



# Vehicle Insurance Fraud Analysis



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# Our Purpose:

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Vehicle Insurance Fraud is an expensive, increasingly common, and avoidable problem for insurers.

\*\*\* find a stat \*\*

This is not exclusive to auto insurers. Sophisticated fraud detection processes will be essential to the entire Financial Services Industry moving forward.

That's why this project seeks to use machine learning techniques to understand and predict fraud.

# The Questions:

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**Can we accurately predict whether an insurance claim is fraudulent?**

**Which features are correlated with higher likelihood of fraud?**

# The Data:

Our dataset was generated by Angoss KnowledgeSEEKER, a provider of systems for predictive analytics, and found on Kaggle.

This set features over 15,000 claim samples with 33 columns, including information on:

- *Demographics of claimant*
- *Details on the vehicle in question*
- *Information about the claimants' policies.*
- *Whether fraud was detected*

# Phase 1: Exploration

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# Summarizing the data using Python

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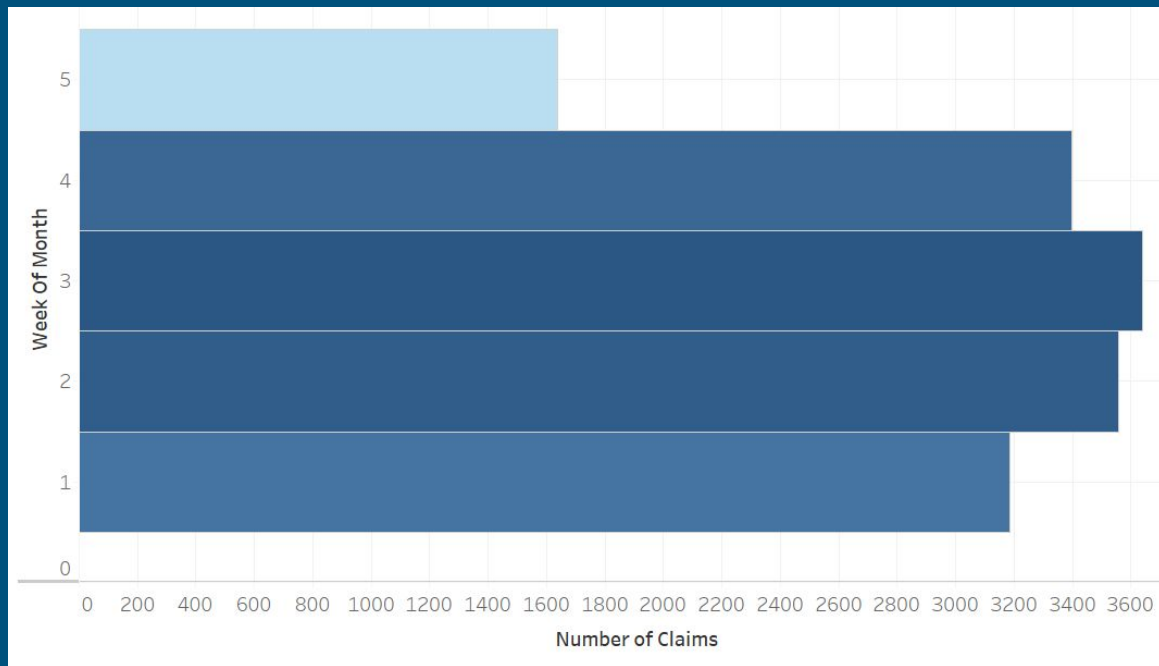
- `.describe()`
- `.dtypes`

Pandas



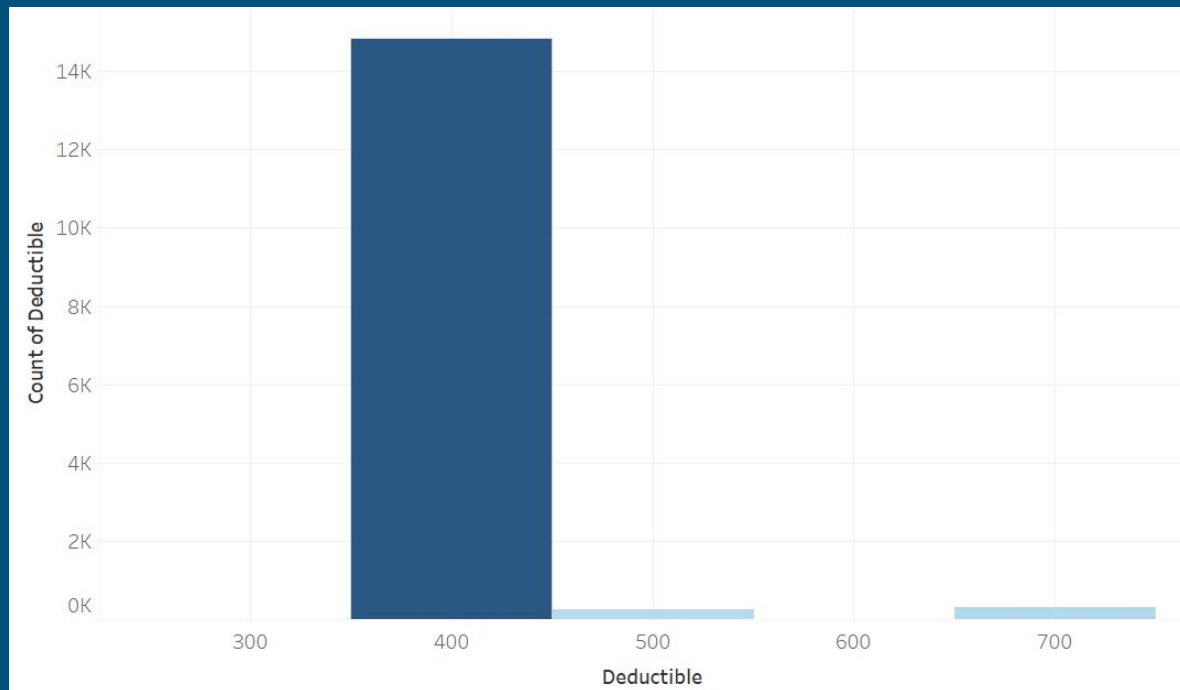
# Dropping Unnecessary Columns

**Week Of Month** was dropped, since 1-4 were similar, and week 5 of a month always has fewer days than the others.



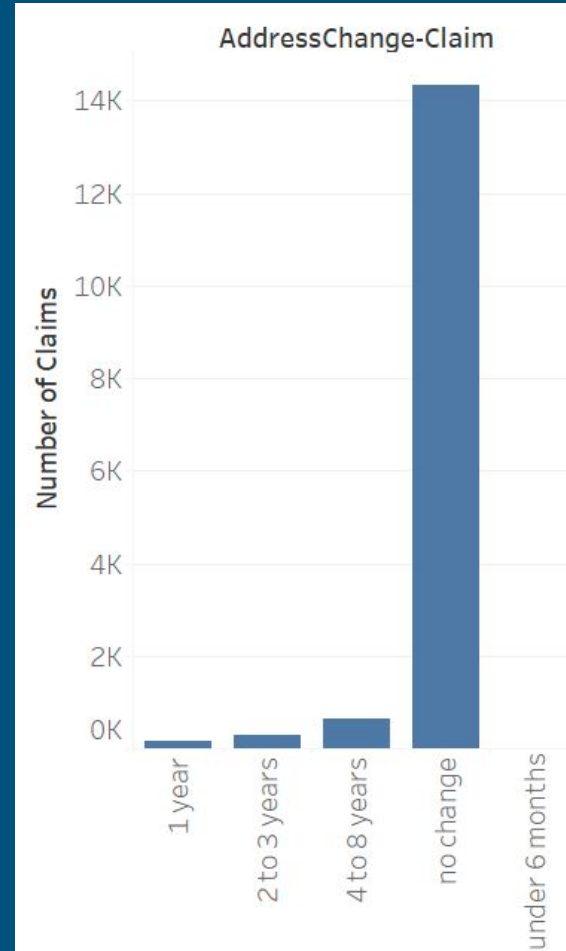
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**Deductible** was dropped, since nearly all claims had a deductible of \$400.

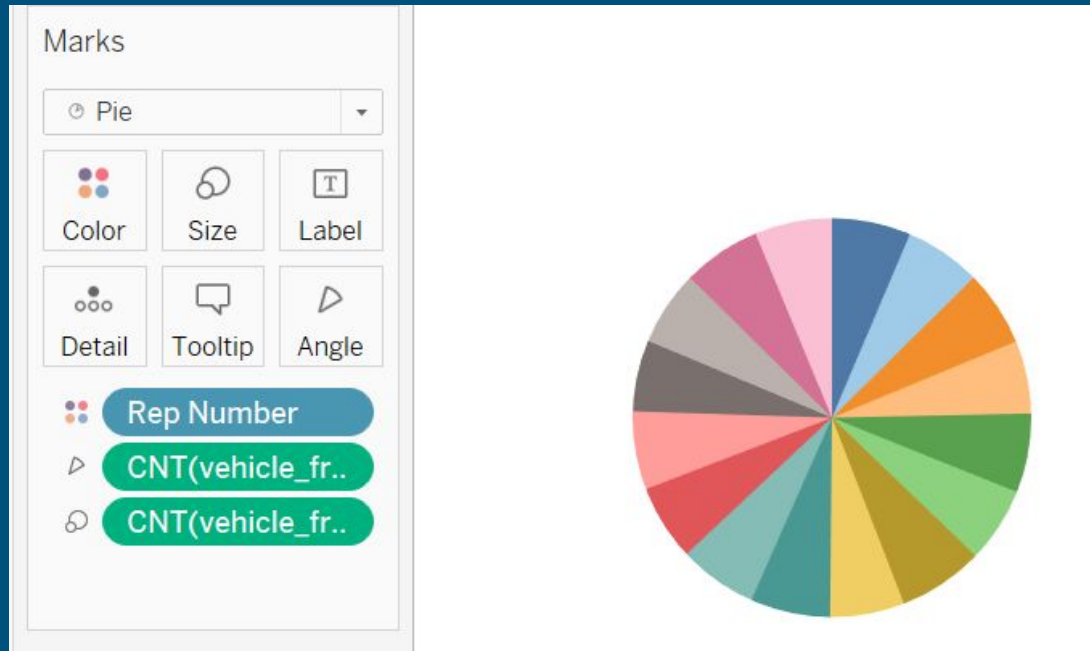




**AddressChange-Claim** was dropped, since most claims fell under “no change”, and the meaning of this column is ambiguous.



**RepNumber** was dropped, since there was a relatively even spread across rep numbers, and the ID number of the insurance rep handling the claim is not relevant to this analysis.



# Phase 2: Analysis

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Slides will include:

- Rundown of tech, languages, tools, and algorithms used
- High-level overview of analysis/ml process (real details will be in readme/repo)
- Database stuff? (or can this just be reference in the readme/repo?)
- Visualizations and demo of interactive dashboard illustrating results
- Recommendations for future analysis
- What we would have done differently in retrospect

# The Database:

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- The data is originally in a csv format
- This analysis uses SQL to to store this static data
- This database is connected to our Machine Learning model via a connection string



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# The Dashboard:

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We will use Tableau to visualize correlations between various features and whether fraud was detected. Examples:

- Are more fraudulent claims filed by men or women?
- Is fraud associated with particular types of vehicles?
- Are people with certain policies more likely to commit fraud?

# Machine Learning Model

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INSERT ALGORITHMS AND REASONING HERE

INSERT CONFUSION MATRIX

INSERT ACCURACY SCORE