

# Task Scheduler using Min Heap in C

A Real-Time Task Management System with Auto-Completion

# Introduction

- A Task Scheduler helps manage and execute tasks efficiently.
- This project implements a real-time scheduler that:
- Adds and manages tasks.
- Automatically completes tasks after a time limit.
- Allows updating, canceling, or marking tasks manually.
- The scheduling logic is based on a Min Heap data structure.

# Objective

1

Implement an efficient task scheduling system in C.

2

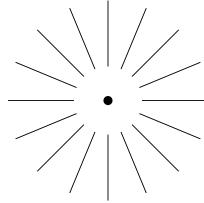
Handle automatic task completion based on real-time tracking.

3

Support manual operations like update, cancel, and serve.

# Features

## task scheduler



Add new tasks with ID, time, and description.

View all tasks with their status (Pending/Complete d).

Automatically mark tasks as completed after a time.

Manually mark or cancel tasks.

Update submission time for any existing task.

Menu-driven, real-time console interface.

# Why Min Heap?

Operation	Time Complexity	Description
Insertion	$O(\log n)$	Add new task
Deletion	$O(\log n)$	Cancel task
Access smallest	$O(1)$	Next earliest task
Search (via map)	$O(1)$	Find any task by ID

**Min Heap ensures tasks are managed in increasing order of submission time.**

# System Architecture

01

**main.c** →  
User  
interface &  
menu

02

**scheduler.c**  
→ Heap  
operations &  
task logic.

03

**scheduler.h**  
→ Structure  
& function  
declarations.

# Data Structures Used

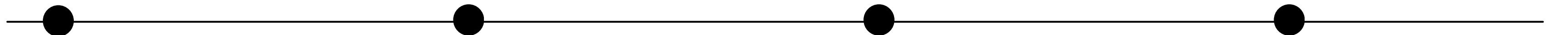
Task Structure

```
typedef struct {  
    int taskId;  
    int submissionTime;  
    char details[100];  
    int completed;  
    time_t startTime;  
} Task;
```

Min Heap Structure

```
typedef struct {  
    Task **arr;  
    int size;  
    int capacity;  
    int *indexMap;  
} MinHeap
```

# Working Principle



**Step 1:** Add a task  
→ stored in heap.

**Step 2:** Timer  
starts (`startTime`).

**Step 3:** Every few  
seconds, system  
checks elapsed  
time.

**Step 4:** If  $\text{elapsed} \geq \text{submissionTime}$  →  
marked  
**Completed.**

***note :** User can also manually complete, update, or cancel tasks.*

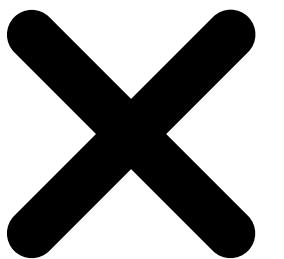
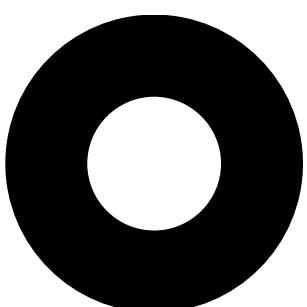
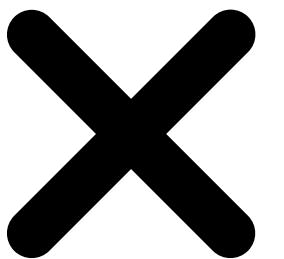
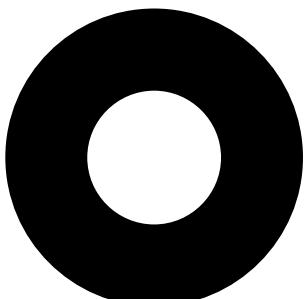
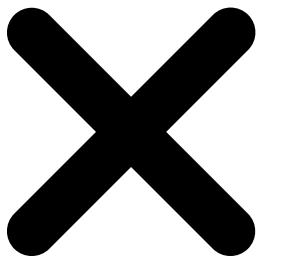
# **Major Functions**

Function	Purpose
addTask()	Add new task
checkAndUpdateTasks()	Auto-complete tasks
serveTask()	Mark task complete manually
cancelTask()	Delete task from scheduler
updateSubmissionTime()	Modify a task's time
printTasks()	Display current tasks

## **Advantages**

- 1. Efficient due to Min Heap (logarithmic operations)**
- 2. Real-time task tracking using time.h**
- 3. User-friendly interface**
- 4. Dynamic — supports add/update/delete**
- 5. Demonstrates modular programming in C**

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# Division of Work

Team Member	Contribution
<b>Mitesh</b>	Worked on the modules, including addTask, heapify functions, and overall debugging & testing also created the system architecture
<b>Mayank</b>	Developed checkAndUpdateTasks, updateSubmissionTime, and handled the main.c file logic.
<b>Muaz</b>	Implemented printTasks, serveTask, and cancelTask functions and created the PowerPoint presentation.

# Conclusion

- 01 The project successfully demonstrates:
- 03 Real-time scheduling
- 04 Heap-based task management
- 05 Efficient time-based automation
- 06 Provides a strong foundation for more complex schedulers or OS-level task systems.