

PROJECT REPORT ON

“Stress Detection System”

Submitted to

SAVITRIBAI PHULE PUNE UNIVERSITY

Submitted By

MAHESH KANTHALE	72031450L
AKSHATA SHENDKAR	72931532J
PAYAL KADADHEKAR	72168471J
SIDDHESHWARI RAO	72031510H

UNDER THE GUIDANCE OF

Prof. Dheeraj Patil

**DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
NUTAN MAHARASHTRA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
AND TECHNOLOGY**

Samarth Vidya Sankul Talegaon Dabhade, PUNE-410507

2022-2023

AFFILIATED TO



SAVITRIBAI PHULE PUNE UNIVERSITY

Dr. Deepak Patil
Campus Coordinator

NUTAN MAHARASHTRA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

Department of Information Technology

“Samarth Vidya Sankul” Talegaon Dabhade, PUNE-410507



CERTIFICATE

This is certified that the project entitled **“Stress Detection System”** submitted by **MAHESH KANTHALE**, **AKSHATA SHENDKAR**, **PAYAL KADADHEKAR** and **SIDDHESHWARI RAO** of the **Department of Information Technology**, Dr. Ashish Manwatkar, Head of Department (Information Technology) and Prof. Dheeraj Patil, Project Guide, who have worked hard and sincerely supported us in completing this project.

MAHESH KANTHALE	72031450L
AKSHATA SHENDKAR	72931532J
PAYAL KADADHEKAR	72168471J
SIDDHESHWARI RAO	72031510H

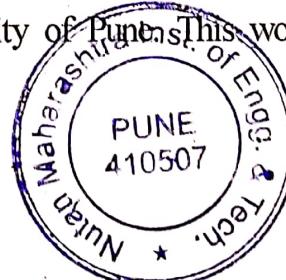
Is a record of bonafide work carried out by them, in the partial fulfillment of the requirement for the award of Degree of Bachelor of Engineering (Information Technology) at NUTAN MAHARASHTRA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, Pune under the University of Pune. This work is done during year 2022- 2023, under our guidance.

Date:

(Prof. Dheeraj Patil)

Project Guide

(Dr. Ashish Manwatkar)
Head Of Department



(Prof. Dheeraj Patil)
Project Coordinator

(Dr. Vilas Deotare,)
Principal

External Examiner

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

It gives us great pleasure in presenting the preliminary project report on
'Stress Detection System using Machine Learning and Image Processing'

We are profoundly grateful to **Prof. Dheeraj Patil** for his expert guidance and continuous encouragement throughout to see that this project rights its target since its commencement to its completion.

We would like to express deepest appreciation towards **Dr. Vilas Deotare** Principal, Nutan Maharashtra Institute of Engineering and Technology, **Dr. Ashish Manwatkar** Head of Department of Information Technology and **Prof. Dheeraj Patil**, Project Coordinator whose invaluable guidance supported us in completing this project.

At last, we must express our sincere heartfelt gratitude to all the staff members of Information Technology Department who helped me directly or indirectly during this course of work.

Mahesh kanthale

Akshata shendkar

Payal kadadhekar

Siddheshwari Rao

ABSTRACT

The main motive of our project is to detect stress in the users using vivid Machine learning and Image processing techniques .Our system is an upgraded version of the old stress detection systems which excluded the live detection and the personal counseling but this system comprises of live detection and periodic analysis of employees and detecting physical as well as mental stress levels in his/her by providing them with proper remedies for managing stress by providing survey form periodically. Our system mainly focuses on managing stress and making the working environment healthy and spontaneous for the employees and to get the best out of them during working hours.

Keywords: Image processing, KNN classifier, Open CV, Supervised machine learning, Training dataset.

MAHESH KANTHALE	BEIT10
AKSHATA SHENDKAR	BEIT28
PAYAL KADADHEKAR	BEIT49
SIDDHESHWARI RAO	BEIT69

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chapter	Title of Chapter	Page No.
01	Introduction	7
1.1	Overview	8
1.2	Motivation	9
1.3	Problem Statement	9
1.4	Objectives	9
02	Literature Survey	10
03	Software Requirements Specification (SRS)	13
3.1	Assumptions and Dependencies	14
3.2	Software and Hardware Requirements	14
3.3	System Requirements	14
3.4	Functional Requirements	15
3.5	Non-Functional Requirements	15
3.6	Data Requirements	17
3.7	User Requirements	16
3.8	Analysis Model	16
04	System Design	19
4.1	Use Case Diagram	20
4.2	Data Flow Diagrams	20
4.2.1	DFD0	21
4.2.2	DFD1	21
4.2.3	DFD2	21
4.2.4	Detailed DFD	22
4.3	Class Diagram	22
4.4	Sequence Diagram	23
4.5	Activity Diagram	23
4.6	E-R Diagram	24
4.7	System Architecture Design	25
05	Platform Choice	27
06	Project Plan	31
07	Result	33
08	Test Cases	37
09	Conclusions	40
10	References	42
11	Future Scope	44
12	Appendix	46

LIST OF FIGURES

1. Diagrams :

1) Use Case Diagram.....	20
2) Data Flow (0) Diagram.....	21
3) Data Flow (1) Diagram.....	21
4) Data Flow (2) Diagram.....	21
5) Detailed DFD Diagram.....	22
6) Class Diagram.....	22
7) Sequence Diagram.....	23
8) Activity Diagram.....	23
9) ER Diagram.....	24
10) System Architecture Diagram.....	25

2. Tables:

1) Project Plan.....	32
2) GUI Testing.....	38
3) Login Testing.....	38
4) Registration Testing.....	39

1.1 Overview

Nowadays as IT industries are setting a new path in the market by bringing new technologies and products in the market. In this study, the stress levels in employees are also noticed to raise the bar high. Though there are many organizations that provide mental health related services to their employees, but the issue is far from control. In this paper we try to go in the depth of this problem by trying to detect the stress patterns in the working employee in the companies we would like to do this by using image processing and machine learning techniques to analyze a person's face and identify down the factors that strongly determine the stress level. Using learning algorithms like KNN classifiers are applied to classify stress. Image Processing is used at the initial stage for detection, the employee's image is clicked by the camera which serves as input. In order to get an enhanced image or to extract some useful information from it image processing is used by converting image into digital form and performing some operations on it. By taking input as an image from video frames and outputting its edge or characteristics associated with that image. Image processing basically includes the following three steps:

- Importing the image via image acquisition tools.
- Analyzing and manipulating the image.
- Output in which result is altered image or report that is based on image analysis.

1.2 Motivation

1.1 Overview

Nowadays as IT industries are setting a new peek in the market by bringing new technologies and products in the market. In this study, the stress levels in employees are also noticed to raise the bar high. Though there are many organizations that provide mental health related schemes for their employees but the issue is far from control. In this paper we try to go in the depth of this problem by trying to detect the stress patterns in the working employee in the companies we would like to apply image processing and machine learning techniques to analyze stress patterns and to narrow down the factors that strongly determine the stress levels. Machine Learning algorithms like KNN classifiers are applied to classify stress. Image Processing is used at the initial stage for detection, the employee's image is clicked by the camera which serves as input. In order to get an enhanced image or to extract some useful information from it image processing is used by converting image into digital form and performing some operations on it. By taking input as an image from video frames and output may be image or characteristics associated with that image. Image processing basically includes the following three steps:

- Importing the image via image acquisition tools.
- Analyzing and manipulating the image.
- Output in which result is altered image or report that is based on image analysis.

1.2 Motivation

The Motivation behind project is Stress detection in users by image processing and machine learning is to Monitoring the emotional status of a person who is working in front of a computer for longer duration. To Detect and reduce stress and create a much comfortable workplace for IT employees. This system mainly focuses on managing stress and making the working environment healthy and spontaneous for the employees and to get the best out of them during working hours

1.3 Problem Statement

The problem statement in our system is Stress Detection. If the person going through stress that time mental condition is not well. Detection of emotional status of a person who is stressed is important for the safety of a person. In that scenario we use our system to detect person is stressed or not using Image Processing and Machine learning.

1.4 Objectives

- To managing stress and making the users life healthy and spontaneous.
- To define mood and state of the person.
- To identify the impact of stress and other serious mental illnesses.
- To provide solutions and remedies for the person to recover his/her stress.
- To increase awareness of the prevalence and consequences of untreated stress in the society.

2.1 Paper name:- Detection of Stress Using Image Processing & Machine Learning Techniques

- * Author name :- Nisha Rajput, Nisha Lakadhi, Priyanka Murki
- * Description :- Most of the researchers focused on detecting stress caused in a person which causes in a person several emotional problems like anxiety, grief, low self-esteem and other mental health problems. Recent studies have shown that stress can also affect the aspects of our life, including your work, social life and physical health. To reduce stress from being there and affected with its adverse effects, it is crucial to detect such emotion and take action to fix them we develop a stress detection system based on the analysis of the facial expression.

Chapter 2

Literature

Survey

2.2 Paper name :- Stress detection in IT professionals by image processing and machine learning

- * Author name :- Prof. Vibha R. Shinde, Mr. Shubham Mane, Mr. Dnyan Thakare, Miss. Vibha Vaidya
- * Description :- The main focus is to detect stress in the IT professionals with the help of Machine learning and Image processing techniques. It comprises of live detection and periodic analysis of employee and detecting physical as well as mental stress levels in his/her by providing them with proper remedies for managing stress by providing survey form periodically. It mainly focuses on managing stress and making the working environment healthy and spacious for the employees and to get the best out of them during working hours.

2.1 Paper name:- Detection of Stress Using Image Processing & Machine Learning Techniques

- **Author name :-** Nisha Raichur, Nidhi Lonakadi, Priyanka Murali
- **Description:-** Most of the researchers focused on detecting stress involved in a person, which causes in a person several emotional problems like anxiety, grief, low self-esteem and other mental health problems. Recent studies have shown that stress can also affect the aspects of your life, including your thinking ability and physical health. To reduce riskiness from being stressed and affected with its adverse effects, it is crucial to detect such emotions and take certain actions to relax them we develop a stress detection system based on the analysis of the facial expression.

2.2. Paper name :-Stress detection in IT professional by image processing and machine learning

- **Author name :-** Prof.Vishal R. Shinde, Mr.Shubham Memane, Miss.Priya Thakare, Miss.Vibha Vishe
- **Description :-** The main concept is to detect stress in the IT professionals with the help of Machine learning and Image processing techniques. It comprises of live detection and periodic analysis of employees and detecting physical as well as mental stress levels in his/her by providing them with proper remedies for managing stress by providing survey form periodically. It mainly focuses on managing stress and making the working environment healthy and spontaneous for the employees and to get the best out of them during working hours.

2.3. Paper name :- A Summarization of the Visual Depression

Databases for Depression Detection

- **Author name :-** Arselan Ashraf; Teddy Surya Gunawan; Farah Diyana Abdul Rahman; Mira Kartiwi; Nanang Ismail; Ulfiah
- **Description :-** Stress is a serious mental issue in our life. Thus there is requirement for the stress detection models, which will offer a helpful framework and early identification of stress. There is an essential need for relevant data to set up a stress detection model. This paper presents a brief summarization regarding ten stress datasets available, which will guide the researchers to select an appropriate dataset for their stress detection models. This summarization has been done over the non-verbal signs of stress, data collection techniques, clinical definition, and annotations.

Requirements Specification

3.1 Assumptions And Dependencies

1. Availability of webcam camera to capture user's image.
2. Availability of user's face images which can be used for training.
3. Prediction made is based on the following **different facial expressions** i.e. Angry, sad, happy, surprised, worried, etc. The future scope might include other additional facial expression as per dataset availability.

3.2 Software and Hardware Requirement

- Frontend - HTML, CSS, Python Sklearn
- IDE - Jupyter notebook
- Backend - SQLite
- Language - Python
- Library - Kagggle
- Methodology - Haar Cascade Algorithm, KNN, CNN

3.3 System Requirements

- Operating System: Windows 10
- Hard Disk : Greater than 500 MB
- RAM : Greater than 4GB
- Processor : Intel and above
- Browser : Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox, Microsoft Edge and other Chromium Browsers

3.4 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Assumptions And Dependencies

1. Availability of system camera to capture user image.
2. Availability of user face images which covers users face properly.
3. Prediction made as stressed or not for the following different facial expressions i.e.(Angry, sad, happy, stressed, worried, etc). The future scope might include other additional facial expression as per dataset availability.

4. *Feedback report based on the predictions of the machine learning*

3.2 Software and Hardware Requirement

- Frontend :- HTML, CSS, JS (Flash Framework)

- IDE : Jupiter notebook

- Backend :- Sqlite

- Language :- Python 3.8

- Dataset :- Kaggle

- Methodology :- Haar Cascade Algorithm, KNN, CNN

1. *Fast data retrieval*

3.3 System Requirement:

- Operating System: Windows 10
- Hard Disk :- Greater than 500 MB
- RAM :- Greater than 4GB
- Processor :- I3 and above
- Browser - Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox, Microsoft Edge and other Chromium Browsers

3.4 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

1. User should get authenticated to enter into the system.
2. System should be able to capture image after user allow access to system camera.
3. Perform analysis on the user images which includes extracting user facial features, classifying those features to generate result.
4. Generate report based on the predictions of the machine learning models i.e person is stressed or not stressed.

3.5 NON FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **Performance Requirements:**

1. The software should be robust and the classifier should give good validation accuracy.
2. Provide minimum latency for API responses and fast data retrieval and result generation.
3. Fast data retrieval.

- **Safety Requirements:**

The database must be protected from unauthorized access and system failure.

- **Security Requirements:**

1. Ensure Data Confidentiality and Privacy for the users.
2. Data sharing consent.

• Software Quality Attributes:

1. **Availability:** This software is freely available to all users. The availability of the software is easy for everyone..
2. **Adaptability:** The system should be portable
3. **Maintainability:** After the deployment of the project if any error occurs then it can be easily maintained by the software developer.
4. **User Friendly:** Since, the software is a GUI application; the output generated is much user friendly in its behavior.
5. **Integrity:** Integrity refers to the extent to which access to software or data by unauthorized persons can be controlled.
6. **Security:** Users are authenticated using many security phases so reliable security is provided.
7. **Testability:** The software will be tested considering all the aspects.

8. **Reliability:** The performance of the software is better which will increase the reliability of the Software

3.6 Data Requirements:

1. **User Data:** User data needed for Authentication purpose which enables user to enter in the system and use the system for their stress detection.
2. **User Image Dataset:** As our system need user image dataset that will be used to extract the facial expression to detect person is stressed or not. When user enters into the system the system camera will capture the image of user and store it in the image dataset.

4.1.2 Inception

3.7 User Requirements:

- 1. User Account:** The application should be able to create user account and save their information.
- 2. Analysis Report :** The Reports need to be detailed with comparisons of the stressed and not stressed user images. With regression values of the prediction.
- 3. Maintenance of user data:** The user data should be editable for the ease of access.
- 4. Feedback** If the stressed analysis was incorrectly identified or feedback about something related to wrong labeling of facial expression it needs to be flagged so that data can be modified and issue can be resolved next time.

4.1 ANALYSIS MODEL : AGILE MODEL

4.1.3 Agile Methodology is used to adapt to changes fast and efficiently. Its main goal is to facilitate quick project completion. In Agile model the requirements are decomposed into small parts that are developed incrementally. These are the following phases

4.1.1 Concept

First is concept phase. Here we determine the scope of the project. We discussed key requirements and prepare documentation to outline them, including what features will be supported and the proposed end results. We kept the requirements to a minimum as they can be added to in later stages. This detailed analysis helped us to decide whether or not a project is feasible.

4.1.2 Inception

Once the concept is outlined, we started with software development planning. We started the design process. We planned and drew some sample mockup user interface and build the project architecture. The inception stage helped us determine the product functionality.

4.1.3 Iteration

Next up is the iteration phase. It is the longest phase as the bulk of the work is carried out here. We will work on UX to combine all product requirements and turn the design into code. The goal is to build the bare functionality of the product by the end of the first iteration or sprint. Additional features and tweaks can be added in later iterations.

4.1.4 Release

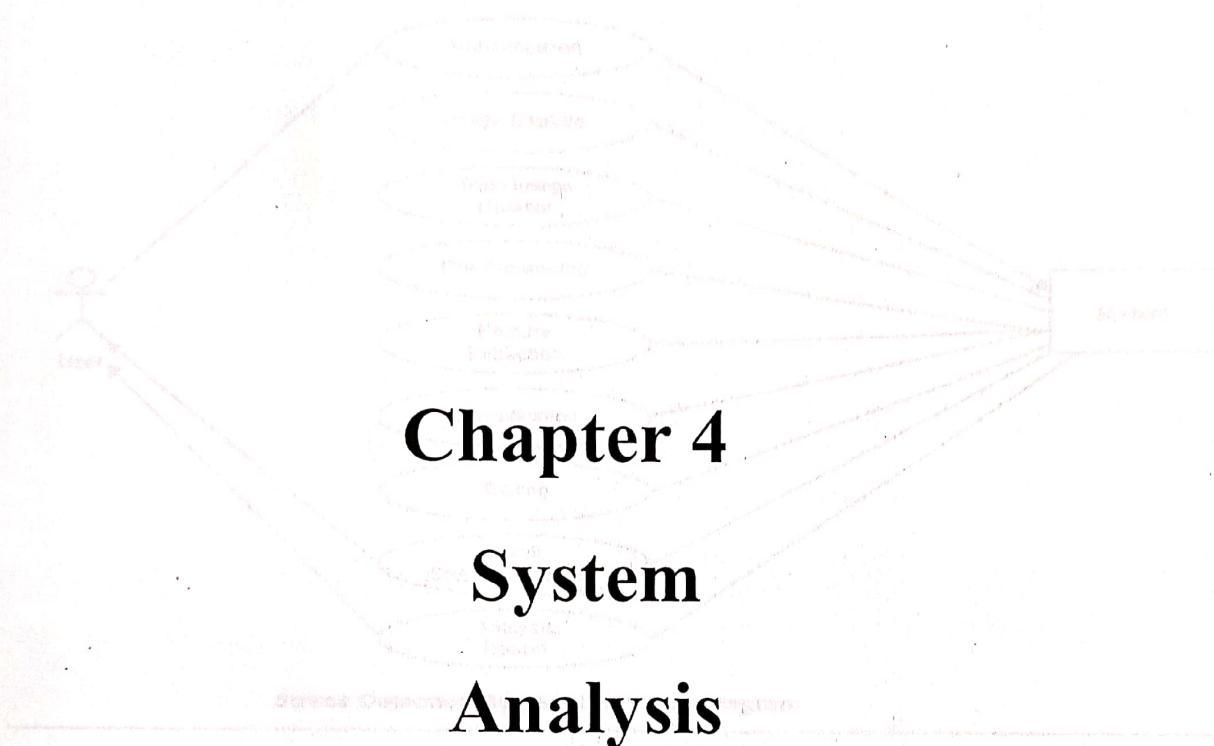
The product is almost ready for release. But for quality assurance needs to perform some tests to ensure the software is fully functional. The team members will test the system to ensure the code is clean — if potential bugs or defects are detected, the developers will address them swiftly.

4.1.5 Maintenance

The software will now be fully deployed and made available to customers. This action moves it into the maintenance phase. During this phase, the software development team will provide ongoing support to keep the system running smoothly and resolve any new bugs.

UML Diagrams:

1. Use Case:

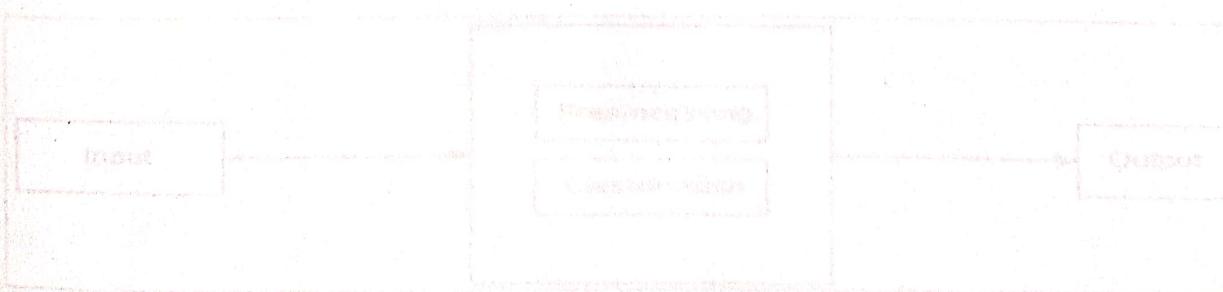


2. Data Flow(DFD):

2.1 DFD0:



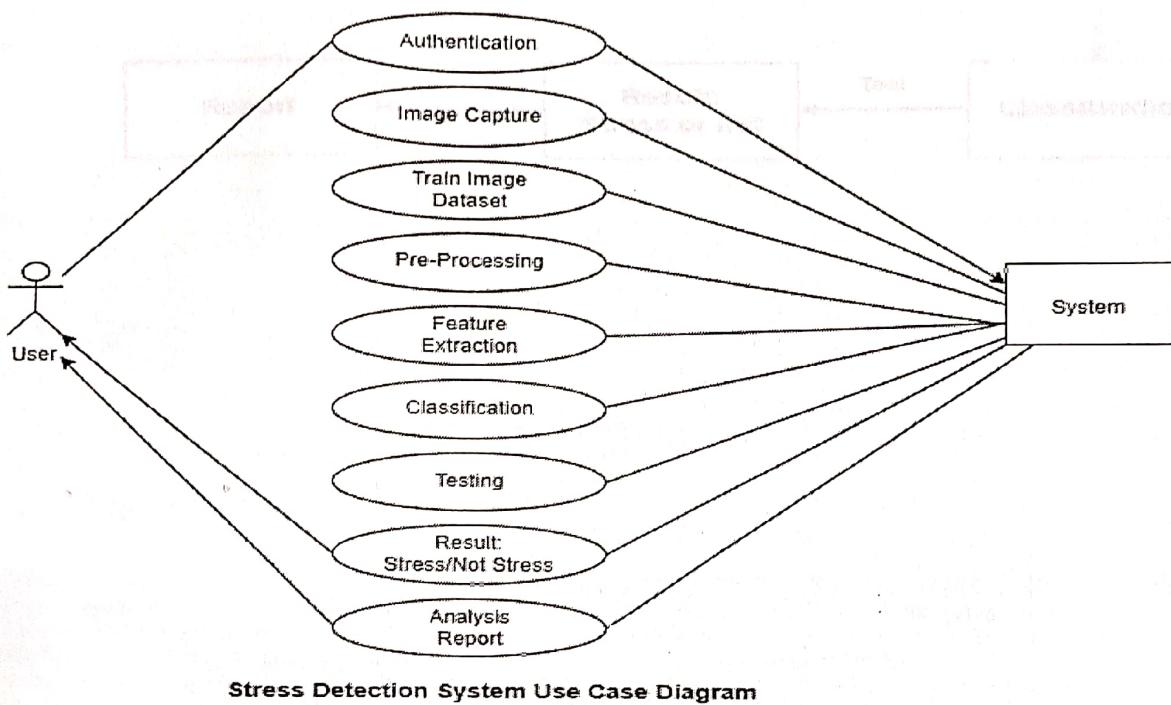
2.2 DFD1:



2.3 DFDs:

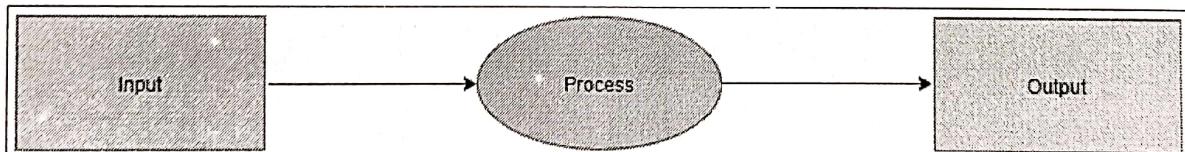
UML Diagrams:

1. Use Case :

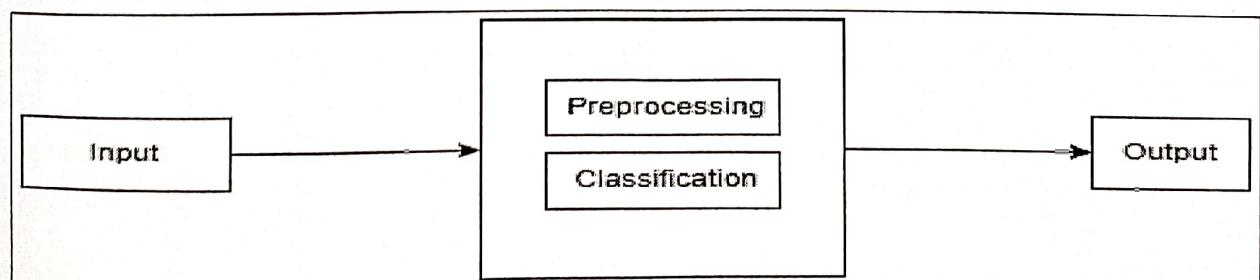


2. Data Flow(DFD):

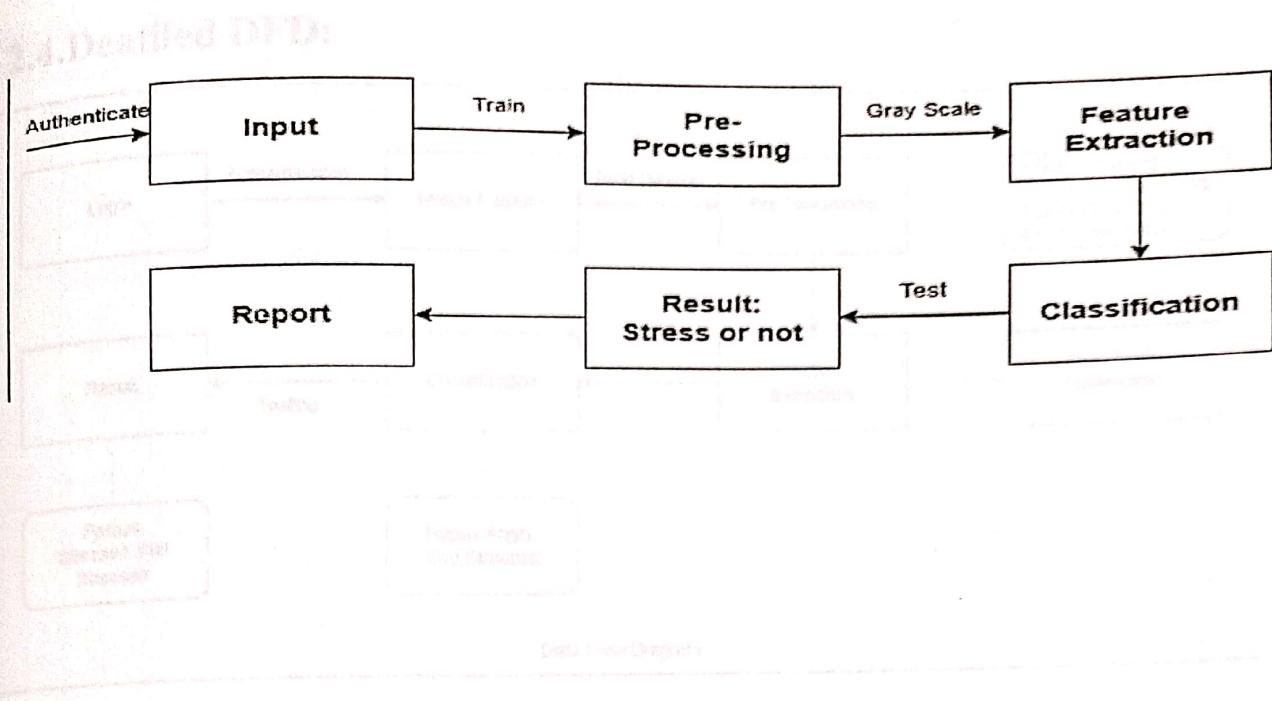
2.1.DFD0:



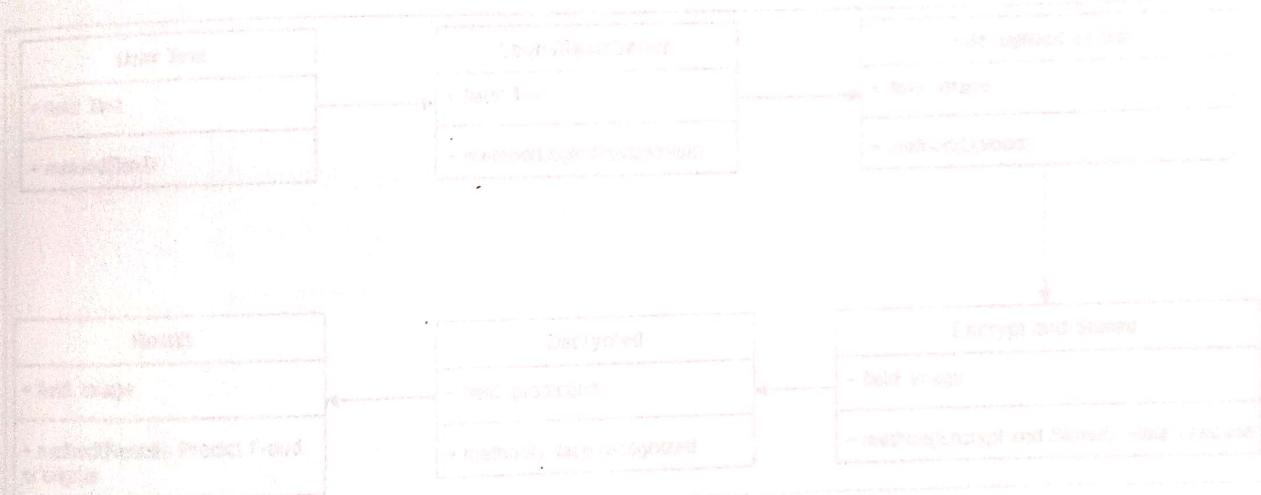
2.2.DFD1:



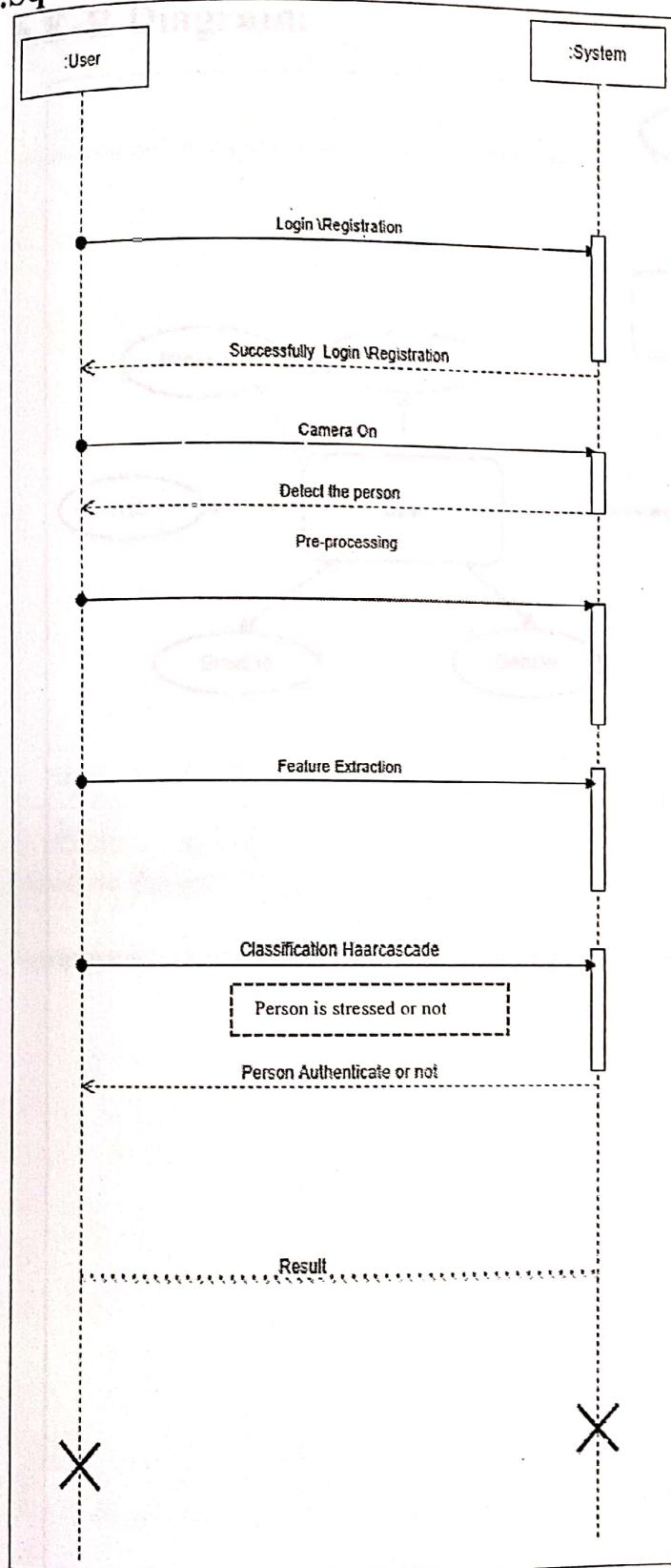
2.3.DFD2:



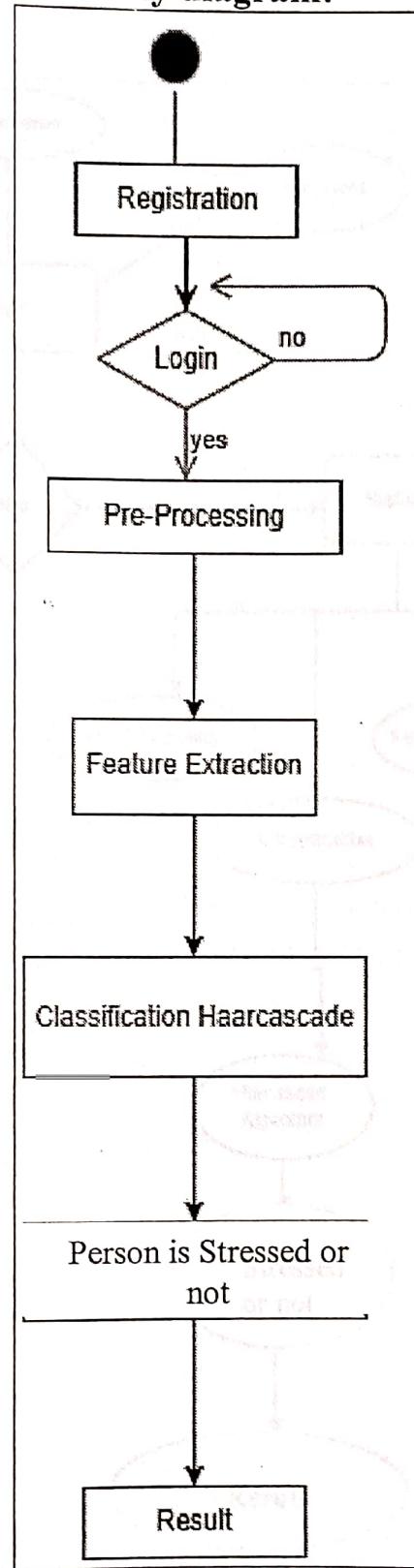
3. Class Diagrams:



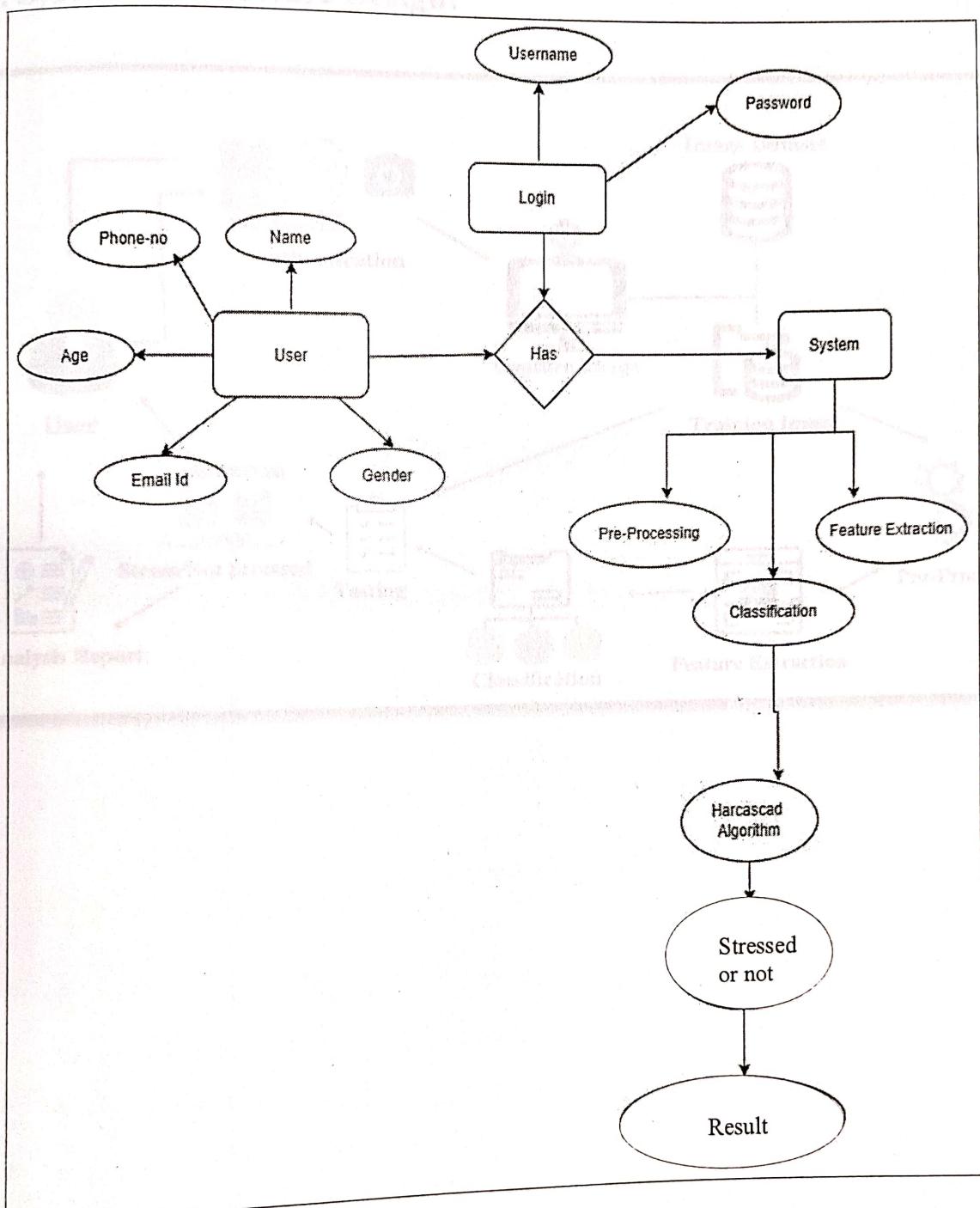
4.Sequence Diagram:



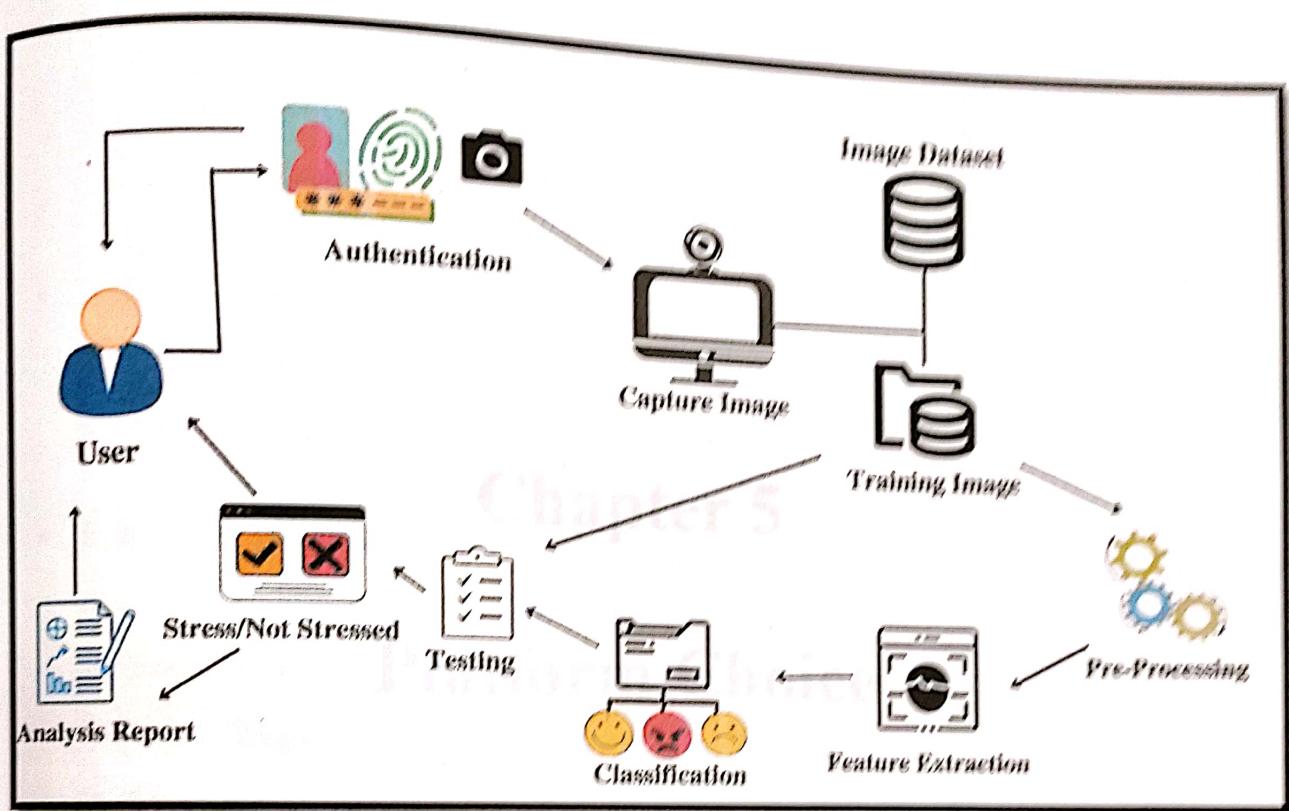
5.Activity diagram:



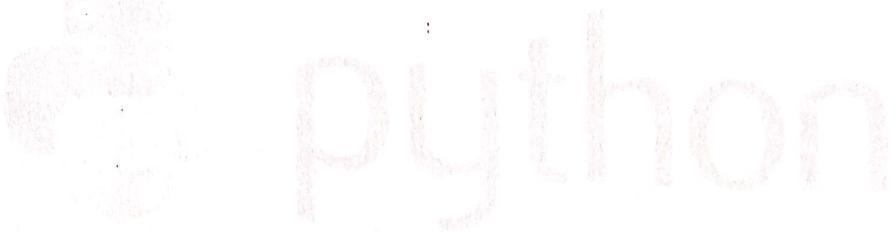
6.E-R Diagram:



7. System Architecture Design:



1. Python 3.10

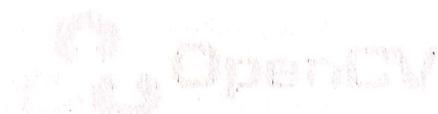


- Python is a high-level, interpreted, general-purpose programming language. Its design philosophy emphasizes code readability with the use of significant indentation.

Chapter 5

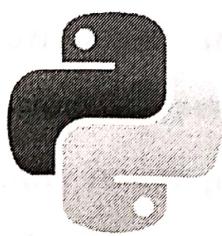
- Python is dynamically-typed and well-optimized. It supports multiple programming paradigms, including structured (particularly procedural), object-oriented and functional styles. It is often described as a "batteries included" language, due to its comprehensive standard library.
- In this project we are using Python 3.8 version for building this project.

2. OpenCV



- OpenCV is the huge open-source library for the computer vision, machine learning, and image processing and now it plays a major role in real-time operation which is very important in today's systems.
- In this Project OpenCV will act as source to control camera and frame capturing of Live Input. Able to capture a video from camera using OpenCV and it will allow to perform desired operations on that media.

1. Python 3.10



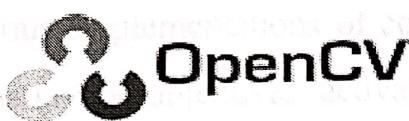
python™

- Python is a high-level, interpreted, general-purpose programming language. Its design philosophy emphasizes code readability with the use of significant indentation.

Machine Learning

- Python is dynamically-typed and garbage-collected. It supports multiple programming paradigms, including structured (particularly procedural), object-oriented and functional programming. It is often described as a "batteries included" language due to its comprehensive standard library.
- In this project we are using Python 3.8 version for building this project.

2. OpenCV



- OpenCV is the huge open-source library for the computer vision, machine learning, and image processing and now it plays a major role in real-time operation which is very important in today's systems.
- In this Project OpenCV will act as source to control camera and frame capturing of Live Input. Able to capture a video from camera using OpenCV and it will allow to perform desired operations on that media.

- By using OpenCV, one can process images and videos to identify objects, faces, or even handwriting of a human. When integrated with various libraries, such as NumPy, python is capable of processing the OpenCV array structure for analysis.
- To Identify image pattern and its various features vector space can be used and perform mathematical operations on these features.
- **OpenCV Functionality:**
 - Image/video I/O, processing, display
 - Object/feature detection (obj detect, features2d, non-free)
 - Computational photography (photo, video, media)
 - Machine learning clustering

3. Keras



- Keras contains numerous implementations of commonly used neural-network building blocks such as layers, objectives, activation functions, optimizers, and a host of tools to make working with image and text data easier to simplify the coding necessary for writing deep neural network code. The code is hosted on GitHub, and community support forums include the GitHub issues page, and a Slack channel.
- Designed to enable fast experimentation with deep neural networks, it focuses on being user-friendly, modular, and extensible.
- In addition to standard neural networks, Keras has support for convolutional and recurrent neural networks. It supports other common utility layers like dropout, batch normalization, and pooling

- **Features:**

1. Consistent, simple and extensible API.
2. Minimal structure - easy to achieve the result without any frills.
3. It supports multiple platforms and backend.
4. It is a user-friendly framework which runs on both CPU and GPU.
5. Highly scalability of computation.

- **Benefits:**

1. Larger community support.
2. Easy to test.
3. Keras neural networks are written in Python which makes things simpler.

4. TensorFlow



TensorFlow

- TensorFlow is a free and open source software library for machine learning and artificial intelligence. It can be used across a range of tasks but has a particular focus on training and inference of deep neural networks.
- TensorFlow was developed by the Google Brain team for internal Google use in research and production. The initial version was released under the Apache in 2015. Google released the updated version of TensorFlow, named TensorFlow 2.0, in September 2019.
- TensorFlow can be used in a wide variety of programming languages, most notably Python, as well as JavaScript, C++, and Java. This flexibility lends itself to a range of applications in many different sectors.
- 4. Keras supports both convolution and recurrent networks.

- **Advantages**

1. Its flexible architecture allows for the easy deployment of computation
2. TensorFlow computations are expressed as stateful dataflow graphs.
3. TensorFlow serves as the core platform and library for machine learning. TensorFlow's APIs use Keras to allow users to make their own machine learning models. In addition to building and training their model, TensorFlow can also help load the data to Train the model, and deploy it using TensorFlow Serving

5. ANACONDA



- Anaconda is a distribution of the Python and R programming languages for scientific computing (data science, machine learning applications, large-scale data processing, predictive analytics, etc.), that aims to simplify package management and deployment. The distribution includes data-science packages suitable for Windows, Linux, and macOS.
- It is developed and maintained by Anaconda, Inc., which was founded by Peter Wang and Travis Oliphant in 2012. As an Anaconda, Inc. product, it is also known as Anaconda Distribution or Anaconda Individual Edition, while other products from the company are Anaconda Team Edition and Anaconda Enterprise.

Now we are going to have an overview about how much time it takes to complete each task like Preliminary Survey, Introduction and Problem Statement, Literature Survey, Project Statement, Software Requirements and System Design, Final Report Submission, Architecture Review, Testing, Deployment, Training, Project Plan, Project Submission and finally chapter wise tools in Microsoft Word with a note that your project "Your customer of the proposed system" is the one who developed the system.

IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

The implementation plan is divided into 10 tasks

Task

Chapter 6

Project Plan

Preliminary Survey

Introduction and Problem Statement

Literature Survey

Software Requirements and

System Design

Final Report Submission

Architecture Design

Testing

Deployment

Training

Project Plan

Project Submission

Project Publish

Project Submission

2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026
26/06/2016	26/07/2016	26/08/2016	26/09/2016	26/10/2016	26/11/2016	26/12/2016	26/01/2017	26/02/2017	26/03/2017
26/06/2016	26/07/2016	26/08/2016	26/09/2016	26/10/2016	26/11/2016	26/12/2016	26/01/2017	26/02/2017	26/03/2017
26/06/2016	26/07/2016	26/08/2016	26/09/2016	26/10/2016	26/11/2016	26/12/2016	26/01/2017	26/02/2017	26/03/2017
26/06/2016	26/07/2016	26/08/2016	26/09/2016	26/10/2016	26/11/2016	26/12/2016	26/01/2017	26/02/2017	26/03/2017
26/06/2016	26/07/2016	26/08/2016	26/09/2016	26/10/2016	26/11/2016	26/12/2016	26/01/2017	26/02/2017	26/03/2017
26/06/2016	26/07/2016	26/08/2016	26/09/2016	26/10/2016	26/11/2016	26/12/2016	26/01/2017	26/02/2017	26/03/2017
26/06/2016	26/07/2016	26/08/2016	26/09/2016	26/10/2016	26/11/2016	26/12/2016	26/01/2017	26/02/2017	26/03/2017
26/06/2016	26/07/2016	26/08/2016	26/09/2016	26/10/2016	26/11/2016	26/12/2016	26/01/2017	26/02/2017	26/03/2017
26/06/2016	26/07/2016	26/08/2016	26/09/2016	26/10/2016	26/11/2016	26/12/2016	26/01/2017	26/02/2017	26/03/2017
26/06/2016	26/07/2016	26/08/2016	26/09/2016	26/10/2016	26/11/2016	26/12/2016	26/01/2017	26/02/2017	26/03/2017

In this chapter we are going to have an overview about how much time does it took to complete each task like- Preliminary Survey Introduction and Problem Statement, Literature Survey, Project Statement, Software Requirement and Specification, System Design, Partial Report Submission, Architecture Design, Implementation, Deployment, Testing, Paper Publish, Report Submission and etcetera. This chapter also gives focus on stakeholder list which gives information about project type, customer of the proposed system, user and project member who developed the system.

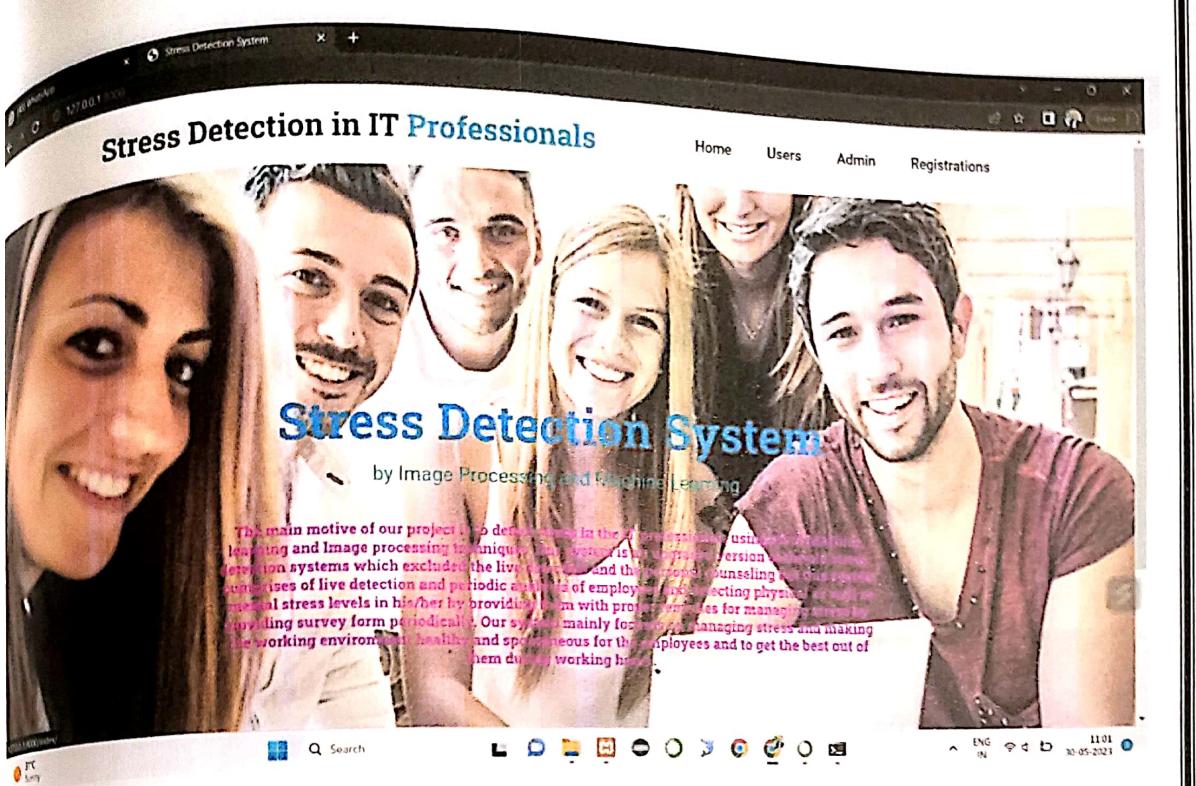
6.1 SYSTEM IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

The System Implementation plan table, shows the overall schedule of tasks compilation and time duration required for each task.

Sr. No	Title	Start Date	End Date
1	Preliminary Survey	21/06/2022	24/06/2022
2	Introduction and Problem Statement	26/06/2022	01/08/2022
3	Literature Survey	21/08/2022	23/08/2022
4	Literature Survey	23/08/2022	27/08/2022
5	Software Requirement and Specification	28/09/2022	11/10/2022
6	System Design	18/10/2022	17/11/2022
7	Partial Report Submission	22/10/2022	23/11/2022
8	Architecture Design	12/11/2022	27/12/2022
9	Implementation	30/01/2023	28/02/2023
10	Deployment	13/03/2023	28/03/2023
11	Testing	01/03/2023	21/03/2023
12	Paper Publish	11/03/2023	13/03/2023
13	Report Submission	26/05/2023	11/06/2023

Chapter 7

Result



Stress Detection in IT Professionals

Upload an Image to test which is 640X480 Resolutions

Select an Image Choose File Test file chosen

Upload

Results table

ID	User Name	File Name	Emotions	File	Date	Image	Download	Emotions View
1	Mahesh	id 07.jpg	Neutral	/media/id%2007.jpg	March 2, 2023, 5:38 a.m.		Download	Emotions View



Stress Detection in IT Professionals

Knn Algorithm Results

Accuracy 1.0

Classification Error 0.0

Sensitivity 1.0

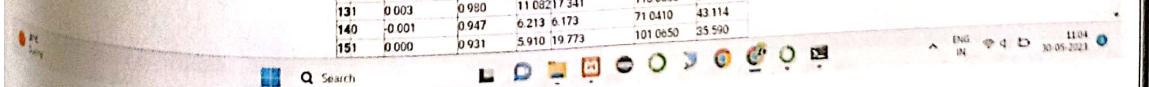
Specificity 1.0

False positive rate Error 0.0

Precision 1.0

Results table

Target	Time pressure	interruption	Stress	Physical Demand	Performance	Frustration	
0	1	0.004	-0.005	2.890	18.706	95.1440	11.579
1	0	-0.008	0.846	1.859	2.578	71.1150	34.964
2	0	0.003	0.724	1.477	3.357	66.7890	38.982
3	0	0.000	0.632	17.7269	942	81.2410	32.815
4	0	-0.003	0.442	4.826	5.824	68.1320	39.392
5	1	-0.003	1.030	8.621	18.385	89.8880	34.327
6	0	-0.003	0.173	11.5176	629	74.7160	36.288
7	0	-0.008	0.290	5.257	4.853	69.1420	47.998
8	0	-0.006	1.155	4.473	5.378	72.3140	39.369
9	0	-0.004	0.892	7.057	7.748	79.2260	34.460
10	0	0.001	0.282	5.028	6.400	69.5590	49.665
11	0	-0.004	0.279	4.509	12.510	84.6500	46.306
12	1	0.005	0.980	11.08217	432	96.7990	38.317
13	1	0.003	0.980	11.08217	341	110.0650	38.317
14	0	-0.001	0.947	6.213	6.173	71.0410	43.114
15	0	0.000	0.931	5.910	19.773	101.0650	35.590



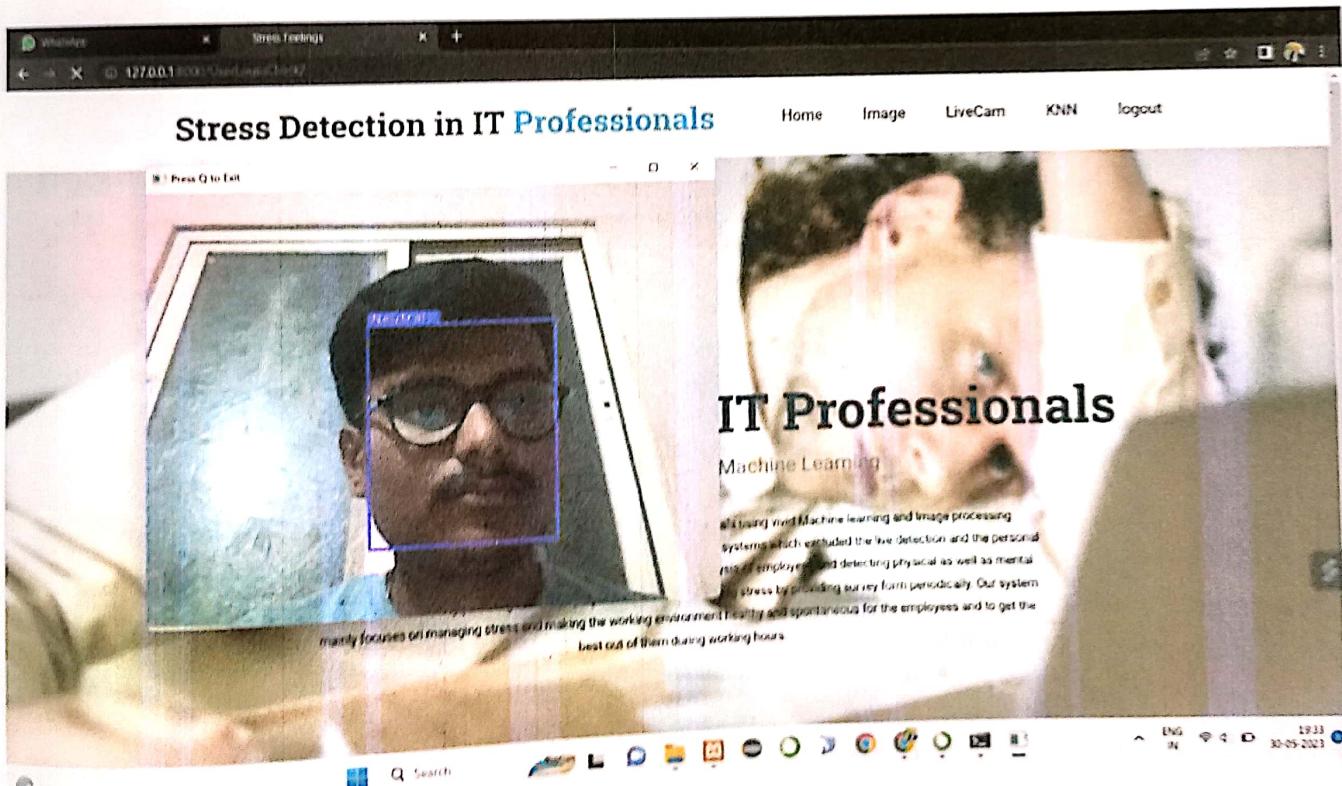
Stress Detection in IT Professionals

Home Users Detected KNN logout

Stress Detection in IT Professionals

Admin View All Users Data

S.No	User Name	File Name	Emotion	Path	Date	Image	Download	Emotions
1	Alex	test3.jpg	Neutral	/media/test3.jpg	Aug 24, 2020, 4:54 a.m.		Download	Emotions View
2	Alex	test2.jpg	Sad	/media/test2.jpg	Aug 24, 2020, 4:54 a.m.		Download	Emotions View
3	Alex	course_image.jpg	Angry	/media/course_image.jpg	Aug 24, 2020, 4:56 a.m.		Download	Emotions View
4	Shaun	course_0.jpg	Happy	/media/course_0.jpg	Aug 24, 2020, 8:11 a.m.		Download	Emotions View
5	eachin	WhatsApp Image 2021-12-19 at 2 21 06 AM_6VUvh6.jpg	Happy	/media/WhatsApp%20Images%202021-12-19%20at%202 21 06%20AM_6VUvh6.jpg	Dec 21, 2021, 1:56 p.m.		Download	Emotions View
6	eachin	IMG_20201117_123450.jpg	Happy	/media/IMG_20201117_123450.jpg	Dec 21, 2021, 1:57 p.m.		Download	Emotions View
7	Madhan	WIN_20220213_21_49_56_Pro.jpg	Sad	/media/WIN_20220213_21_49_56_Pro.jpg	Feb 13, 2022, 4:20 p.m.		Download	Emotions View



Test Cases

1. Login Testing

Test Cases

Home tab

Expected result

Actual result

User tab

To buy/give a item

Item availability

User tab

To change user profile

Profile page

User tab

To change user profile

Profile page

Admin tab

To add item on admin

Successfull add or

Admin tab

Logout user

Logout page

Registration tab

To successfully change password

Registration page

Chapter 8 Test Case

1. Login Testing

Test Case ID	TestCase	Test Case I/F	Actual Result	Expected Result	Test case criteria?
T01	Enter the wrong username or password and click on login button.	Username or password	Error occurred	Expected error should occur	P
T02	Enter the correct username or password and click on login button.	Alternative of password	Accept	Accepted	P

Test Cases:

1. GUI Testing :

Test Cases	Expected result	Final result
Home tab	To navigate on home page	Successfully navigate on home page
User tab	To navigate on user login page	Successfully navigate on user login page
Admin tab	To navigate on admin login page	Successfully navigate on admin login page
Registration tab	To navigate on registration login page	Successfully navigate on registration page

2. Login Testing:

Test Case ID	Test Case	Test Case I/P	Actual Result	Expected Result	Test case criteria(P /F)
001	Enter the wrong username or password and click on login button.	Username or password	Error occurred	Error Should occur	P
002	Enter the correct username or password and click on login button.	Username or password	Accept	Accept	P

3.Registration Test Case

Test Case ID	Test Case	Test Case I/P	Actual Result	Expected Result	Test case criteria(P/F)
001	Enter the incorrect username, login id, password, mobile no, email, locality, address ,city, state	Number, character	Error occurred	Error Should occur	P
001	Enter the correct username, login id, password, mobile no, email, locality, address ,city, state.	Character, number	Accept	Accept	P
002	Enter the invalid email id format in email id field.	ram@gmail,com	Error occurred	Error Should occur	P
002	Enter the valid email id format in email id field.	ram@gmail.com	Accept	Accept	P
003	Enter the invalid digitno in phoneno field.	87954125	Error occurred	Error Should occur	P
003	Enter the valid digit no in phone no field.	9874561230	Accept	Accept	P

Conclusion:

Our proposed solution is machine learning based with deep learning which allows to capture the face of person and detect different emotions in people's faces like Happy, Angry, Neutral and Sad. It helps to analyze the person's mood and feel. We use system camera to detect person's features then we can generate the person's expression images use as dataset to increase the accuracy of person's expressions.

Chapter 9

Conclusion

Conclusion:

Our proposed solution is machine learning based with face detection which allows to capture the face of person and detect different emotions levels of person like Happy, Angry, Neutral and Sad. It helps to avoid breakdown tendency of individuals. We use system camera to detect person face using Haar Cascade algorithm. The person face expression images use as dataset which will gives results that shown beat-to-beat accuracy of person expressions.

References

- M.E. Thase, "Preventing relapse and recurrence of stress: a brief review of therapeutic options", CNS Spectrums, vol. 11, pp. 22-31, 2006.
- International Journal for Research in Engineering Application & Management (IJREAM) ISSN : 2454-9160 Vol-07, Special Issue, MAY 2021
- Stress Detection using Machine Learning and Deep Learning Z. Zalmdia et al 2021 J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 1997 012019
- Stress Detection Using Machine Learning © APR 2021 | IJRE Journals | Volume 4 Issue 10 | ISSN: 2466-8880
- <https://lumc.medinfoanddecision.bionordica.com/articles/10.1156/s12916-020-01298-4>
- <https://thejasperdorhammer.com/2021/12/20/stress-detecting-with-machine-learning/>
- <http://dream.egg/papers/IJREAMV070251001.pdf>
- <https://www.fecexpert.com/algorithm-project/stress-detection-in-it-professional-by-image-processing-and-machine-learning/>
- <https://www.dream.com/paper/IJRESPM1-43-3126.pdf>

Chapter 10

References

- M.E. Thase, "Preventing relapse and recurrence of stress: a brief review of therapeutic options", CNS Spectrums, vol. 11, pp. 12-21, 2006.
- International Journal for Research in Engineering Application & Management (IJREAM) ISSN : 2454-9150 Vol-07, Special Issue, MAY 2021
- Stress Detection using Machine Learning and Deep Learning Z. Zainudin et al 2021 J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 1997 012019
- Stress Detection Using Machine Learning © APR 2021 | IRE Journals | Volume 4 Issue 10 | ISSN: 2456-8880
- <https://bmcmedinformdecismak.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/s12911-020-01299-4>
- <https://thecleverprogrammer.com/2021/12/20/stress-detection-with-machine-learning/>
- <http://ijream.org/papers/IJREAMV07I02SJ002.pdf>
- <https://www.ieeexpert.com/python-projects/stress-detection-in-it-professional-by-image-processing-and-machine-learning/>
- https://www.ijresm.com/Vol.3_2020/Vol3_Iss1_January20/IJRESM_V3_I1_25.pdf

❖ Enhanced Security:

Login integrated with OTP can significantly enhance the security of system. The combination ensures that only authorized individuals can participate, minimizing the risk of fraud or impersonation.

❖ Increased Accessibility:

Stress detection systems can improve accessibility for individuals who may have difficulty or are able to move independently due to physical damage. Facial recognition technology can provide great assistance from any location with an internet connection.

❖ Cost and Efficiency:

Chapter 11

Implementing the above technologies can potentially reduce cost associated with procedures that appear to be less efficient. For example, in the case of physical damage, facial recognition can quickly verify the user's identity, and OTP can streamline the verification process, reducing the time spent on manual identification.

❖ Trust and Transparency:

The integration of face recognition and OTP can enhance trust and transparency in the process. By providing an additional layer of authentication, these technologies can increase trust level of users to correctly analyse their expressions and gives related result to them for further treatments.

❖ Enhanced Security:

Login combined with OTP can significantly enhance the security of system. This combination ensures that only authorized individuals can participate, minimizing the risk of fraud or impersonation.

❖ Increased Accessibility:

Stress detection systems can improve accessibility for individuals who may have difficulty or not able to have individual to share their feeling with. Face recognition technology can facilitate stress identification from any location with an internet connection.

❖ Cost and Efficiency:

Implementing stress detection system can potentially reduce cost associated with problems that appears later on after person goes into physical damage, mentally depressed phase. Additionally, the use of face recognition and OTP can streamline the verification process, reducing the time and effort required for authentication.

❖ Trust and Transparency:

The integration of face recognition and OTP can enhance trust and transparency in the process. By providing an additional layer of authentication, these technologies can increase trust level of users to correctly analyze their expressions and gives related result to them for further treatments.

PAPER PUBLISHED CERTIFICATE

• Paper Published site:

International Research Journal of Mathematics, Engineering
Technology and Science (IRJMET) ISSN: 2581-6308

• Website : <https://www.irjmet.org/>

• Paper Published Website:

https://www.irjmet.org/uploads/files/documents/3_march_2021.pdf

• Plagiarism Report: Chapter 11

95% original

5 quotes

APPENDIX

Originality Score: 95%
Similarity Score: 5%
Plagiarism Score: 0%

Similarity score

The similarity score measures the difference between the original document and the plagiarized version. A higher score indicates a greater degree of similarity.

The originality score measures the percentage of unique content in the document. A higher score indicates a greater degree of originality. The originality score is calculated by comparing the document against a large database of existing documents. The score is based on the percentage of unique words and phrases found in the document that are not present in the database.

Originality score: 95% (Unique content)

PAPER PUBLISHED / CERTIFICATES

- Paper Published Site:

**International Research Journal of Modernization in Engineering
Technology and Science E-ISSN: 2582-5208**

- Website : <https://www.irjmets.com/>

- Paper Published Website:

https://www.irjmets.com/uploadedfiles/paper//issue_3_march_2023/34323/final/fin_irjmets1678702077.pdf

- Plagiarism Report:

1% overall similarity 

Title: Stress Detection System.docx
Date: 10/04/2023
Report ID: c9ba6a68eda856e5714a

Match #1 80% similar

This approach will improve the efficiency of the rating process while allowing for higher authority discretion over rating-related decisions

https://www.irjmets.com/uploadedfiles/paper//issue_2_february_...

...we try to go in the depth of this problem by trying to detect the stress patterns in the working employee in the companies we would like to apply image processing and machine learning techniques to analyze stress patterns and to narrow down the factors that strongly determine the stress levels. Machine Learning algorithms like KNN classifiers are applied to classify stress. Image Processing is used at the initial stage for detection, the employee's image is clicked by the camera which serves as input. In order to get an enhanced image or to extract some useful information from it image processing is used by converting image into digital form and performing some operations on it. By taking input as an image from video frames and output may be image or characteristics associated with that image. Image processing basically includes the following three steps....

Plagiarism detection provided by Quetext



International Research Journal Of Modernization in Engineering Technology and Science

(Peer-Reviewed, Open Access, Fully Refereed International Journal)

e-ISSN: 2582-5208

Ref: IRJMETS/Certificate/Volume 05/Issue 03/50300033567

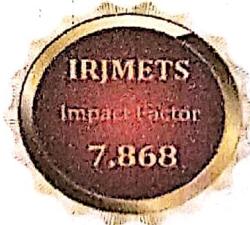
Date: 13/03/2023

Certificate of Publication

This is to certify that author "Prof. Dheeraj Patil" with paper ID "IRJMETS50300033567" has published a paper entitled "STRESS DETECTION USING MACHINE LEARNING AND IMAGE PROCESSING" in International Research Journal Of Modernization In Engineering Technology And Science (IRJMETS), Volume 05, Issue 03, March 2023

A. Deenish

Editor in Chief



We Wish For Your Better Future
www.irjmets.com





International Research Journal Of Modernization in Engineering Technology and Science

(Peer-Reviewed, Open Access, Fully Refereed International Journal)

e-ISSN: 2582-5208

Ref: IRJMETS/Certificate/Volume 05/Issue 03/50300033567

Date: 13/03/2023



Certificate of Publication

This is to certify that author "Mahesh Kanthale" with paper ID "IRJMETS50300033567" has published a paper entitled "STRESS DETECTION USING MACHINE LEARNING AND IMAGE PROCESSING" in International Research Journal Of Modernization In Engineering Technology And Science (IRJMETS), Volume 05, Issue 03, March 2023

A. Deush

Editor in Chief



We Wish For Your Better Future
www.irjmets.com





International Research Journal Of Modernization in Engineering Technology and Science

(Peer-Reviewed, Open Access, Fully Refereed International Journal)

e-ISSN: 2582-5208

Ref: IRJMETS/Certificate/Volume 05/Issue 03/50300033567

Date: 13/03/2023

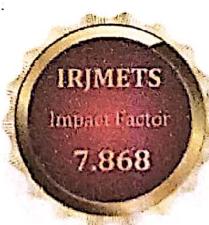


Certificate of Publication

This is to certify that author "Payal Kadadhekar" with paper ID "IRJMETS50300033567" has published a paper entitled "STRESS DETECTION USING MACHINE LEARNING AND IMAGE PROCESSING" in International Research Journal Of Modernization In Engineering Technology And Science (IRJMETS), Volume 05, Issue 03, March 2023

A. Deush

Editor in Chief



We Wish For Your Better Future
www.irjmets.com





International Research Journal Of Modernization in Engineering Technology and Science

(Peer-Reviewed, Open Access, Fully Refereed International Journal)

e-ISSN: 2582-5208

Ref: IRJMETS/Certificate/Volume 05/Issue 03/50300033567

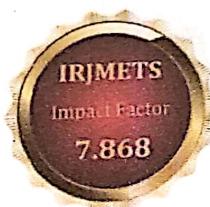
Date: 13/03/2023

Certificate of Publication

This is to certify that author "Akshata Shendkar" with paper ID "IRJMETS50300033567" has published a paper entitled "STRESS DETECTION USING MACHINE LEARNING AND IMAGE PROCESSING" in International Research Journal Of Modernization In Engineering Technology And Science (IRJMETS), Volume 05, Issue 03, March 2023

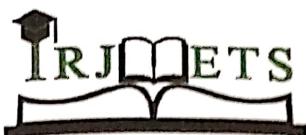
A. Deush

Editor in Chief



We Wish For Your Better Future
www.irjmets.com





International Research Journal Of Modernization in Engineering Technology and Science

(Peer-Reviewed, Open Access, Fully Refereed International Journal)

e-ISSN: 2582-5208



Ref: IRJMETS/Certificate/Volume 05/Issue 03/50300033567

Date: 13/03/2023

Certificate of Publication

This is to certify that author "Siddheshwari Rao" with paper ID "IRJMETS50300033567" has published a paper entitled "STRESS DETECTION USING MACHINE LEARNING AND IMAGE PROCESSING" in International Research Journal Of Modernization In Engineering Technology And Science (IRJMETS), Volume 05, Issue 03, March 2023

A. Deush

Editor in Chief



We Wish For Your Better Future
www.irjmets.com

