

# DARE TO DEVELOP

Shopping List Exercise

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## Build a Shopping List Application

- Build an application where user can input shopping items and quantity to create a shopping list
- The application displays the upto-date shopping list at any time
- The application also needs to allow user to delete items





## Layout the elements

- Text box's ID = item
- Text box's ID = qty
- ID = shopping-list-display
- Button calls addItem();





## Add Script

- Add <script>
- What functions do we need?
  - addItem
  - displayListItems
  - deleteltem

```
<h1>Shopping List</h1>
<input type="text" id="item" placeholder="Item. e.g. Tomato" /> x
    <script>
        function addItem() {
        function displayListItems() {
        function deleteItem() {
    </script>
```



#### Data Structure

```
Array [
    0: { item: "tomato", quantity: 2},
    1: { item: "bread", quantity: 1},
    2: { item: "eggs", quantity: 12},
    3: { item: "milk", quantity: 1},
    4: { item: "coffee", quantity: 1}
]
```

- What data structure do we use to hold the shopping list?
- Where do we declare the variable? (think about scope)

```
//shoppingList is an array [] of object { item, quantity }
const shoppingList = [];
function addItem() {
function displayListItems() {
function deleteItem() {
```



#### addItem

- What is the objective of addItem()?
- Where do we get the values?
- How do we add the item to the shoppingList?

```
function addItem() {
    //Create an Object and then add the object into shoppingList array
    const itemToAdd = {
        item: document.getElementById("item").value,
            quantity: document.getElementById("qty").value,
        };
        shoppingList.push(itemToAdd);
        displayListItems();
    }
```

## displayList

- What is the objective of displayListItems()?
- Where do we display the list?
- How do we get the contents of the list?

```
function displayListItems() {
    //clear the display
    document.getElementById("shopping-list-display").innerHTML = "";
    //for each item in the shoppingList array, display item, quantity, and a delete button
    for (let shoppingListEl of shoppingList) {
        //update the HTML to what is currently rendered, plus a new string
        document.getElementById("shopping-list-display").innerHTML += `${shoppingListEl.item} x ${shoppingListEl.quantity}
    }
}
```



### Display the delete icon

- We need to append to each line item: <span onclick="deleteItem(1);"> </span><br />
- As an argument, we need to give it the name of the item to delete
- HTML icon **×** is ❎
  - <a href="http://www-db.deis.unibo.it/courses/TW/DOCS/w3schools/charsets/ref">http://www-db.deis.unibo.it/courses/TW/DOCS/w3schools/charsets/ref</a> utf dingbats.asp.html

```
function displayListItems() {
    //clear the display
    document.getElementById("shopping-list-display").innerHTML = "";
    //for each item in the shoppingList array, display item, quantity, and a delete button
    for (let shoppingListEl of shoppingList) {
        //update the HTML to what is currently rendered, plus a new string
        document.getElementById("shopping-list-display").innerHTML += `${shoppingListEl.item} x ${shoppingListEl.quantity}
        <span style="cursor: pointer" onclick="deleteItem(${shoppingList.indexOf(shoppingListEl)})">&#10062</span><br/>);
    }
}
```

#### deleteItem

- Passed in itemToDelete as an argument
- How do we find the item in the shoppingList?
- Delete using an array function splice(itemLocation, howManyItems)

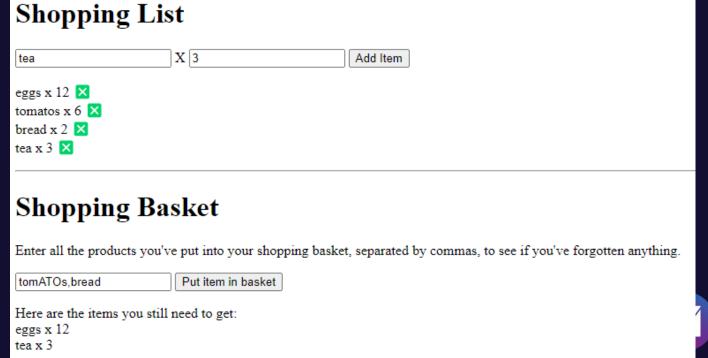
```
function deleteItem(itemToDelete) {
    //delete the item use splice method
    shoppingList.splice(itemToDelete, 1);
    displayList();
}
```



## Let's build a Shopping Basket

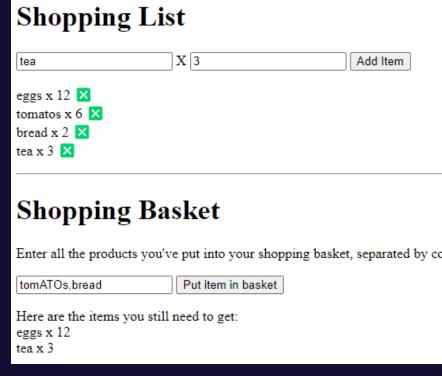
- Build underneath your Shopping List application
- Add code that allows users to input items in the current shopping basket, which can include many single-word items separated by a comma (e.g. "tomato,eggs,milk"). You can ignore quantity for this exercise.
- Upon submitting, display the items that the user still has to add into the basket (i.e. items in the shopping list but not in the basket)

  Shopping List



## Adding extra fields

- Add the HTML elements
- Textbox with an ID=shopping-basket
- Button that onclick calls addToBasket() function
- P with an ID=forgotten-items-display



```
<hr />
  <h1>Shopping Basket</h1>

    Enter all the products you've put into your shopping basket, separated by commas,
    to see if you've forgotten anything.

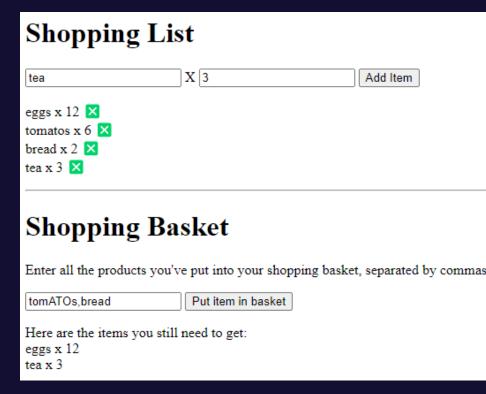
  <input type="text" id="shopping-basket" placeholder="e.g. tomato,eggs,milk" />
  <input type="button" value="Add item(s) to basket" onclick="addToBasket();" />
```

### Add Function

Add function declaration code in appropriate place.

```
function addToBasket() {
}
```

- What is the objective of this function?
- What are the steps?





## Split user input into an array

- Where do you take the input from user?
- How do you cater for upper case vs lower case?
- What function do you use to split it into an array?

```
//split() splits the inputted form data by commas, and returns a new array
const basket = document.getElementById("shopping-basket").value.toLowerCase().split(",");
```



#### Make a list of difference

• Use filter to make a new list that passed a test



## Displaying the results

```
function addToBasket() {
     const basket = document.getElementById("shoppingBasket").value.toLowerCase().split(",");
        console.log(basket);
        const itemsStillToBuy = shoppingList.filter(function (shoppingListElement) {
          const itemInBasket = shoppingListElement.item.toLowerCase();
  //if forgottenItems array is empty, then display a success message
  if (forgottenItems.length === 0) {
      document.getElementById("forgotten-items-display").innerHTML = "-----YOU GOT EVERYTHING 😌 -----";
  } else {
  //if forgottenItems is not empty, then display all items in the forgottenItems array
  document.getElementById("forgotten-items-display").innerHTML = "Here are the items you still need to get:<br/>';
  //display forgottenItems
       for (let forgottenItemEl of forgottenItems) {
       //update the HTML to what is currently rendered, plus a new string
       document.getElementById(
         "forgotten-items-display"
        ).innerHTML += `${forgottenItemEl.item} x ${forgottenItemEl.quantity} <br/>>`;
```



## DARETO

Thank you Reuben Simpson