ut of lestion Write a program to read two integer values and print true if both the numbers end with the same digit, otherwise print false. Example: If 698 and 768 are given, program should print true as they both end with 8. Sample Input 1 25 53 Sample Output 1 false Sample Input 2 27 77 Sample Output 2 true

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  vint main(){
3    int a,b,c,d;
4    scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);
5    c=a%10;
6    d=b%10;
7    if(c==d){ printf("true");}
8    else{ printf("false");}
9
10 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	25 53	false	false	~
~	27 77	true	true	~

```
#include <stdio.h>
    int main(){
 3
         int n;
 4
5 ▼
         scanf("%d",&n);
         if (n\%2!=0){
 6
             printf("Weird");}
         if(n\%2==0 \&\& n>=2\&\&n<=5){printf("Not)}
 8
         if (n\%2==0 \&\& n>=6 \&\&n<=20){printf("W)}
         if(n\%2==0 && n>20){printf("Not Weird"
 9
10
11
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3	Weird	Weird	~
~	24	Not Weird	Not Weird	/

squares of two numbers is equal to the square of the third. For example, 3, 5 and 4 form a Pythagorean triple, since 3*3 + 4*4 = 25 = 5*5 You are given three integers, a, b, and c. They need not be given in increasing order. If they form a Pythagorean triple, then print "yes", otherwise, print "no". Please note that the output message is in small letters. Sample Input 1 3 5 4 Sample Output 1 yes Sample Input 2 5 8 2 Sample Output 2 no

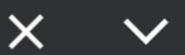
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int a,b,c;
    scanf("%d %d %d",&a,&b,&c);
    if (a*a+b*b==c*c||a*a+c*c==b*b||b*b+c*else{printf("no");}
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3 5 4	yes	yes	~
~	5 8 2	no	no	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Finish review



A

Week-03-02... lakshmicolleges.org





:

The number of sides is not supported.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include <stdio.h>
    int main(){
 3
        int n;
4
        scanf("%d",&n);
5 ₹
        if (n==3){
6
            printf("Triangle");}
7
        else if (n==4){ printf("Quadrilateral
 8
        else if(n==5){printf("Pentagon");}
 9
        else if(n==6){printf("Hexagon");}
10
        else if (n==7){printf("Heptagon");}
11
    else if (n==8){printf("Octagon");}
        else if (n==9){printf("Nonagon");}
12
        else if(n==10){printf("Decagon");}
13
14 ▼
        else{
15
            printf("The number of sides is no
16
17
18
    }
```

	Got				
	Triangle	~			
	Heptagon	~			
rted.	The number of sides is not supported.	~			
Passe	Passed all tests! ✓				

The Chinese zodiac assigns animals to years in a 12-year cycle. One 12-year cycle is shown in the table below. The pattern repeats from there, with 2012 being another year of the Dragon, and 1999 being another year of the Hare.

```
#include <stdio.h>
    int main(){
        int n;
        scanf("%d",&n);
        if(n\%12==0){
 6
            printf("Monkey");}
        else if (n%12==1){printf("Rooster");}
        else if (n%12==2){printf("Dog");}
 8
        else if(n%12==3){printf("Pig");}
        else if (n%12==4){printf("Rat");}
10
        else if (n%12==5){printf("0x");}
11
                else if(n%12==6){printf("Tige
12
        else if (n%12==7){printf("Hare");}
13
        else if(n%12==8){printf("Dragon");}
14
        else if(n%12==9){printf("Snake");}
        else if (n%12==10){printf("Horse");}
16
        else if (n%12==11){printf("Sheep");}
17
18
19
20
21
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	2004	Monkey	Monkey	~
~	2010	Tiger	Tiger	~

```
#include <stdio.h>
    int main(){
        char p;
        int n;
        scanf("%c %d",&p,&n);
 6
        int pn=p-'a'+1;
        int bc=pn%2==1;
 8
        int er=(n\%2==0);
 9 •
        if((bc&&er)||(!bc&&!er)){
            printf("The square is white.");
10
11
12
        else{printf("The square is black.");}
13
```

	Input	Expected	Got
~	a 1	The square is black.	The square is bl
~	d 5	The square is white.	The square is wh

```
de <stdio.h>
 2 vin(){ int day, month, year;
3 | ysinmonth[]={31,28,31,30,31,30,31,31,31,30,31
 4 yofyear=0;
 5 "%d\n%d\n%d",&day,&month,&year);
 6 = ar\%4 = = 0 \&\& year\%100! = 0) | (year\%400 = = 0)){
   ysinmonth[1]=29;}
8 \cdot nt i=0 ; i< month-1 ; i++){
   yofyear+=daysinmonth[i];
   year+=day;
10
11 ("%d", dayofyear);
12 0;
13
```

Input	Expected	Got	
18 6 2020	170	170	

```
#include<stdio.h>
 2 vint main(){
        char sh;
        int side1, side2,area;
        scanf("%c",&sh);
        scanf("%d\n%d",&side1,&side2);
        if(sh=='R'){area=side1*side2;}
        else if(sh=='S'){area=(side1*side2)/2
        else if(sh=='T'){area=side1*side2;}
        else{area = 0;}
10
        printf("%d",area);
11
12
        return 0;
13
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
	T 10 20	200	200	
	S 30 40	600	600	
	B 2 11	0	0	
~	R 10 30	300	300	
	S 40 50	1000	1000	

```
#include <stdio.h>
 2 √ int main(){int n;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    int day=n%296;
    day = (day %10)+1;
 6
    switch(day){
        case 1:printf("Sunday");break;
 8
 9
        case 2:printf("Monday");break;
        case 3:printf("Tuesday");break;
10
        case 4:printf("Wednesday");break;
11
        case 5:printf("Thursday");break;
12
13
        case 6:printf("Friday");break;
        case 7:printf("Saturday");break;
14
        case 8:printf("Kryptonday");break;
15
        case 9:printf("Coluday");break;
        case 10:printf("Daxamday");break;}
17
18
        return 0;
19
20
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	7	Kryptonday	Kryptonday	~
~	1	Monday	Monday	~