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#!/usr/bin/env python3
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import librosa
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, StandardScaler
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
from sklearn import metrics
import getopt, sys
argumentList = sys.argv[1:]
options = "scp"
long_options = ["Score", "ConfusionMatrix", "Predict"]
X train = np.load('GTZAN Genre Classification\GTZAN Dataset\X train.npy')
X test = np.load('GTZAN Genre Classification\GTZAN Dataset\X test.npy')
y_train = np.load('GTZAN Genre Classification\GTZAN Dataset\y_train.npy')
y_test = np.load('GTZAN Genre Classification\GTZAN Dataset\y_test.npy')
# KNN Classifier
clf = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=1)
# PCA for maximum accuracy with minimum components
pca = PCA(n components=21)
pca.fit(X train)
# Transform features
X_train_pc = pca.transform(X_train)
X test pc = pca.transform(X test)
# Fit the model
clf.fit(X_train_pc, y_train)
try:
    arguments, values = getopt.getopt(argumentList, options, long options)
    for currentArgument, currentValue in arguments:
        if currentArgument in ("-s", "--Score"):
            # Accuracy
            score = clf.score(X_test_pc, y_test)
            print("Test Score: ", score)
        elif currentArgument in ("-c", "--ConfusionMatrix"):
            # Confusion Matrix
            y_test_pred = clf.predict(X_test_pc)
            expected = y_test
            predicted = clf.predict(X_test_pc)
            print("Confusion matrix:\n%s" % metrics.confusion_matrix(expected,
predicted))
        elif currentArgument in ("-p", "--Predict"):
            # # # # # #
            # This is all redudant and should be eliminated in a future version
            data = pd.read csv('GTZAN Genre Classification\GTZAN Dataset\data.csv')
            data = data.drop(['filename'], axis = 1)
            genre list = data.iloc[:, -1]
            encoder = LabelEncoder()
            encoder.fit_transform(genre_list)
            scaler = StandardScaler()
            scaler.fit(np.array(data.iloc[:, :-1], dtype = float))
            # # # # #
            # # # # # #
            # More redudancy, condense into a single callable function
            y, sr = librosa.load(sys.argv[2], mono=True, duration=30)
            print(sys.argv[2])
            chroma_stft = librosa.feature.chroma_stft(y=y, sr=sr)
            rmse = librosa.feature.rms(y=y)[0]
            spec cent = librosa.feature.spectral centroid(y=y, sr=sr)
            spec_bw = librosa.feature.spectral_bandwidth(y=y, sr=sr)
            rolloff = librosa.feature.spectral rolloff(y=y, sr=sr)
            zcr = librosa.feature.zero_crossing_rate(y)
            mfcc = librosa.feature.mfcc(y=y, sr=sr)
            to append = np.array([np.mean(chroma stft), np.mean(rmse),
np.mean(spec_cent), np.mean(spec_bw), np.mean(rolloff), np.mean(zcr)])
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for e in mfcc:
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                  to_append = np.append(to_append, np.mean(e))
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              # # # # # # #
79
80
              y = pd.DataFrame(data=to_append)
81
              y = np.array(y.iloc[:, 0], dtype=float).reshape(1, -1)
82
              y = scaler.transform(y)
83
              y = pca.transform(y)
84
85
              predicted = clf.predict(y)
              print("Predicted genre:", encoder.inverse_transform(predicted)[0].upper(),
86
  "\n\n")
87
88 except getopt.error as err:
      print(str(err))
89
90
91
```