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The k-digit number N is an Armstrong number if and only if the k-th power of each digit sums to N.
Given a positive integer N, return true if and only if it is an Armstrong number.
Input:
153
Output
Explanation:
153 is a 3-digit number, and 153 = 1^3 + 5^3 + 3^3.
Input:
123
Output
false
Explanation:
123 is a 3-digit number, and 123 != 1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 = 36.
Example 3:
Input:
1634
Output
true
Note:
1 <= N <= 10^8
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Anuber's concidental budy if contains when it is in the first of an in the first of the budy number is 1 and 2nd budy number is 2 and 4n budy number is 2 and 4n budy number is 2 and 4n budy number is 3 and 4n budy number i