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# **LAB PROGRAM 2**

1. Explore assignment operator

```
In [2]:
a <- 5
а
5
In [3]:
b = 5
b
5
In [6]:
3 -> c
C
3
In [7]:
d <<- 4
d
4
In [9]:
4 ->> e
e
4
```

2.Create vectors using c(), seq(), rep(), colon operator.

```
In [17]:
vec \leftarrow c(1,2,3)
vec
1 2 3
In [19]:
vec1 \leftarrow seq(1,10,2)
vec1
1 · 3 · 5 · 7 · 9
In [21]:
vec2 <- rep(1,5)</pre>
vec2
1 1 1 1 1 1
In [27]:
vec3 <- c(1:10)
vec3
 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 \cdot 8 \cdot 9 \cdot 10
3. Create different matrices using matrix() operator and explore its rows, columns, and
diagonals.
In [47]:
mat_r <- matrix(data=c(1:9),nrow=3)</pre>
mat_r
A matrix:
3 \times 3 of
type int
 1 4 7
 2 5 8
 3 6 9
In [48]:
mat_r[1,1:3]
                      # printing the first row elements
```

1 4 7

```
In [53]:
mat_c <- matrix(data=c(1:9),nrow=3, byrow=T)</pre>
mat_c
A matrix:
3 \times 3 of
type int
 1 2 3
 4 5 6
 7 8 9
In [50]:
mat_c[1:3,1] # printing the first column elements
1 4 7
In [54]:
diag(mat_c)
                 # printing the diagonal elements
1 5 9
4. Perform different basic operation of matrices on above created matrices.
In [59]:
# previously created matrices
print(mat_r)
print(mat_c)
     [,1] [,2] [,3]
[1,]
        1
             4
[2,]
        2
              5
                   8
```

[3,]

[1,]

[2,]

[3,]

3

1

4

7

6

5

8

[,1] [,2] [,3]

9

6

9

```
In [58]:
```

```
# matirx addition
mat_r + mat_c
A matrix: 3 × 3
of type int
 2 6 10
 6 10 14
 10 14 18
In [60]:
# matirx subtraction
mat_r - mat_c
A matrix: 3
× 3 of type
int
 0
    2 4
 -2 0 2
 -4 -2 0
In [61]:
# matirx hadamard multiplication
mat_r * mat_c
A matrix: 3 × 3
of type int
  1 8 21
 8 25 48
 21 48 81
In [62]:
# matirx true multiplication
mat_r %*% mat_c
A matrix: 3 × 3 of
type dbl
 66
     78
          90
 78
     93 108
 90 108 126
```

```
In [64]:
```

```
# scalar multiplication
(1/5) * mat_r
```

```
A matrix: 3 × 3
of type dbl
0.2 0.8 1.4
0.4 1.0 1.6
0.6 1.2 1.8
```

### 5. Create single and multidimensional arrays with array() command.

### In [65]:

```
# single dimesnional array
arr <- array(1:10)
arr
```

```
1 · 2 · 3 · 4 · 5 · 6 · 7 · 8 · 9 · 10
```

### In [70]:

```
# multi dimesnional array

arr_md= array(data=1:3, dim= c(2,4))

arr_md
```

```
A matrix: 2 × 4 of type int

1 3 2 1
2 1 3 2
```

6. Explore length(), dim(), ncol(), nrow() operators on above matrices and arrays.

## In [82]:

```
print(mat_r) # previously created matrix
print(arr_md) # previously created array
```

```
[,1] [,2] [,3]
[1,]
        1
             4
             5
[2,]
        2
[3,]
        3
             6
                   9
     [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
[1,]
                   2
        1
             3
[2,]
        2
             1
                   3
                        2
```

```
In [83]:
# Length
print(length(mat_r))
print(length(arr_md))
[1] 9
[1] 8
In [84]:
# dimensions
print(dim(mat_r))
print(dim(arr_md))
[1] 3 3
[1] 2 4
In [85]:
# ncol() and nrow()
print(ncol(mat_r))
print(nrow(arr_md))
[1] 3
[1] 2
7. Explore commands for Selecting and extracting elements from above matrices and arrays.
In [86]:
print(mat_r)
               # previously created matrix
print(arr_md) # previously created array
     [,1] [,2] [,3]
[1,]
        1
             4
                  7
        2
             5
                  8
[2,]
[3,]
        3
             6
     [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
            3
                  2
[1,]
        1
[2,]
        2
             1
                  3
In [87]:
# selecting element 5 from matrix
mat_r[2,2]
5
In [89]:
# selecting element 3 from 1st row from array
arr_md[1,2]
```

```
In [91]:
# extracting 1st row of the matrix
mat_r[1,1:3]
1 4 7
In [98]:
# extracting 1st row of the array
arr_md[1,]
1 3 2 1
8. Explore logical operators from R programming language.
In [117]:
vec1 <- c(T,F,T,F)</pre>
vec2 <- c(F,F,T,T)</pre>
print(vec1)
print(vec2)
[1] TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE
[1] FALSE FALSE TRUE TRUE
In [118]:
# & operation
vec1 & vec2
FALSE FALSE TRUE FALSE
In [119]:
# | operation
vec1 vec2
TRUE FALSE TRUE TRUE
In [115]:
# && operation
vec1 && vec2
FALSE
In [120]:
# || operation
vec1 | vec2
TRUE
```

# In [121]:

```
# not operation
!vec1
```

FALSE TRUE FALSE TRUE



## 9. Remove elements from selected positions from a considered matrix.

# In [132]:

```
print(mat_c) # old matrix created
```

```
[,1] [,2] [,3]
[1,] 1 2 3
[2,] 4 5 6
[3,] 7 8 9
```

## In [135]:

```
# removing element 2
mat_c[-4] # -4 because 2 is at 4th position on matrix
```

```
1\cdot \ 4\cdot \ 7\cdot \ 5\cdot \ 8\cdot \ 3\cdot \ 6\cdot \ 9
```

## In [141]:

```
# removing first 2 elements
mat_c[-1:-2]
```

```
7\cdot \ 2\cdot \ 5\cdot \ 8\cdot \ 3\cdot \ 6\cdot \ 9
```