## STAT 8330 FALL 2015 ASSIGNMENT 7

## Peng Shao

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### ► Exercises 1. Solution.

The optimal cost is

tune.svm.lin\$best.parameters\$cost

## [1] 0.05

The training error rate is 16.12%, and the test error rate is 18.89%.

► Exercises 2. Solution.

The optimal cost is

tune.svm.poly\$best.parameters\$cost

## [1] 5

The training error rate is 14.88%, and the test error rate is 18.15%.

► Exercises 3. Solution.

The optimal cost and gamma are

unlist(tune.svm.rbf\$best.parameters)[2:3]

```
## cost gamma
## 10.00 0.05
```

The training error rate is 13.88%, and the test error rate is 18.52%.

► Exercises 4. Solution.

The optimal cost and gamma are

unlist(tune.svm.sigm\$best.parameters)[2:3]

```
## cost gamma
## 5.00 0.01
```

The training error rate is 16.5%, and the test error rate is 19.26%.

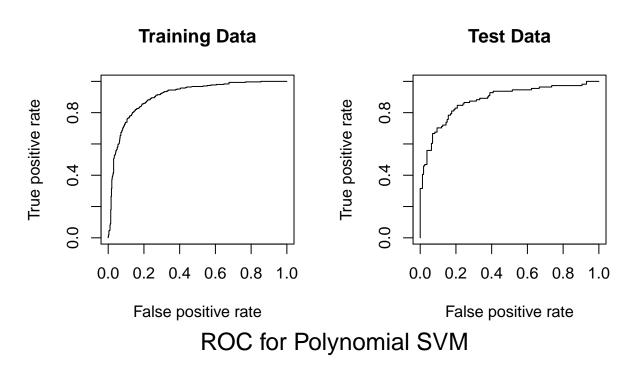
► Exercises 5. Solution.

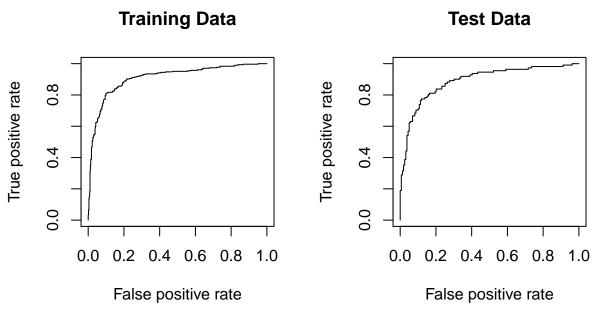
The training error rate is 15.87%, and the test error rate is 19.26%.

► Exercises 6. Solution.

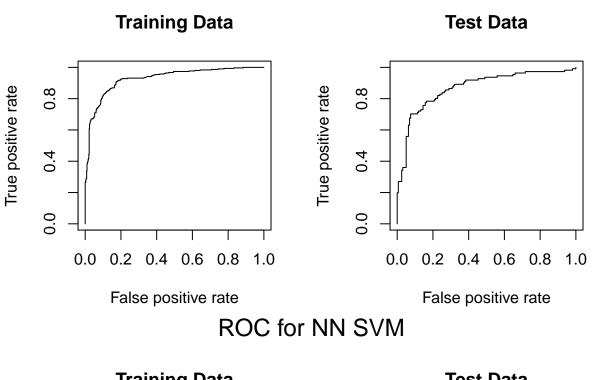
```
## Loading required package: gplots
##
## Attaching package: 'gplots'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
## lowess
```

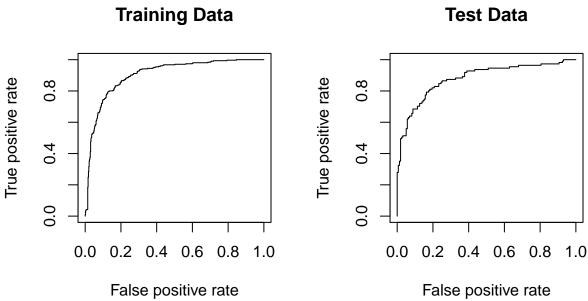
# **ROC** for Linear SVM





## **ROC** for Radial Basis SVM

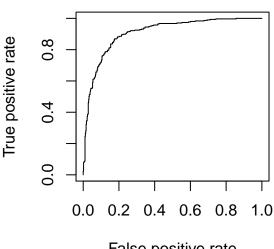


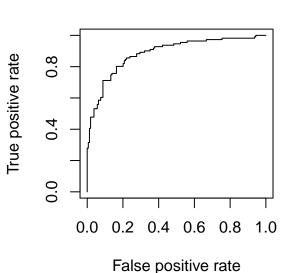


# **ROC** for Logistic Regression



## **Test Data**





False positive rate

In terms of AUC,

aucs

##		Training	Test
##	Linear SVM	0.9056720	0.8819763
##	Polynomial SVM	0.9094030	0.8897955
##	Radial Basis SVM	0.9284353	0.8695110
##	NN SVM	0.9032177	0.8794833
##	Logistic Regression	0.9088209	0.8862258

Radial Basis SVM performs best on training dataset, and Polynomial SVM performs best on test dataset.

### ► Exercises 7. Solution.

Using penalized package, the penalty parameter search space is

```
penal.grid <- expand.grid(l1 = c(0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 5, 10),

12 = c(0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 5, 10))
```

The optimal penalty paramters are

```
penlogis.fit@lambda1
```

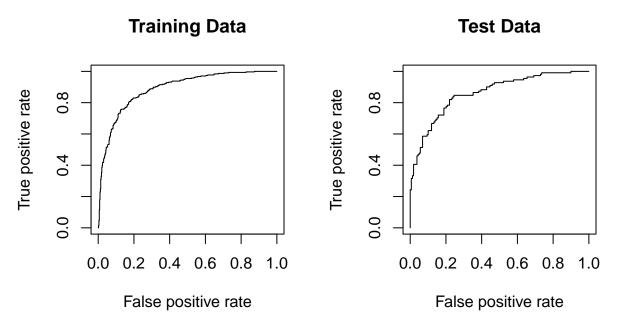
```
## [1] 10
```

penlogis.fit@lambda2

### ## [1] 10

The training error rate is 18.37%, and the test error rate is 21.48%. The training AUC is 0.8889 and the test AUC is 0.862. So the penalized logistic regression is worse than any other methods in terms of AUC, but not that much. The ROC plot is

# **ROC** for Penalized Logistic Regression



I also try this kind of regression using glmnet package, the penalty parameter search space is

```
alpha <- seq(0, 1, 0.01)
lambda <- seq(0, 1, 0.01)
```

The optimal penalty paramters are

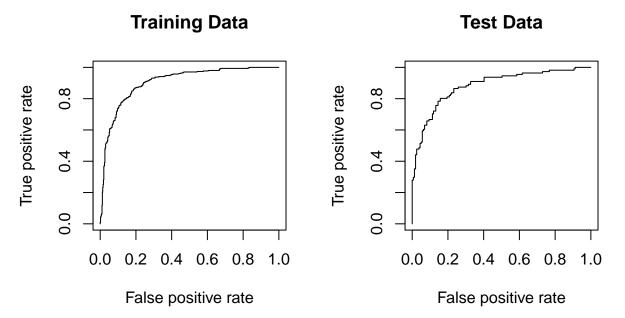
### lambda

```
## [1] 0.03
a
```

## [1] 0.06

The training error rate is 18.37%, and the test error rate is 21.48%. The training AUC is 0.9063 and the test AUC is 0.8836. The ROC plot is

## **ROC** for Penalized Logistic Regression



The main code is

```
train.input <- model.matrix(Purchase ~ ., data = train)</pre>
test.input <- model.matrix(Purchase ~ ., data = test)</pre>
penal.grid \leftarrow expand.grid(11 = c(0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 5, 10),
                            12 = c(0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 5, 10))
cver <- numeric(length(penal.grid))</pre>
for (i in 1:nrow(penal.grid)){
        cver[i] <- cvl(response = train$Purchase,</pre>
                         penalized = train.input,
                         lambda1 = penal.grid[i, 1],
                         lambda2 = penal.grid[i, 2],
                        model = "logistic",
                         trace = FALSE,
                         fold = 10)$cvl
}
ind <- which.min(cver)</pre>
penlogis.fit <- penalized(response = train$Purchase,</pre>
                            penalized = train.input,
                            model = "logistic",
                            lambda1 = penal.grid[ind, 1],
                            lambda2 = penal.grid[ind, 1])
penlogis.pred.tr <- predict(penlogis.fit,</pre>
                              penalized = train.input)
cm.penlogis.tr <- confusionMatrix(as.factor(ifelse(penlogis.pred.tr >= 0.5,
                                                       "MM",
                                                       "CH")),
                                    train$Purchase)
penlogis.pred.te <- predict(penlogis.fit,</pre>
                              penalized = test.input)
cm.penlogis.te <- confusionMatrix(as.factor(ifelse(penlogis.pred.te >= 0.5,
                                                       "MM",
```

```
"CH")),
                                     test$Purchase)
rocplot(penlogis.pred.tr,
        train$Purchase,
        main="Training Data")
rocplot(penlogis.pred.te,
        test$Purchase,
        main="Test Data")
mtext("ROC for Penalized Logistic Regression", outer = TRUE, cex = 1.5)
auc.penlogis.tr <- colAUC(penlogis.pred.tr, train$Purchase)</pre>
auc.penlogis.te <- colAUC(penlogis.pred.te, test$Purchase)</pre>
# qlmnet
a \leftarrow seq(0, 1, 0.01)
1 \leftarrow seq(0, 1, 0.01)
cverr <- numeric(length(a))</pre>
lambda <- numeric(length(a))</pre>
train.input <- model.matrix(Purchase ~ ., data = train)</pre>
test.input <- model.matrix(Purchase ~ ., data = test)</pre>
for (i in 1:length(a)){
        cvglm <- cv.glmnet(train.input,</pre>
                             train$Purchase,
                             family = "binomial",
                             type.measure = "class",
                             lambda = 1,
                             alpha = a[i],
                             parallel = TRUE)
        lambda[i] <- cvglm$lambda.min</pre>
        cverr[i] <- min(cvglm$cvm)</pre>
lambda <- lambda[which.min(cverr)]</pre>
a <- a[which.min(cverr)]
glmnet.fit <- glmnet(train.input,</pre>
                       train$Purchase,
                       family = "binomial",
                       lambda = lambda,
                       alpha = a)
glmnet.pred.tr <- predict(glmnet.fit,</pre>
                            train.input,
                            type = "response")
cm.glmnet.tr <- confusionMatrix(as.factor(ifelse(penlogis.pred.tr >= 0.5,
                                                        "MM",
                                                        "CH")).
                                     train$Purchase)
glmnet.pred.te <- predict(glmnet.fit,</pre>
                            test.input,
                            type = "response")
cm.glmnet.te <- confusionMatrix(as.factor(ifelse(penlogis.pred.te >= 0.5,
                                                      "MM",
                                                      "CH")),
                                   test$Purchase)
rocplot(glmnet.pred.tr,
```

```
train$Purchase,
    main="Training Data")
rocplot(glmnet.pred.te,
    test$Purchase,
    main="Test Data")
mtext("ROC for Penalized Logistic Regression", outer = TRUE, cex = 1.5)
auc.glmnet.tr <- colAUC(glmnet.pred.tr, train$Purchase)
auc.glmnet.te <- colAUC(glmnet.pred.te, test$Purchase)</pre>
```