L.	Which of the following statements is true regarding subqueries?	1 / 1 point
	Subqueries always process the innermost query first and the work outward.	
	Subqueries always process the outermost query first and the work inward.	
	Subqueries will process whichever query you indicate for them to process first.	
	Correct See the videos on subqueries in the module for more information.	
2.	If you can accomplish the same outcome with a join or a subquery, which one should you always choose?	1 / 1 point
	Joins are usually faster, but subqueries can be more reliable, so it depends on your situation.	
	A subquery because they are always faster	
	Whichever one you understand better and can write faster.	
	A join because they are always faster	
	Correct See the videos on subqueries in the module for more information.	
3.	The following diagram is a depiction of what type of join?	1 / 1 point
	table1 table2	
	Ceft Join	
	Full Outer Join	
	Right Join	
	● Inner Join	
	Correct See the videos entitled, "Inner Joins" and "Advanced Joins" for more information.	
4.	Select which of the following statements are true regarding inner joins. (Select all that apply)	1 / 1 point
	Performance will most likely worsen with the more joins you make	
	✓ Correct See the video entitled, "Inner Joins" for more information.	
	Inner joins retrieve all matching and nonmatching rows from a table	
	Inner joins are one of the most popular types of joins use	
	✓ Correct See the video entitled, "Inner Joins" for more information.	

There is no limit to the number of table you can join with an inner join.

✓ Correct

	See the video entitled, "Inner Joins" for more information.		
5.	Which of the following is true regarding Aliases? (Select all that apply.)	1 / 1 point	
	An alias only exists for the duration of the query.		
	Correct See the video entitled, "Aliases and Self Joins" for more information.		
	SQL aliases are used to give a table, or a column in a table, a temporary name.		
	✓ Correct See the video entitled, "Aliases and Self Joins" for more information.		
	Aliases are often used to make column names more readable.		
	Correct See the video entitled, "Aliases and Self Joins" for more information.		
6. What is wrong with the following query?			
	<pre>1 SELECT Customers.CustomerName, Orders.OrderID 2 FROM LEFT JOIN ON Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID FROM Orders AND Customers 3 ORDER BY 4 CustomerName; 5</pre>		
	 Column names do not have an alias Should be using an inner join rather than a left join The table name comes after the join condition 		
	Correct See the videos entitled, "Inner Joins" and "Advanced Joins" for more information.		
7.	What is the difference between a left join and a right join?	1 / 1 point	
	The only difference between a left and right join is the order in which the tables are relating.		
	A left join always is used before a right join in a query statement		
	There is actually no difference between a left and a right join.		
	A right join is always used before a full outer join, whereas a left join is always used after a full outer join		
	Correct See the video entitled, "Advanced Joins: Left, Right, and Full Outer Joins" for more information.		

8. If you perform a cartesian join on a table with 10 rows and a table with 20 rows, how many rows will there be in the output table?

1 / 1 point