## STAT 8320 Spring 2015 Assignment 2

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```
libname da2 'C:\Users\psy6b\Desktop\8320 datasets';
ods graphics on;
options ls=70 ps=35;
data da2.h6q2;
infile 'C:\Users\psy6b\Desktop\8320 datasets\PothoffRoy1964.dat';
input ID Gender $ Age8 Age10 Age12 Age14;
run;
PROC GLM;
     CLASS gender;
     MODEL AGE8--AGE14 = gender / NOUNI ;
     REPEATED AGE POLYNOMIAL / SUMMARY PRINTM PRINTE;
RUN;
data unidata;
set da2.h6q2;
array m{4} age8--age14;
keep id Gender age measure;
do i=0 to 3;
age=8+i*2;
measure=m(i+1);
output;
end;
run;
proc mixed data=unidata;
class Gender age;
```

```
model measure=gender|age/ solution;
repeated /subject=ID type=cs;
run;
proc mixed data=unidata;
class Gender;
model measure=gender|age/ solution;
repeated /subject=ID type=cs;
run;
data da2.h6q3;
input Rein Cond1-Cond4;
datalines;
1 29 20 21 18
1 24 15 10 8
1 31 19 10 31
1 41 11 15 42
1 30 20 27 53
2 25 17 19 17
2 20 12 8 8
2 35 16 9 28
2 38 8 14 40
2 26 18 18 51
3 10 18 16 14
3 9 10 18 11
3 7 18 19 12
3 8 19 20 5
3 11 20 17 6
run;
PROC SUMMARY NWAY DATA=da2.h6q3;
CLASS rein;
VAR cond1-cond4;
OUTPUT OUT=new MEAN=cond1-cond4;
RUN;
DATA plot;
SET new;
ARRAY m{4} cond1-cond4;
DO time=1 TO 4;
response=m(time);
```

```
OUTPUT;
END;
keep time response rein;
RUN;
AXIS1 LABEL=(ANGLE=90 H=1.2 'Response');
AXIS2 OFFSET=(15) LABEL=(H=1.2 'Time');
SYMBOL VALUE=DOT I=JOIN;
TITLE 'Profile plot';
PROC GPLOT DATA=plot;
PLOT response*time=rein / VAXIS=AXIS1 HAXIS=AXIS2 HMINOR=0 VMINOR=1;
RUN;
PROC GLM DATA=da2.h6q3;
CLASS rein;
MODEL cond1-cond4=rein / NOUNI;
MANOVA H=rein / PRINTE PRINTH;
TITLE 'Overall Reinforcement Schedule Effect';
RUN;
PROC GLM DATA=da2.h6q3;
CLASS rein;
MODEL cond1-cond4=rein / NOUNI;
CONTRAST 'Compare Schedule 1 v.s. Schedule 2' rein 0 +1 -1;
CONTRAST 'Compare Schedule 1 & 2 v.s. Schedule 3' rein -1 -1 +2;
MANOVA M=(+1 -1 0 0,
   0 + 1 - 1 0,
   0 \ 0 + 1 - 1);
RUN;
```

Figure 1: Regression Analysis

```
The GLM Procedure

Class Level Information

Class Levels Values

Gender 2 F M
```

Figure 1: continued

	Number of	f Observations R	lead 27							
	Number o	f Observations U	sed 27							
		The GLM Proce								
	Repeated	d Measures Analy	sis of Variance							
	Repeated Measures Level Information									
Dep	pendent Variable	e Age8	Age10 Age12	Age14						
	Level of AG	E 1	2 3	4						
	Partial	Correlation Coe	fficients from							
	the E	rror SSCP Matrix	: / Prob >  r							
DF = 25	Age8	Age10	Age12	Age14						
Age8	1.000000	0.570699	0.661320	0.521583						
		0.0023	0.0002	0.0063						
Age10	0.570699	1.000000	0.563167	0.726216						
	0.0023		0.0027	<.0001						
Age12	0.661320	0.563167	1.000000	0.728098						
8	0.0002	0.0027		<.0001						
Age14	0.521583		0.728098	1.000000						
	0.0063	<.0001	<.0001							
AGE_	N represents tl	ne nth degree po	lynomial contra	st for AGE						
	M Matrix I	Describing Trans	formed Variable	S						
	Age8	Age10	Age12	Age14						
AGE_1	6708203932	2236067977	0.2236067977	0.6708203932						
AGE_2	0.5000000000	5000000000	5000000000	0.5000000000						
AGE_3	2236067977	0.6708203932	6708203932	0.2236067977						

Figure 1: continued

	E = Error	SSCP Matrix			
AGE_N represents th	ne nth deg	ree polynomia	al contrast f	or AGE	
	AGE_1	AGE_2	AGE_3	3	
AGE_1 5	59.1673	-11.2242	4.5278	}	
AGE_2 -1			-1.2819		
AGE_3	4.5278	-1.2819	62.9193	3	
Partial Correlation Co	pefficient	s from the Er	ror SSCP Mat	rix of the	
Variables Defined by	the Spec	ified Transfo	ormation / Pr	ob >  r	
DF = 25	AGE_1	AGE_2	2 AG	E_3	
AGE_1	1.000000	-0.285945			
		0.1567	0.7	'186	
AGE O	005045	1 00000	0.004	660	
AGE_2 -0	0.285945	1.000000			
	0.1567		0.8	3779	
AGE_3	0.074209	-0.031669	1.000	1000	
AGE_S	0.7186	0.8779		1000	
		city Tests	,		
	phierr	city lests			
		Mauchly's			
Variables	DF	Criterion	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	
Transformed Variates	5	0.7353334	7.2929515	0.1997	
Orthogonal Components	5	0.7353334		0.1997	
Stanggonar combanence		0.700001	2020010	0.1001	

Figure 1: continued

MANOVA Test Criteria and Exact F Statistics									
for the Hypothesis of no AGE Effect									
H = Type III SSCP Matrix for AGE									
E = Error SSCP Matrix									
	S=1 M=0.5	N=10.5							
Statistic	Value	F Value	Num DF	Den DF	Pr > F				
Wilks' Lambda	0.19479424	31.69	3	23	<.0001				
Pillai's Trace					<.0001				
Hotelling-Lawley Trace	4.13362211	31.69	3	23	<.0001				
Roy's Greatest Root	4.13362211	31.69	3	23	<.0001				
MANOVA Test	Criteria and	l Exact F	Statisti	cs					
for the Hy	pothesis of n	o AGE*Gen	der Effe	ct					
H = Type	III SSCP Matr	rix for AG	E*Gender						
	E = Error SSC	CP Matrix							
	S=1 M=0.5	N=10.5							
Statistic	Value	F Value	Num DF	Den DF	Pr > F				
Wilks' Lambda					0.0696				
Pillai's Trace	0.26011261	2.70			0.0696				
Hotelling-Lawley Trace	0.35155702	2.70	3	23	0.0696				
Roy's Greatest Root	0.35155702	2.70	3	23	0.0696				

Figure 1: continued

The GLM Procedure										
	Repeated Measures Analysis of Variance									
Tests of Hypotheses for Between Subjects Effects										
_	DE T TIT OO M O E V 3									
Source	DF	Type III S	SS Mea	n Square	F Value					
Gender	1	140.464856	39 140	. 4648569	9.29					
Error	25	377.914772	27 15	.1165909						
	Source		Pr > F							
	Gender		0.0054							
	Error									
	The G	LM Procedure	)							
	Repeated Measur	es Analysis	of Varia	nce						
Univariate	e Tests of Hypot	heses for Wi	thin Sub	ject Effe	cts					
Source	DF	Type III S	SS Mea	n Square	F Value					
Dource	DI	Type III c	76 1100	n bquarc	1 Value					
AGE	3	209.436973	89 69	.8123246	35.35					
AGE*Gender	3	13.992529	95 4	.6641765	2.36					
Error(AGE)	75	148.127840	)9 1	.9750379						
			Adi P	r > F						
Source	e	Pr > F	U							
AGE		<.0001	<.0001	<.0001						
AGE*Ge	ender	0.0781	0.0878	0.0797						
Error	(AGE)									
	Greenhouse-Geis	ser Epsilon	0.8	672						
	Huynh-Feldt-Lec	outre Epsilo	on 0.9	769						

Figure 1: continued

		LM Procedure								
·	Repeated Measures Analysis of Variance									
Analysis of Variance of Contrast Variables										
AGE_N represents th	AGE_N represents the nth degree polynomial contrast for AGE									
Contrast Variable:	AGE_1									
C	DE	T TIT CC	Maan Causana	E Value						
Source	DF	Type III SS	Mean Square	r value						
Mean	1	208.2660038	208.2660038	88.00						
Gender	1	12.1141519	12.1141519	5.12						
Error	25	59.1673295		0.12						
LITOI	20	03.1070230	2.0000302							
	Source	Pr	> F							
	204100		•							
	Mean	<.0	0001							
	Gender	0.0	326							
	Error									
Contrast Variable:	AGE_2									
Source	DF	Type III SS	Mean Square	F Value						
Mean	1	0.95880682		0.92						
Gender	1	1.19954756	1.19954756	1.15						
Error	25	26.04119318	1.04164773							
	Source	Pr	> F							
	Mean		3465							
	Gender	0.2	935							
	Error									

Figure 1: continued

Contrast Variable: AGE	: 3				
Contrast variable. Add	0				
Source	DF	Type III SS	Mean Square	F Value	
· ·		0.04040000	0.04040000	2 22	
Mean	1	0.21216330		0.08	
Gender	_	0.67882997		0.27	
Error	25	62.91931818	2.51677273		
Sc	urce	Pr	> F		
Me	an	0.	7739		
Ge	nder	0.0	6081		
Er	ror				
	The Mi	xed Procedure			
	Mode]	Information			
Data Set		WORK.UNI	DATA		
Dependent Vari	able	measure			
Covariance Str	ucture	Compound	Symmetry		
Subject Effect		ID			
Estimation Met	hod	REML			
Residual Varia	nce Metho	od Profile			
Fixed Effects	SE Method	l Model-Bas	sed		
Degrees of Fre	edom Meth	nod Between-	Within		
	Class Le	evel Information	n		
Class Le	vels \	<i>l</i> alues			
Gender	2 F	г м			
age		3 10 12 14			

Figure 1: continued

		Dimensions		
	Covariance	Parameters	2	
	Columns in	X	15	
	Columns in	Z	0	
	Subjects		27	
	Max Obs per	Subject	4	
	Numbe	r of Observat	ions	
Nun	ber of Obser	vations Read		108
Nun	ber of Obser	vations Used		108
Nun	ber of Obser	vations Not U	sed	0
	It	eration Histo	ory	
Iteration	Evaluation	s -2 Res L	og Like	Criterion
0		1 470.4	9084642	
1		1 423.4	.0853283	0.0000000
	Conver	gence criteri	a met.	
	Covarian	ce Parameter	Estimates	
	Cov Parm	Subject	Estimate	
	CS	ID	3.2854	
	Residual		1.9750	
	F	it Statistics	<b>,</b>	
	-2 Res Log L	ikelihood	423.4	
	AIC (Smaller	is Better)	427.4	
	AICC (Smalle	r is Better)	427.5	
	BIC (Smaller	is Better)	430.0	
	Null Mode	l Likelihood	Ratio Test	
	DF C	hi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	
	1	47.08	<.0001	

Figure 1: continued

		Sol	ution for	Fix	ked Effec	ts		
				St	andard			
Effect	Gender	age	Estimate	e	Error	DF	t Value	Pr >  t
Intercept			27.4687	7	0.5734	25	47.91	<.0001
Gender	F		-3.3778	3	0.8983	25	-3.76	0.0009
Gender	M		(	)	•	•	•	
age		8	-4.5937	7	0.4969	75	-9.25	<.0001
age		10	-3.6562	2	0.4969	75	-7.36	<.0001
age		12	-1.7500	)	0.4969	75	-3.52	0.0007
age		14	(	)				
Gender*age	F	8	1.6847	7	0.7784	75	2.16	0.0336
Gender*age	F	10	1.7926	5	0.7784	75	2.30	0.0241
Gender*age	F	12	0.7500	)	0.7784	75	0.96	0.3384
Gender*age	F	14	(	)				
Gender*age	M	8	(	)				
Gender*age	M	10	(	)		•		
Gender*age	M	12	(	)				
Gender*age	M	14	(	)		•		
		Туре	3 Tests o	of Fi	ixed Effe	cts		
			Num	Den				
	Effect		DF	DF	F Val	ue	Pr > F	
	Gender		1	25	9.	29	0.0054	
	age		3	75	35.	35	<.0001	
	Gender*a	ge	3	75	2.	36	0.0781	

Figure 1: continued

The Mixed Procedure								
Model Information								
Data Set WORK.UNIDATA  Dependent Variable measure  Covariance Structure Compound Symmetry  Subject Effect ID  Estimation Method REML  Residual Variance Method Profile  Fixed Effects SE Method Model-Based								
Degrees of Freedom Method Between-Within								
Class Level Information								
Class Levels Values								
Gender 2 F M Dimensions								
Covariance Parameters 2 Columns in X 6 Columns in Z 0 Subjects 27 Max Obs per Subject 4								
Number of Observations								
Number of Observations Read 108 Number of Observations Used 108 Number of Observations Not Used 0 Iteration History								
Iteration Evaluations -2 Res Log Like Criterion								
0 1 483.55911746 1 1 433.75724920 0.00000000 Convergence criteria met.								

Figure 1: continued

	Co	ovariance l	Parameter	Estimates	5		
	Co	v Parm	Subject	Estimat	te		
	CS		ID	3.298	36		
	Rea	sidual		1.922	21		
		Fit	Statistic	S			
	-2 Re:	s Log Like	lihood	43	33.8		
	AIC (	Smaller is	Better)	43	37.8		
	AICC	(Smaller i	s Better)	43	37.9		
	BIC (	Smaller is	Better)	44	40.3		
	Nu	ll Model L	ikelihood	Ratio Tes	st		
	1	DF Chi-	Square	Pr > Cl	niSq		
		1	49.80	<.(	0001		
	;	Solution fo	or Fixed	Effects			
			Standar	ď			
Effect	Gender	Estimate	Erro		t Value	Pr >  t	
Intercept		16.3406	0.981	3 25	16.65	<.0001	
Gender	F	1.0321	1.537	4 25	0.67	0.5082	
Gender	M	0				•	
age		0.7844	0.0775	0 79	10.12	<.0001	
age*Gender	F	-0.3048	0.121	4 79	-2.51	0.0141	
age*Gender	M	0			•		
	T	ype 3 Test	s of Fixe	d Effects			
		Num	Den				
	Effect	DF	DF	F Value	Pr > F		
	Gender	1	25	0.45	0.5082		
	age	1	79	108.36	<.0001		
	age*Gender	1	79	6.30	0.0141		

Figure 1: continued

	Overall Reinf	orcement Sche	dule Effect	
	The	GLM Procedur	e	
	Class	Level Informa	tion	
	Class	Levels	Values	
	Rein	3	1 2 3	
	Number of Obse	rvations Read	15	
	Number of Obse	rvations Used	15	
	Overall Reinf	orcement Sche	dule Effect	
	The	GLM Procedur	e	
		e Analysis of		
	E = E	rror SSCP Mat	rix	
	Cond1	Cond2	Cond3	Cond4
Cond1	386.8	-99.8	-5.4	535.8
Cond2	-99.8	194.8	87.4	10.2
Cond3	-5.4	87.4	328.4	452.4
Cond4	535.8	10.2	452.4	2553.2

Figure 1: continued

	Partial C	orrelation Coe	fficients from							
	the Error SSCP Matrix / Prob >  r									
DF = 12	Cond1	Cond2	Cond3	Cond4						
Cond1	1.000000	-0.363574								
		0.2220	0.9608	0.0572						
Cond2	-0.363574	1.000000	0.345554	0.014463						
	0.2220		0.2475	0.9626						
Cond3	-0.015151	0.345554	1.000000	0.494059						
	0.9608	0.2475		0.0862						
Cond4	0.539159	0.014463	0.494059	1.000000						
	0.0572	0.9626	0.0862							
	Overall R	einforcement So	chedule Effect							
		The GLM Proced	lure							
	Multiva	riate Analysis	of Variance							
	Н = Тур	e III SSCP Mati	rix for Rein							
	Cond1	Cond2	Cond3	Cond4						
Cond1	1468.1333333	-82.13333333	-185.5333333	1402.1333333						
Cond2	-82.13333333	26.133333333	34.533333333	-82.13333333						
Cond3	-185.5333333	34.533333333	50.533333333	-181.3333333						
Cond4	1402.1333333	-82.13333333	-181.3333333	1339.7333333						

Figure 1: continued

Characteristic Roots and Vectors of: E Inverse * H, where H = Type III SSCP Matrix for Rein E = Error SSCP Matrix								
Characteristic Characteristic Vector V'EV=1								
Root Percent	Cond1 Cond2 Cond3 Cond4							
4.52748560 95.57	0.06117242 0.02992718 -0.00648850 -0.00508768							
0.20978723 4.43	0.02215228 0.04489182 0.04553803 -0.01518185							
0.00000000 0.00	-0.00272754 -0.04849369 0.04413792 0.00585571							
0.00000000 0.00								
MANOVA Test Criteria and F Approximations for the Hypothesis of No Overall Rein Effect H = Type III SSCP Matrix for Rein E = Error SSCP Matrix								
	S=2 $M=0.5$ $N=3.5$							
Statistic	Value F Value Num DF Den DF Pr > F							
Wilks' Lambda	0.14954207 3.57 8 18 0.0119							
Pillai's Trace	0.99249428 2.46 8 20 0.0488							
Hotelling-Lawley Trace	4.73727283 5.09 8 10.78 0.0081							
	4.52748560 11.32 4 10 0.0010							
NOTE: F Statistic for Roy's Greatest Root is an upper bound.								

NOTE: F Statistic for Wilks' Lambda is exact.

Figure 1: continued

	Overall Reinf	orcement Sche	dule Effect					
The GLM Procedure								
Class Level Information								
	Class	Levels	Values					
	Rein	3	1 2 3					
	Number of Obse	rvations Read	15					
Number of Observations Used 15								
Overall Reinforcement Schedule Effect								
The GLM Procedure								
Multivariate Analysis of Variance								
M Matrix Describing Transformed Variables								
	Cond1	Cond2	Cond3	Cond4				
MVAR1	1	-1	0	0				
MVAR2	0	1	-1	0				
MVAR3	0	0	1	-1				

Characteristic

Figure 1: continued

## Overall Reinforcement Schedule Effect

The GLM Procedure Multivariate Analysis of Variance

Characteristic Roots and Vectors of: E Inverse \* H, where H = Contrast SSCP Matrix for Compare Schedule 1 v.s. Schedule 2  $E = Error \ SSCP \ Matrix$ 

Variables have been transformed by the M Matrix

011414000110010	011	ar accer r	2010 1000		-				
Root I	Percent	MVA	R1	MVAR2		MVAR3			
2.17827609	100.00	0.034252	64 0.	02757876	-0.0	0488154			
0.0000000	0.00	0.026535	77 0.	00157455	0.0	2551812			
0.0000000	0.00 -	0.003627	54 0.	05123902	0.0	0000000			
MANOVA Test Criteria and Exact F Statistics for the Hypothesis									
of No Overall Compare Schedule 1 v.s. Schedule 2 Effect									
on the Var:	iables Defin	ed by th	e M Matri	x Transf	ormation				
H = Contrast SS	SCP Matrix f	or Compa	re Schedu	le 1 v.s	. Schedu	le 2			
E = Error SSCP Matrix									
S=1 $M=0.5$ $N=4$									
Statistic		Value	F Value	Num DF	Den DF	Pr > F			
Wilks' Lambda	0.3	1463598	7.26	3	10	0.0072			
Pillai's Trace	0.6	8536402	7.26	3	10	0.0072			
Hotelling-Lawley	Trace 2.1	7827609	7.26	3	10	0.0072			
Roy's Greatest Roo	ot 2.1	7827609	7.26	3	10	0.0072			

Characteristic Vector V'EV=1

Figure 1: continued

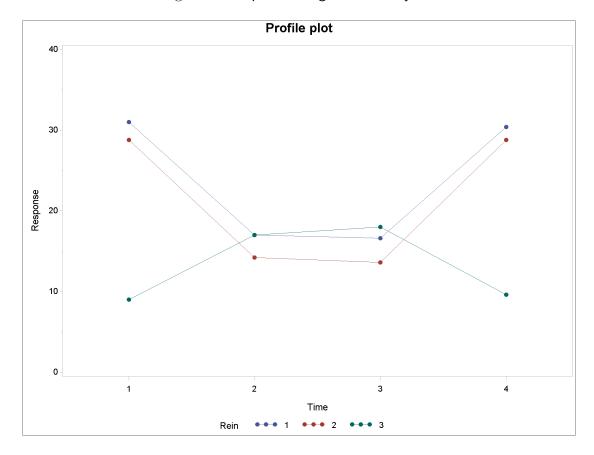
Characteristic Roots and Vectors of: E Inverse \* H, where H = Contrast SSCP Matrix for Compare Schedule 1 & 2 v.s. Schedule 3  $E = Error \ SSCP \ Matrix$ 

Variables have been transformed by the M Matrix

	V'EV=1	Vector	haracteristic		racteristic	Cha
MVAR3	MVAR2		MVAR1	Percent	Root	
-0.00461007	736818	0.027	0.03454831	100.00	2.80326909	
0.02556856	124065	0.00	0.02617305	0.00	0.00000000	
0.00000000	L36096	0.05	-0.00345477	0.00	0.00000000	
Hypothesis	for the	istics 1	Exact F Stat	Criteria an	MANOVA Test	
3 Effect	chedule	v.s. So	chedule 1 & 2	ll Compare	of No Overa	

on the Variables Defined by the M Matrix Transformation H = Contrast SSCP Matrix for Compare Schedule 1 & 2 v.s. Schedule 3  $E = Error \ SSCP \ Matrix$ 

	S=1	M=0.5	N=4			
Statistic		Value	F Value	Num DF	Den DF	Pr > F
Wilks' Lambda	0.262	93170	9.34	3	10	0.0030
Pillai's Trace	0.737	06830	9.34	3	10	0.0030
Hotelling-Lawley Trace	2.803	326909	9.34	3	10	0.0030
Roy's Greatest Root	2.803	26909	9.34	3	10	0.0030



 $\label{eq:Figure 2} Figure \ 2: \ \mbox{Graphs for Regression Analysis}$