

Experiment No.02

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Aim: To implement Bresenham Line drawing algorithm.

Algorithm:

1. Input the two line endpoints and store the left endpoint in (x0,y0)
2. Load (x0, y0) into the frame buffer; that is, plot the first point.
3. Calculate constants Δx , Δy , $2 \Delta y$ and $2 \Delta y - 2 \Delta x$, and obtain the starting value for the decision parameter as: $p_0 = 2 \Delta y - \Delta x$
4. At each x_k , the next point the line , starting at $k=0$, perform the following test: If $p_k < 0$, the next point to plot is $(x_k + 1, y_k)$ and $p_{k+1} = p_k + 2 \Delta y$
Otherwise, the next point to plot is $(x_k + 1, y_k + 1)$ and $p_{k+1} = p_k + 2 \Delta y - 2 \Delta x$
5. Repeat step 4 Δx times.

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
#include<graphics.h>
```

```
void drawline(int x0, int y0, int x1, int y1)
```

```
{    int dx, dy, p, x,
```

```
    y;
```

```
    dx=x1-x0; dy=y1-y0;
```

```
    x=x0; y=y0;
```

```
    p=2*dy-dx;
```

```

while(x<x1)
{
if(p>=0)
{
putpixel(x,y,7); y=y+1;
p=p+2*dy-2*dx;
}
else
{
putpixel(x,y,7); p=p+2*dy;
}
x=x+1;
}
}

```

```

int main()
{
int gdriver=DETECT, gmode, error, x0, y0, x1, y1; initgraph(&gdriver,
&gmode, "c:\\turbo3\\bgi");

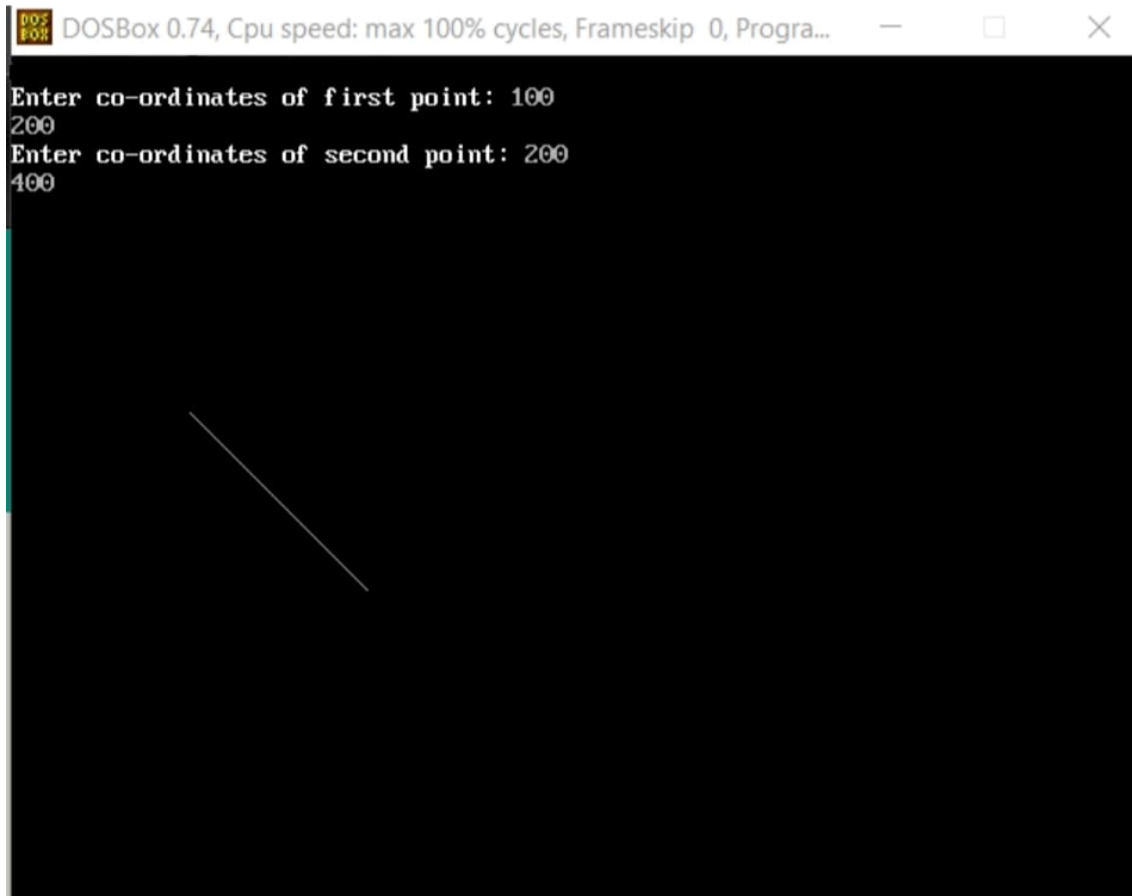
printf("Enter co-ordinates of first point: "); scanf("%d%d",
&x0, &y0);

printf("Enter co-ordinates of second point: "); scanf("%d%d", &x1, &y1);
drawline(x0, y0, x1, y1);

return 0;
}

```

Output:



DOSBox 0.74, Cpu speed: max 100% cycles, Frameskip 0, Progra...

```
Enter co-ordinates of first point: 100
200
Enter co-ordinates of second point: 200
400
```

A line is drawn on the screen, starting from the point (100, 200) and ending at the point (200, 400).