

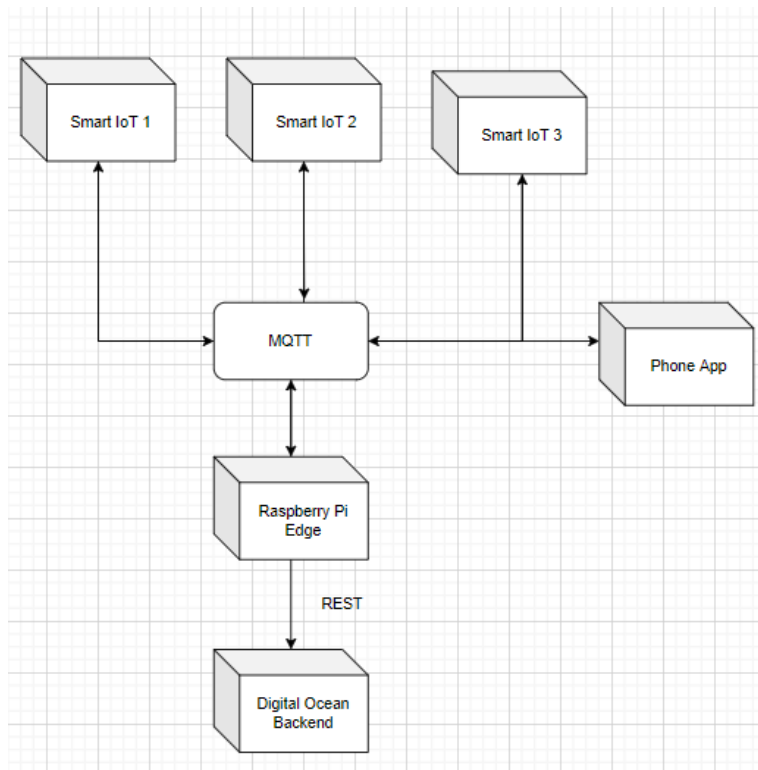
## Edge Processing Decision

Our system's requirements claim that only one smart cooling fan is needed for the user. This means that we only need to build one NODEMCU microtoller which would be considered our smart cooling microcontroller. Therefore, In our selection we do not need edge processing or data filtration using an additional edge device such as a raspberry pi. However, if our requirements were different to allow users to have multiple smartFans available, the method and Architecture is shown below.

### Method:

The idea of edge processing for our design would only be necessary if we have more than 1 lot Smart Fans in the household. With multiple IoT fan units, it would be better to use a raspberry pi 3 for edge computation and data filtration. The idea is to change the architecture in a way such that the user is able to incorporate multiple IoT smart fan units in the house. The architectural design is shown below.

### Architecture



Component Design	Design
<b>Smart IoT Fan</b>	<pre> graph TD     subgraph "Smart IoT Fan 1"         TS[Temperature Sensor] -- Input --&gt; NodeMCU[NodeMCU]         NodeMCU -- Output --&gt; DM[DC Motor]         DM -- Signals --&gt; Fan[Fan]         B[12V Battery] -- Provides Power --&gt; DM     end </pre>
<b>Raspberry Pi for Edge processing</b>	<pre> graph LR     subgraph "Raspberry Pi Edge processing"         NR[NodeRed] &lt;--&gt; RP[Raspberry Pi]         P[Power] --&gt; RP     end </pre>

## Data processing

At the edge, the raspberry pi would receive temperature data from all the smart fans which would allow the users to set up fans in different locations. The raspberry pi would maintain a queue or buffer for each historic data coming from the smart fans. Finally when the buffer reaches a certain limit, all the data in the queue would be sent to the backend for data storage. There the users can login in and view their data on the digital ocean. The node red would enable this workflow from collecting data from the each IoT device and using rest to communicate with the backend on digital ocean

## Pros

- Using edge processing ensures high availability and reliability on the digital ocean.
- Post request would only be called to the digital ocean endpoint when the buffer is full
- Makes the system fault tolerant from losing connectional
- Allows for data recovery due to the queue
- Data security and integrity is maintained

## Cons

- Adds cost to the overall system.
- Performance would be less since the data would have to propagate through the edge device.