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Given a string, s, consisting of alphabets and digits, find the frequency of each digit in the given string.
  Input Format
  The first line contains a string, num which is the given number.
 1 ≤ len(num) ≤ 1000
  All the elements of num are made of English alphabets and digits.
  Output Format
  Print ten space-separated integers in a single line denoting the frequency of each digit from \theta to 9.
  Sample Input 0
  a11472o5t6
  Sample Output 0
 0210111100
  Explanation 0
  In the given string:

    1 occurs two times.
    2, 4, 5, 6 and 7 occur one time each.
The remaining digits 0, 3, 8 and 9 don't occur at all.
 Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
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		Input	Expected	Got	
,	/	a11472o5t6	0 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0	0 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0	~
	/	lw4n88j12n1	0210100020	0 2 1 0 1 0 0 0 2 0	~
	/	1v888861256338ar0ekk	1 1 1 2 0 1 2 0 5 0	1 1 1 2 0 1 2 0 5 0	~
Pa	ssed	d all tests! 🗸			

Today, Monk went for a valk in a garden. There are many trees in the garden and each tree has an English alphabet on it. While Monk was validing, he noticed that all trees with vowels on it are not in good state. He decided to take care of them. So, he asked you to tell him the count of such trees in the garden.

Note: The following letters are vowels: 'A', 'E', 'T', 'O', 'U', 'a', 'e', 'T', 'o' and 'u'.

The first line consists of an integer 7 denoting the number of test cases.

Each test case consists of only one string, each character of string denoting the alphabet (may be lowercase or uppercase) on a tree in the garden.

Output:

For each test case, print the count in a new line.

 $1 \le T \le 10$ $1 \le length of string \le 10^{5}$

SAMPLE INPUT

nBBZLaosnm JHklsnZtTL

SAMPLE OUTPUT

In test case 1, a and o are the only vowels. So, count=2

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Given a sentence, s, print each word of the sentence in a new line.

Input Format

The first and only line contains a sentence, s.

Constraints

1 ≤ len(s) ≤ 1000

Print each word of the sentence in a new line.

This is C

In the given string, there are three words ("This", "is", "C"). We have to print each of these words in a new line,

		Input	Expected	Got	
	/	This is C			~
			is	is	
Н					
1	_	Learning C is fun	C	C	×
				is	
			fun	fun	
Pa	ssed	d all tests! 🗸			

You are given two strings, \boldsymbol{a} and \boldsymbol{b} , separated by a new line. Each string will consist of lower case Latin characters ('a'-'z').

Output Format

In the first line print two space-separated integers, representing the length of a and b respectively.

In the second line print the string produced by concatenating a and b (a + b).

In the third line print two strings separated by a space, o' and b', o' and b' are the same as o and b, respectively, except that their first characters are swapped.

abcd ef

4 2 abcdef ebcd af

Explanation

a = "abcd" b = "ef" |a| = 4 |b| = 2 a + b = "abcdef" a' = "ebcd" b' = "af"

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Input Expected Got 

where the state of the
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