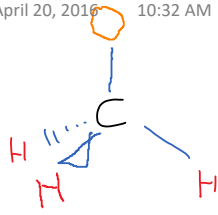
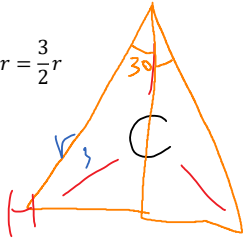


Methoxy

Wednesday, April 20, 2016 10:32 AM

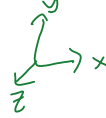


$$\frac{1}{2}r + r = \frac{3}{2}r$$



$$\frac{3}{2}r = \sqrt{3}x$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}r = x$$



$$\vec{r}_C = \langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle$$

$$\vec{r}_1 = \langle 0, r_{1,y}, r_{1,z} \rangle$$

$$\vec{r}_2 = \langle r_{2,x}, r_{2,y}, r_{2,z} \rangle$$

$$\vec{r}_3 = \langle r_{3,x}, r_{3,y}, r_{3,z} \rangle$$

$$\vec{r}_O = \langle 0, 0, r_{O,z} \rangle$$

$$|\vec{r}_O| = r_{O,z}$$

$$r_{3,x} = -r_{2,x} = -x'_H$$

$$r_{2,y} = r_{3,y} = -y'_H$$

$$r_{1,z} = r_{2,z} = r_{3,z} = -r_{H,z}$$

$$r_{1,y} = \sqrt{y'^2_H + x'^2_H}$$

$$\vec{r}_1 = \langle 0, r_{x,y}, -r_{H,z} \rangle$$

$$\vec{r}_2 = \left\langle \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}r_{x,y}, -\frac{1}{2}r_{x,y}, -r_{H,z} \right\rangle$$

$$\vec{r}_3 = \left\langle -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}r_{x,y}, -\frac{1}{2}r_{x,y}, -r_{H,z} \right\rangle$$

$$R_{CM} = \frac{1}{M} \sum_i m_i \vec{r}_i = \frac{1}{M} (m_C \vec{r}_C + m_H (\vec{r}_1 + \vec{r}_2 + \vec{r}_3) + m_O \vec{r}_O) = \frac{1}{m_C + 3m_H + m_O} \left[m_H \left(\langle 0, r_{x,y}, -r_{H,z} \rangle + \left\langle \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}r_{x,y}, -\frac{1}{2}r_{x,y}, -r_{H,z} \right\rangle + \left\langle -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}r_{x,y}, -\frac{1}{2}r_{x,y}, -r_{H,z} \right\rangle \right) + m_O \langle 0, 0, r_{O,z} \rangle \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{m_C + 3m_H + m_O} [m_H (\langle 0, 0, -r_{H,z} \rangle + \langle 0, 0, -r_{H,z} \rangle + \langle 0, 0, -r_{H,z} \rangle) + m_O \langle 0, 0, r_{O,z} \rangle]$$

$$= \frac{m_H \langle 0, 0, -3r_{H,z} \rangle + m_O \langle 0, 0, r_{O,z} \rangle}{m_C + 3m_H + m_O}$$

$$R_{CM} = \frac{\langle 0, 0, m_O r_{O,z} - 3m_H r_{H,z} \rangle}{m_C + 3m_H + m_O} \text{ or } \frac{m_O r_{O,z} - 3m_H r_{H,z}}{m_C + 3m_H + m_O} \hat{z}$$

$$\vec{L} = \sum_i \vec{r}_i \times m_i \dot{\vec{r}}_i = \vec{R} \times \vec{P} + \sum_i \vec{r}'_i \times m_i \dot{\vec{r}}'_i$$

Using new frame with Center of mass as the origin

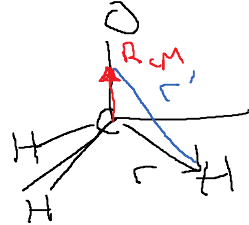
$$\vec{r}'_O = \langle 0, 0, r_{O,z} \rangle, \quad \vec{r}'_O = \langle 0, 0, r_{O,z} - R_{CM} \rangle$$

$$\vec{r}'_1 = \langle 0, r_{x,y}, -r_z \rangle, \quad \vec{r}'_1 = \langle 0, r_{x,y}, -r_{H,z} - R_{CM} \rangle$$

$$\vec{r}'_2 = \left\langle \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}r_{x,y}, -\frac{1}{2}r_{x,y}, -r_z \right\rangle \Rightarrow \vec{r}'_2 = \left\langle \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}r_{x,y}, -\frac{1}{2}r_{x,y}, -r_{H,z} - R_{CM} \right\rangle$$

$$\vec{r}'_3 = \left\langle -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}r_{x,y}, -\frac{1}{2}r_{x,y}, -r_z \right\rangle \Rightarrow \vec{r}'_3 = \left\langle -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}r_{x,y}, -\frac{1}{2}r_{x,y}, -r_{H,z} - R_{CM} \right\rangle$$

$$\vec{r}'_C = 0 \Rightarrow \vec{r}'_C = \langle 0, 0, -R_{CM} \rangle$$



$$I_{xx} = \sum_i m_i (r_y'^2 + r_z'^2)_i, \quad I_{xy} = I_{yx} = - \sum_i m_i (xy)_i$$

$$I_{yy} = \sum_i m_i (r_x'^2 + r_z'^2)_i, \quad I_{xz} = I_{zx} = - \sum_i m_i (xz)_i$$

$$I_{zz} = \sum_i m_i (r_x'^2 + r_y'^2)_i, \quad I_{yz} = I_{zy} = - \sum_i m_i (yz)_i$$

$$I_{xx} = \sum_i m_i (r_y'^2 + r_z'^2)_i =$$