

Задача 4

$$\vec{a} (3, 4) \quad \text{и} \quad \vec{b} (-5, 0)$$

$$\vec{e}_1 \quad \vec{e}_2 \quad |\vec{e}_1| = 4 \quad |\vec{e}_2| = 2 \quad \angle(\vec{e}_1, \vec{e}_2) = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

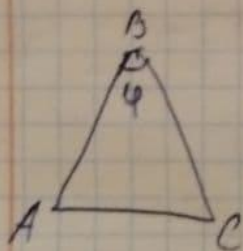
$$(a, b) (3\vec{e}_1, 4\vec{e}_2) (-5\vec{e}_1, 0) =$$

$$= -15 |\vec{e}_1|^2 - 20 (\vec{e}_2, \vec{e}_1) = -15 + 20 \cdot 2 \cdot 4 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$= -15 + 80\sqrt{2} \approx -128,13$$

Задача 6

$$\angle ABC = ? \quad A(-4, 5, -1) \quad B(-3, 4, -1) \\ C(-6, 0, 4)$$



$$AB = \sqrt{2}$$

$$BC = \sqrt{34}$$

$$AC = \sqrt{38}$$

$$AC^2 = AB^2 + BC^2 - 2AB \cdot BC \cos \varphi$$

$$38 = 2 + 34 - 2\sqrt{68} \cos \varphi$$

$$18 - \sqrt{68} \cos \varphi = 19 \quad -\sqrt{68} \cos \varphi = 1$$

$$\cos \varphi = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{68}} \approx -0,121$$

Задача 7

$$\vec{a}(0, -3, -3) \quad \vec{b}(1, 1, -1)$$

$$(\vec{a}, \vec{c}) = -1 \quad \vec{c}(-1, 1, -1)$$

$$[a, b] = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 0 & -3 & -3 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = \{6; -3; 3\}$$

$$\vec{x}(6x; -3x; 3x)$$

$$6x - 3x + 3x = -1 \quad x = -\frac{1}{6}$$

$$\vec{x}(-1; 1/2; -1/2)$$

Задача 5

$$A(1, 0, -5)$$

$$B(-370256, 92565, -370265)$$

$$C(-370291, 92573, -370281)$$

$$D(-81, 8, 29)$$

$$|AB| = 21\sqrt{641158714}$$

$$|BC| = \sqrt{2445}$$

$$|AC| = \sqrt{282455216669}$$

$$|CD| = 92565\sqrt{33}$$

\Rightarrow Трехмивный
случай

Задача 3

$$AXB = C$$

$$A = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$AX = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} x_1 & x_2 \\ x_3 & x_4 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} x_1 - x_3 & x_2 - x_4 \\ 2x_3 - x_1 & 2x_4 - x_2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} x_1 - x_3 & x_2 - x_4 \\ 2x_3 - x_1 & 2x_4 - x_2 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} x_1 - x_3 & x_2 - x_4 \\ 2x_3 - x_1 & 2x_4 - x_2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} x_1 - x_3 & x_2 - x_4 \\ 2x_3 - x_4 & 2x_4 - x_2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$x_1 - x_3 = 1$$

$$2x_3 - x_4 = 0$$

$$x_2 - x_4 = -1$$

$$2x_4 - x_2 = 1$$

$$2x_3 = x_4 \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - x_3 = 1 \\ x_2 - 2x_3 = -1 \\ 4x_3 - x_2 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 - x_3 = 1 \\ 2x_3 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_3 = x_4 = 0$$

$$x_1 = 1$$

$$x_2 = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow X = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

Задача 8

$$\begin{aligned} A(-4, 3, -4) \quad B(-7, -1, -2) \\ C(-7, 3, 0) \quad D(-2, 5, -8) \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{AB} = B - A = \{-3; -4; 2\}$$

$$\vec{AC} = C - A = \{-3; 0; 4\}$$

$$\vec{AD} = D - A = \{2; 2; -4\}$$

$$\vec{BC} = C - B = \{0; 4; 2\}$$

$$\vec{BD} = D - B = \{5; 6; -6\}$$

$$\vec{CD} = D - C = \{5; 2; -8\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{1}{6} \begin{vmatrix} -3 & -4 & 2 \\ -3 & 0 & 4 \\ 2 & 2 & -4 \end{vmatrix} = (-3) \cdot 0 \cdot (-4) + (-4) \cdot 4 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot (-5) \cdot 2 - \\ &= -2 \cdot 0 \cdot 2 - (-4) \cdot (-5) \cdot (-4) - (-5) \cdot 4 \cdot 2 = \\ &= \frac{1}{6} \cdot 28 = \frac{14}{3} \approx 4,7 \end{aligned}$$

sagara 2

$$\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \downarrow \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ -6 & -4 & -1 & 0 \\ -24 & -20 & -7 & 3 \\ -120 & -100 & -31 & 9 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 12 & -7 & 3 \\ 0 & 60 & -31 & 9 \end{vmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \downarrow -15$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & -16 & 9 \end{vmatrix} \downarrow -4 = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = 3 \cdot 4 \cdot (-4) \cdot (-3) = 144$$

Satz 1

$$A^T B = (A B^T)^T + 3D + 3E + (-2F)$$

$$A = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -2 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -1 & 3 \\ -3 & -1 & -2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$E = \begin{vmatrix} -4 \\ -4 \\ -3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$F = [-4, -1]$$

$$1) A^T B = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -2 & 5 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -7 \\ -5 & 12 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$2) (A B^T)^T = \left(\begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{vmatrix}, \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -2 & 5 \end{vmatrix} \right)^T = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -5 \\ -7 & 12 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$1) - 2) = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -7 \\ -5 & 12 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -5 \\ -7 & 12 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$3) 3D = \begin{vmatrix} 9 & -3 & 3 \\ -9 & -3 & -6 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$4) 3E = \begin{vmatrix} -12 \\ -12 \\ -9 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$5) 3) + 4) = \begin{vmatrix} 9 & -3 & 3 \\ -9 & -3 & -6 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} -12 \\ -12 \\ -9 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} -153 \\ 198 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$-2F = \begin{vmatrix} 8 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} -153 \\ 138 \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 8 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} -1224 & -612 \\ 1584 & 492 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} -1224 & -612 \\ 1584 & 492 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} -1224 & -614 \\ 1586 & 492 \end{vmatrix}$$