

# **LDTS 2022/2023**

**Rui Maranhão**

# Today

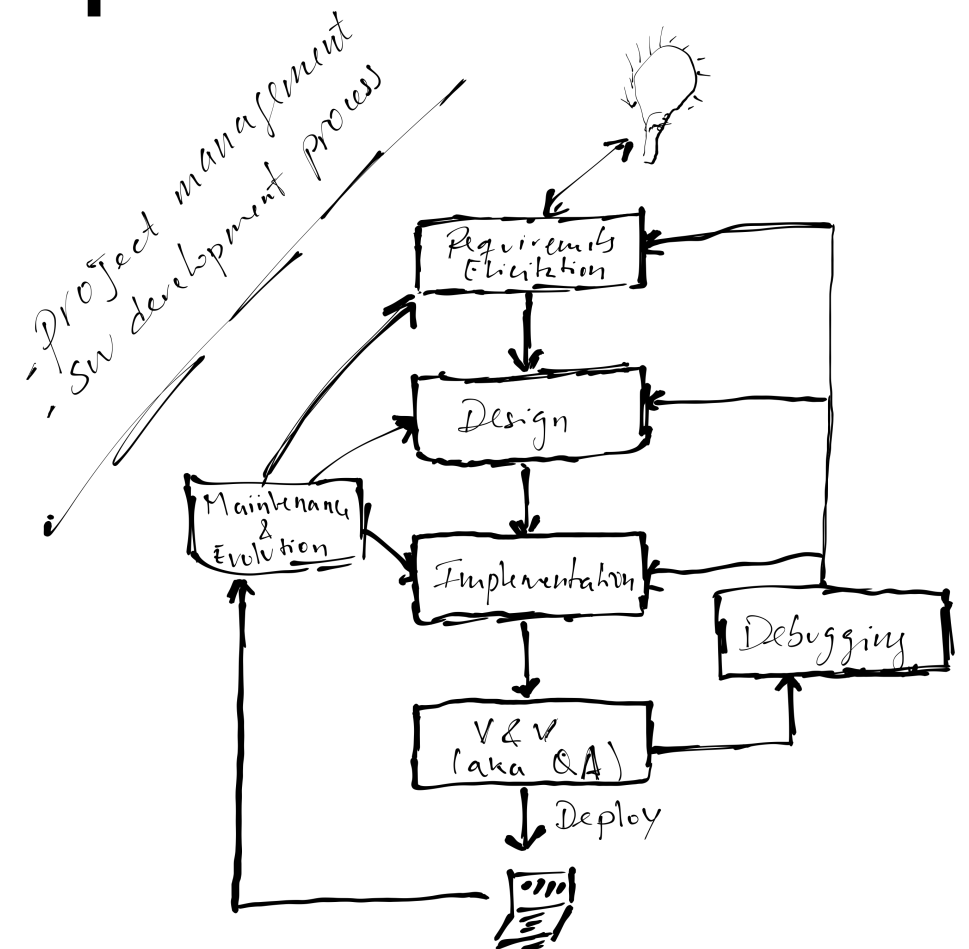
- Verification and Validation
  - Reviews and Inspections
- Software Testing
  - Coverage
    - Statement, branch, and path coverage
    - Equivalence partitioning
    - Boundary analysis

# Reviews and Inspections

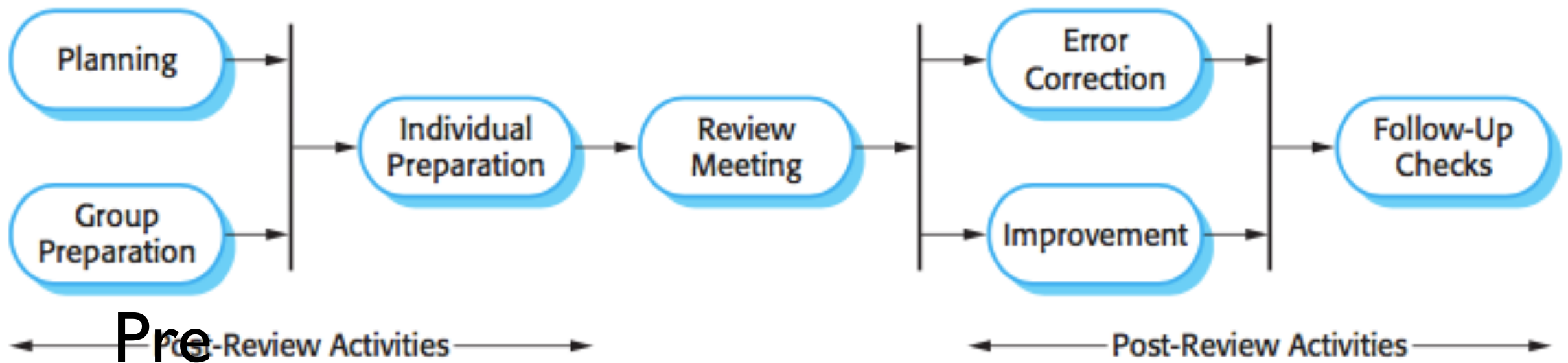
<https://google.github.io/styleguide/javaguide.html>

# Review the quality of the description

conformance with standards  
consistency and completeness



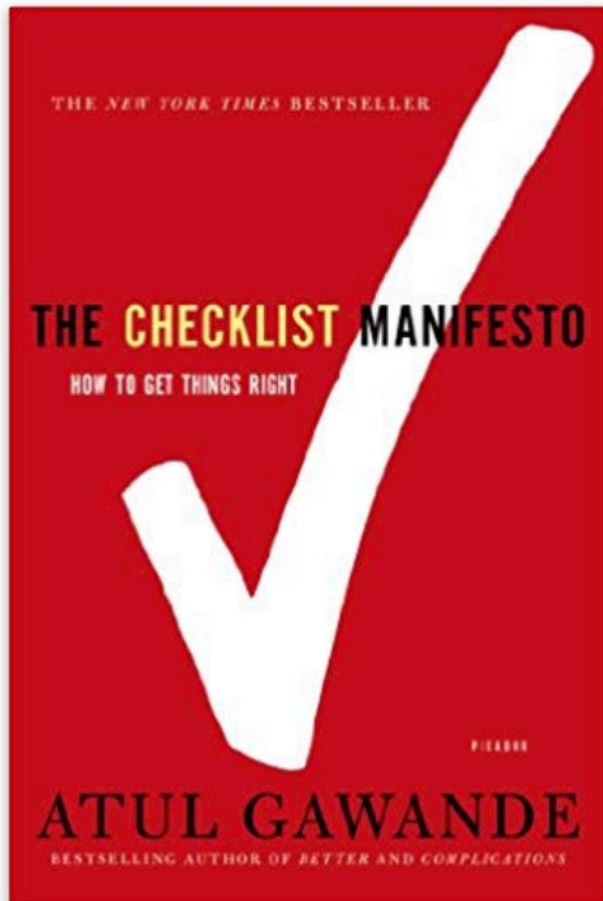
# The review process



Code inspections  
use a checklist of  
common errors

are all input variables used...

Look inside ↓



## The Checklist Manifesto: How to Get Things Right Paperback – January 4, 2011

by [Atul Gawande](#) (Author)

★★★★★ 1,410 customer reviews

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In his latest bestseller, Atul Gawande shows what the simple idea of the checklist reveals about the complexity of our lives and how we can deal with it.

The modern world has given us stupendous know-how. Yet avoidable failures continue to plague us in

<http://atulgawande.com/book/the-checklist-manifesto/>

Fault class	Inspection check
Data faults	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Are all program variables initialized before their values are used?</li> <li>• Have all constants been named?</li> <li>• Should the upper bound of arrays be equal to the size of the array or Size -1?</li> <li>• If character strings are used, is a delimiter explicitly assigned?</li> <li>• Is there any possibility of buffer overflow?</li> </ul>
Control faults	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For each conditional statement, is the condition correct?</li> <li>• Is each loop certain to terminate?</li> <li>• Are compound statements correctly bracketed?</li> <li>• In case statements, are all possible cases accounted for?</li> <li>• If a break is required after each case in case statements, has it been included?</li> </ul>
Input/output faults	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Are all input variables used?</li> <li>• Are all output variables assigned a value before they are output?</li> <li>• Can unexpected inputs cause corruption?</li> </ul>
Interface faults	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Do all function and method calls have the correct number of parameters?</li> <li>• Do formal and actual parameter types match?</li> <li>• Are the parameters in the right order?</li> <li>• If components access shared memory, do they have the same model of the shared memory structure?</li> </ul>
Storage management faults	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If a linked structure is modified, have all links been correctly reassigned?</li> <li>• If dynamic storage is used, has space been allocated correctly?</li> <li>• Is space explicitly deallocated after it is no longer required?</li> </ul>
Exception management faults	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Have all possible error conditions been taken into account?</li> </ul>



Detect >60% errors

(Fagan, 86)

# Use static analysis tools while coding

<https://github.com/google/error-prone>  
<https://fbinfer.com/>

IntelliJ plugin: SonarQube, SonarLint

# Testing

Who is involved in  
testing ?

- Developers
- QA engineers
- Customers

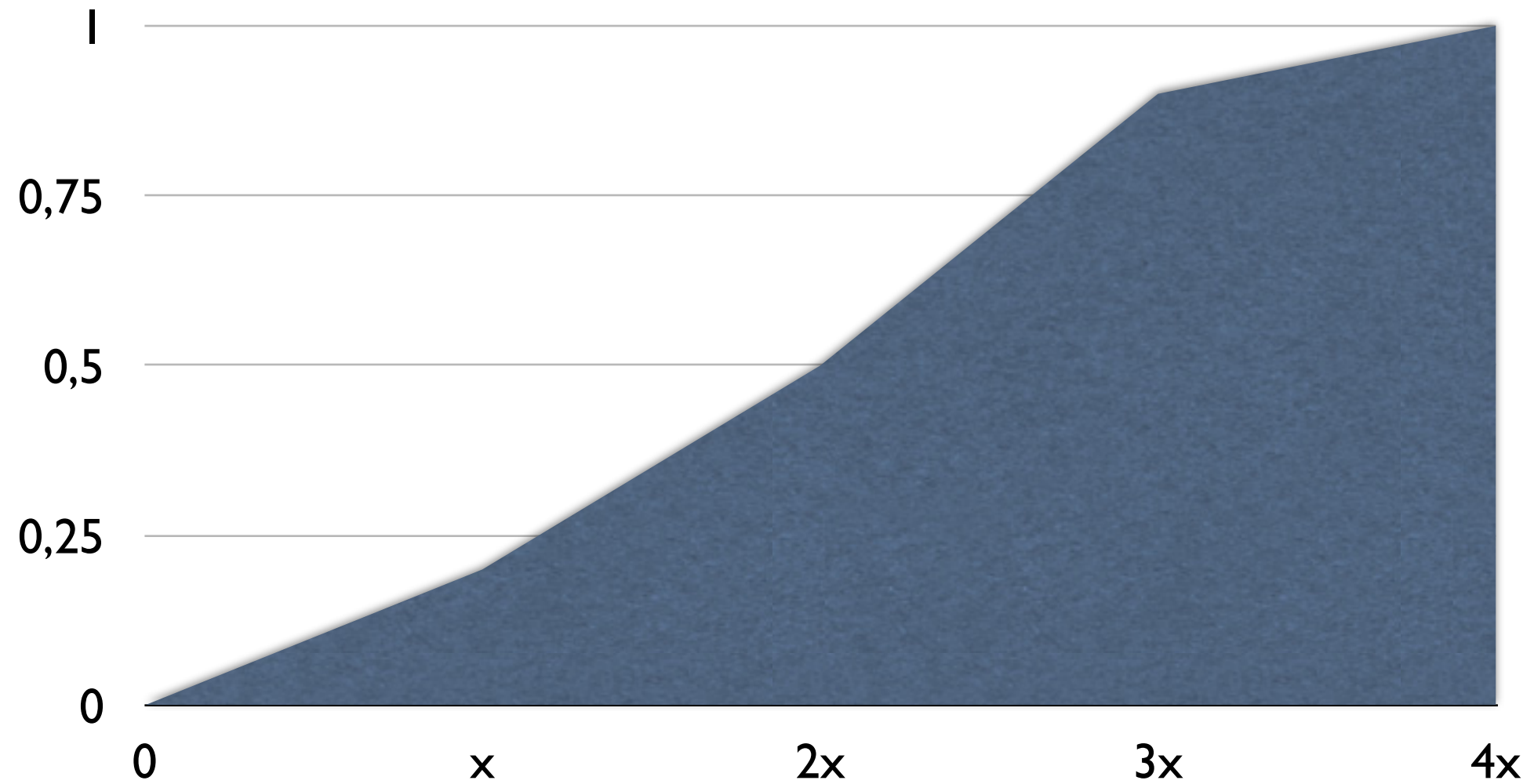
Advantages  
and  
Disadvantages ?

When to stop testing ?

When is “enough”,  
enough ?



probability  
of the  
existence of  
additional  
faults



number of  
faults  
found to  
date

Fault injection

$$\frac{\text{Detected injected faults}}{\text{Total injected faults}}$$

When time runs out...

Determine the  
extent of testing

# Test strategies

Test against a  
specification

Operation: pop(stack)



Pre-condition: stack  
is not empty

which are the  
test cases?

# Black box testing

Operation: pop(stack)

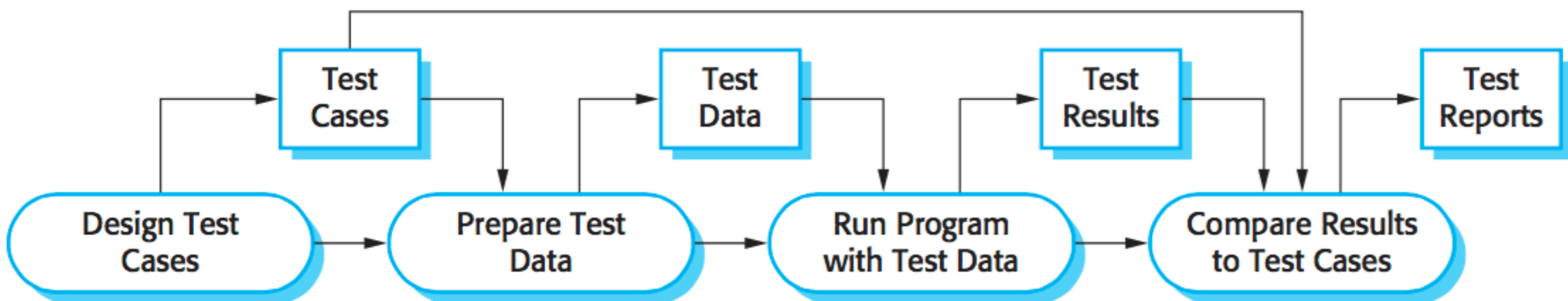
Implementation:  
stack is implemented  
by a set of ordered  
arrays, 1000  
elements each

which are the  
test cases?

Test against a design  
or implementation

# White box testing

# Software testing process





Can we automate it?

# JUnit/Spock

part of it

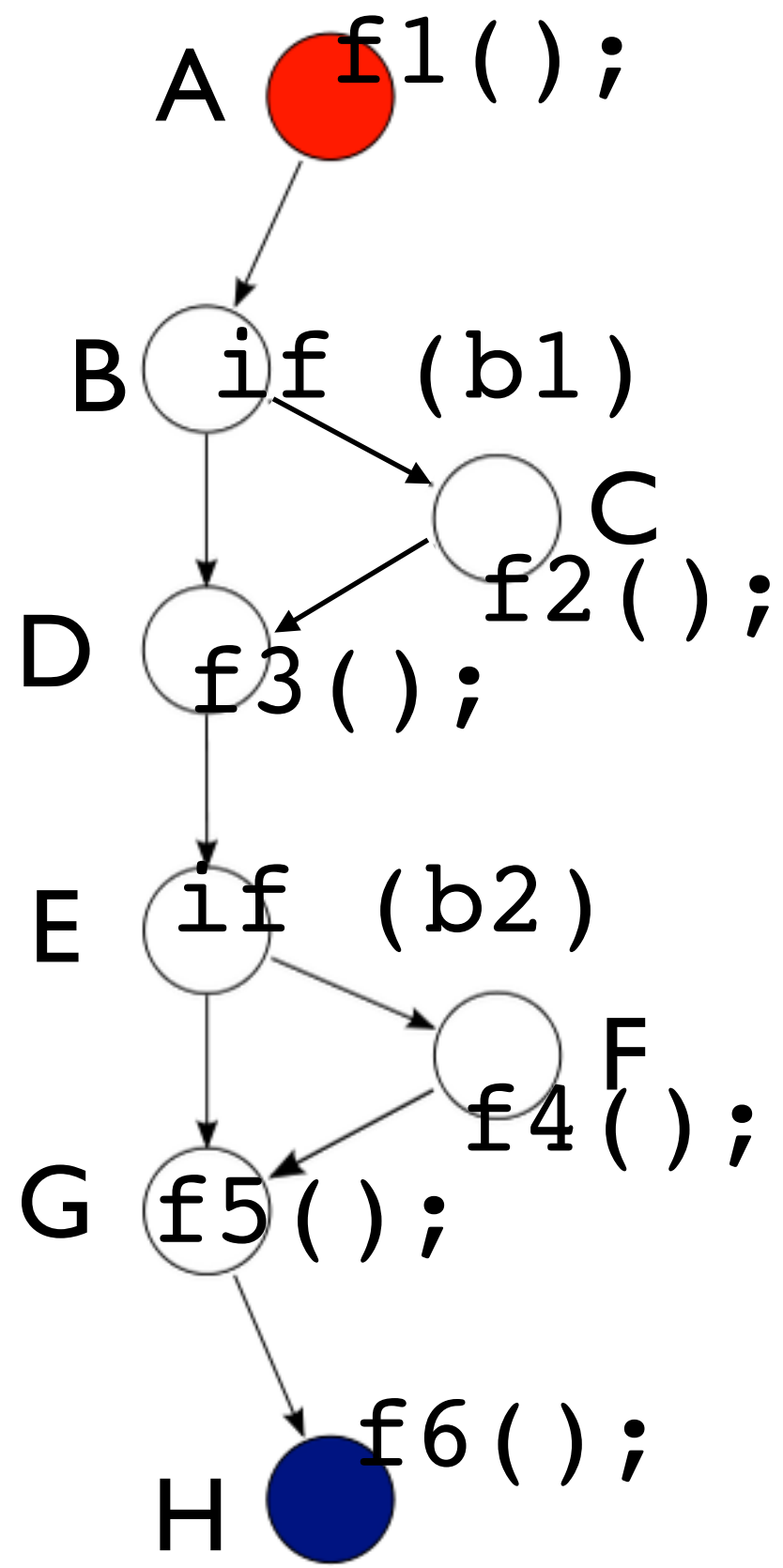
Test coverage

- white box testing
  - statement coverage
  - branch coverage
  - path coverage
- black box testing
  - equivalence partitioning
  - boundary value analysis

# White-box Coverage

Code-aware

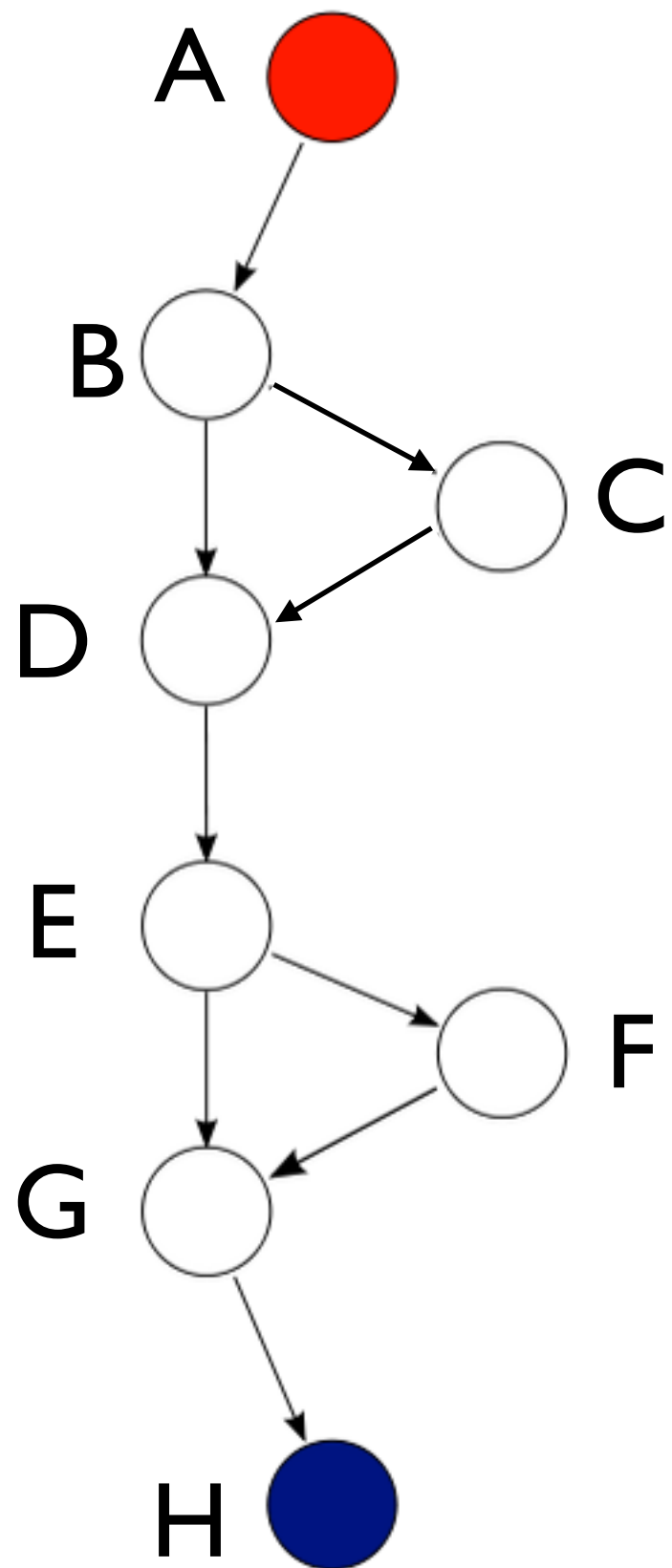
```
f1();  
if (b1)  
    f2();  
f3();  
if (b2)  
    f4();  
f5();  
f6();
```





# Statement Coverage

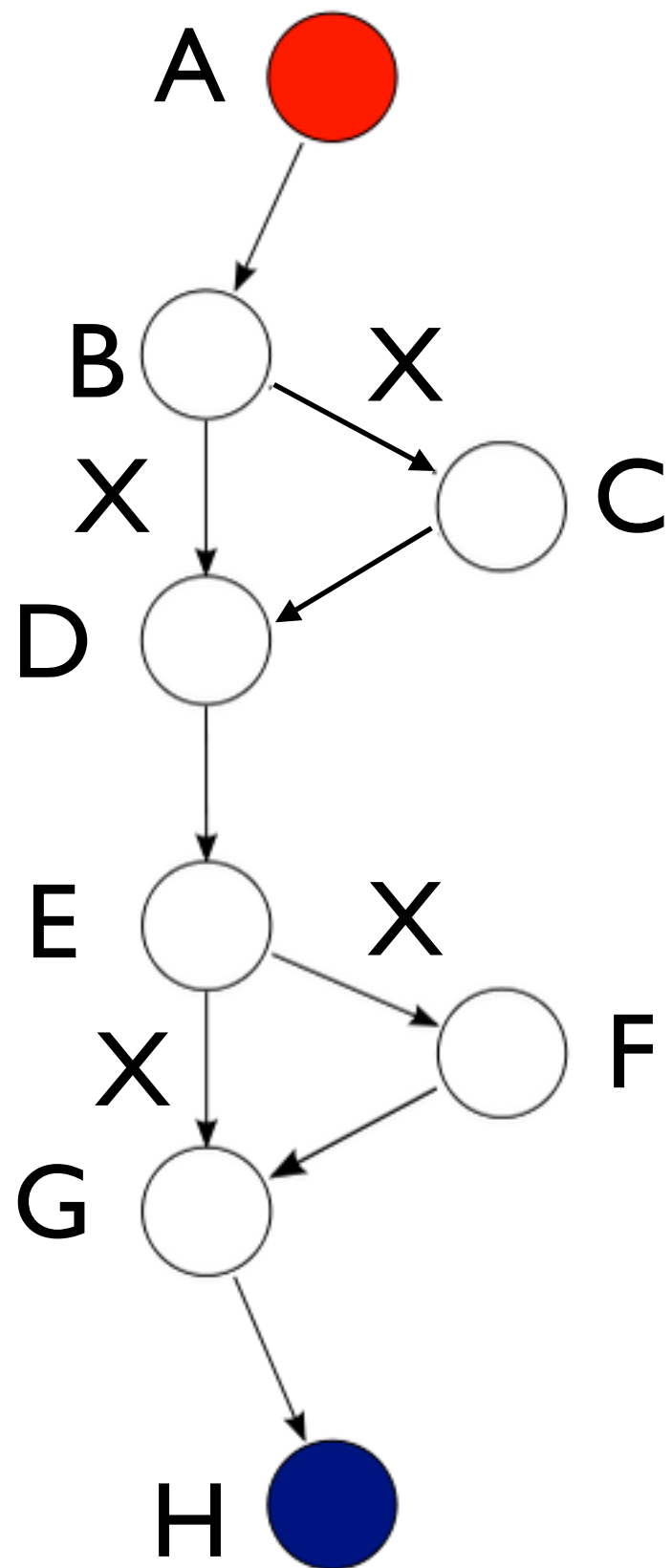
**statements are executed at least once**



A B C D E F G H

# Branch Coverage

every condition is evaluated to true and false



A B C D E F G H

A B D E G H

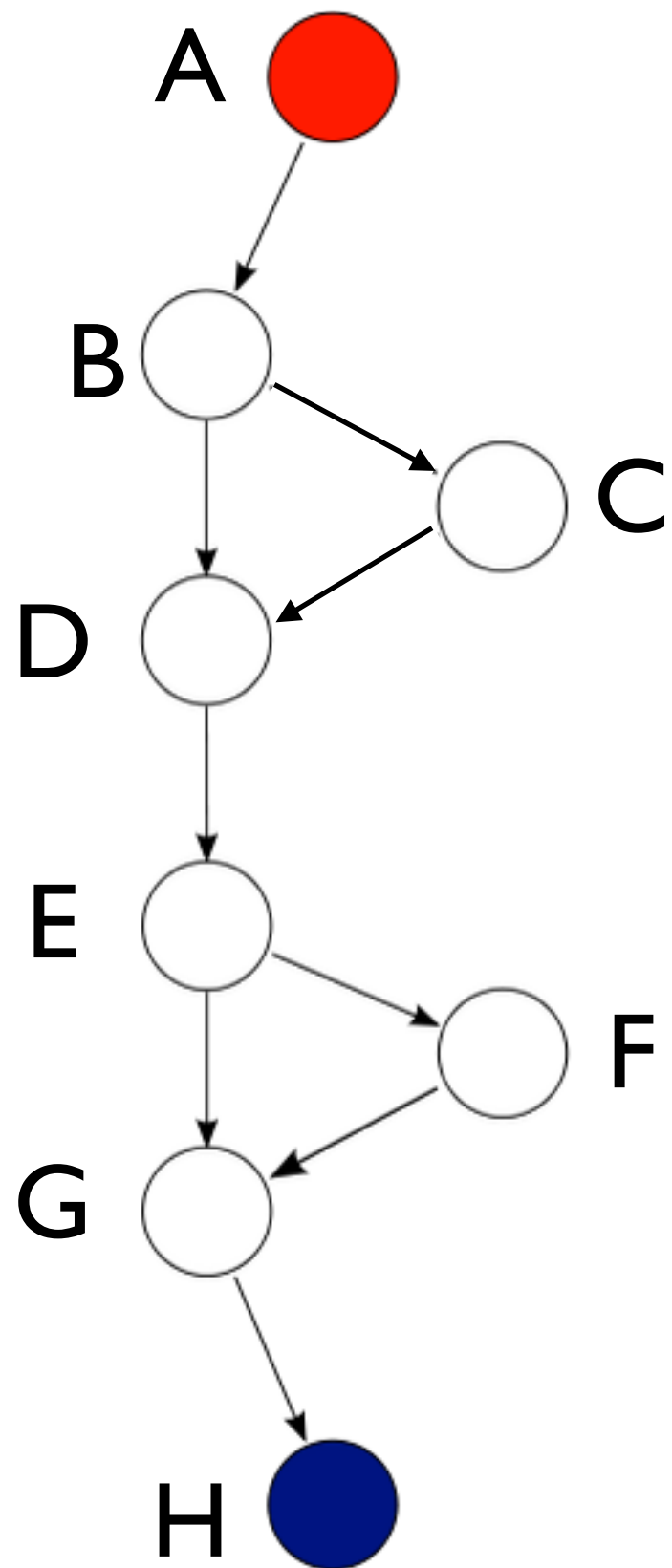
# Path Coverage

every independent path is executed

an independent program path is one  
that traverses at least one new edge in the flow graph

Iterative in the construction of paths:

- set all decisions to true
- set first decision to false
- set next decision to false
- stop when last decision is set to false



(all true)

A B C D E F G H

(first false)

A B D E F G H

(second false)

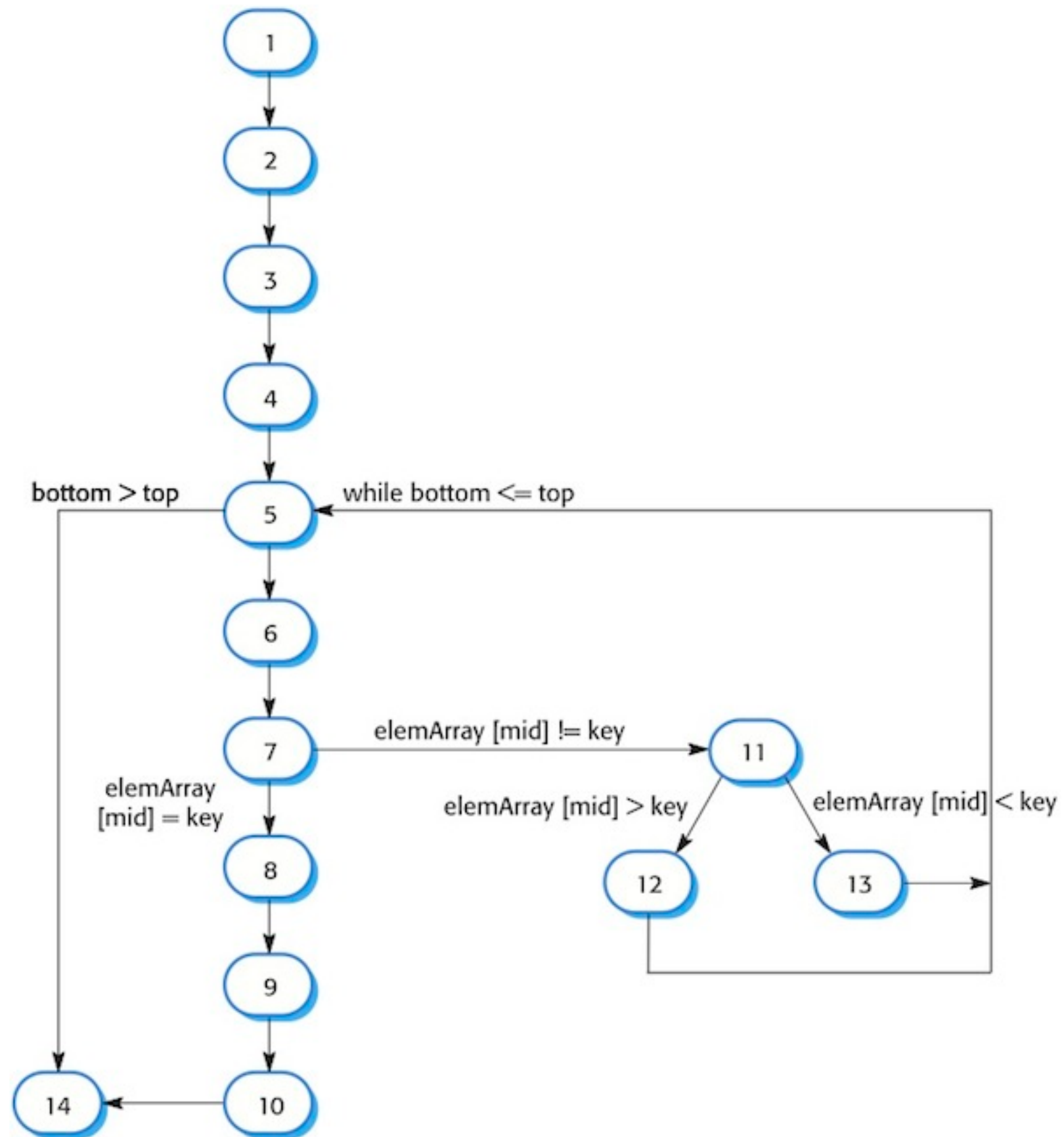
A B C D E G H

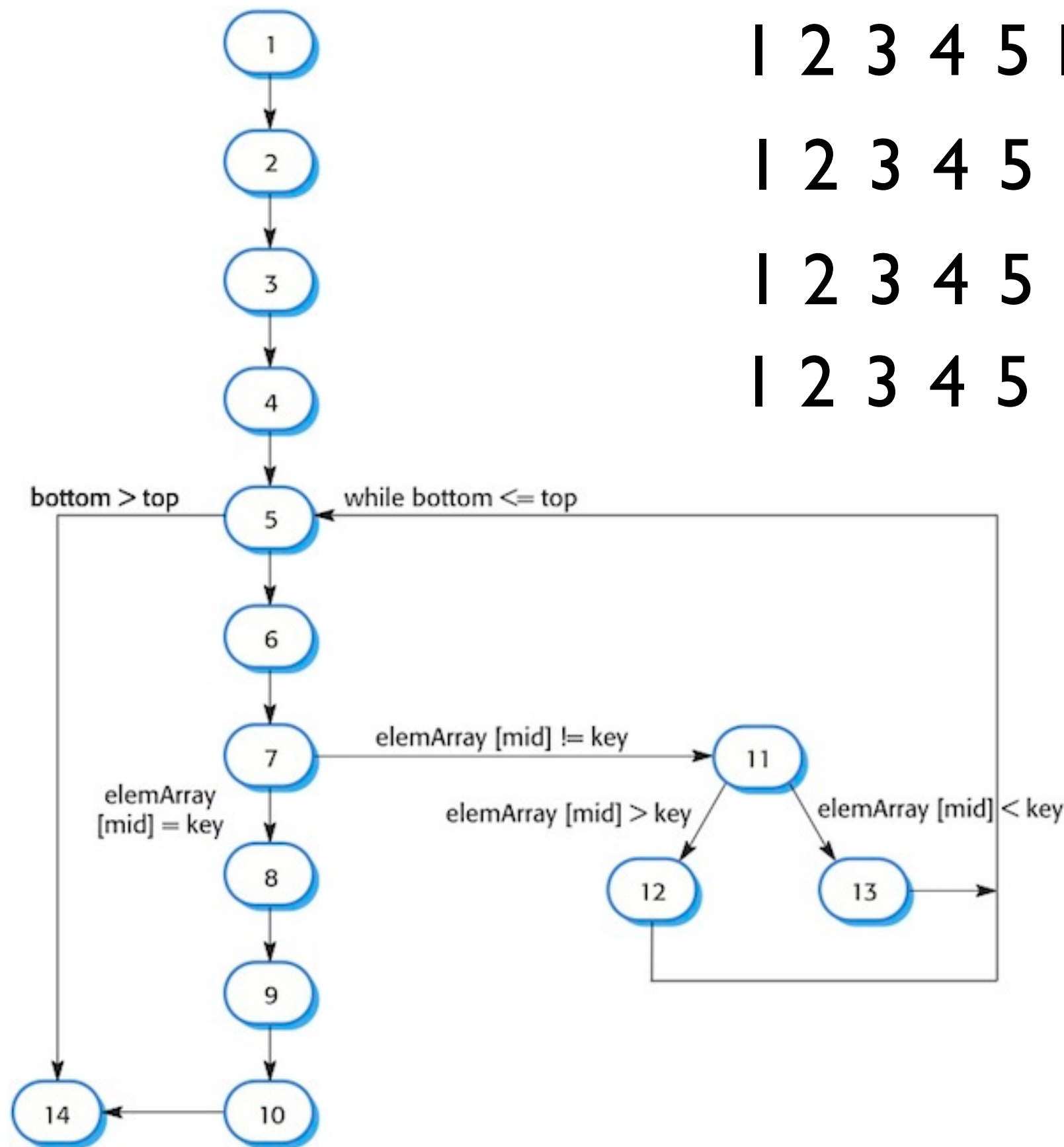
# Cyclomatic Complexity

number of independent paths

number of decisions + 1







1 2 3 4 5 14

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 11 12 5...

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 11 13 5...

# Condition Coverage

if a and b then ...

decision vs condition

Jacoco / codecov

```

public void processBooking() {
    if (this.cancelled) {
        return;
    }

    try {
        this.references.addAll(HotelInterface.bulkBooking(this.number, this.arrival, this.departure));
        this.numberOfHotelExceptions = 0;
        this.numberOfRemoteErrors = 0;
        return;
    } catch (HotelException he) {
        this.numberOfHotelExceptions++;
        if (this.numberOfHotelExceptions == MAX_HOTEL_EXCEPTIONS) {
            this.cancelled = true;
        }
        this.numberOfRemoteErrors = 0;
        return;
    } catch (RemoteAccessException rae) {
        this.numberOfRemoteErrors++;
        if (this.numberOfRemoteErrors == MAX_REMOTE_ERRORS) {
            this.cancelled = true;
        }
        this.numberOfHotelExceptions = 0;
        return;
    }
}

```

EclEmma plugin, <http://www.eclemma.org>

```
<!-- Coverage -->  
<version.jacoco.maven.plugin>0.8.2</version.jacoco.maven.plugin>  
<coverage.class.ratio>0.15</coverage.class.ratio>  
<coverage.instruction.ratio>0.15</coverage.instruction.ratio>  
<coverage.method.ratio>0.15</coverage.method.ratio>  
<coverage.branch.ratio>0.15</coverage.branch.ratio>  
<coverage.complexity.ratio>0.15</coverage.complexity.ratio>  
<coverage.line.ratio>0.15</coverage.line.ratio>  
💡 </properties>
```

<http://www.jacoco.org/jacoco/trunk/doc/counters.html>

What should  
be the input values  
for the test cases?

# Black-box Coverage



Consider a method

What is a method  
specification ?

The method  
signature



for instance,  
*daysLate* has  $2^{64}$   
values

Are all  $2^{64}$  values  
semantically different?

There is some  
business logic

**MAX\_FINE\_PERIOD**

$0 \leq \text{daysLate} \leq \text{MAX\_FINE\_PERIOD}$

$\text{daysLate} > \text{MAX\_FINE\_PERIOD}$



We need more than  
the method signature

...from syntax to semantic...

We need a  
specification

```
if (daysLate <= MAX_FINE_PERIOD)
    fine = daysLate * DAILY_FINE
else
    fine = MAX_FINE
```

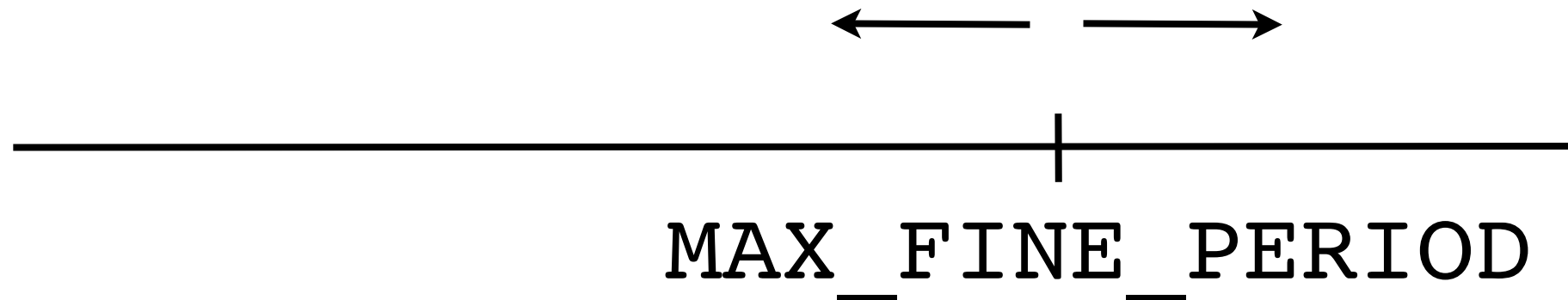
# Equivalence partitioning

non overlapping sets that constitute the complete set of possibilities (partitions)

and

the values in each partition are expected to trigger a similar behavior

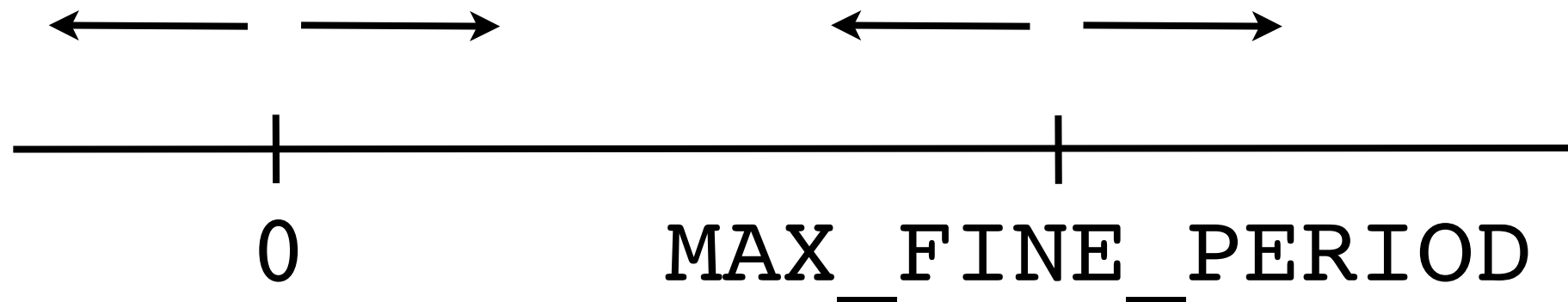
test values for daysLate



What if  
`daysLate` < 0 ?

is it part of the specification?

test values for daysLate





Is it enough to  
test an element per  
equivalence partition?

What can happen in the  
boundaries between  
equivalence partitions?

# Boundary value analysis

# Boundary Value Analysis

- values strictly within each region
- values at region borders
- include illegal regions

$0 \leq \text{daysLate} \leq \text{MAX\_FINE\_PERIOD}$

- within range

- $\text{daysLate} = (\text{MAX\_FINE\_PERIOD} - 0) \div 2$

- on boundary

- $\text{daysLate} = \text{MAX\_FINE\_PERIOD}$

- $\text{daysLate} = \text{MAX\_FINE\_PERIOD} + 1$

- $\text{daysLate} = 0$

- $\text{daysLate} = -1$

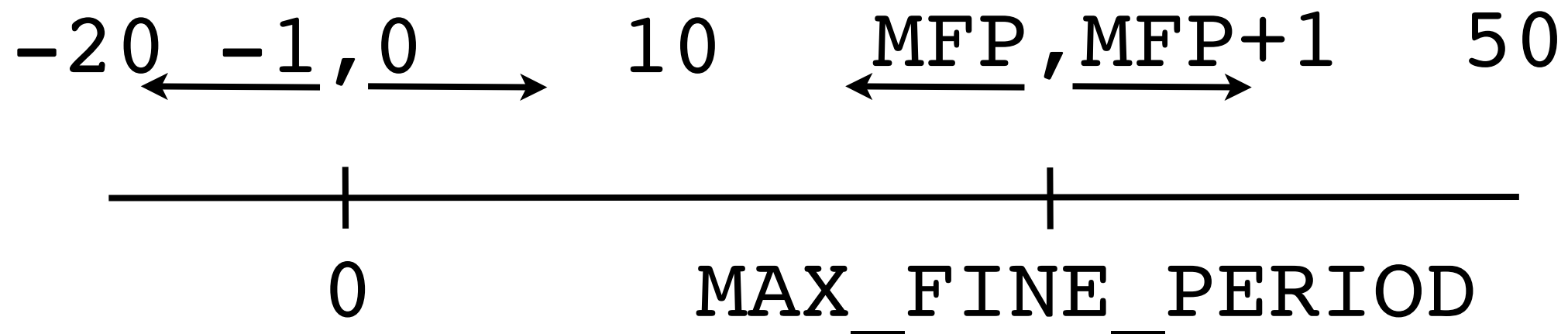
- out of range

- $\text{daysLate} = \text{MAX\_FINE\_PERIOD} + 50$

- $\text{daysLate} = 0 - 20$

note that some authors propose  
approaches which test less cases

test values for daysLate



equivalence partitioning and  
boundary analysis

Jacoco to check coverage

# In the project

more test cases for implementation is  
dependent on which are not covered