

```

#include <iostream>

#include <vector>

#include <string>

class RabinKarp {
public:
    RabinKarp(const std::string& pattern, int prime = 101)
        : pattern(pattern), prime(prime), d(256), m(pattern.size()), pHash(0), h(1) {
        // Precompute h = pow(d, m-1) % prime
        for (int i = 0; i < m - 1; ++i) {
            h = (h * d) % prime;
        }

        // Compute the hash value of the pattern
        for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
            pHash = (d * pHash + pattern[i]) % prime;
        }
    }

    std::vector<int> search(const std::string& text) {
        int n = text.size();
        int tHash = 0;
        std::vector<int> result;

        // Compute the hash value of the first window of the text
        for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
            tHash = (d * tHash + text[i]) % prime;

```

```
}
```

```
// Slide the pattern over text one by one
```

```
for (int s = 0; s <= n - m; ++s) {
```

```
    if (pHash == tHash) {
```

```
        // Check the actual characters if hash values match
```

```
        if (text.substr(s, m) == pattern) {
```

```
            result.push_back(s);
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
// Calculate hash value for the next window of text
```

```
if (s < n - m) {
```

```
    tHash = (d * (tHash - text[s] * h) + text[s + m]) % prime;
```

```
    if (tHash < 0) {
```

```
        tHash += prime;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
return result;
```

```
}
```

```
private:
```

```
    std::string pattern;
```

```
    int prime;
```

```
    int d;
```

```
int m;
int pHash;
int h;
};

int main() {
    std::string text = "ABCCDDAEFGABCD";
    std::string pattern = "ABCD";
    RabinKarp rk(pattern);

    std::vector<int> result = rk.search(text);
    for (int index : result) {
        std::cout << "Pattern found at index: " << index << std::endl;
    }

    return 0;
}
```

# Long Run

Text = "ABAB ABC"  
Pattern = "ABAB"

Step Window Hash Hash Hash Match

Calculation

1 "ABAB"

Initial Hash 13 13 Yes at index 0

2 "BABAB"

(256 \* (13 - A \* 5) + (A \* 5)) % 256 = 29 No

3 "ABABAB"

(256 \* (29 - B \* 5) + (B \* 5)) % 256 = 13 Yes at index 1

4 "BABABC"

(256 \* (13 - B \* 5) + (B \* 5)) % 256 = 30 No

The matches at indices 0 & 1 are correctly identified.

