Lab Session 02

Practice Adapter Design Pattern to relate different interfaces in a software system

Exercise:

1.Develop a simple calculator following the Adapter Design Pattern.

AddOperator.java | Add.java | MultiplyOperator.java | Multiply.java | AddAdapter.java | Main.java

```
1  package lab02;
2
3  public interface MultiplyOperator {
4     int multiply(int a,int b);
5  }
6
```

AddOperator.java | Add.java | MultiplyOperator.java | Multiply.java | AddAdapter.java | Main.java

```
1  package lab02;
2
3  public class Add implements AddOperator {
4      public int add(int a,int b) {
5      return a+b;
6      }
7  }
8
```

AddOperator.java | Add.java | MultiplyOperator.java | Multiply.java | AddAdapter.java | Main.java

```
1  package lab02;
2
3  public class Multiply implements MultiplyOperator {
4      public int multiply(int a,int b) {
5           return a*b;
6      }
7  }
8
```

AddOperator.java | Add.java | MultiplyOperator.java | Multiply.java | AddAdapter.java | Main.java

```
1  package lab02;
2
3  public class AddAdapter implements MultiplyOperator {
4      AddOperator add;
5      public AddAdapter (AddOperator add) {
6          this.add=add;
7      }
8      public int multiply(int a ,int b) {
9          int total=0;
10         for (int inc = 0; inc < a; inc++) {
11               total = add.add(total, b);
12             }
13        return total;
14     }
15 }
16
```

AddOperator.java | Add.java | MultiplyOperator.java | Multiply.java | AddAdapter.java | Main.java

```java
package lab02;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
     int a=10;
     int b=5;
     Add add=new Add();
     MultiplyOperator mul =new Multiply();
     MultiplyOperator addAdapter =new AddAdapter(add);
     System.out.print("Multiplication of "+a+" and "+b+" using Multiply class:");
     System.out.println(mul.multiply(a,b));
     System.out.print("Multiplication of "+a+" and "+b+" using addAdapter class:");
     System.out.println(addAdapter.multiply(a,b));
    }
}
```

Output:

Problems | Javadoc | Declaration | Console | Progress | Error Log

<terminated> Main [Java Application] C:\Users\HP\.p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_15.0.2.v20

```
Multiplication of 10 and 5 using Multiply class:50
Multiplication of 10 and 5 using addAdapter class:50
```

2. Provide the code for the following diagram:

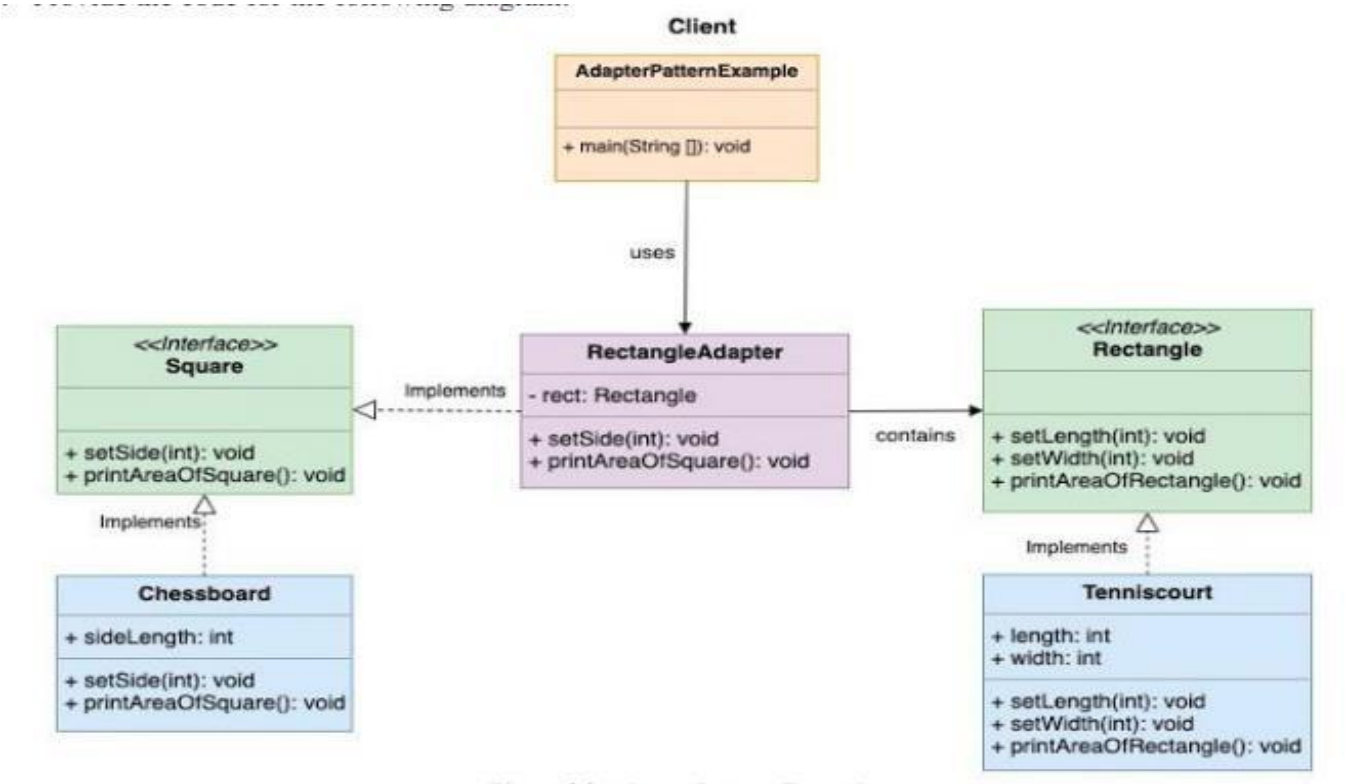

Figure 2.2 Adapter Pattern Example

Step 1: Create Square.java and Rectangle.java interfaces

Square.java

```
1
2  public interface Square {
3      int setSide(int a);
4      public void printAreaOfSquare(int a);
5
6  }
```

*Rectangle.java

```
1
2  interface Rectangle {
3      int setLength(int a);
4      int setWidth(int b);
5      public void printAreaOfRectangle(int a,int b);
6  }
7
```

Step 2: Create concrete classes implementing the interfaces

*Chessboard.java

```
1  class Chessboard implements Square {
2      public int setSide(int a) {
3          return a;
4      }
5      public void printAreaOfSquare(int a) {
6          System.out.println("Area of square is "+a*a);
7
8      }
9  }
```

Tenniscourt.java

```
1
2  public class Tenniscourt implements Rectangle {
3
4      public int setLength(int a) {
5          return a;
6      }
7      public int setWidth(int b) {
8          return b;
9      }
10     public void printAreaOfRectangle(int a,int b) {
11         System.out.println("Area of rectangle is "+a*b);
12     }
13 }
14
```

Step 3: Create the adapter class implementing the adaptee interface

*RectangleAdapter.java

```
1
2  class RectangleAdapter implements Square {
3      Rectangle rect;
4      public RectangleAdapter(Rectangle rect) {
5          this.rect=rect;
6      }
7      public int setSide(int a) {
8          rect.setLength(a);
9          rect.setWidth(a);
10         return a;
11     }
12     public void printAreaOfSquare(int a) {
13         rect.printAreaOfRectangle(a, a);
14
15     }
16 }
17
```

Step 4: Create the main class demonstrating the adapter design pattern

Main.java

```
class Main {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Chessboard chessboard= new Chessboard();
        Tenniscourt tenniscourt= new Tenniscourt();

        Square rectangleAdapter = new RectangleAdapter(tenniscourt);

        System.out.println("Tenniscourt...");
        int a=tenniscourt.setLength(3);
        int b=tenniscourt.setWidth(4);
        tenniscourt.printAreaOfRectangle(a, b);

        System.out.println("Chessboard...");
        int c=chessboard.setSide(2);
        chessboard.printAreaOfSquare(c);

        System.out.println("RectangleAdapter...");
        rectangleAdapter.printAreaOfSquare(c);

    }

}
```

Output:

```
<terminated> Main [Java Application] C:\User
Tenniscourt...
Area of rectangle is 12
Chessboard...
Area of square is 4
RectangleAdapter...
Area of rectangle is 4
```