

PREPARED BY MISBAH

Day 3: API Integration and Data Migration

Objective

The goal of Day 3 is to integrate APIs and migrate data into **Sanity CMS**, creating a functional backend for the clothing marketplace. By replicating real-world scenarios, this exercise equips students to meet diverse client needs, such as integrating headless APIs or transferring data from popular e-Commerce platforms.

Overview This report discusses the integration of product and category information from an external API into the backend system of Shop.co, a clothing e-commerce site. The integration uses Sanity CMS for managing content and Next.js for frontend rendering.

The primary goals of this integration include:

1. Retrieving data from an external API.
2. Storing and organizing this data in Sanity CMS.
3. Dynamically displaying the data on the frontend of the platform.

Step 1: Fetching Data from an External API

The API provided the following endpoints:

- Products Endpoint: Includes details such as titles, prices, descriptions, categories, inventory, and images.

Choose the External API

For this exercise, let's assume you're integrating with an external eCommerce API (e.g., Shopify, WooCommerce, or any custom API for product data). You will likely need to fetch product data like product names, descriptions, images, prices, and stock levels.

Tokens

Tokens are used to authenticate apps and scripts to access project data.

Name

Examples: "Employee import", "Website preview" or "PDF generator".

Permissions

Choose the access privileges for the token.

- Contributor**
- ☐ Read and write access to draft content within all datasets, with no access to project settings. (Tokens: read+write drafts)
- ☐ **Deploy Studio (Token only)**
Access to deploy Sanity Studio and GraphQL APIs to our hosted service.
- Developer**
- ☒ Read and write access to all datasets, with access to project settings for developers. (Tokens: read+write)
- Editor**
- ☐ Read and write access to all datasets, with limited access to project settings. (Tokens: read+write)
- Viewer**
- ☐ Read access to all datasets, with limited access to project settings. (Tokens: read-only)

Step 2: Storing and Managing the Data in Sanity CMS

1. Log in to Sanity.io:

- o Go to Sanity.io and log in to your account.

2. Go to the Project Settings:

- o From the Sanity dashboard, click on the "Manage project" link of the project you want to generate the token for.
- o This will take you to the Project Settings page.

3. Navigate to the API Section:

- o In the Project Settings page, on the left sidebar, click on the API section.

4. Create a New API Token:

- o In the API section, you will see an option for Tokens. Click on "Create token".
- o You will be asked to specify the name of the token (e.g., "Frontend API Token") and choose the permissions for this token.

Choose the appropriate permissions based on your use case:

- ☐ Read: If your application only needs to read data (e.g., displaying products or categories).
- ☐ Write: If you want to push or update data into the Sanity CMS.
- ☐ Delete: If you want to delete data (be cautious with this option).

Best Practice: For a frontend application that only needs to fetch data, select "Read" permission.

1. Save the Token:

o After specifying the permissions, click "Save". You will be shown your new API token. Copy and store the token securely, as you won't be able to see it again once you leave the page.

CORS origins

Hosts that can connect to the project API.

ORIGIN	CREDENTIALS	CREATED	
http://localhost:3000	Allowed	38 minutes	
http://localhost:3333	Allowed	47 minutes	

[+ Add CORS origin](#)

Tokens

Tokens are used to authenticate apps and scripts to access project data.

NAME	PERMISSIONS	CREATED	
TEM1	Developer	0 seconds	

Copy the token below – this is your only chance to do so!

```
skZ4ARy6ssCxPiIHdf0tpIaYlvsidj8JugFGrjjoqDFYtJ60jTXAUZVJ05tMVW2VowcwS1XwvoaLNHKAvPEwAF  
r6ZQJN67AEpPHOBz64w5Ha0AI8EYai1L89csItOL90CVTVM897CU7PCkz7EjtCs2Pmvr1mJuyg4Wz3I1X5T9uP  
xDQupvRh
```

[+ Add API token](#)

Modifications in .env.local

For this project, I added the following key environment variables to the .env.local file:

1.SANITY_API_TOKEN: This is the token used to authenticate API requests to Sanity CMS. This token was generated in the Sanity dashboard and grants the necessary permissions (read/write) to interact with the Sanity CMS.

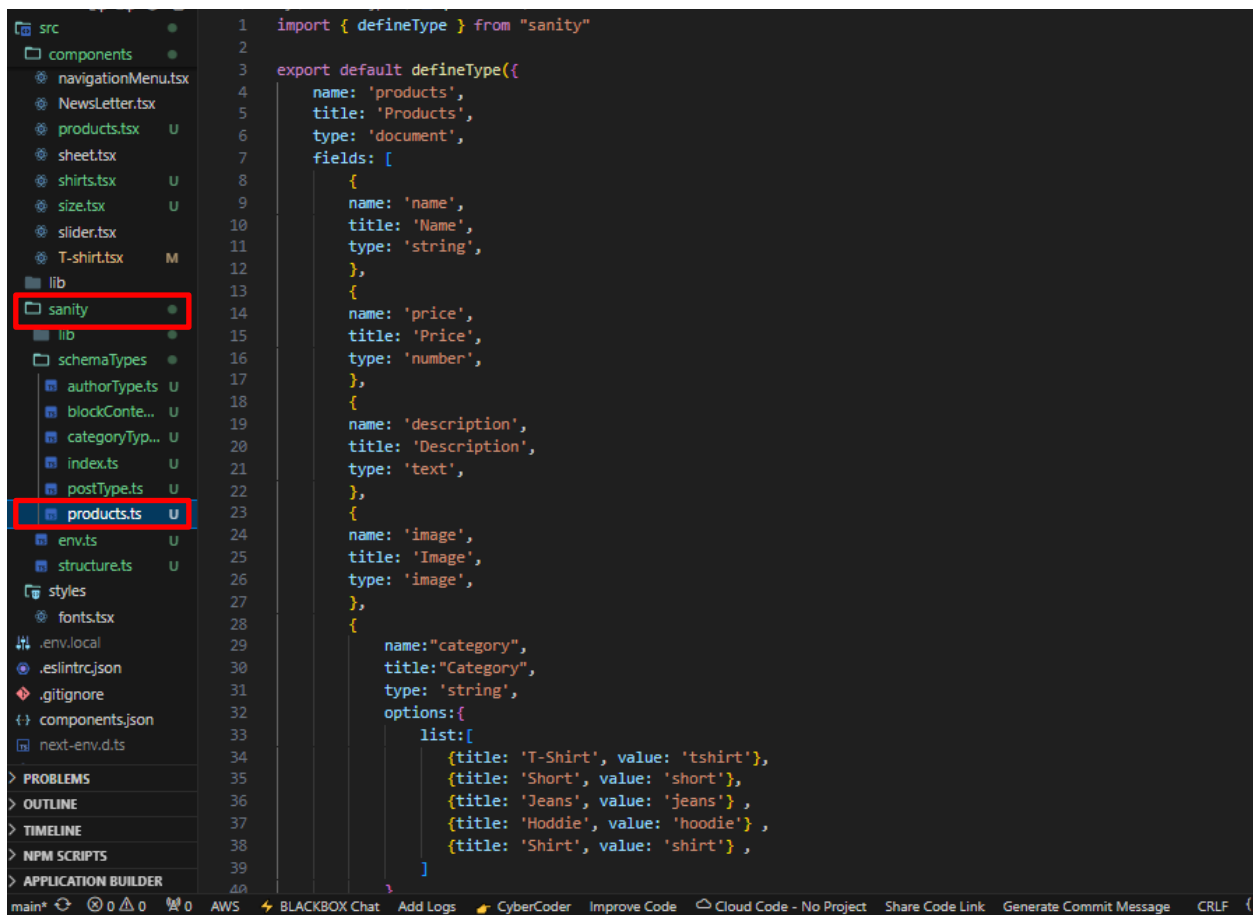
2.SANITY_PROJECT_ID: This is the unique identifier for my Sanity project, which is required for connecting to the correct project in Sanity CMS.

3. SANITY_DATASET: This specifies the dataset I'm working with (e.g., "production"). The dataset is where all the content (such as products, categories, and other documents) will be stored.

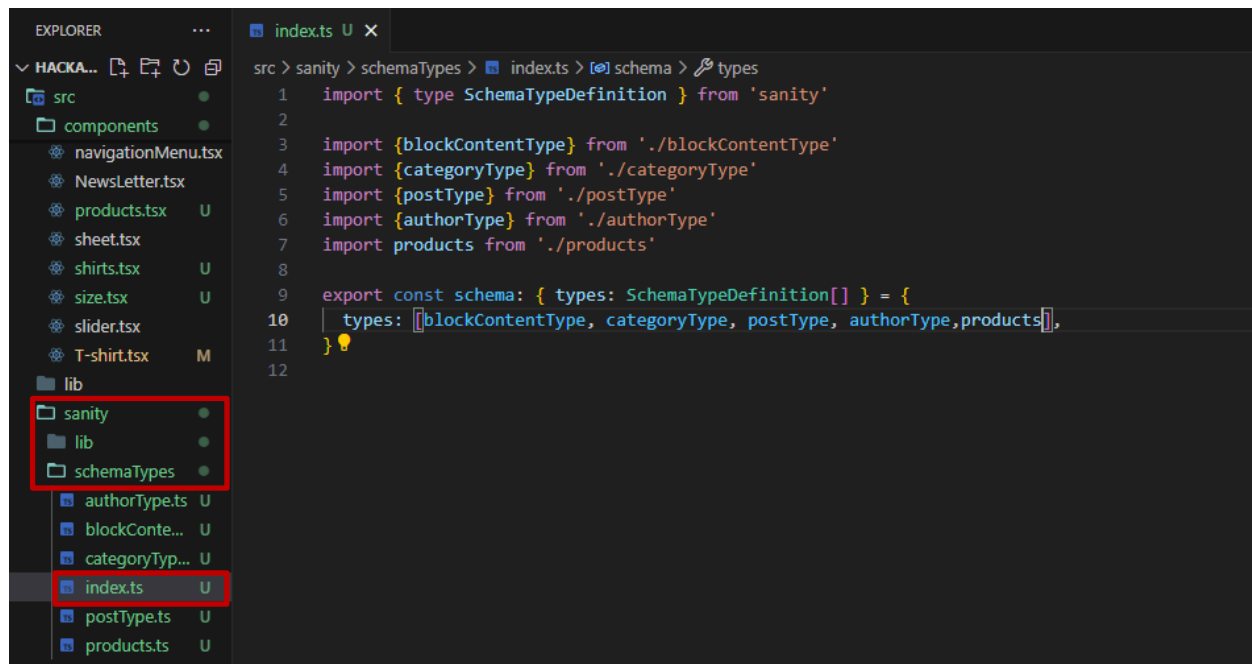
```
.env.local
1 NEXT_PUBLIC_SANITY_PROJECT_ID="mz8zifx1"
2 NEXT_PUBLIC_SANITY_DATASET="production"
3 SANITY_API_TOKEN="skZ4ARy6ssCxPiIHdf0tpIvsiDj8JugFGrjjoqDfYtJ60jTXAUZVJ05tMMW2VowcwS1XwvzoalNHKAvPEwAFn67QJN67AFnPH08z64w5Ha0AI8EYai1L89csIt0L90CVTM897CU7Pckz7EjTcs2Pmvr1mJuyg4Wz3I1X5T9uPxDQupvRh"
Chat (CTRL + I) / Edit (CTRL + L)
```

Prepare Data for Sanity Schema

Just like with API integration, map the CSV data to the Sanity CMS schema.



```
1 import { defineType } from "sanity"
2
3 export default defineType({
4   name: 'products',
5   title: 'Products',
6   type: 'document',
7   fields: [
8     {
9       name: 'name',
10      title: 'Name',
11      type: 'string',
12    },
13    {
14      name: 'price',
15      title: 'Price',
16      type: 'number',
17    },
18    {
19      name: 'description',
20      title: 'Description',
21      type: 'text',
22    },
23    {
24      name: 'image',
25      title: 'Image',
26      type: 'image',
27    },
28    {
29      name: 'category',
30      title: 'Category',
31      type: 'string',
32      options: {
33        list: [
34          {title: 'T-Shirt', value: 'tshirt'},
35          {title: 'Short', value: 'short'},
36          {title: 'Jeans', value: 'jeans'},
37          {title: 'Hoodie', value: 'hoodie'},
38          {title: 'Shirt', value: 'shirt'},
39        ],
40      },
41    },
42  ],
43 })
```



Step 3: Migrating Data to Sanity CMS

The fetched data was structured and stored in Sanity CMS using its JavaScript client library.

The product schema was updated to include additional fields for more detailed data management.

Key Schema Fields:

- title: Name of the product.
- priceWithoutDiscount: Original price before any discounts.
- badge: Promotional labels such as "Sale" or "New Arrival".
- category: References the category associated with the product.
- image: Image URL for the product.
- inventory: Stock level of the product.

- tags: Tags like "Featured" or "Trending" for categorization

The screenshot shows a VS Code editor with the Explorer sidebar on the left. The 'script' folder is expanded, showing 'importData.js' which is selected. The main editor displays the code for 'importData.js'. The code includes an import for 'createClient' from '@sanity/client', a const declaration for 'client' with project and dataset details, and an async function 'uploadImageToSanity' that takes an 'imageUrl' parameter. The function logs the upload attempt, fetches the image, converts it to a buffer, and uploads it to Sanity's 'image' asset type. It returns the asset ID on success or null on failure.

```

1 import { createClient } from '@sanity/client';
2
3 const client = createClient({
4   projectId: 'mz8zifxl',
5   dataset: 'production',
6   useCdn: true,
7   apiVersion: '2025-01-13',
8   token:
9     'skZ4ARy6ssCxPiIHdf0tPlay1vsidj8JugFGrjjoqDfYtJ60jTXAUZVJ05tMwV2VowcwS1XwvoaLNHKAvPEwAfr6ZQJN67AEpPHOBz64w5Ha0AI8EYai1L89csItOL9OCVTM
10   vr1mJuyg4Wz3I1X5T9uPxuQupvRh',
11 });
12
13 Tabnine | Edit | Test | Explain | Document
14 async function uploadImageToSanity(imageUrl) {
15   try {
16     console.log(`Uploading image: ${imageUrl}`);
17
18     const response = await fetch(imageUrl);
19     if (!response.ok) {
20       throw new Error(`Failed to fetch image: ${imageUrl}`);
21     }
22
23     const buffer = await response.arrayBuffer();
24     const bufferImage = Buffer.from(buffer);
25
26     const asset = await client.assets.upload('image', bufferImage, {
27       filename: imageUrl.split('/').pop(),
28     });
29
30     console.log(`Image uploaded successfully: ${asset._id}`);
31     return asset._id;
32   } catch (error) {
33     console.error('Failed to upload image:', imageUrl, error);
34     return null;
35   }
36 }
37
38 Tabnine | Edit | Test | Explain | Document
39 async function uploadProduct(product) {

```

The screenshot shows a VS Code editor with the Explorer sidebar on the left. The 'src' folder is expanded, showing various TypeScript files. The main editor displays the 'package.json' file. The 'scripts' section includes 'dev', 'build', 'start', 'lint', and 'import-data'. The 'dependencies' section lists various UI libraries and Sanity-related packages.

```

1 {
2   "name": "hackathon",
3   "version": "0.1.0",
4   "private": true,
5   "type": "module",
6   "scripts": {
7     "dev": "next dev",
8     "build": "next build",
9     "start": "next start",
10    "lint": "next lint",
11    "import-data": "node scripts/importSanityData.js"
12  },
13  "dependencies": {
14    "@radix-ui/react-accordion": "^1.2.2",
15    "@radix-ui/react-checkbox": "^1.1.3",
16    "@radix-ui/react-dialog": "^1.1.3",
17    "@radix-ui/react-dropdown-menu": "^2.1.4",
18    "@radix-ui/react-label": "^2.1.1",
19    "@radix-ui/react-navigation-menu": "^1.2.3",
20    "@radix-ui/react-separator": "^1.1.1",
21    "@radix-ui/react-slider": "^1.2.2",
22    "@radix-ui/react-slot": "^1.1.1",
23    "@sanity/client": "^6.25.0",
24    "@sanity/icons": "^3.5.7",
25    "@sanity/image-url": "^1.1.0",
26    "@sanity/vision": "^3.70.0",
27    "@shadcn/ui": "^0.0.4",
28    "axios": "^1.7.9",
29    "class-variance-authority": "^0.7.1",
30    "classnames": "^2.5.1",
31    "clsx": "^2.1.1"

```

```

$ npm run import-data

> hackathon@0.1.0 import-data
> node scripts/importSanityData.js

Uploading image: https://cdn.sanity.io/images/7xt4qcah/production/4e2ed6a9eaa6e1413843e53f3113ccfd2104c301-278x296.png
Image uploaded successfully: image-4e2ed6a9eaa6e1413843e53f3113ccfd2104c301-278x296-png
Product Casual Green Bomber Jacket uploaded successfully: {
  _createdAt: '2025-01-22T15:13:39Z',
  _id: '8ptia17Tgb7SGzDvivjCqT',
  _rev: '8ptia17Tgb7SGzDvivjCpi',
  _type: 'products',
  updatedAt: '2025-01-22T15:13:39Z',
  colors: [ 'Blue', 'Red', 'Black', 'Yellow' ],
  description: "This stylish green bomber jacket offers a sleek and modern twist on a classic design. Made from soft and comfortable fabric, it features snap buttons and ribbed cuffs, giving it a sporty yet refined look. The minimalist style makes it perfect for layering over casual t-shirts or hoodies. Whether you're out with friends or just lounging, this jacket provides a laid-back yet fashionable vibe. Its muted green color adds a subtle, earthy tone that pairs well with a variety of outfits, making it a versatile addition to your casual wardrobe.",
  discountPercent: 20,
  image: {
    _type: 'image',
    asset: {
      _ref: 'image-4e2ed6a9eaa6e1413843e53f3113ccfd2104c301-278x296-png'
    }
  },
  isNew: true,
  name: 'Casual Green Bomber Jacket',
  price: 300,
  sizes: [ 'S', 'XXL', 'XL', 'L' ]
}
Uploading image: https://cdn.sanity.io/images/7xt4qcah/production/a93f8ab0d00d857ce42c057d8835e419d68a87eb-193x262.jpg
Image uploaded successfully: image-a93f8ab0d00d857ce42c057d8835e419d68a87eb-193x262-jpg
Product Classic White Pullover Hoodie uploaded successfully: {
  _createdAt: '2025-01-22T15:13:41Z',
  _id: 'gbTY3B2TxF1zfillOd2NW6',
  _rev: 'gbTY3B2TxF1zfillOd2NRZ',
  _type: 'products',

```

Testing and Validation

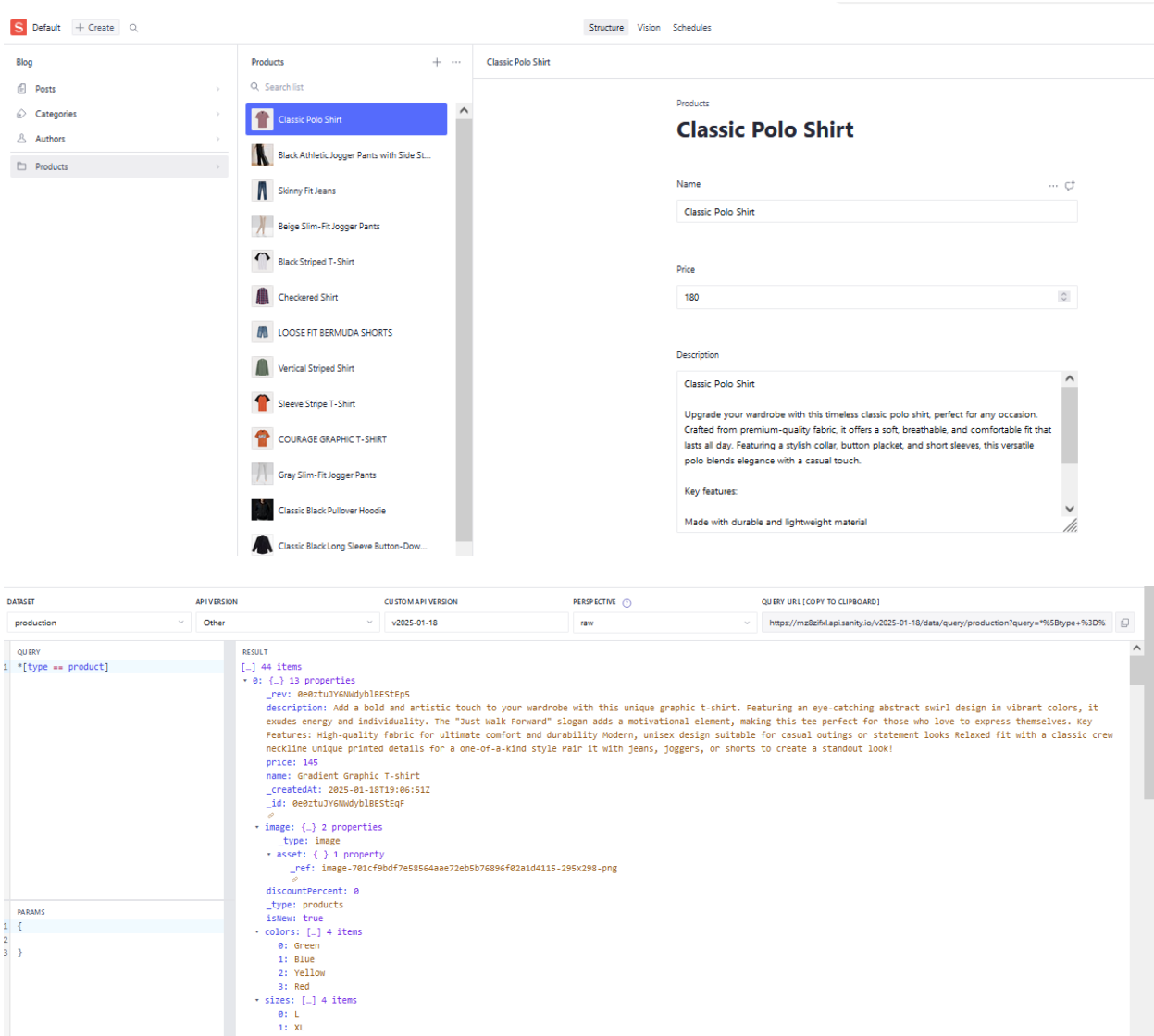
Validate Data

After pushing data, check your Sanity Studio to ensure that the data appears correctly. You should see your products listed with all the attributes (e.g., name, price, category).

Error Handling

Ensure that your scripts handle errors gracefully. For instance:

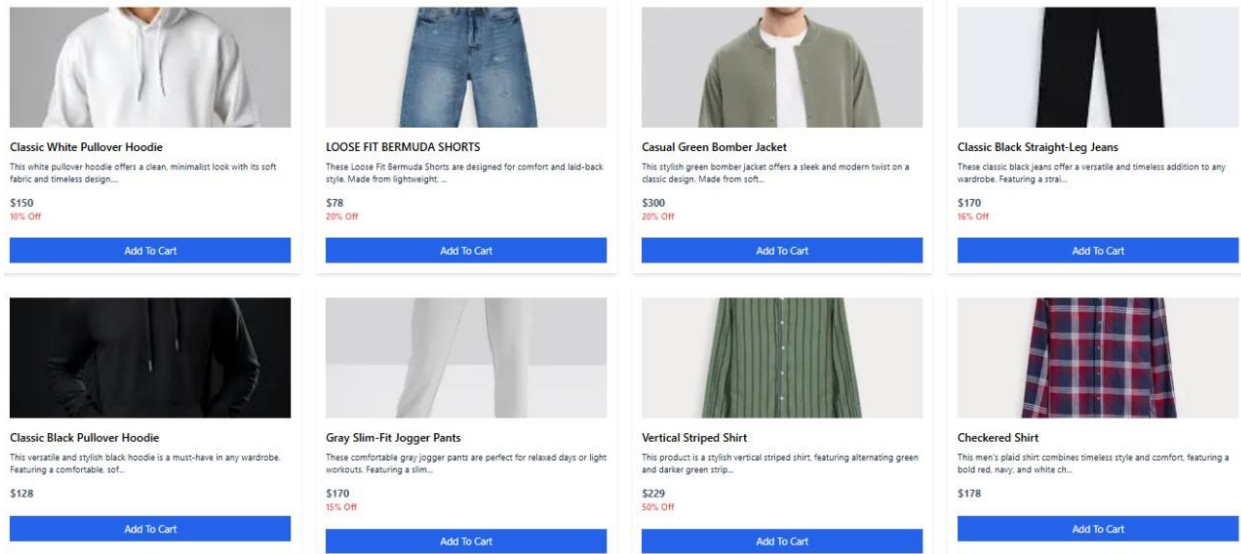
- Log errors during data fetching and pushing.
- Handle API rate limits.
- Ensure your mapping logic accounts for missing or incomplete data.



4. Frontend Integration

Step 4: Displaying Data on the Frontend

The next step was to retrieve the data stored in Sanity CMS and show it on the Shop.co frontend. By using Next.js, we dynamically pulled this data and displayed it on the product listing page. The dynamic rendering allowed for an up-to-date and smooth display of products, ensuring that any changes made in the CMS were instantly reflected on the website. This integration helped maintain real-time product information on the user interface.



Conclusion

The integration of the API for Shop.co has been successfully executed. This process involved retrieving data, storing it in Sanity CMS, and dynamically displaying it on the frontend. The attached screenshots confirm the successful implementation at each stage. With this integration, managing products and categories has become more efficient, offering a smooth experience for both administrators and users.

SATURDAY SLOT 2 TO 5

Task Given By : Sir Ameen Alam

Class Teacher : Sir Muhammad Bilal & Sir Ali Aftab Sheikh