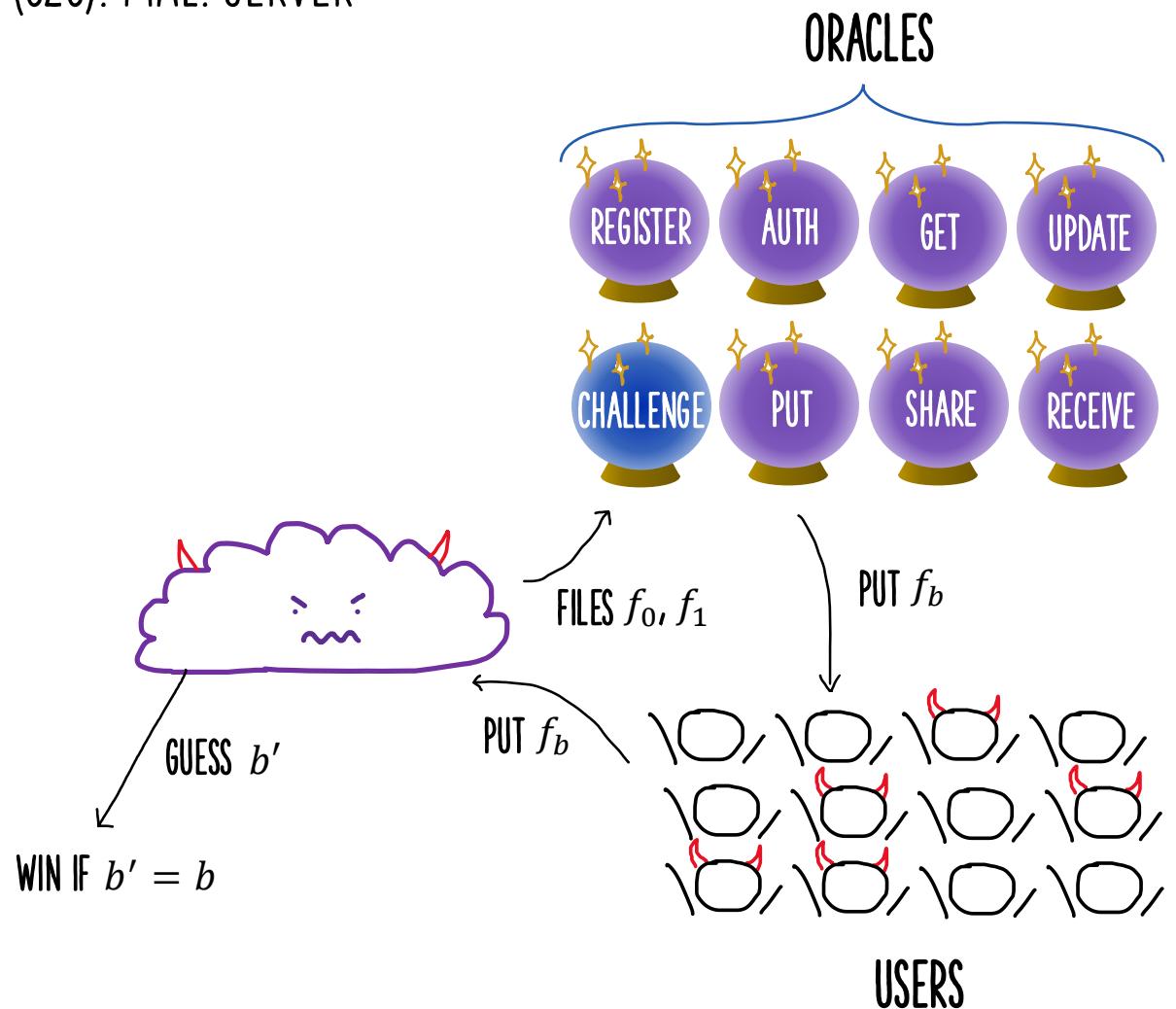
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Confidentiality:

- Additional challenge oracle
 - Submit two files f_0, f_1
 - File f_b is uploaded
 - Guess bit b



Security Notions: Considerations

Integrity:

- Adversary simulates interaction
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 2. modify a file.

NOT INT-CTX

Confidentiality:

- Additional challenge oracle
 - Submit two files f_0, f_1
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NOT IND-CCA

- 1 No generic ciphertexts
↳ ALLOWS GENERIC SYNTAX
- 2 Adaptive & selective compromises
↳ AVOIDS COMMITMENT ISSUES
- 3 UC vs. game-based notions
↳ UC SECURE CHANNEL TECHNIQUES DO NOT APPLY

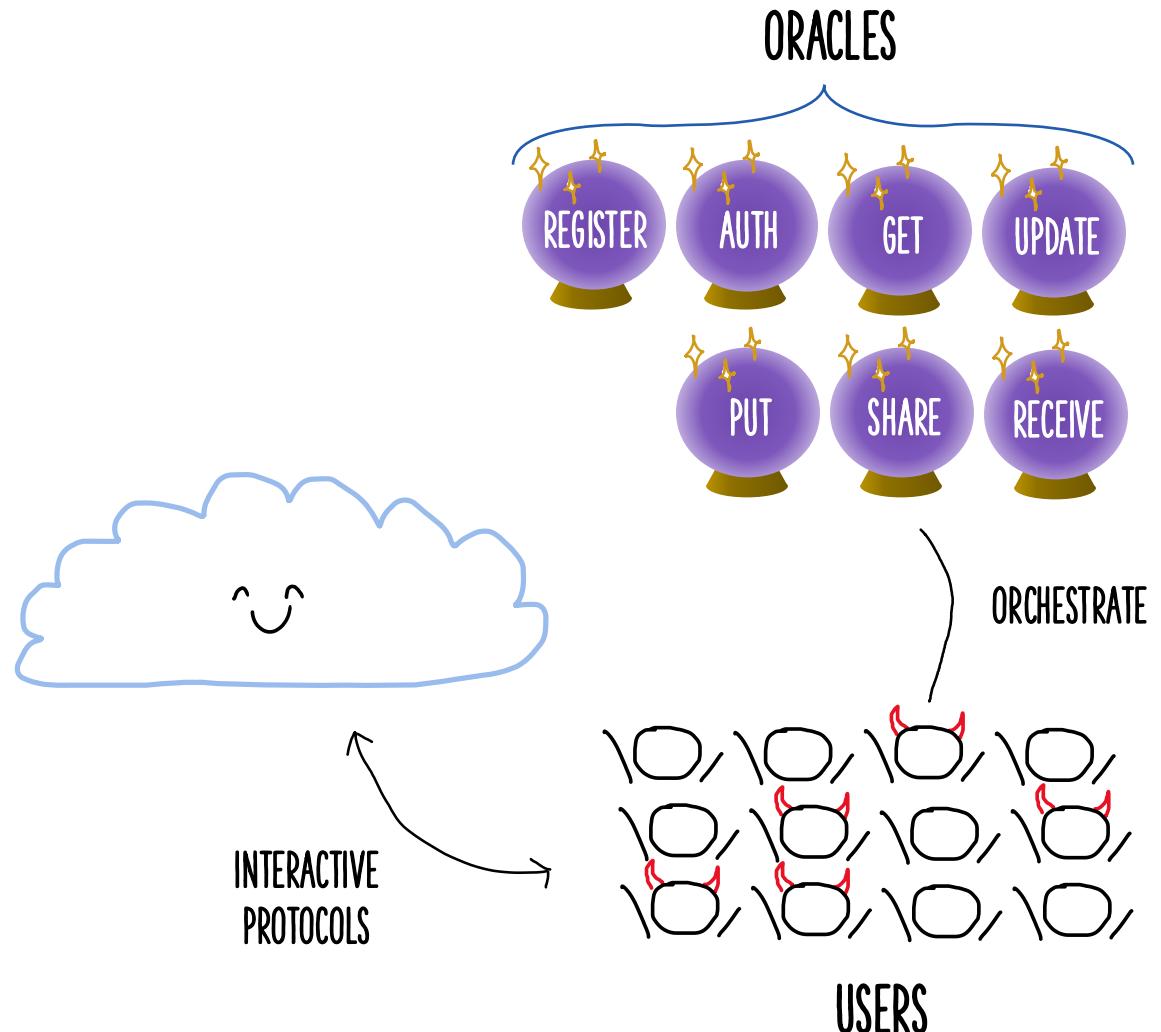
Threat model:

- Honest server
- Malicious clients
- Adversary controls honest user operations

Additional goals:

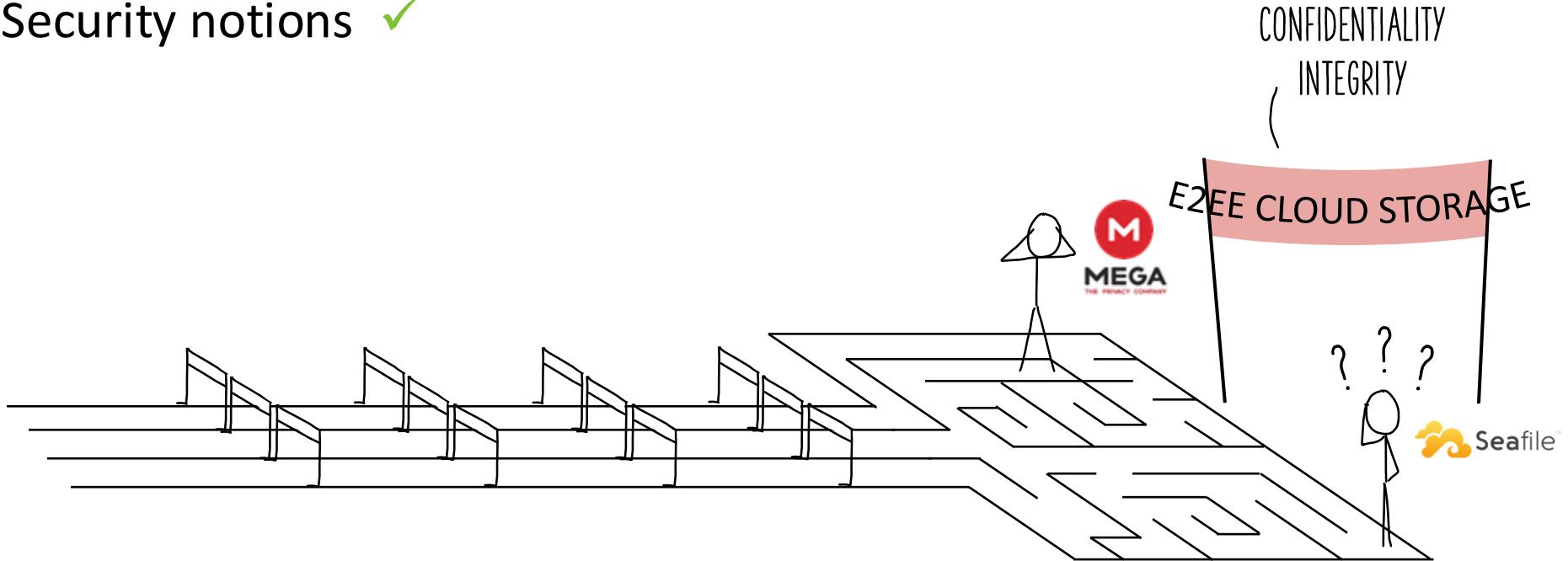
- Authentication & authorization
- No offline dictionary attacks on pw
- Availability for honest user files

INFEASIBLE IN C2C!



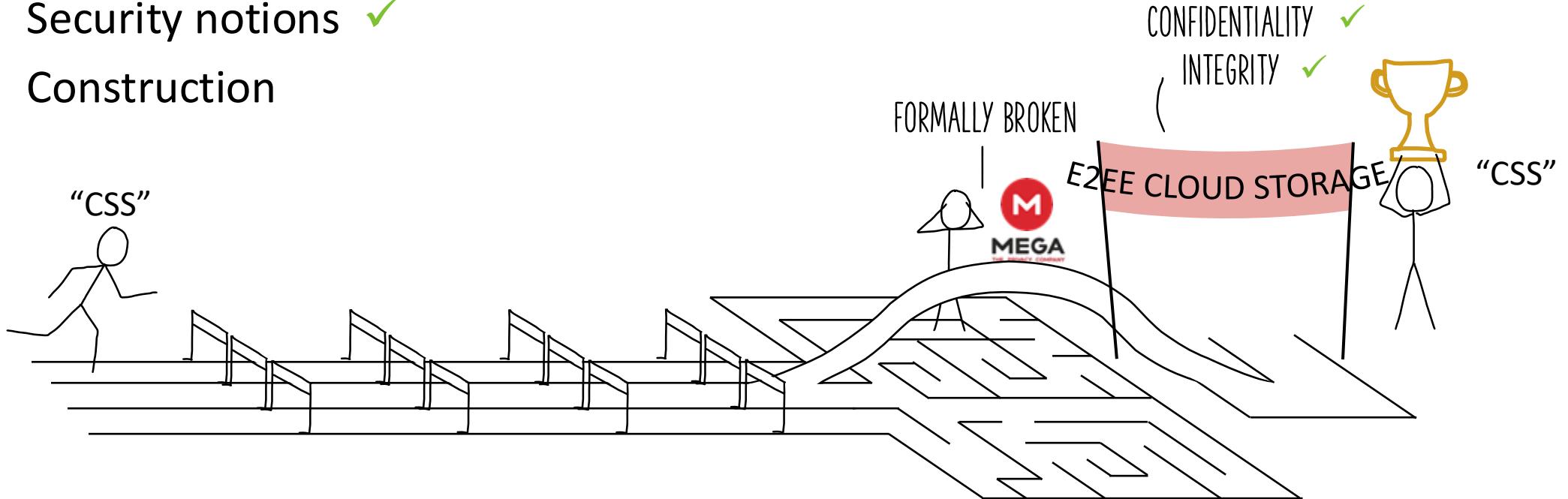
Are We Done?

- Syntax ✓
- Security notions ✓



Are We Done?

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- Construction

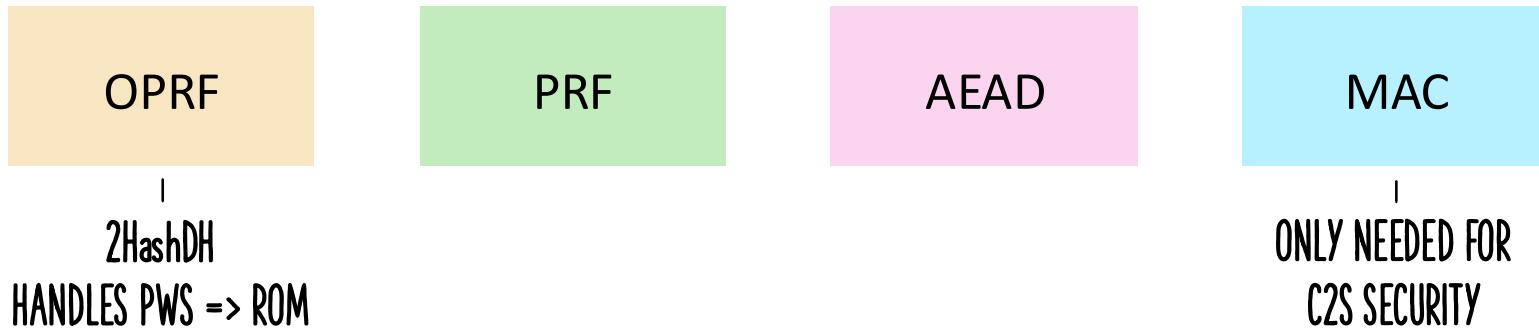


2. Constructing E2EE Cloud Storage



CSS (Cloud Storage Scheme)

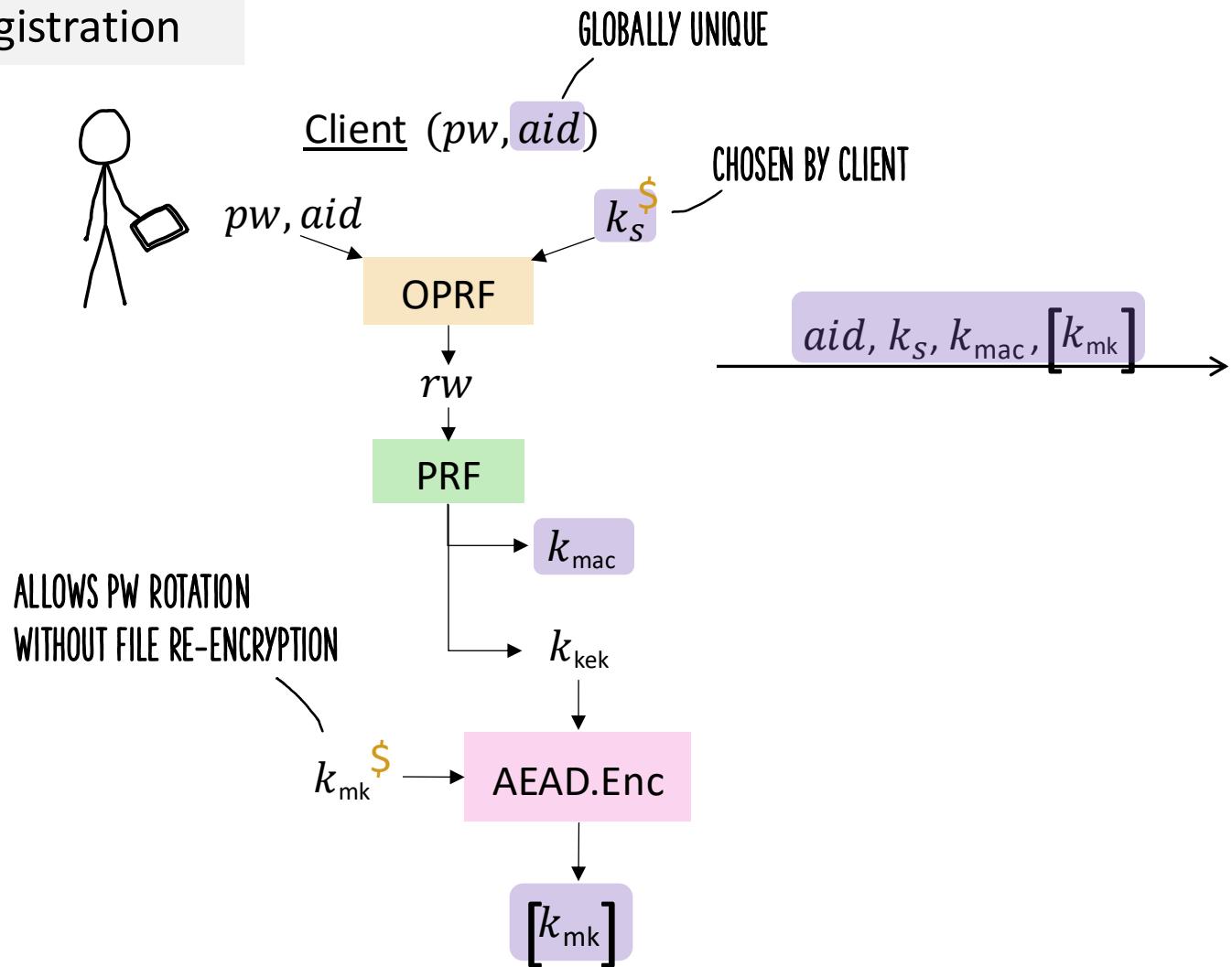
Building Blocks



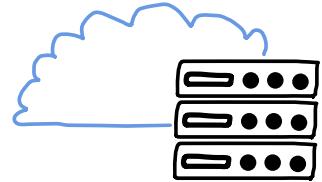
CSS (Cloud Storage Scheme)

*SIMPLIFIED

Registration



Server

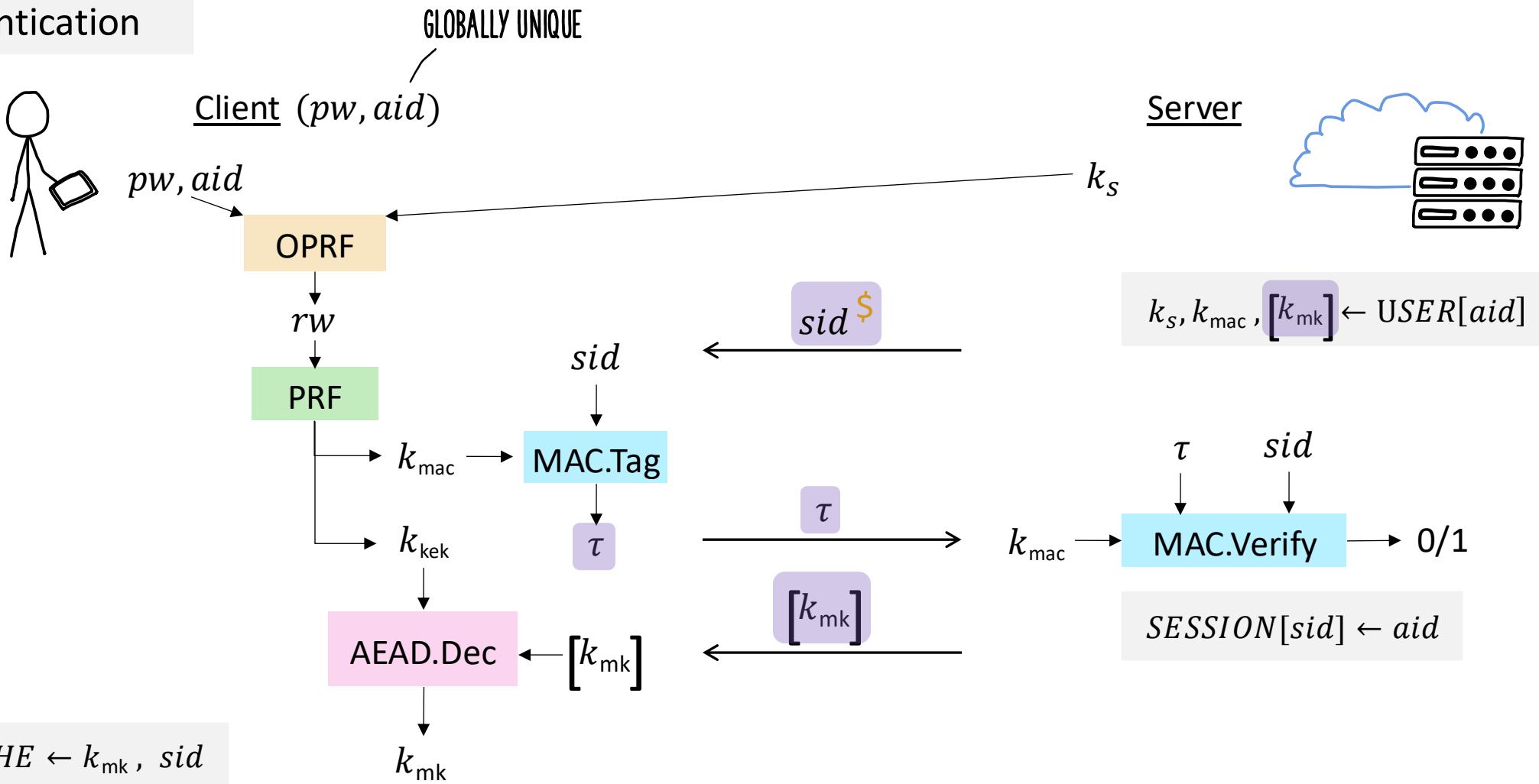


$USER[aid] \leftarrow k_s, k_{mac}, [k_{mk}]$

CSS (Cloud Storage Scheme)

*SIMPLIFIED

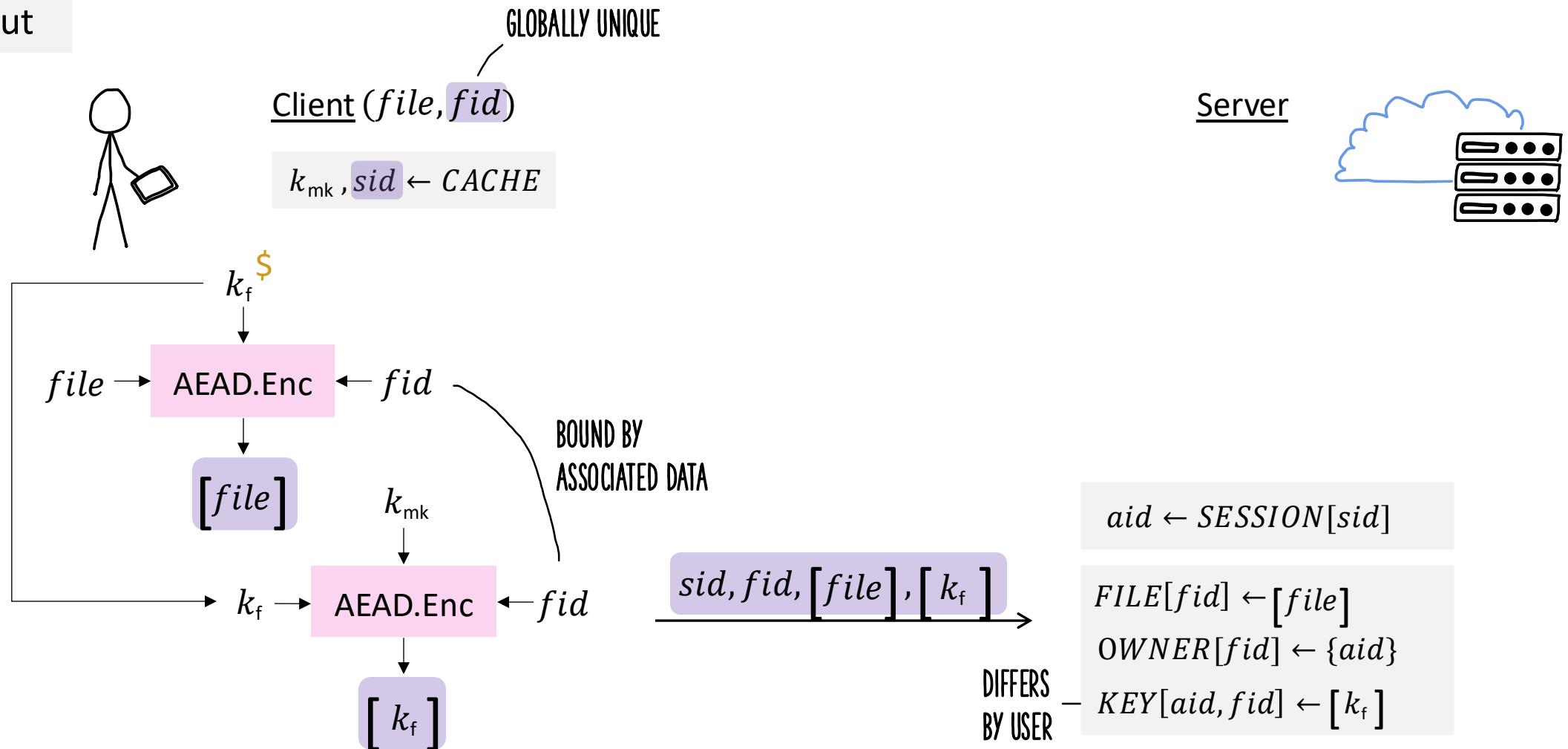
Authentication



CSS (Cloud Storage Scheme)

*SIMPLIFIED

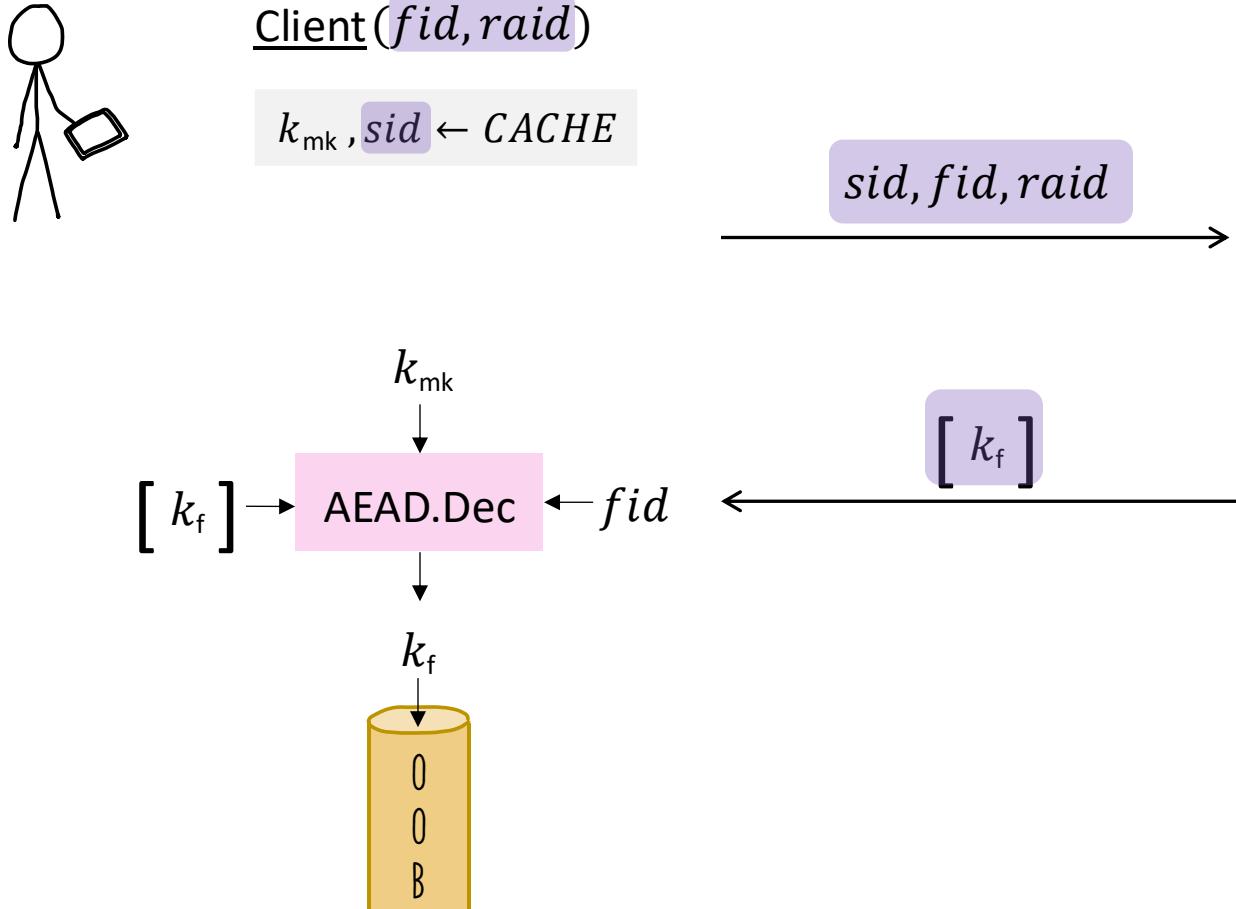
Put



CSS (Cloud Storage Scheme)

*SIMPLIFIED

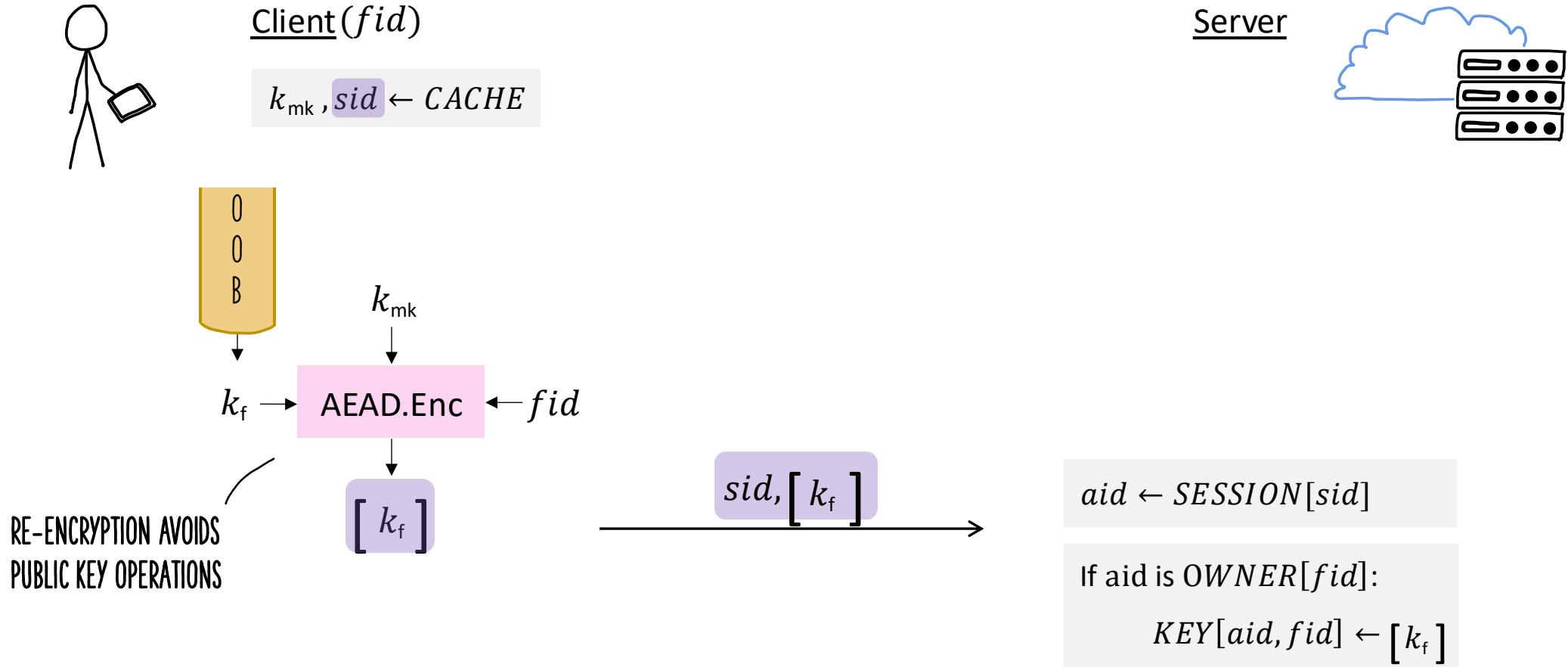
Share



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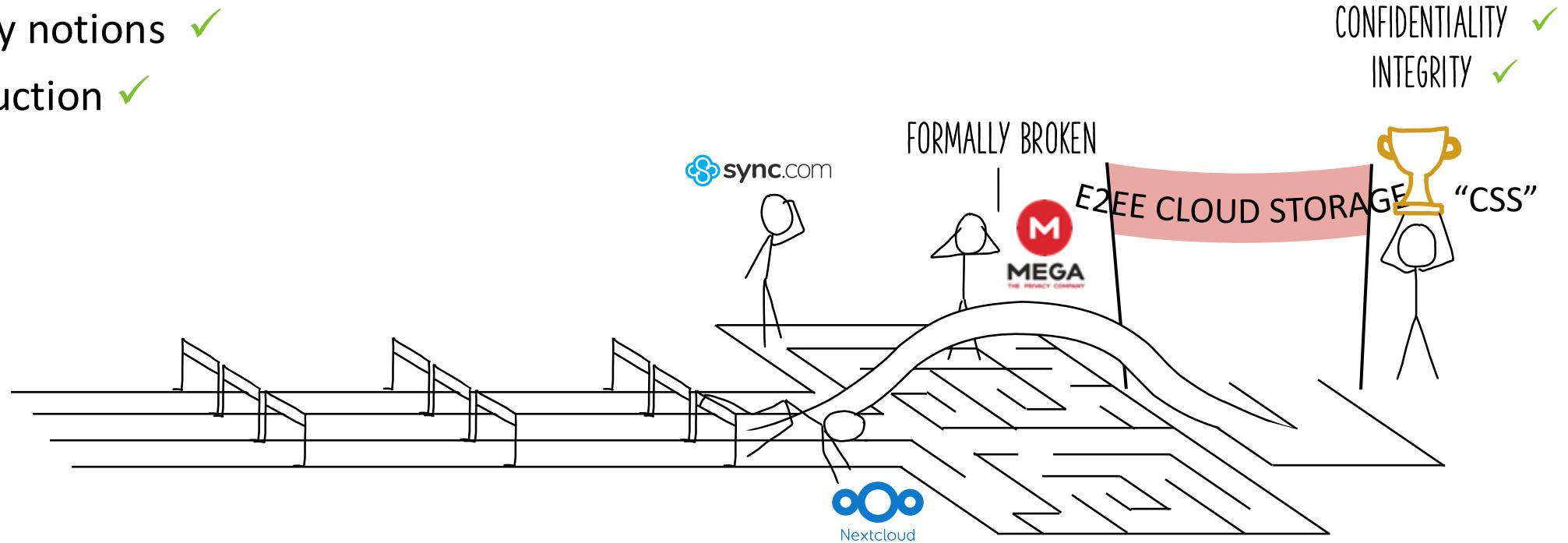
*SIMPLIFIED

Accept



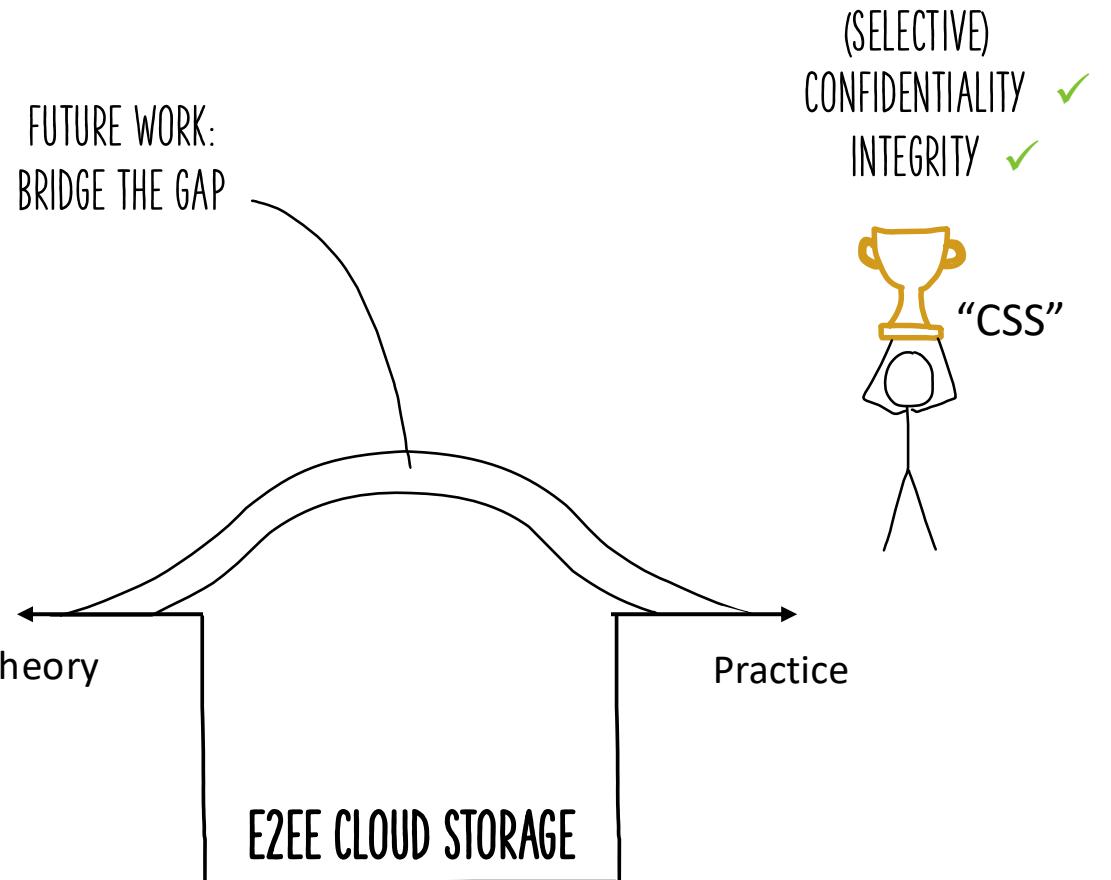
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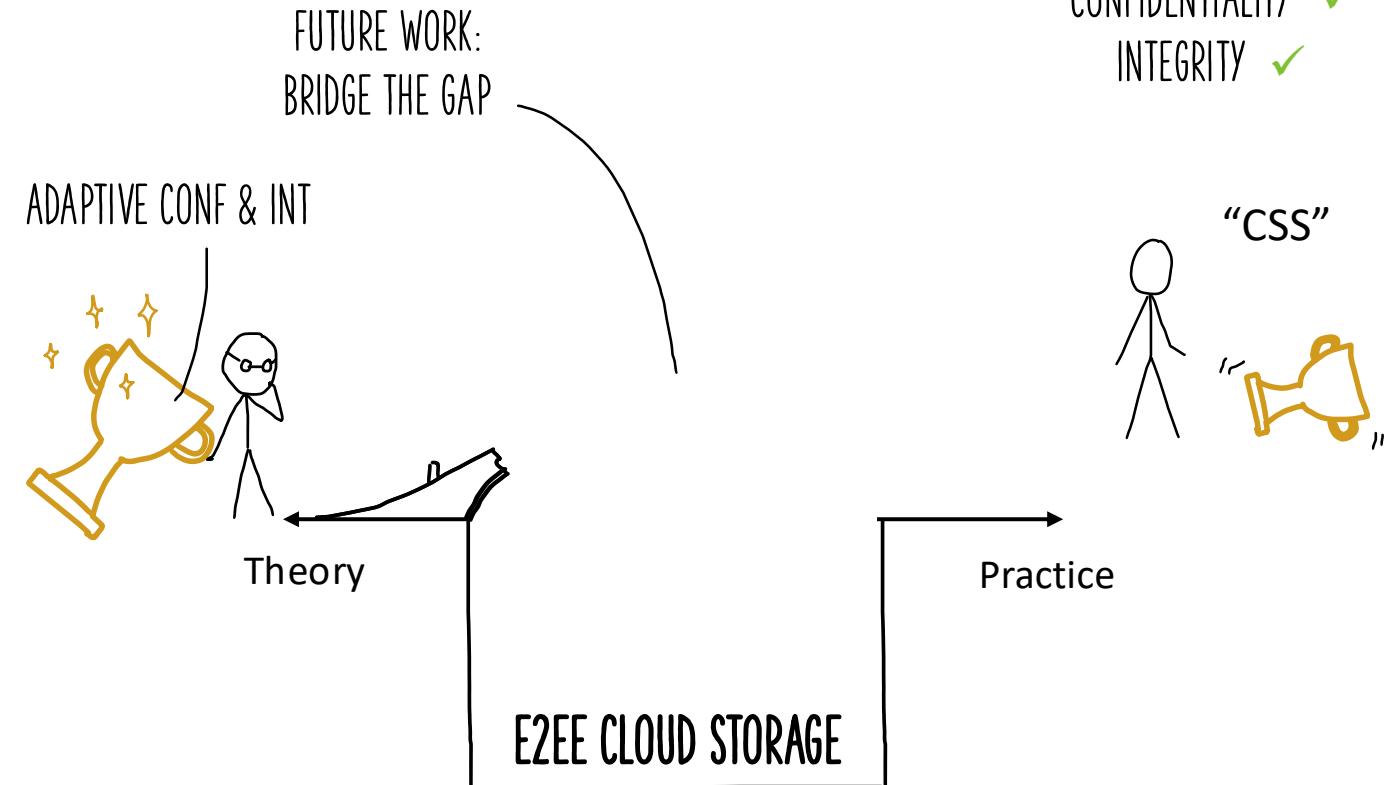
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Still missing:

- Adaptive security proof

(SELECTIVE)
CONFIDENTIALITY ✓
INTEGRITY ✓

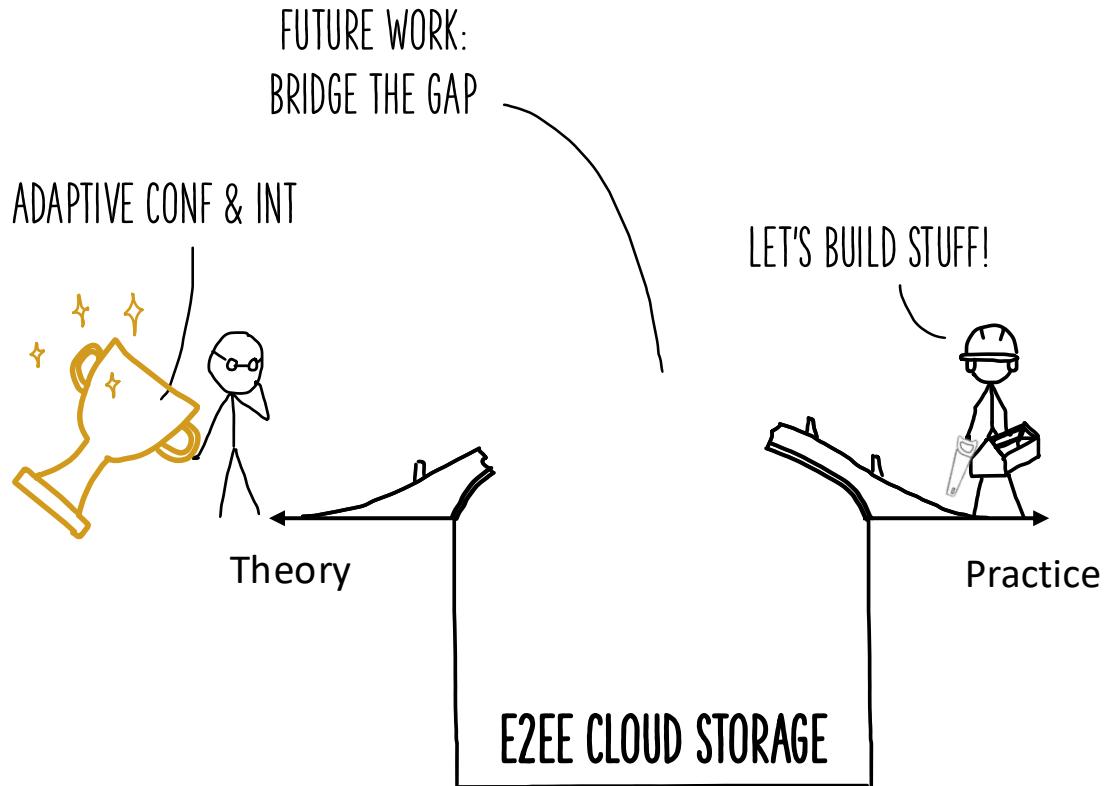


Are We Done?

- Syntax ✓
- Security notions ✓
- Construction ✓

Still missing:

- Adaptive security proof
- Implementation
- Feedback, model extensions, ...



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