

$$1 < \log \log n < \log n < n^{1/3} < n^{1/2} < n < n^2 < n^3 < n^4 < 2^n < n^n$$

Big O Notation – upper/exact bound

Theta Notation – exact bound

Omega Notation – lower/exact bound

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i = i + c) {
    //  $\theta(1)$  work
}
 $\theta(n)$ 
```

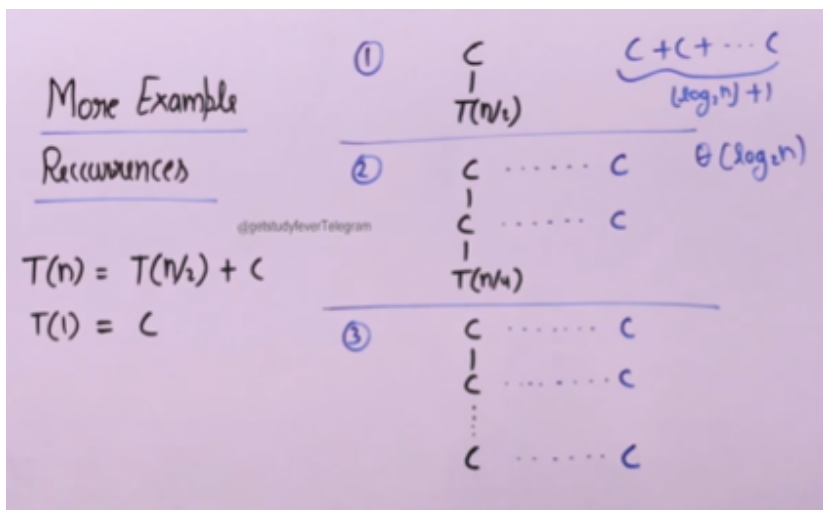
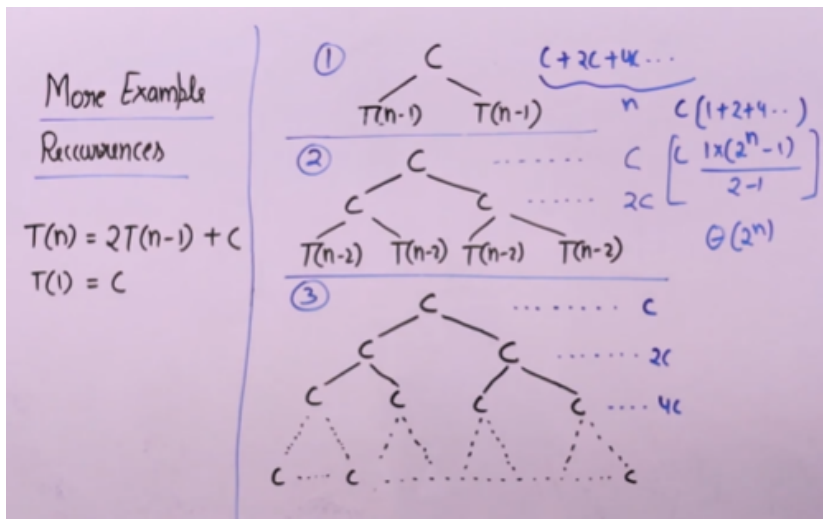
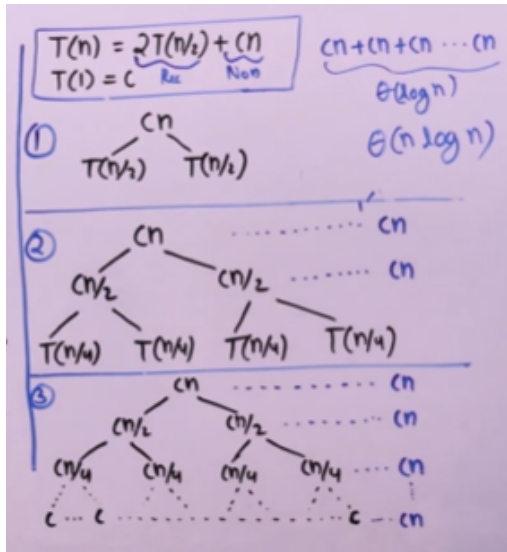
```
for (int i = n; i > 0; i = i - c) {
    //  $\theta(1)$  work
}
 $\theta(n)$ 
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i = i * c) {
    //  $\theta(1)$  work
}
 $\theta(\log n)$ 
```

```
for (int i = n; i > 0; i = i / c) {
    //  $\theta(1)$  work
}
 $\theta(\log n)$ 
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i = pow(i, c)) {
    //  $\theta(1)$  work
}
 $\theta(\log \log n)$ 
```

```
void fun (int n) {
    if (n <= 0)
        return;
    //  $\theta(1)$  work
    fun (n / 2);
    fun (n / 2);
}
 $T(n) = 2T(n/2) + \theta(1)$ 
 $T(0) = \theta(1)$ 
```



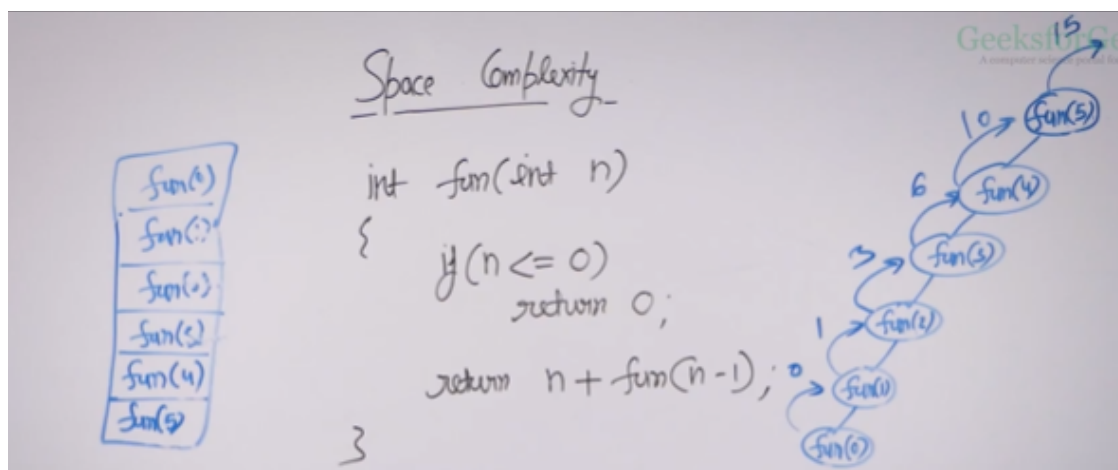
## Space Complexity –

```
int get_sum2 (int n) {  
    int sum = 0;  
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)  
        sum = sum + i;  
    return sum;  
}  
 $\theta(1)$ 
```

```
int arr_sum (int a [], int n) {  
    int sum = 0;  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)  
        sum += a [i];  
    return sum;  
}  
 $\theta(n)$ 
```

Auxiliary Space – measures the order of growth of extra space

```
int arr_sum (int a [], int n) {  
    int sum = 0;  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)  
        sum += a [i];  
    return sum;  
}  
 $\theta(1)$ 
```



$\theta(n)$