## Why is the Amazon important to all of us?

The Amazon is essential to its local inhabitants and also to life all over the planet.

- Amazon trees account for about a quarter of the carbon dioxide absorbed by the earth each year,
  making it a major planetary carbon sink the Amazon trees account for a quarter of carbon dioxide
  absorbed by the land annually. This, however, is changing fast as the Amazon passes its saturation
  point for carbon.
- The Amazon's forests produce massive amounts of oxygen; estimates say that the region generates more than 20% of the earth's oxygen.
- The region's forests **pump 20 billion tons of water into the atmosphere every day.** In Brazil, 70% of water evaporation responsible for precipitation comes from the Amazon.
- The Amazon plays **a critical role in regulating the global climate**, through its absorption of carbon and emission of water.

## What are the biggest threats to the Amazon?

- Deforestation is one of the biggest threats to the Amazon. It is estimated that the region is losing 18.7 million acres of forests annually— That's the equivalent of 27 soccer fields every minute.
   Deforestation takes place during logging, but also when portions of the Amazon are cleared for ranching and agricultural use. Estimates show that at least 20% of the Amazon rainforest has been deforested.
- **Exploitative energy development** in the Amazon— mainly in the form of oil drilling and large hydroelectric dams— have also resulted in widespread deforestation, the destruction of aquatic habitats, and the inundation of the planet's atmosphere with additional carbon, not to mention the displacement of indigenous peoples and other land-based communities.
- Mining releases harmful chemicals into the Amazon biome and areas beyond the region.
- Road building is also a major threat to the Amazon. A 2014 study confirmed that 95% of all Amazon
  deforestation occurs within 5.5 kilometers of a road. Roads not only disrupt the natural ecosystem and
  habitats of organisms in the forest, but threaten the security of protected areas and open access
  to the forest for loggers, miners, and migrants.
- These threats to the Amazon also have a destructive impact on indigenous communities.
   Communities are forced to fight for the land they have lived on for generations, as governments and companies wreak havoc on their ways of life.