SAFETY DATA SHEETS

According to the UN GHS revision 8

Version: 1.0
Creation Date: May 20, 2020
Revision Date: May 20, 2020

1. Identification

1.1 GHS Product identifier

Product name Magnesium Carbonate

1.2 Other means of identification

Product number -
Other names Carbonic acid,magnesium salt (1:1);Magnesium carbonate;

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses Industrial and scientific research uses
Uses advised against no data available

1.4 Supplier's details

Company CHEMFINE INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD.
Address Room 417, Taihu pearl digital mansion, Qingyang road No.99, Wuxi city, Jiangsu province, China
Telephone +86-510-85055575

1.5 Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number +86-510-85055575
Service hours Monday to Friday, 9am-5pm (Standard time zone: UTC/GMT +8 hours).

2. Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Not classified.

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s) No symbol.
Signal word No signal word
Hazard statement(s) none
Precautionary statement(s)
Prevention none
Response none
Storage none
Disposal none

2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number	Concentration
Magnesium carbonate	Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	208-915-9	87%

4. First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

If inhaled

Fresh air, rest.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with plenty of water or shower.

Following eye contact

Rinse with plenty of water (remove contact lenses if easily possible).

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Exposure Routes: inhalation, skin and/or eye contact Symptoms: Irritation eyes, skin, respiratory system; cough Target Organs: Eyes, skin, respiratory system (NIOSH, 2016)

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Advanced treatment: Consider orotracheal or nasotracheal intubation for airway control in the patient who is unconscious or in severe respiratory distress. Positive pressure ventilation techniques with a bag valve mask device may be beneficial. Monitor cardiac rhythm and treat arrhythmias if necessary . Start an IV with D5W /SRP: "To keep open", minimal flow rate/. Use lactated Ringer's if signs of hypovolemia are present. Watch for signs of fluid overload. Consider drug therapy for pulmonary edema . For hypotension with signs of hypovolemia, administer fluid cautiously. Consider vasopressors for hypotension with a normal fluid volume. Watch for signs of fluid overload . Use proparacaine hydrochloride to assist eye irrigation . Magnesium and Related Compounds

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire in the surroundings: all extinguishing agents allowed.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Not combustible. Gives off irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire.

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

In case of fire in the surroundings: all extinguishing agents allowed.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Separated from acids.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

Component	Magnesium Carbonate			
CAS No.	546-93-0			
	Limit value - Eight hours		**Limit value - Short term**	
	ppm	**mg/m^3**	**ppm**	**mg/m^3**
Australia		10 (1)		
Belgium		10		
Canada - Ontario		10 (1)		
Canada - Québec		10		
France		10 respirable aerosol		
New Zealand		10		
Singapore		10		
South Korea		10		
Switzerland		3 respirable aerosol		
USA - NIOSH		10 total dust		
		5 respirable fraction		
USA - OSHA		15 total dust		
		5 respirable dust		
United Kingdom		10 inhalable aerosol		
		4 respirable aerosol		
	Remarks			
Australia	(1) This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and			
Canada - Ontario	(1) The value is forparticulate matter containing no asbestos and			

Biological limit values

no data available

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Wear safety spectacles.

Skin protection

Protective gloves.

Respiratory protection

Avoid inhalation of fine dust and mist. Use local exhaust or breathing protection.

Thermal hazards

no data available

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	WHITE POWDER.
Colour	Light, bulky, white powder
Odour	Odorless
Melting point/freezing point	990ºC
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	333.6ºC at 760mmHg
Flammability	Noncombustible Solid
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	no data available
Flash point	169.8ºC
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available
Decomposition temperature	350°C
pH	no data available
Kinematic viscosity	no data available
Solubility	Solubility in water, g/100ml at 20°C: 0.01 (very poor)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	no data available
Vapour pressure	0 mm Hg (approx) (NIOSH, 2016)
Density and/or relative density	2.95
Relative vapour density	no data available
Particle characteristics	no data available

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Decomposes on heating. This produces irritating fumes. Reacts with acids. This produces carbon dioxide gas.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable in air

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Decomposes on heating. This produces irritating fumes. Reacts with acids. This produces carbon dioxide gas.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Acids, formaldehyde.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes /of carbon dioxide/.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

- Oral: no data available

- Inhalation: no data available
- Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

Lungs may be affected by repeated or prolongated exposure to dust particles.

Aspiration hazard

A nuisance-causing concentration of airborne particles can be reached quickly when dispersed.

12. Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

- Toxicity to fish: no data available
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available
- Toxicity to algae: no data available
- Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1 Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

14. Transport information

14.1 UN Number

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. IMDG: Not dangerous goods. IATA: Not dangerous goods.

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods.
IMDG: Not dangerous goods.
IATA: Not dangerous goods.

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. IMDG: Not dangerous goods. IATA: Not dangerous goods.

14.4 Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. IMDG: Not dangerous goods. IATA: Not dangerous goods.

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number
Magnesium carbonate	Magnesium Carbonate	546-93-0	208-915-9
European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)			Listed.
EC Inventory			Listed.
United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory			Listed.
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015			Not Listed.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)			Listed.
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)			Listed.
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory			Listed.
Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC)			Listed.
Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)			Listed.

16. Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	May 20, 2020
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Abbreviations and acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

- IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en
- CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

Other Information

Magnesite (CAS 7760-50-1) is naturally occuring magnesium carbonate mineral. Magnesite can contain crystalline silica, see ICSC 0808.

Any questions regarding this SDS, Please send your inquiry to sds@xixisys.com

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