RED & WHITE®

Multimedia Education

Shaping "skills" for "scaling" higher...!!!

WELCOME,

PROGRAMMERS

01.

What is Loops?

WHAT IS LOOPS?

RED & WHITE®
Multimedia Education
Shaping "skills" for "scaling" higher...!!!

LOOPS (REPETITION STRUCTURE)

Loops allows the **execution of a block of code repeatedly** as long as a specified **condition is true**.

1. Entry Control Loop
   - while loop
   - for loop

2. Exit Control Loop
   - do while loop

RED & WHITE®
Multimedia Education
Shaping "skills" for "scaling" higher...!!!

LOOPS (REPETITION STRUCTURE)

In any type of loops, following three essential parts must have to be included:

Initialization

Condition

Increment
or
Decrement

++ --

RED & WHITE®
Multimedia Education
Shaping "skills" for "scaling" higher...!!!

01

INITIALIZATION

RED & WHITE®
Multimedia Education
Shaping "skills" for "scaling" higher...!!!

INITIALIZATION

Initialization in a loop refers to **the process of setting an initial value** to the **loop control variable** before the loop starts executing.

The loop control variable is a variable that determines the number of iterations or the condition for the loop to continue.

```
int i = 1;
```

RED & WHITE®
Multimedia Education
Shaping "skills" for "scaling" higher...!!!

02

CONDITION

RED & WHITE®
Multimedia Education
Shaping "skills" for "scaling" higher...!!!

CONDITION

The condition in a loop is **a boolean expression** that **determines whether the loop should continue or terminate**.

It is **evaluated before each iteration** of the loop.

If the condition is true, the loop body is executed;
if it is false, the loop is terminated, and program control moves to the next statement after the loop.

```
i <= 5
```

RED & WHITE®
Multimedia Education
Shaping "skills" for "scaling" higher...!!!

03

INCREMENT

OR

DECREMENT

RED & WHITE®
Multimedia Education
Shaping "skills" for "scaling" higher...!!!

INCREMENT / DECREMENT

Increment and decrement in a loop refer to **the operation of increasing or decreasing the loop control variable**.

These operations are typically part of the loop control statement and are **executed after each iteration** of the loop.

They are **used to update the loop control variable** and play a crucial role in determining when the loop should terminate.

RED & WHITE®
Multimedia Education
Shaping "skills" for "scaling" higher...!!!

INCREMENT / DECREMENT

Increment and decrement can be done using three different approaches:

```
i = i + 1;
   or
i = i - 1;
```

Normal way

```
i += 1;
   or
i -= 1;
```

Shorthand syntax (using assignment operators)

```
i++;
 or
i--;
```

Using unary operator

RED & WHITE®
Multimedia Education
Shaping "skills" for "scaling" higher...!!!

Let’s see **while loop** in detail...

RED & WHITE®
Multimedia Education
Shaping "skills" for "scaling" higher...!!!

SYNTAX OF WHILE LOOP

The while loop is a **control flow statement** that **allows a block of code to be executed repeatedly as long as a specified condition is true**.

The basic **syntax** of the while loop is as follows:

```
Initialization
while (Condition)
{
    // Code to be executed if the condition is true
    // Increment / Decrement
}
```

RED & WHITE®
Multimedia Education
Shaping "skills" for "scaling" higher...!!!

LANGUAGE

Let’s start now...

RED & WHITE®
Multimedia Education
Shaping "skills" for "scaling" higher...!!!