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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

1.1.1 Commercial Product Name

Nordkalk QL

Synonyms: Lime, Burnt lime, Un-slaked lime, Building lime, Calcia, Fat lime, Chemical lime, Fluxing lime, Hard burnt lime, Soft burnt lime, Pebble lime, Calcium oxide, Calcium monoxide, Quick lime, Calcined limestone.

Chemical name and formula: Calcium Oxide - CaO

CAS: 1305-78-8 EINECS: 215-138-9

Molecular weight: 56,08 g/mol REACH registration number: Finland: 01-2119475325-36-0026 Sweden: 01-2119475325-36-0030 Estonia: 01-2119475325-36-0023

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1 Recommended use

The substance is intended for the following non-exhaustive list of uses:

Building material industry, Chemical industry, Agriculture, Environmental protection (e.g. flue gas treatment, waste water treatment, sludge treatment), Drinking water treatment, Feed, food and pharmaceutical industry, Civil engineering, Paper and paint industry

Please check the identified uses in table 1 of the Appendix of this SDS.

Uses advises against: There are no uses advised against.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

1.3.1 Supplier

Nordkalk Oy Ab

P.O.Box Skräbbölevägen 18 **Postcode and post office** 21600 Pargas

Finland

Telephone +358 20 753 7000, Joona Mannermaa +358 20 753 7374

Email sds@nordkalk.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

1.4.1 Telephone number, name and address

European emergency number: 112, open 24 hours per day

Poison control centre, Helsinki, 24 h per day

+358 9 471 977; +358 800 147 111

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture 1272/2008 (CLP)

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335

2.2 Label elements 1272/2008 (CLP)

GHS07 - GHS05

Signal word **Danger**





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Hazard Statements

H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary Statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulation.

2.3 Other hazards

The substance does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB substance.

No other hazards identified.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Main ingredient

CAS/EC and Reg.number	EINECS	Chemical name of the substance	Concentration	Classification
1305-78-8	215-138-9	Calcium oxide	75 - 98 %	H315, H318, H335

3.3 Other information

No impurities relevant for classification and labelling. National occupational exposure limits, section 8.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

4.1.2 Inhalation

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Call a physician.

4.1.3 Skin contact

Before washing use a dry brush to remove dust from skin. Immediately flush skin with large amounts of water. Remove contaminated clothing. If irritation develops, get medical attention.

4.1.4 Eye contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Get medical attention.

4.1.5 Ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Drink water. Call physician immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye damage/irritation, Skin irritation. May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

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5.1.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Use alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. The product itself does not burn.

5.1.2 Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water. Avoid moisture.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exothermic reaction with water.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Avoid dust formation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid dust formation. Ensure adequate ventilation. Prevent unauthorized persons entering the zone. Avoid moisture.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Protect from moisture. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Clean up promptly by scoop or vacuum. Avoid dust formation. Do not use compressed air for cleaning purposes. Pick up when dry.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8. SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid dust formation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not wear contact lenses. Use personal protective equipment. Provide for appropriate exhaust ventilation and dust collection at machinery. For more information please see the relevant exposure scenario, available via your supplier/given in the Appendix, and check section 2.1: Control of worker exposure. Note also Directive 90/269/EEC.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a dry place. Avoid: Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods. Keep away from acids, significant quantities of paper, straw, and nitro compounds. Keep out of the reach of children. Do not use aluminum for storage if there is a risk of contact with water.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Please check the identified uses in table 1 of the Appendix of this SDS.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

8.1.1 Threshold limits

1305-78-8 Calcium oxide 2 mg/m³ (8 h)

8.1.2 Other information on limit values

SCOEL recommendation (SCOEL/SUM/137 February 2008; see Section 16.6): Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), 8 h TWA: 1 mg/m³ respirable dust of calcium oxide Short-term exposure limit (STEL), 15 min: 4 mg/m³ respirable dust of calcium oxide

8.1.3 Limit values in other countries

No information available.

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8.1.4 **DNELs**

	Workers			
Route of exposure	Acute effect local	Acute effects systemic	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects systemic
Oral	Not required			
Inhalation	4 mg / m³ (Respirable dust)	No hazard identified	1 mg / m³ (Respirable dust)	No hazard identified
Dermal	Hazard identified but no DNEL available	No hazard identified	Hazard identified but no DNEL available	No hazard identified

	Consumers			
Route of exposure	Acute effect local	Acute effects systemic	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects systemic
Oral	No exposure expected	No hazard identified	No exposure expected	No hazard identified
Inhalation	4 mg / m³ (Respirable dust)	No hazard identified	1 mg / m³ (Respirable dust)	No hazard identified
Dermal	Hazard identified but no DNEL available	No hazard identified	Hazard identified but no DNEL available	No hazard identified

8.1.5 PNECs

Environment protection target	PNEC	Remarks
Fresh water	0,49 mg / L	
Freshwater sediments	No PNEC available	Insufficient data available
Marine water	0,32 mg / L	
Marine sediments	No PNEC available	Insufficient data available
Food (bioaccumulation)	No hazard identified	No potential for bioaccumulation
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	3 mg / L	
Soil (agricultural)	1080 mg / kg soil dw	
Air	No hazard identified	



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8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne dust levels below recommended exposure limits. Exposure scenario attached.

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8.2.2 Individual protection measures

8.2.2.1 Respiratory protection

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Respirator with a particle filter (EN 143) See also the exposure scenario.

8.2.2.2 Hand protection

Protective gloves: Nitrile rubber.

8.2.2.3 Eye/face protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Do not wear contact lenses.

8.2.2.4 Skin protection

9.1

Long sleeved clothing, close fittings at openings. Footwear protecting against chemicals.

8.2.2.5 Hygiene measures

Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product. If needed: Use protective skin cream before handling the product. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

Exhaust ventilation equipped with filters. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See also the exposure scenario.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Important Health Safety and Environmental Information

9.1.1	Appearance White or beige solid, powder/granules	
9.1.2	Odour	Odourless
9.1.3	Odour threshold	No data available
9.1.4	рН	12,3 (saturated aqueous solution 20 °C)
9.1.5	Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable
9.1.6	Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not applicable
9.1.7	Flash point	Not applicable
9.1.8	Evaporation rate	Not applicable
9.1.9	Flammability (solid, gas)	Not flammable (method EU A.10)
9.1.10	Explosive properties	
9.1.10.1	Lower explosion limit	No data available
9.1.10.2	Upper explosion limit	No data available
9.1.11	Vapour pressure	Not applicable
9.1.12	Vapour density	Not applicable
9.1.13	Relative density	3,31 kg/dm³ (method EU A.3)
9.1.14	Solubility(ies)	
9.1.14.1	Water solubility	1337,6 mg/l (method EU A.6)
9.1.14.2	Fat solubility (solvent - oil to be specified)	No data available
9.1.15	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
9.1.16	Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
9.1.17	Decomposition temperature	Not applicable
9.1.18	Viscosity	Not applicable
9.1.19	Explosive properties	No data available

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9.1.20 Oxidising properties

none

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9.2 Other information

Solid > 450 °C, typical bulk density 0,75 - 1,30 g/cm³.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Exothermic reaction with water, forms calcium hydroxide.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with acids, forms calcium salts.

Calcium oxide reacts with aluminum and brass in the presence of moisture leading to the production of hydrogen gas.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Acids, Water, Aluminum, Brass.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

11.1.1 Acute toxicity

Calcium oxide is not acutely toxic. $LD_{50}/rat > 2~000~mg/kg~(OECD~425)$ $LD_{50}/rabbit > 2~000~mg/kg~(OECH~402)$

11.1.2 Irritation and corrosion

Risk of serious damage to eyes. Irritating to skin. May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

11.1.3 Sensitization

No information available.

11.1.4 Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity

Not mutagenic in Ames Test.

Contains no ingredient listed as a carcinogen

Fertility and developmental toxicity tests did not reveal any effect on reproduction.

11.1.5 STOT-single exposure

May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

11.1.6 STOT-repeated exposure

Not Rated.

11.1.7 Aspiration hazard

No aspiration toxicity classification

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

12.1.1 Aquatic toxicity

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Calcium hydroxide:

LC₅₀ (96 h) for freshwater fish: 50,6 mg/l LC₅₀ (96 h) for marine water fish: 457 mg/l

EC₅₀ (48 h) for freshwater invertebrates: 49,1 mg/l LC₅₀ (96 h) for marine water invertebrates: 158 mg/l NOEC (14 d) for marine water invertebrates: 32 mg/l $^{\circ}$

EC₅₀ (72 h) for freshwater algae: 184,57 mg/l NOEC (72 h) for freshwater algae: 48 mg/l

12.1.2 Toxicity to other organisms

Calcium hydroxide:

 EC_{10}/LC_{10} , NOEC for soil macroorganisms: 2 000 mg/kg soil dw EC_{10}/LC_{10} , NOEC for soil microorganisms: 12 000 mg/kg soil dw NOEC (21 d) for terrestrial plants: 1 080 mg/kg

12.2 Persistence and degradability

12.2.1 Biodegradation

The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.2.2 Chemical degradation

No information available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Calcium oxide reacts with water and/or carbon dioxide to form respectively calcium dihydroxide and/or calcium carbonate, which are sparingly soluble, and present a low mobility in most soils.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Adverse effects in the aquatic environment are based on the rapid rise on pH. For most freswater fish pH over 9 is harmful. Freshwater algae disappear on pH > 8,5. Water contaminating class (Germany): 1.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Empty containers: Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. After usage, empty the packing completely.

13.2 Waste from residues / unused products

Dispose of in compliance with local and national regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Calcium oxide is not classified as hazardous for transport [ADR (road), RID (rail), ADN (inland waterways) and IMDG (sea)]. Calcium oxide is, however, classified as hazardous for air transport (ICAO/IATA).

UN number	UN 1910
UN proper shipping name	Calcium oxide
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 8 (ICAO/IATA)
Packing group	Group III (ICAO/IATA)
	UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)

14.5 Environmental hazards

14.6 Special precautions for users

Avoid any release of dust during transportation, by using air-tight tanks for powders and covered trucks for pebbles.

None

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not regulated.

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SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: Calcium oxide

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixtureNational occupational exposure limits, section 8.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 Additions, Deletions, Revisions

Version 1.

Version 2. Section 2, section 13.

Version 3. Contact information updated.

Version 4. UN-Number added in section 14.1.

Version 5. Fixed Sections 1.4, 2.1, 2.3, 3.1, 9.2

16.2 Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms

- **DNEL** No observed adverse effect level
- PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
- EC50 median effective concentration
- LC₅₀ median lethal concentration
- LD50 median lethal dose
- **NOEC** no observable effect concentration
- **OEL** occupational exposure limit
- **STEL** short-term exposure limit
- **TWA** -time weighted average
- PBT persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic substance
- **vPvB** very persistent and very bioaccumulating substance

16.3 Key literature references and sources for data

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

Anonymous, 2006: Tolerable upper intake levels for vitamins and minerals Scientific Committee on Food, European Food Safety Authority, ISBN: 92-9199-014-0 [SCF document]

Anonymous, 2007: HERAG fact sheet - assessment of occupational dermal exposure and dermal absorption for metals and inorganic metal compounds; EBRC Consulting GmbH, Hannover, Germany; August 2007
Anonymous, 2008: Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits for calcium oxide (CaO) and calcium dihydroxide (Ca(OH)2), European Commission, DG Employment, Social Affairs and Equal Opportunities, SCOEL/SUM/137 February 2008

16.5 List of relevant hazard statements and/or precautionary statements

H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

16.6 Training advice

Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators. Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use.

16.8 Additional information available from:

Disclaimer

This safety data sheet (SDS) is based on the legal provisions of the REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006; article 31 and Annex II), as amended. Its contents are intended as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material. It is the responsibility of recipients of this SDS to ensure that the information contained therein is properly read and understood by all people who may use, handle, dispose or in any way come in contact with the product. Information and instructions provided in this SDS are based on the current state of scientific and technical knowledge at the date of issue indicated. It should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance, suitability for particular applications, and does not establish a legally valid contractual relationship. This version of the SDS supersedes all previous versions.