



Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology

Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

AY: 2025-26

Class:	TE	Semester:	V
Course Code:	CSC502	Course Name:	WC

Name of Student:	Mitesh Doulat Pawar
Roll No. :	73
Experiment No.:	06
Title of the Experiment:	Node.Js: Installation and Configuration, Callbacks, Event loops, Creating express
Date of Performance:	12/08/25
Date of Submission:	09/09/25

Evaluation

Performance Indicator	Max. Marks	Marks Obtained
Performance	5	
Understanding	5	
Journal work and timely submission	10	
Total	20	

Performance Indicator	Exceed Expectations (EE)	Meet Expectations (ME)	Below Expectations (BE)
Performance	4-5	2-3	1
Understanding	4-5	2-3	1
Journal work and timely submission	8-10	5-8	1-4

Checked by

Name of Faculty : Ms. Kshitija Gharat

Signature :

Date:



Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology

Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

Aim: To implement file system operations and path handling in Node.js, and to design a simple REST API using Express framework with middleware functions.

Objective:

- To understand the usage of File System (fs) module for reading, writing, and updating files
- To learn how to work with path module for handling file and directory paths
- To develop RESTful API endpoints using Express framework
- To apply middleware in Express for logging and request handling

Requirement:

- Node.js installed (version 18 or above recommended)
- Express framework (installed via npm)
- Text editor such as VS Code
- Web browser or Postman for API testing

Theory:

Node.js provides inbuilt modules and frameworks for backend development.

File System Module (fs):

This module allows reading, writing, updating, and deleting files. Example functions include `fs.readFileSync` and `fs.writeFileSync`.

Path Module (path):

This module helps in working with file and directory paths. Example usage is `path.join(__dirname, 'file.txt')`.

Express Framework:

Express is a lightweight Node.js framework to build web servers and REST APIs. It provides routing, middleware, and response handling.

Middleware in Express:

Middleware functions are executed between request and response. They are used for logging, authentication, validation, and other purposes.

Procedure:

Step 1: Install Node.js and initialize the project using the following commands

```
mkdir node-experiment
cd node-experiment
npm init -y
npm install express
```

Step 2: Create server.js file and include required modules

```
const fs = require('fs');
const path = require('path');
const express = require('express');
const app = express();
const PORT = 3000;
```

Step 3: Perform File System operations

```
fs.writeFileSync('sample.txt', 'Hello, Node.js FS Module!');
```



```
const data = fs.readFileSync('sample.txt', 'utf8');
```

```
console.log("File Content:", data);
```

Step 4: Use Path Module

```
const filePath = path.join(__dirname, 'sample.txt');
```

```
console.log("Absolute File Path:", filePath);
```

Step 5: Create Express REST API with Middleware

```
app.use((req, res, next) => {
```

```
  console.log(`${req.method} ${req.url}`);
```

```
  next();
```

```
});
```

```
app.get('/', (req, res) => res.send('Welcome to Node.js REST API'));
```

```
app.get('/data', (req, res) => res.json({ message: "Hello World" }));
```

```
app.listen(PORT, () => {
```

```
  console.log(Server running at http://localhost:${PORT});
```

```
});
```

Step 6: Run the server using the command

```
node server.js
```

Step 7: Test endpoints using browser or Postman

http://localhost:3000/ → Displays welcome message

http://localhost:3000/data → Returns JSON response

Code-

```
const express = require('express');
```

```
const app = express();
```

```
const port = 3000;
```

```
app.use(express.json());
```

```
let items = [];
```

```
app.post('/items', (req, res) => { const newItem = { id: items.length + 1, ...req.body };
```

```
  items.push(newItem);
```

```
  res.status(201).json(newItem);
```

```
});
```

```
app.get('/items', (req, res) => { res.json(items);
```

```
});
```

```
app.get('/items/:id', (req, res) => { const item = items.
```

```
  find(i => i.id === parseInt(req.params.id));
```

```
  if (!item) return res.status(404).send('Item not found');
```

```
  res.json(item);
```

```
});
```

```
app.put('/items/:id',
```

```
  (req, res) => { const item = items.find(i => i.id === parseInt(req.params.id));
```

```
    if (!item) return res.status(404).send('Item not found');
```

```
    Object.assign(item, req.body);
```

```
    res.json(item);
```



```
});  
app.delete('/:id',  
(req, res) => { const index = items.findIndex(i => i.id === parseInt(req.params.id));  
if (index === -1) return res.status(404).  
send('Item not found');  
const deletedItem = items.splice(index, 1);  
res.json(deletedItem[0]);  
});  
app.listen(port, () =>  
{ console.log(`Server running at 

### Output:


```

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  PORTS  TERMINAL  POSTMAN CONSOLE  COMMENTS  
  
PS D:\WC_NODE\my-crud-app> node server.js  
>>  
Server running at http://localhost:3000  
█
```

Conclusion:

Node.js provides powerful modules like fs and path for file handling. Using Express, developers can easily create REST APIs and enhance functionality with middleware. This experiment demonstrates integration of core Node.js modules with Express framework for backend development.