

# Project: Enterprise Java CI/CD with Jenkins, GitOps, and Kubernetes Observability

GitHub Repo: <https://github.com/Mithra1995/Jenkins-argocd>

## Description:

This project demonstrates a complete CI/CD and monitoring solution for a cloud-native Java microservice. The pipeline automates the stages from **code commit to production deployment**, integrates code quality analysis, enables **declarative GitOps-based deployment** using **Argo CD**, and provides **end-to-end observability** with Prometheus and Grafana. This setup is ideal for organizations adopting DevOps, GitOps, and Kubernetes-native practices.

## Technology Stack Overview:

Component	Purpose
Java + Maven	Application development and dependency management
Jenkins	Continuous Integration and Continuous Delivery (CI/CD) orchestration
SonarQube	Static code analysis and enforcement of quality gates
Docker	Containerization of the application
Kubernetes	Deployment and orchestration of containerized applications
Argo CD	GitOps-based Continuous Deployment
Prometheus	Metrics collection and monitoring
Grafana	Metrics visualization and alerting

## Implementation: Step by step

Step 1: Create Ec2 instance with instance type t2. large and volume size:50GB , then install below tools

- Java/Maven
- Jenkins
- Sonarqube
- Trivy
- Git
- Docker

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-37-145: ~
Get:2 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian binary/ jenkins 2.519 [94.3 MB]
Fetched 94.5 MB in 2s (48.7 MB/s)
Selecting previously unselected package net-tools.
(Reading database ... 118728 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../net-tools_2.10-0.1ubuntu4.4_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking net-tools (2.10-0.1ubuntu4.4) ...
Selecting previously unselected package jenkins.
Preparing to unpack .../archives/jenkins_2.519_all.deb ...
Unpacking jenkins (2.519) ...
Setting up net-tools (2.10-0.1ubuntu4.4) ...
Setting up jenkins (2.519) ...
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/jenkins.service - /usr/lib/systemd/system/jenkins.service.
Processing triggers for man-db (2.12.0-4build2) ...
Scanning processes...
Scanning candidates...
Scanning linux images...

Pending kernel upgrade!
Running kernel version:
6.8.0-1029-aws
Diagnostics:
  The currently running kernel version is not the expected kernel version 6.8.0-1031-aws.
Restarting the system to load the new kernel will not be handled automatically, so you should consider rebooting.
Restarting services...

Service restarts being deferred:
/etc/needrestart/restart.d/dbus.service
systemctl restart getty@tty1.service
systemctl restart networkd-dispatcher.service
systemctl restart serial-getty@ttyS0.service
systemctl restart systemd-logind.service
systemctl restart unattended-upgrades.service

No containers need to be restarted.

User sessions running outdated binaries:
ubuntu @ session #4: sshd[1134,1246]
ubuntu @ user manager service: systemd[1139]

No VM guests are running outdated hypervisor (qemu) binaries on this host.
ubuntu@ip-172-31-37-145:~$ /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword
-bash: /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword: Permission denied
ubuntu@ip-172-31-37-145:~$ sudo /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword
sudo: /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword: command not found
ubuntu@ip-172-31-37-145:~$ sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword
7ce374be6128497ca1c9d68bbd0cf159
ubuntu@ip-172-31-37-145:~$
```

Step 2: Then provide creating the Jenkins webpage

### Getting Started

# Unlock Jenkins

To ensure Jenkins is securely set up by the administrator, a password has been written to the log (not sure where to find it?) and this file on the server:

```
/var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword
```

Please copy the password from either location and paste it below.

**Administrator password**

Continue

Getting Started

# Getting Started

✓ Folders	✓ OWASP Markup Formatter	✓ Build Timeout	⌚ Credentials Binding
⌚ Timestampers	⌚ Workspace Cleanup	⌚ Ant	⌚ Gradle
⌚ Pipeline	⌚ GitHub Branch Source	⌚ Pipeline: GitHub Groovy Libraries	⌚ Pipeline Graph View
⌚ Git	⌚ SSH Build Agents	⌚ Matrix Authorization Strategy	⌚ LDAP
⌚ Email Extension	⌚ Mailer	⌚ Dark Theme	

\*\* Ionicons API

Folders

OWASP Markup Formatter

\*\* ASM API

\*\* JSON Path API

\*\* Struts

\*\* Pipeline: Step API

\*\* Token Macro

Build Timeout

\*\* bouncycastle API

\*\* Credentials

\*\* Plain Credentials

\*\* - required dependency

Jenkins 2.519

Getting Started

## Create First Admin User

Username

admin

Password

.....

Confirm password

.....

Full name

Getting Started

# Instance Configuration

Jenkins URL:

The Jenkins URL is used to provide the root URL for absolute links to various Jenkins resources. That means this value is required for proper operation of many Jenkins features including email notifications, PR status updates, and the BUILD\_URL environment variable provided to build steps.

The proposed default value shown is **not saved yet** and is generated from the current request, if possible. The best practice is to set this value to the URL that users are expected to use. This will avoid confusion when sharing or viewing links.

Jenkins 2.519

Not nowSave and Finish

Step 3: Now create the Jenkins pipeline script for pushing the image to ECR and updating it in deployment.yaml file

Jenkins

+ New Item

Build History

Build Queue

Build Queue

No builds in the queue.

Build Executor Status

Build Executor Status

0/2

Welcome to Jenkins!

This page is where your Jenkins jobs will be displayed. To get started, you can set up distributed builds or start building a software project.

Start building your software project

Create a job

Set up a distributed build

Set up an agent

Configure a cloud

Learn more about distributed builds

Add description

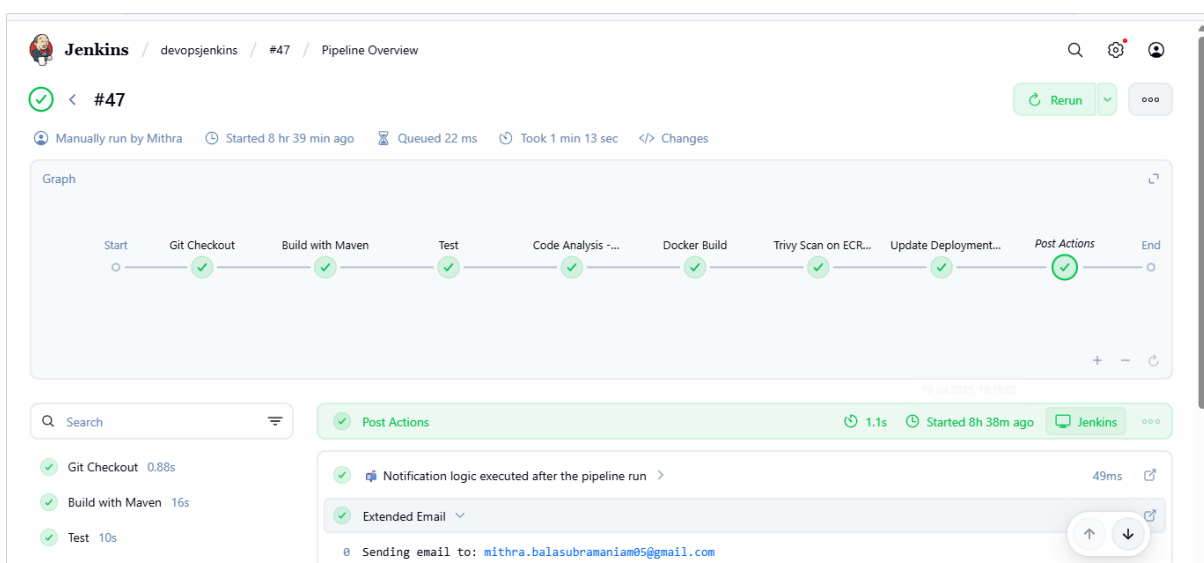
13.217.25.73:8080/computer/newREST APIJenkins 2.519

```

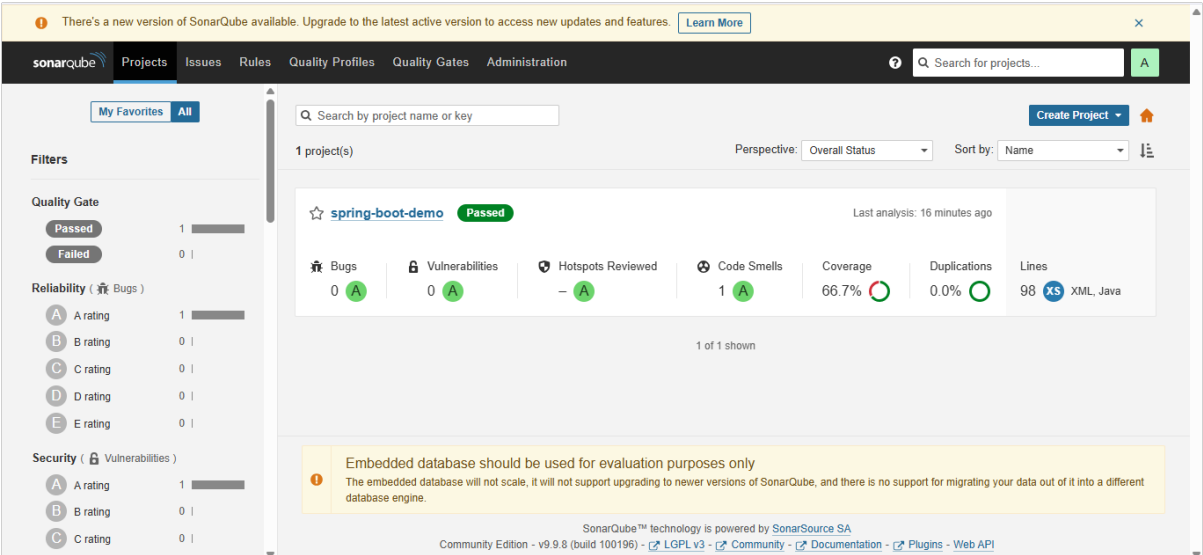
ubuntu@ip-172-31-37-145:~$ docker --version
Docker version 27.5.1, build 27.5.1-0ubuntu3~24.04.2
ubuntu@ip-172-31-37-145:~$ mvn --version
Apache Maven 3.8.7
Maven home: /usr/share/maven
Java version: 21.0.7, vendor: Ubuntu, runtime: /usr/lib/jvm/java-21-openjdk-amd64
Default locale: en, platform encoding: UTF-8
OS name: "linux", version: "6.8.0-1029-aws", arch: "amd64", family: "unix"
ubuntu@ip-172-31-37-145:~$ java --version
openjdk 21.0.7 2025-04-15
OpenJDK Runtime Environment (build 21.0.7+6-Ubuntu-0ubuntu124.04)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 21.0.7+6-Ubuntu-0ubuntu124.04, mixed mode, sharing)
ubuntu@ip-172-31-37-145:~$ jenkins --version
2.519
ubuntu@ip-172-31-37-145:~$

```

Step 4: Now the CI pipeline is working fine



Step 5: We can see the SonarQube analysis for Code Analysis



Step 6: Trivy scan for docker image vulnerability

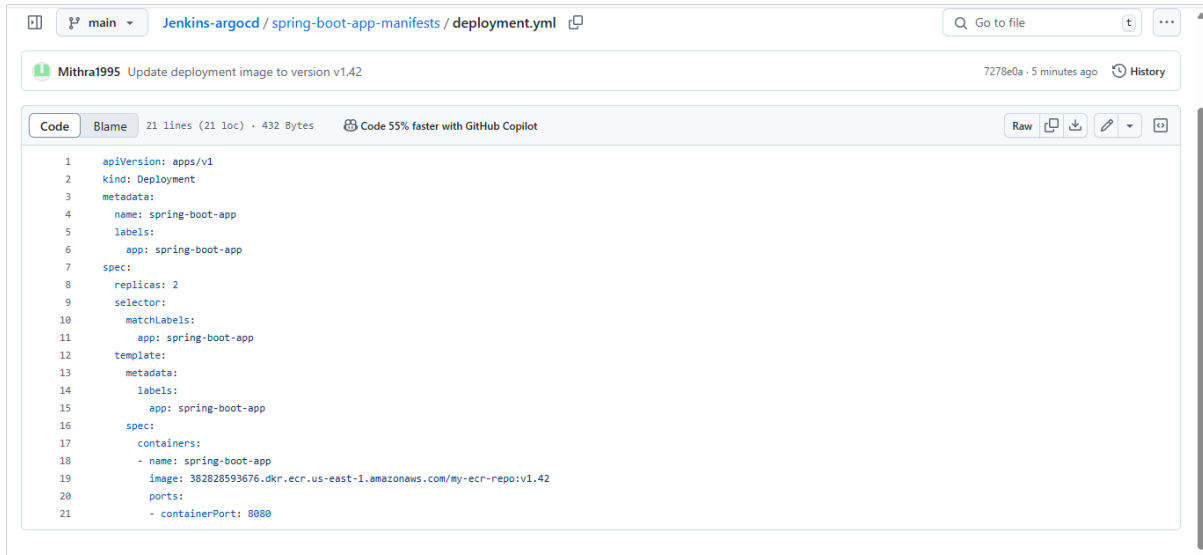
Java (jar)

=====

Total: 38 (HIGH: 31, CRITICAL: 7)

Installed Version	Library	Fixed Version	Vulnerability	Severity	Status	Title
ch.qos.logback:logback-classic (app.jar)			CVE-2023-6378	HIGH	fixed	logback: serialization vulnerability in
1.2.3		1.3.12, 1.4.12, 1.2.13				
logback receiver						
						<a href="https://avd.aquasec.com/nvd/cve-2023-6378">https://avd.aquasec.com/nvd/cve-2023-6378</a>
ch.qos.logback:logback-core (app.jar)						

Step 7 : Image is pushed to deployment.yml file



```
1  apiVersion: apps/v1
2  kind: Deployment
3  metadata:
4    name: spring-boot-app
5    labels:
6      app: spring-boot-app
7  spec:
8    replicas: 2
9    selector:
10     matchLabels:
11       app: spring-boot-app
12  template:
13    metadata:
14      labels:
15        app: spring-boot-app
16    spec:
17      containers:
18        - name: spring-boot-app
19          image: 382828593676.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/my-ecr-repo:v1.42
20          ports:
21            - containerPort: 8080
```

Step 8: Image is pushed to ECR

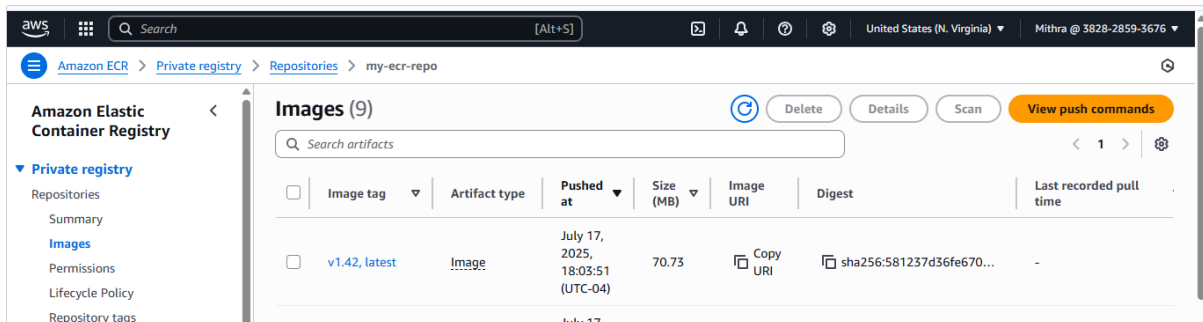


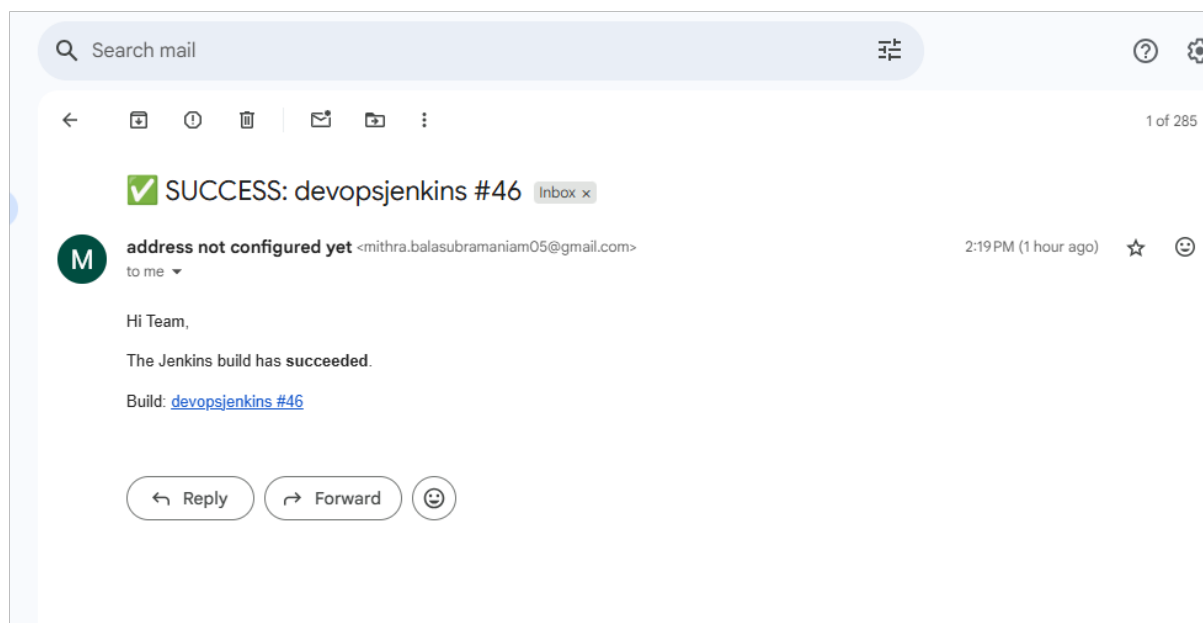
Image tag	Artifact type	Pushed at	Size (MB)	Image URI	Digest	Last recorded pull time
v1.42, latest	Image	July 17, 2025, 18:03:51 (UTC-04)	70.73	Copy URI	sha256:581237d36fe670...	-

Step 9: Add an email notification for post build success

```

108     }
109
110     post {
111         success {
112             emailx(
113                 subject: "✅ SUCCESS: ${env.JOB_NAME} #${env.BUILD_NUMBER}",
114                 body: ""<p>Hi Team,</p>
115                     <p>The Jenkins build has <b>succeeded</b>.</p>
116                     <p>Build: <a href="${env.BUILD_URL}">${env.JOB_NAME} #${env.BUILD_NUMBER}</a>
117                 to: 'mithra.balasubramaniam05@gmail.com',
118                 mimeType: 'text/html'
119             )
120         }

```



Step 10 : Install Kubernetes(minikube)

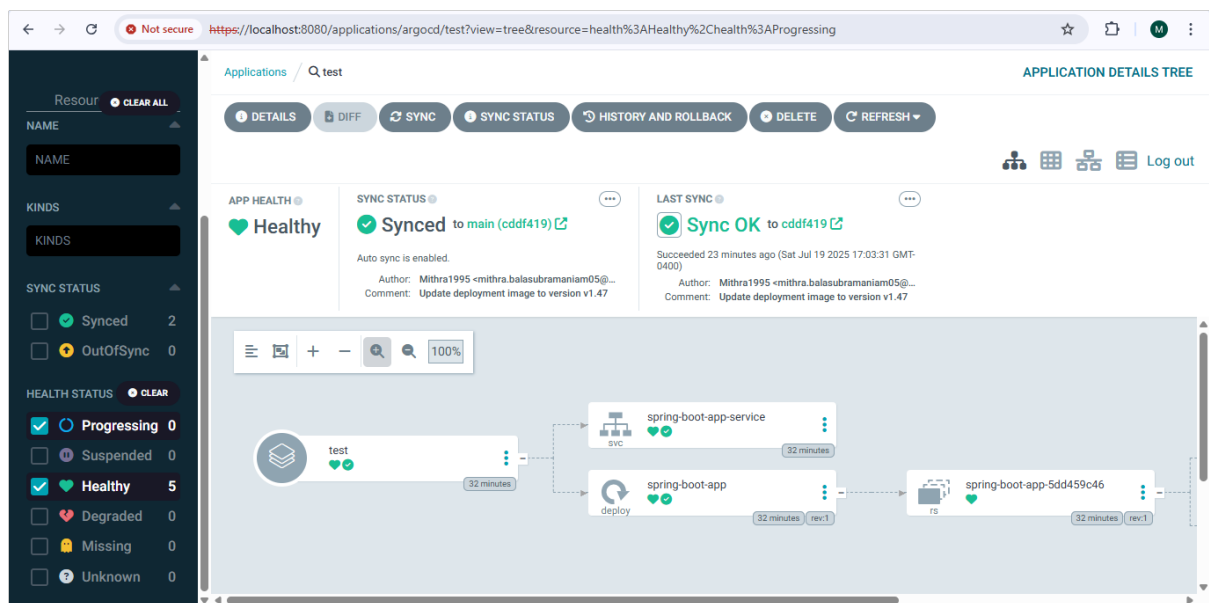


```
commit: f8f52f5de11fc6ad8244afac475e1d0f96841dfl-dirty
ubuntu@jenkins:~$ minikube start --driver=docker
* minikube v1.36.0 on Ubuntu 24.04 (xen/amd64)
* Using the docker driver based on user configuration
* Using Docker driver with root privileges
* Starting "minikube" primary control-plane node in "minikube" cluster
* Pulling base image v0.0.47 ...
* Downloading Kubernetes v1.33.1 preload ...
  > preloaded-images-k8s-v18-v1...: 347.04 MiB / 347.04 MiB 100.00% 64.71 M
  > gcr.io/k8s-minikube/kicbase...: 502.26 MiB / 502.26 MiB 100.00% 68.79 M
* Creating docker container (CPUs=2, Memory=2200MB) ...
* Preparing Kubernetes v1.33.1 on Docker 28.1.1 ...
  - Generating certificates and keys ...
  - Booting up control plane ...
  - Configuring RBAC rules ...
* Configuring bridge CNI (Container Networking Interface) ...
* Verifying Kubernetes components...
  - Using image gcr.io/k8s-minikube/storage-provisioner:v5
* Enabled addons: storage-provisioner, default-storageclass
* Done! kubectl is now configured to use "minikube" cluster and "default" namespace by default
ubuntu@jenkins:~$ kubectl get nodes
NAME                STATUS    ROLES    AGE   VERSION
minikube            Ready     control-plane 10s   v1.33.1
ubuntu@jenkins:~$
```

Step 11: Install argocd for Gitops

```
http://192.168.49.2:31564
ubuntu@ip-172-31-33-21:~$ kubectl get ns
NAME                STATUS    AGE
argocd              Active    49m
default             Active    50m
kube-node-lease     Active    50m
kube-public         Active    50m
kube-system         Active    50m
ubuntu@ip-172-31-33-21:~$
```

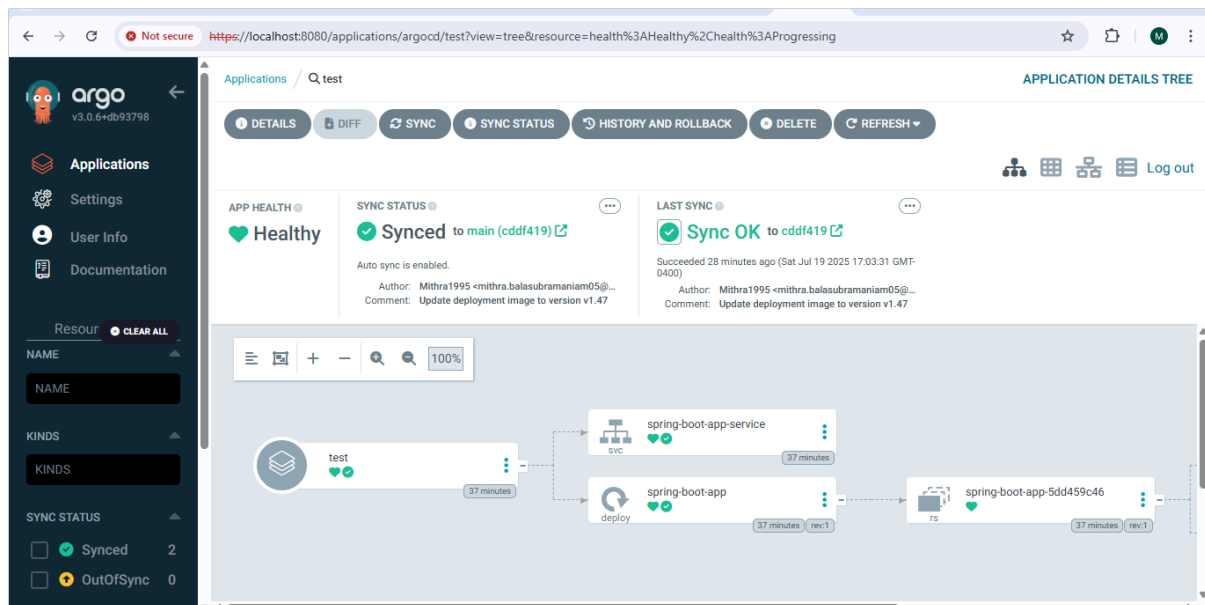
Step 12: Open the argocd app and create the application with github page , once the health status is synced



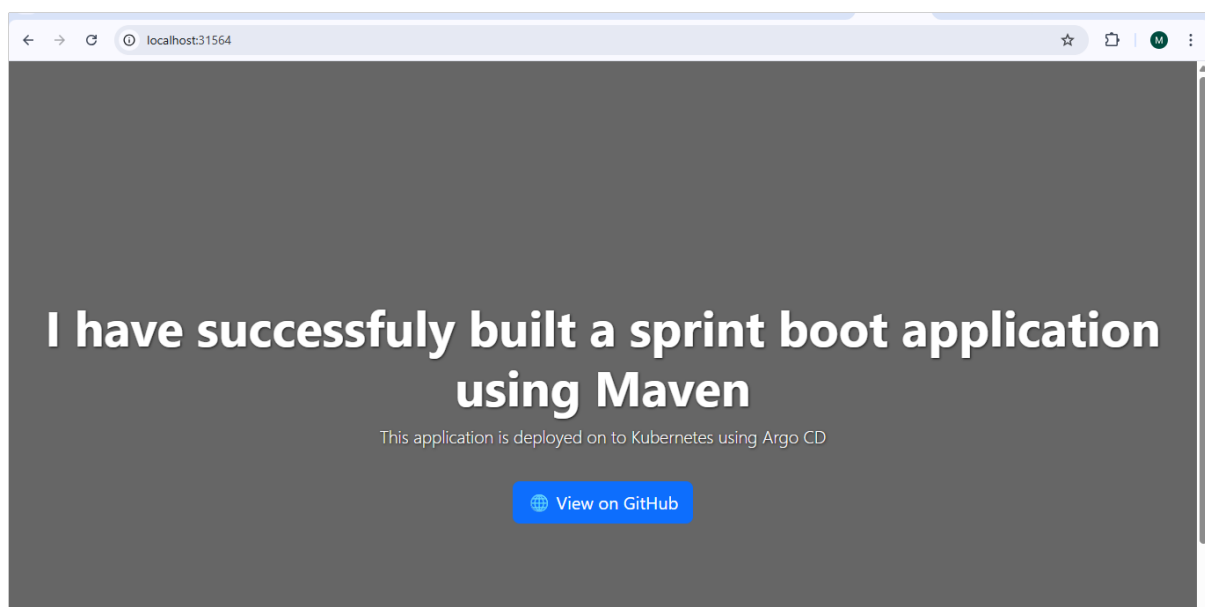
Step 13: Pods are created

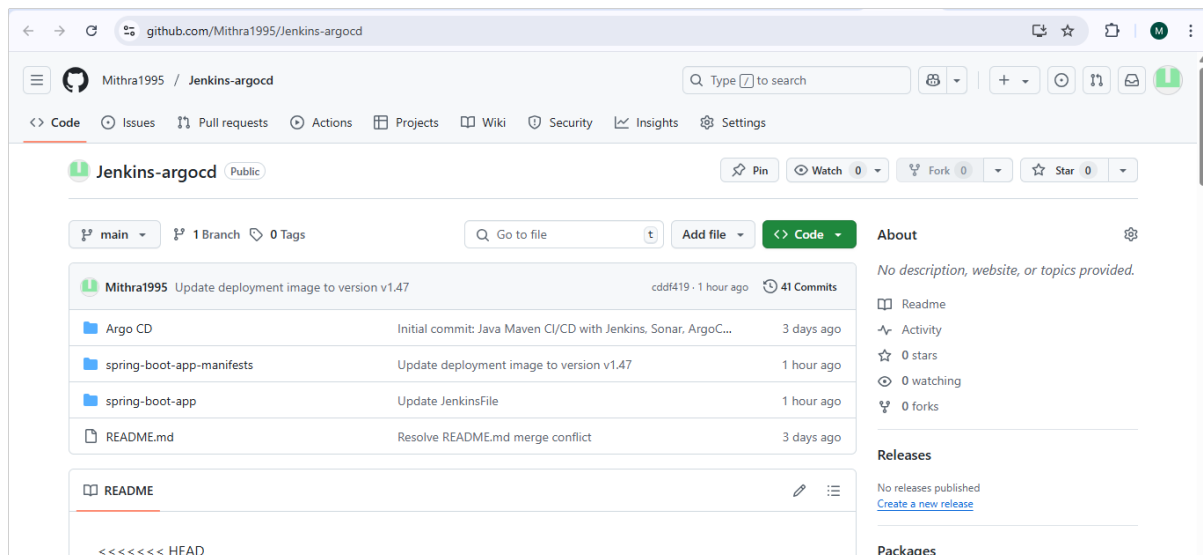
```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-33-21:~$ kubectl get pods
NAME                                READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
spring-boot-app-5dd459c46-49tx8     1/1     Running   0           11m
spring-boot-app-5dd459c46-b695v     1/1     Running   0           11m
ubuntu@ip-172-31-33-21:~$
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-33-21:~$ kubectl get pods -n argocd
NAME                                READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
argocd-application-controller-0     1/1     Running   0           50m
argocd-applicationset-controller-655cc58ff8-kfm8z  1/1     Running   0           50m
argocd-dex-server-7d9dfb4fb8-vpd2v  1/1     Running   1 (50m ago)  50m
argocd-notifications-controller-6c6848bc4c-nrc9w  1/1     Running   0           50m
argocd-redis-656c79549c-7rjmj       1/1     Running   0           50m
argocd-repo-server-856b768fd9-6zggn  1/1     Running   0           50m
argocd-server-99c485944-8rc4r       1/1     Running   0           50m
ubuntu@ip-172-31-33-21:~$
```

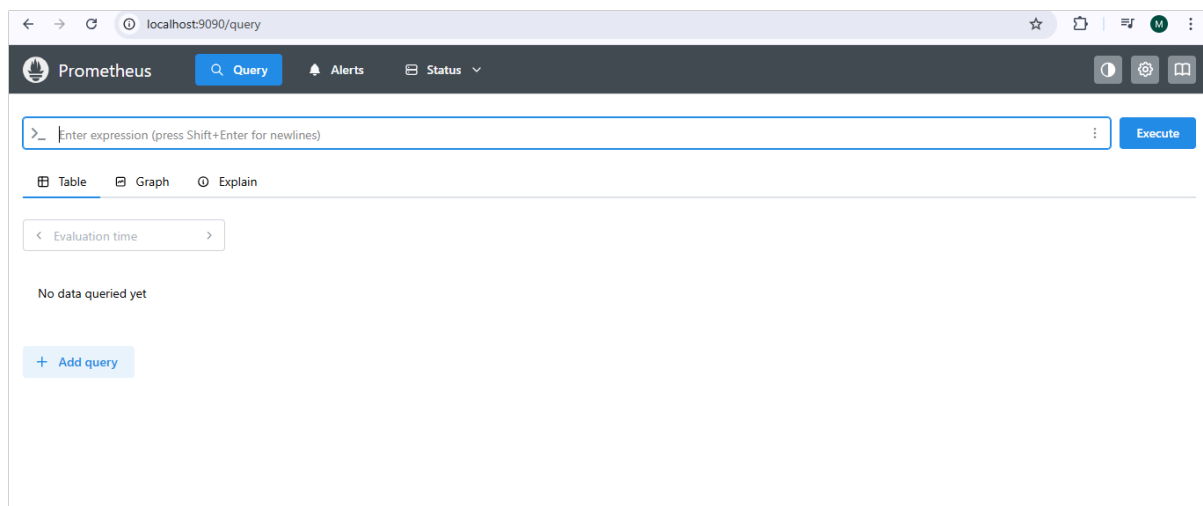


Step 14: check the nodeport ip with 31564 port number





## Step 15: Install Prometheus for monitoring



## Step 16: Install Grafana for dashboard for metrics collections

