### **Modal Verbs**

- → Modal verbs can only be used in the present tense
- → Modal verbs are always followed by the infinitive without "to"
- → Modal verbs can only be used in the form they already have

## Obligation: must + infinitive / needn't + infinitive

- > use *must* when you feel it is necessary to do something
- use needn't when you feel it isn't necessary to do something
- use have to to express Obligation in the past

I haven't spoken to Kate for ages. I must call her.

This is a fantastic film. You **must** go and see it.

Tomorrow is Sunday, so I **needn't** get up early.

but: I **had to** get up early yesterday. My plane left at six.

#### **Prohibition:** mustn't + infinitive

- > use mustn't when it is necessary not to do something (i.e. if something is prohibited)
- be careful: English 'mustn't' ≠ German 'nicht müssen' -> nicht dürfen
- > use *be allowed to* to express Prohibition in the past

You mustn't break the law.

You **mustn't** drive too fast in the city.

but: You weren't allowed to touch the pictures in the museum.

### Ability: can/can't + infinitive

- > use can and can't to talk about things you are/arent' able to do generally or at the moment
- > use could/couldn't to talk about Ability in the past

He can't swim. (= he never learned to swim)

She **can** speak Japanese. (= she is able to speak Japanese)

I can see the moon. (= I am able to see the moon now)

but: When I was a child, I couldn't swim.

#### Advice: should/shouldn't + infinitive

use should/shouldn't when you want to talk about something you think is or isn't a good idea, or give someone advice

You should try to relax more.

You **shouldn't** smoke. It's bad for your health!

A)	Fil	Fill in must, mustn't or needn't.				
	1.	I haven't got lots of money; I waste it.				
	2.	Don't worry Paul, you've got plenty of time, you hurry.				
	3.	Do you want me to wait for you? No it's OK, you wait.				
	4.	This book is very expensive, you must look after it very carefully				

	5. You _	needn't phone me when you arrive at home but I hope you will.							
	6. Balthazar is asleep, you <u>mustn't</u> shout like that.								
	7. You ca	an tell Emilie what I said but she <u>mustn't</u> tell her husband.							
	8. What	kind of dog do you want to buy? Well, itmust be very sweet with my baby.							
	9. I have enough meat in my fridge so I go to the butcher's today.								
	10. My m	other gave me a present for my son, Iustn't forget to give it to him.							
В)	Four friends are in a café. If the <u>underlined</u> (modal) verb forms are wrong, correct them. If they								
	are right, put a tick (✓). Be careful with the tenses.								
	Tim:	Is that your phone ringing, John?							
	John:	Yes. It <u>ean must</u> be Dave. He said he would ring about now. No, wait a moment, it <u>can't</u>							
		$\underline{\checkmark}$ be Dave. That's not his phone number. I wonder who it is.							
	Phil:	You'll <u>have to</u> (1) answer it if you want to know! Who's that by							
		the window, Tim? Is it Alice?							
	Tim:	It <u>needn't</u> (2) be. She's in New York. She <u>must</u> (3)							
		go there on business last Monday.							
	Phil:	Then it <u>must</u> (4) be her sister or something.							
	John:	That was someone called Louise on the phone. I don't know her							
Phil:		But she should (5) have your number!							
	John:	and she says she's in the café with us. By the window.							
Tim: John: Phil: Lois:		Really? Well, she could be the girl who looks like Alice.							
		Should I (6) speak to her?							
		You mustn't (7), because she's coming over now.							
		Hi, John. I'm Alice's cousin. She gave me your number.							
	John:	Have a seat. Can I (8) get you a coffee?							
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C)	Put the following sentences into the Past Simple.								
		t wear a suit to go to work.							
		to work.							
		needn't pay the bill – I've already done that.							
		the bill – I had already done that.							
		t ride a bike – I've never learnt it.							
I a bike when I was a child.									
	4. The s	4. The students mustn't talk during a test.							

	The students	during a test.
5. Robert needn't buy this book.		
	Robert	_this book.

D) Look at the signs on the right. What does each of them mean? Complete the sentences with *must*, *mustn't*, *needn't*, *should* or *shouldn't*.

1.	You	pay for food and drinks	
	separately.		
2.	You	_ leave a tip in this	
	restaurant.		
3.	You	_ fasten your seat belt	
	now.		
4.	You	drink this wine between	
	14 and 16°C.		
5.	Hotel staff go into this room.		
6.	If you're in transit, you go to		
	the British Airways desk.		
7.	You	eat this after March 4 <sup>th</sup> .	
8.	You	have any experience to	
	work here.		



# **Modal Verbs - KEY**

A)

- 1. mustn't
- 2. needn't
- 3. needn't
- 4. must
- 5. needn't
- 6. mustn't
- 7. mustn't
- 8. must
- 9. needn't
- 10. mustn't

B)

- 1. ✓
- 2. can't
- 3. had to ( $\rightarrow$  past of "must")
- 4. ✓
- 5. must
- 6. ✓
- 7. must (have to)
- 8. ✓

C)

- 1. I had to wear a suit to go to work.
- 2. You didn't have to pay the bill I had already done that.
- 3. I couldn't ride a bike when I was a child.
- 4. The students weren't allowed to talk during a test.
- 5. Robert didn't have to buy this book.

D)

- 1. must
- 2. needn't
- 3. must
- 4. should
- 5. mustn't
- 6. must
- 7. shouldn't
- 8. needn't