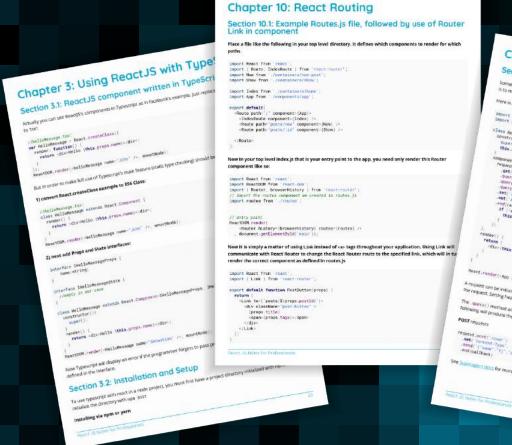
React JS Notes for Professionals



Chapter 14: React AJAX call

Section 14.1: HTTP GET request

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100+ pages

of professional hints and tricks

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Chapter 1: Getting started with React

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2018-03-29
2018-04-03
2018-04-16

Section 1.1: What is ReactJS?

ReactJS is an open-source, component based front end library responsible only for the **view layer** of the application. It is maintained by Facebook.

ReactJS uses virtual DOM based mechanism to fill in data (views) in HTML DOM. The virtual DOM works fast owning to the fact that it only changes individual DOM elements instead of reloading complete DOM every time

A React application is made up of multiple **components**, each responsible for outputting a small, reusable piece of HTML. Components can be nested within other components to allow complex applications to be built out of simple building blocks. A component may also maintain internal state - for example, a TabList component may store a variable corresponding to the currently open tab.

React allows us to write components using a domain-specific language called JSX. JSX allows us to write our components using HTML, whilst mixing in JavaScript events. React will internally convert this into a virtual DOM, and will ultimately output our HTML for us.

React "reacts" to state changes in your components quickly and automatically to rerender the components in the HTML DOM by utilizing the virtual DOM. The virtual DOM is an in-memory representation of an actual DOM. By doing most of the processing inside the virtual DOM rather than directly in the browser's DOM, React can act quickly and only add, update, and remove components which have changed since the last render cycle occurred.

Section 1.2: Installation or Setup

ReactJS is a JavaScript library contained in a single file react-<version>.js that can be included in any HTML page. People also commonly install the React DOM library react-dom-<version>.js along with the main React file:

Basic Inclusion

To get the JavaScript files, go to the installation page of the official React documentation.

React also supports JSX syntax. JSX is an extension created by Facebook that adds XML syntax to JavaScript. In order to use JSX you need to include the Babel library and change <script type="text/javascript"> to <script type="text/babel"> in order to translate JSX to Javascript code.

Installing via npm

You can also install React using npm by doing the following:

```
npm install --save react react-dom
```

To use React in your JavaScript project, you can do the following:

```
var React = require('react');
var ReactDOM = require('react-dom');
```

```
ReactDOM.render(<App />, ...);
```

Installing via Yarn

Facebook released its own package manager named <u>Yarn</u>, which can also be used to install React. After installing Yarn you just need to run this command:

yarn add react react-dom

You can then use React in your project in exactly the same way as if you had installed React via npm.

Section 1.3: Hello World with Stateless Functions

Stateless components are getting their philosophy from functional programming. Which implies that: A function returns all time the same thing exactly on what is given to it.

For example:

```
const statelessSum = (a, b) => a + b;
let a = 0;
const statefulSum = () => a++;
```

As you can see from the above example that, statelessSum is always will return the same values given a and b. However, statefulSum function will not return the same values given even no parameters. This type of function's behaviour is also called as a *side-effect*. Since, the component affects somethings beyond.

So, it is advised to use stateless components more often, since they are *side-effect free* and will create the same behaviour always. That is what you want to be after in your apps because fluctuating state is the worst case scenario for a maintainable program.

The most basic type of react component is one without state. React components that are pure functions of their props and do not require any internal state management can be written as simple JavaScript functions. These are said to be Stateless Functional Components because they are a function only of props, without having any state to keep track of.

Here is a simple example to illustrate the concept of a Stateless Functional Component:

```
// In HTML
<div id="element"></div>

// In React
const MyComponent = props => {
    return <h1>Hello, {props.name}!</h1>;
};

ReactDOM.render(<MyComponent name="Arun" />, element);
// Will render <h1>Hello, Arun!</h1>
```

Note that all that this component does is render an h1 element containing the name prop. This component doesn't keep track of any state. Here's an ES6 example as well:

```
HelloWorld.propTypes = {
    name: React.PropTypes.string.isRequired
}
export default HelloWorld
```

Since these components do not require a backing instance to manage the state, React has more room for optimizations. The implementation is clean, but as of yet <u>no such optimizations for stateless components have been implemented</u>.

Section 1.4: Absolute Basics of Creating Reusable Components

Components and Props

As React concerns itself only with an application's view, the bulk of development in React will be the creation of components. A component represents a portion of the view of your application. "Props" are simply the attributes used on a JSX node (e.g. **<SomeComponent** someProp="some prop's value" />), and are the primary way our application interacts with our components. In the snippet above, inside of SomeComponent, we would have access to **this**.props, whose value would be the object {someProp: "some prop's value"}.

It can be useful to think of React components as simple functions - they take input in the form of "props", and produce output as markup. Many simple components take this a step further, making themselves "Pure Functions", meaning they do not issue side effects, and are idempotent (given a set of inputs, the component will always produce the same output). This goal can be formally enforced by actually creating components as functions, rather than "classes". There are three ways of creating a React component:

• Functional ("Stateless") Components

```
const FirstComponent = props => (
     <div>{props.content}</div>
);
```

React.createClass()

• ES2015 Classes

These components are used in exactly the same way:

```
const ParentComponent = function (props) {
   const someText = "FooBar";
```