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Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that A(I) - A(I) = k, | i = j.

Input Format

1. First time is number of test cases T. Following T lines contain:

2. N, followed by N integers of the array

3. The non-negative integer k

Output format

1. Print If Such a pair exists and 0 if it doesn's.

Example

Imput:

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9. Print If Such a pair exists and 0 if it doesn's.

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5. Print If S
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Sam loves chocolates and starts buying them on the 1st day of the year. Each day of the year, x, is numbered from 1 to Y. On days when x is odd, Sam will buy x chocolates; on days when x is even, Sam will not purchase any chocolates.

Complete the code in the editor so that for each day Ni (where 1 ≤ x ≤ N ≤ N) in array arr, the number of chocolates Sam purchased (during days 1 through N) is printed on a new line. This is a function-only challenge, so input is handled for you by the locked stub code in the editor

Input Format

The program takes an array of integers as a parameter.

The locked code in the editor handles reading the following input from stdin, assembling it into an array of integers (arr), and calling calculate(arr).

The first line of input contains an integer, T (the number of test cases). Each line i of the T subsequent lines describes the ith test case as an integer, Ni (the number of days).

Constraints

1 ≤ T ≤ 2 × 105 1 ≤ N ≤ 2 × 106 1 ≤ x ≤ N ≤ Y

Output Format

For each test case, Ti in arr, your calculate method should print the total number of chocolates Sam purchased by day Ni on a new line.

Sample Input 0

1 2

Sample Output 0

1 1 4

Explanation

Test Case 0: N = 1

Test Case 0: N = 1 Sam buys 1 chocolate on o ite on day 1, giving us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line.

Test Case 1: N = 2

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1 and 0 on day 2. This gives us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line.

Test Case $\ge N = 3$ Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1, 0 on day 2, and 3 on day 3. This gives us a total of 4 chocolates. Thus, we print 4 on a new line.

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# " or on day 2, and

Answer: (penalty regime 0 %)

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3 | ( int t;
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```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3	1	1	~
	1	1	1	
	2	4	4	
	3			
~	18	1296	1296	~
	71	2500	2588	
	100	1849	1849	
	86	729	729	
	54	400	488	
	48	25	25	
	9	1521	1521	
	77	25	25	
	9	49	49	
	13	2401	2401	
	98			

Passed all tests! ✓

The number of goals achieved by two football teams in matches in a league is given in the form of two lists. Consider:

- Football team A, has played three matches, and has scored (1, 2, 3) goals in each match respectively.

 Football team B, has played two matches, and has scored (2, 4) goals in each match respectively.

 You task is to compute, for each match of team B, the total number of matches of team A where team A has scored less than or equal to the number of goals scored by team B in that match. In the above case:

 For 2 goals scored by team B in its first match, team A has 2 matches with scores 1 and 2.

 For 4 goals scored by team B in its second match, team A has 3 matches with scores 1, 2 and 3.

Hence, the answer {2, 3}.

Complete the code in the editor below. The program must return an array of m positive integers, one for each maxes[i] repre ting the total number of elements nums[j] satisfying nums[j] \leq maxes[i] where $0 \leq j < n$ and $0 \leq i < m$, in the given order

It has the following:
nums[nums[0]_..nums[n-1]]: first array of positive integers
maxes[maxes[0]_...maxes[n-1]]: second array of positive integers

Constraints

- 2 ≤ n, m ≤ 105
 1 ≤ nums[j] ≤ 109, where 0 ≤ j < n.
 1 ≤ maxes[i] ≤ 109, where 0 ≤ i < m.

Input Format For Custom Testing

Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the function

The first line contains an integer n, the number of elements in runns. The next n lines each contain an integer describing runns[] where $0 \le j \le n$. The next line contains an integer m, the number of elements in maxes. The next line seach contain an integer describing maxes[] where $0 \le j \le m$.

Sample Case 0

Sample Input 0

```
Sample Output 0
 We are given n = 4, nums = [1, 4, 2, 4], m = 2, and maxes = [3, 5].

1. For maxes[0] = 3, we have 2 elements in rums [nums[0] = 1 and nums[2] = 2] that are \le maxes[0].

2. For maxes[1] = 5, we have 4 elements in rums [nums[0] = 1, nums[1] = 4, nums[2] = 2 and rums[3] = 4) that are \le maxes[1].
   Sample Case 1
   Sample Input 1
  5
2
10
5
4
8
4
3
1
7
   Sample Output 1
We are given, n = 5, nums = [2, 10, 5, 4, 8], m = 4, and maxes = [3, 1, 7, 8].

1. For maxes[0] = 3, we have 1 element in nums (nums[0] = 2) that is $\times$ maxes[0].
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We are given, n = 5, nums = [2, 10, 5.4, 8], m = 4, and maxes = [3, 1, 7, 8].

1. For maxes[0] = 3, we have 1 element in nums (nums[0] = 2) that is ≤ maxes[0].

2. For maxes[1] = 1, there are 0 elements in nums that are ≤ maxes[1].

3. For maxes[2] = 7, we have 3 elements in nums (nums[0] = 2, nums[2] = 5, and nums[3] = 4) that are ≤ maxes[2].

4. For maxes[3] = 8, we have 4 elements in nums (nums[0] = 2, nums[2] = 5, nums[3] = 4, and nums[4] = 8) that are ≤ maxes[3].
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Thus, the function returns the array [1, 0, 3, 4] as the answer.

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Answer (penalty regime 0 %)

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