RECSILICON

SAFETY DATA SHEET

MONOCHLOROSILANE

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : MONOCHLOROSILANE

EC number : 236-705-7
CAS number : 13465-78-6
Product description : Not available.
Product type : Liquefied gas.

Other means of

identification

: MCS

Chemical formula : CIH3Si

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Not available.

Area of application: Industrial applications.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

REC Silicon Inc. 119140 Rick Jones Way Silver Bow, Montana 59750 United State of America 406-496-9877

3322 Road N Northeast Moses Lake, Washington 98837

United State of America

509-793-9000

e-mail address of person : RECSiliconMSDS@recsilicon.com

responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

<u>Supplier</u>

Telephone number : CHEMTREC, U.S.: 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mono-constituent substance

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas Liq. Gas, H280 Water-react. 1, H260 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 2, H371i

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD]

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

F+; R12 F; R15 T; R23

C: R34

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms











Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements: Extremely flammable gas.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously.

Toxic if inhaled.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause damage to organs if inhaled.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Wear protective gloves: >8 hours (breakthrough time): Leather.. Wear eye or face

protection: Recommended: full-face mask. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep away from any possible contact with water, because of violent reaction and possible flash fire.

Do not breathe gas.

Response : IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES:

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage : Protect from sunlight.

Disposal : Not applicable.

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: No.

P: Not available. B: Not available. T: No.

Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: Not available.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information oningredients

Substance/mixture

: Mono-constituent substance

			Class	ification	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
chlorosilane	EC: 236-705-7 CAS: 13465-78-6	100	F+; R12 F; R15 T; R23 C; R34	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas Liq. Gas, H280 Water-react. 1, H260 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 2, H371i	[A]
			See section 16 for the full text of the R- phrases declared above	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [A] Constituent
- [B] Impurity
- [C] Stabilising additive

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Immerse in cool water or wrap in wet bandages. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. In case of contact with liquid, warm frozen tissues slowly with lukewarm water and get medical attention. Do not rub affected area. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. If frostbite occurs, get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. As this product rapidly becomes a gas when released, refer to the inhalation section.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye damage. Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

Inhalation

: Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled. May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system.

Skin contact

: Causes severe burns. Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in freezing of the tissues or frostbite.

Ingestion

: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness frostbite

Inhalation

: No specific data.

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

frostbite

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

frostbite stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water or foam.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous combustion

products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

halogenated compounds

metal oxide/oxides

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

hydrogen chloride hydrogen silicon (Oxide.)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. For incidents involving large quantities, thermally insulated undergarments and thick textile or leather gloves should be worn. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Large spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use sparkproof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep away from any possible contact with water, because of violent reaction and possible flash fire. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10). Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep away from water or moist air. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

: Not available. Recommendations **Industrial sector specific** : Not available. solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

procedures

Recommended monitoring: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to European Standard EN 689 for methods for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents and national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances.

Derived effect levels

No DELs available.

Predicted effect concentrations

No PECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Engineering controls may be required to control the primary or secondary risks associated with this product. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Recommended: full-face mask

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. If contact with the liquid is possible, insulated gloves suitable for low temperatures should be worn. >8 hours (breakthrough time): Leather.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Thermal hazards

: If there is a risk of contact with the liquid, all protective equipment worn should be suitable for use with extremely low temperature materials.

Environmental exposure

controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Colour

Physical state : Gas. [Liquefied gas]

Odour : hydrochloric acid **Odour threshold** : Not available. pН : Not available. : -118°C

Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling : -30.417°C

range

: Colourless.

: Closed cup: -90°C [Tagliabue.] Flash point

Evaporation rate : 82 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat.

Burning time : Not applicable. **Burning rate** : Not applicable. **Upper/lower flammability or** : Lower: 4.6 to 4.8% explosive limits Upper: 94 to 98%

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Vapour pressure : 16.7 kPa [50°C]
Vapour density : 2.3 [Air = 1]
Relative density : Not available.

Solubility(ies) : Reacts violently with water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Viscosity

: Not available.

: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Not available.Not available.

Explosive properties

: Explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2 Other information

Physical/chemical properties

comments

: Volatility (W/W (%)): 100%

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or

use.

Conditions may include the following:

contact with water

Reactions may include the following:

spontaneous flammability liberation of flammable gas

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow gas to accumulate in low or confined areas.

10.5 Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Ammonia, water, air, alcohols, amines

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
chlorosilane	Category 2	Inhalation	Not determined

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated:Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.

May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory

system.

Ingestion: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns

similar to frostbite.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns. Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in

freezing of the tissues or frostbite.

Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage. Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation : No specific data.

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

frostbite stomach pains

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

frostbite

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness frostbite

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Contains material that can cause target organ damage (Respiratory system, eyes,

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

skin)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Fertility effects

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : No.

P: Not available. B: Not available. T: No.

vPvB : Not available.

vP: Not available. vB: Not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible.

Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any

regional local authority requirements.

Hazardous waste

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

<u>Packaging</u>

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN/ADNR	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN3309	UN3309	UN3309	UN3309
14.2 UN proper shipping name	LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (chlorosilane)	LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (chlorosilane)	LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (chlorosilane)	Liquefied gas, toxic, flammable, corrosive, n.o.s. (chlorosilane)
14.3 Transport	2 (2, 8)	2 (2, 8)	2.3 (2.1, 8)	2.3 (2.1, 8)
hazard class(es)				
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
14.6 Special precautions for user	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Additional information	Hazard identification number 263 Limited quantity 0 Special provisions 274 Tunnel code (B/D)	-	Emergency schedules (EmS) _F-D_, S-U	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden Packaging instructions: Forbidden Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: Forbidden Packaging instructions: Forbidden Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden Packaging instructions: Forbidden

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : This material is listed or exempted.

Black List Chemicals : Not listed **Priority List Chemicals** : Not listed Integrated pollution : Not listed

prevention and control

list (IPPC) - Air

: Not listed

Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Water

International regulations

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I

Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II

Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III

Chemicals

: Not listed

15.2 Chemical Safety

Assessment

: Not available.

15.3 Registration status : Applicable.

SECTION 16: Other information

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (Regulation (EC) No.

1272/20081

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Date of issue/Date of revision : 0 January 2017	12/12

late of issue/Date of revision : 9 January 2017

MONOCHLOROSILANE

SECTION 16: Other information

Flam. Gas 1, H220	Expert judgment
Press. Gas Liq. Gas, H280	On basis of test data
Water-react. 1, H260	Expert judgment
Acute Tox. 3, H331	Expert judgment
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Expert judgment
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Expert judgment
STOT SE 2, H371i	Expert judgment

Full text of abbreviated H

statements

: H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H260 In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite

spontaneously.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H371i May cause damage to organs if inhaled.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

: Acute Tox. 3, H331

ACUTE TOXICITY: INHALATION - Category 3

Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

Flam. Gas 1, H220 FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1

Press. Gas Liq. Gas, GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas

H280

Skin Corr. 1B, H314 STOT SE 2, H371i SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE

EXPOSURE): INHALATION - Category 2

Water-react. 1, H260 SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES, WHICH IN CONTACT WITH WATER, EMIT FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1

Full text of abbreviated R

phrases

: R12- Extremely flammable.

R15- Contact with water liberates extremely flammable gases.

R23- Toxic by inhalation. R34- Causes burns.

Full text of classifications

[DSD/DPD]

: F+ - Extremely flammable F - Highly flammable

F - Hignly flammable T - Toxic

Date of issue/ Date of

revision

C - Corrosive9 January 2017

Date of previous issue : 24 May 2011

Version : 2

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 9 January 2017