

$$\underline{M} \ddot{\underline{x}} + \underline{K} \underline{x} = \underline{0}$$

$$\underline{\bar{x}} = (\underline{L}^T)^{-1} \underline{\bar{q}}$$

↑
state
vector

↑
mass / inertia
normalized
coordinates

$$\underline{M} = \underline{L} \underline{L}^T$$

↑
cholesky
decomposition

$$\ddot{\underline{\bar{q}}} + \underline{\bar{K}} \underline{\bar{q}} = \underline{0}$$

$$\underline{\bar{K}} = \underline{L}^{-1} \underline{K} (\underline{L}^T)^{-1}$$

↳ guaranteed to
be symmetric

$$\underline{\bar{K}} \underline{\bar{v}} = \lambda \underline{\bar{v}} \leftarrow \text{eigenvalue prob}$$

$\underline{\bar{K}}$: mass normalized
stiffness matrix

$$\det(\underline{\bar{K}} - \underline{I} \lambda) = 0 \rightarrow \text{characteristic eq}$$

$$\underline{\bar{q}}(t) = \sum_{i=1}^n c_i \underline{\bar{v}}_i \sin(\omega_i t + \phi_i)$$

$$\underline{P} = [\underline{\bar{v}}_1, \dots, \underline{\bar{v}}_n]$$

$$\underline{\bar{q}} = \underline{P} \underline{\bar{r}} \rightarrow \text{modal coordinate}$$

$$\ddot{\underline{\bar{r}}} + \underline{\Lambda} \underline{\bar{r}} = \underline{0}$$

modal equations

$\underline{\Lambda}$: spectral matrix
↑ diagonal !!

$$\underline{\Lambda} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \omega_1^2 & 0 \\ 0 & \omega_n^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \ddot{r}_1 \\ \vdots \\ \ddot{r}_n \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \omega_1^2 r_1 \\ \vdots \\ \omega_n^2 r_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{\bar{r}}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} r_1(t) \\ \vdots \\ r_n(t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A_1 \sin(\omega_1 t + \phi_1) \\ \vdots \\ A_n \sin(\omega_n t + \phi_n) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{\bar{x}} = (\underline{L}^T)^{-1} \underline{\bar{q}} = (\underline{L}^T)^{-1} \underline{P} \underline{\bar{r}}$$

$\underline{\bar{K}}$ is symmetric:

- all eigenvals are real

- all eigenvecs are real

will be positive if and only if $\underline{\bar{K}}$ is positive definite
"normal" even

n eigenvalues

$$\lambda_i \quad i=1, \dots, n$$

$\sqrt{\lambda_i}$ eigen frequencies (natural frequencies)

$\underline{\bar{v}}_i$: eigenvectors

↳ orthonormal set

$$c_i \sin(\omega_i t + \phi) = A \sin \omega t + B \cos \omega t$$

- eigenvectors can be chosen to be orthogonal, -
for repeated eigenvalues

$$S = (L^T)^{-1} P = [\bar{u}_1, \dots, \bar{u}_n]$$

\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow
 evecs in mode \uparrow
 mass shapes
 normalized

$$\bar{X}(t) = \sum_{i=1}^n c_i \bar{u}_i \sin(\omega_i t + \phi_i)$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}$
 determined initial conditions

$$\phi_i = \arctan \left(\frac{\omega_i \bar{v}_i^T \bar{q}_0}{\bar{v}_i^T \dot{\bar{q}}_0} \right)$$

mass normalized
initial conditions

$$\bar{X}_0 = (L^T)^{-1} \bar{q}_0$$

$$c_i = \frac{\bar{v}_i^T \bar{q}_0}{\sin \phi_i}$$

\uparrow
 modal
 participation
 factor